Exercise on Event Handling in JavaScript

1. Write a simple JS in your HTML to display Welcome message once the page is loaded.

Hints: Use alert() in head or body

2. Write a simple JS in your HTML to display Welcome message once a button is clicked.

```
Hints: in head write a function display(){
alert("Welcome");
};
```

then call the function on button click.

Note:- function can be called on many events.

- **3.** Write two different function and call them on different events. (onclick, onload)
- 4. a) Write a JS function to add two numbers and display it in a alert window.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1> Use Variables</h1>

<script>

var num1 = 5;

var num2 = 6;

var total =num1+num2;

document.getElementById("add").innerHTML =
"The Summation is: " + total;

alert(total);
```

b) Write a program to take two numbers as input and add them. Show in alert and html page.
5. a. Create a button and once it will be clicked it should show the current date and time.
$\label{limits: use getElementById('time').innerHTML=Date()} \hbox{; you can write this in onclick} \\ .$
Solution:
html
<html></html>
<body></body>
<pre><button onclick="getElementById('time').innerHTML=Date()">ShowTime</button></pre>
<pre></pre>
b. Use this operator to change the button content with the current date and time
Hints: <button onclick="this.innerHTML=Date()">ShowTime?</button>
6. Write an application to use condition
html
<html></html>
<body></body>
Display "Good day!" if the hour is less than 18:00:

```
Good Evening!
<script>
if (new Date().getHours() < 18) {
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "Good day!";
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
7. Write application to use switch
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
Say Hi if the hour is less than 17:00:
Hello All
<script>
if (new Date().getHours() < 17) {</pre>
  document.getElementById("time").innerHTML = "Hi";
} else{
 document.getElementById("time").innerHTML = "Bye";
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
8. Create a Person object with person name, age and city. Now show the name and
city in your page.
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
```

```
<body>
 JavaScript Object Creation

<script>
<script>

var person = {
    firstName:"Sachin",
        lastName:"Tendulkar",
        age:42,
    eyeColor:"blue"};
    document.getElementById("p1").innerHTML =
    person.firstName + " is " + person.age + " years old.";
    </script>
    </body>
    </html>
```

Exercise on Using Regular Expressions

- 1. Write a JavaScript program to test the first character of a string is uppercase or not.
- 2. Write a JavaScript program to check a credit card number.
- 3. Write a pattern that matches e-mail addresses.
 - Uppercase (A-Z) and lowercase (a-z) English letters.
 - Digits (0-9).
 - Characters! # \$ % & ' * + / = ? ^ _ ` { | } ~
- Character . (period, dot or fullstop) provided that it is not the first or last character and it will not come one after the other.
- 4. Write a JavaScript function to print an integer with commas as thousands separators.

5. Write a JavaScript function to check whether a given value is an valid url or not.

Exercise on Working with Strings, Numbers and Arrays

1. Write a JavaScript function to convert a number from one base to another.

```
Note: Both bases must be between 2 and 36.
```

```
Test Data:
console.log(base_convert('E164',16,8));
console.log(base_convert(1000,2,8));
"160544"
```

"10"

2. Write a JavaScript function to find the highest value in an array. *Test Data*

```
console.log(max([12,34,56,1]));
console.log(max([-12,-34,0,-56,-1]));
56
0
```

3. Write a JavaScript function to round a number to a given decimal places.

```
console.log(precise_round(12.375,2));
console.log(precise_round(12.37499,2));
console.log(precise_round(-10.3079499, 3));
Output:
"12.38"
```

"12.37" "-10.308"

Test Data:

4. Write a JavaScript function to clone an array. *Test Data*:

```
console.log(array_Clone([1, 2, 4, 0]));
console.log(array_Clone([1, 2, [4, 0]]));
[1, 2, 4, 0]
[1, 2, [4, 0]]
```

5. Write a simple JavaScript program to join all elements of the following array into a string. *Sample array*: myColor = ["Red", "Green", "White", "Black"];

```
Expected Output:
```

[&]quot;Red,Green,White,Black"

[&]quot;Red,Green,White,Black"

[&]quot;Red+Green+White+Black"