# **SQL Interview Questions with Example Tables and Queries**

## **Example Table: employees**

## 11. Employees who are also managers

```
SELECT DISTINCT e1.*
FROM employees e1
WHERE e1.emp_id IN (
    SELECT DISTINCT manager_id FROM employees WHERE manager_id IS NOT NULL
);
```

## 12. Employees who joined in the same month and year

```
SELECT e1.name, e2.name, e1.hire_date
FROM employees e1

JOIN employees e2

ON MONTH(e1.hire_date) = MONTH(e2.hire_date)

AND YEAR(e1.hire_date) = YEAR(e2.hire_date)

AND e1.emp_id < e2.emp_id;</pre>
```

### 13. Employees older than the average age of employees in their department

```
SELECT *
FROM employees e1
WHERE age > (
    SELECT AVG(age) FROM employees e2 WHERE e2.department = e1.department
);
```

### 14. Employee(s) with the longest tenure

```
SELECT *
FROM employees
WHERE hire_date = (SELECT MIN(hire_date) FROM employees);
```

# 15. Delete all records where manager\_id is NULL

```
DELETE FROM employees WHERE manager_id IS NULL;
```

# 16. All product pairs ordered together at least once

```
SELECT a.product_id AS product1, b.product_id AS product2
FROM order_details a
```

```
JOIN order_details b
ON a.order_id = b.order_id AND a.product_id < b.product_id
GROUP BY a.product_id, b.product_id;</pre>
```

# 17. Average order value by customer each month

## 18. Customers who made a purchase every month for the past year

```
SELECT cust_id FROM (
   SELECT cust_id, COUNT(DISTINCT MONTH(order_date)) AS active_months
   FROM orders
   WHERE order_date >= DATE_SUB(CURDATE(), INTERVAL 1 YEAR)
   GROUP BY cust_id
) sub WHERE active_months = 12;
```

## 19. Total revenue per region in a given quarter

```
SELECT c.region, QUARTER(o.order_date) AS qtr, SUM(o.amount) AS revenue
FROM orders o
JOIN customers c ON o.cust_id = c.cust_id
GROUP BY c.region, qtr;
```

# 20. First purchase date of each customer

```
SELECT cust_id, MIN(order_date) AS first_purchase
FROM orders
GROUP BY cust_id;
```

### 21. Year-on-year growth of revenue

```
SELECT YEAR(order_date) AS year, SUM(amount) AS total_revenue
FROM orders
GROUP BY year
ORDER BY year;
```

## 22. Find the Nth highest salary (e.g., 5th highest)

```
SELECT DISTINCT salary
FROM employees e1
WHERE 4 = (
   SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT salary)
   FROM employees e2
   WHERE e2.salary > e1.salary
);
```