Citation Intent Classification

Identifying the Intent of a Citation in scientific papers

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Task Description

- Identifying intent of a citation in scientific papers
- Three Intent categories/classes from the data set
 - 1 background (background information)
 - 2 method (use of methods/tools)
 - 3 result (comparing results)
- Classification Task
 - Assign a discrete class (intent) for each data point



Data set

- Training Data: 8.2K+ data points
 - 1 background 4.8K
 - 2 method 2.3K
 - 3 result 1.1K
- Testing Data: 1.8K data points
 - 1 background 1K
 - 2 method 0.6K
 - 3 result 0.2K



Approach & Architecture

Classifier Implementation

Base Classifier: Perceptron

- Linear Classifier
- Binary Classifier

class Perceptron:

class MultiClassPerceptron:

```
def __init__(self, epochs: int,learning_rate: float,random_state: int)
def fit(self, X_train: list, labels: list)
def predict(self, X_test: list)
```

- Parameters and Hyperparameters



Approach & Architecture

Feature Representation

Lexicons and Regular Expressions (\approx 30 Features)

■ LEXICONS

```
ALL_LEXICONS = {
   'INCREASE': ['increase', 'grow', 'intensify', 'build up', 'explode'],
   'USE': ['use', 'using', 'apply', 'applied', 'employ', 'make use'],
   .....
}
```

- REGEX
 - ACRONYM
 - CONTAINS URL
 - ENDS WITH ETHYL



Evaluation of the Classifier F1 Score

- F1 Score
 - weighted average of Precision and Recall

```
def f1_score(y_true, y_pred, labels, average)
```

- Averaging
 - MACRO
 - MICRO
 - None
- Why MACRO and MICRO ?



Model Performance Results

Averaging	Score
MICRO	0.64
MACRO	0.57
background	0.72
method	0.54
result	0.46

Table: F1-Score Results



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Next Steps

- Better Feature Representation Word Embeddings
 - word2vec
 - BERT
 - ELMo
 - **.** . . .
- Better Classifier (Non-Linear / Neural Networks)
 - BiRNNs
 - BiLSTMs
 - CNNs
 - **.** . . .
- Interaction with other groups



Thanks for listening

