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BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)

MARCH/APRIL—2021

DCE - THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - II

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- **1.** Evaluate $\int (\cos ec^2x + a^x + \cos x) dx$.
- **2.** Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{5x+7} dx$.
- **3.** Evaluate $\int_{-4}^{5} x^2 dx$.
- **4.** Find the area enclosed by the curve $y = x^2$ by X axis and the lines x = 3 and x = 5.
- **5.** Find $L\{e^{2t} 4t^3 + 2\sin 3t\}$.

6. Find
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{6}{s^2 + 4} + \frac{1}{s - 6} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right]$$
.

- 7. Write down the formulae for finding Euler's constants of Fourier series in the interval $(0,2\pi)$.
- **8.** Find the differential equation to the family of curves $y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x}$ where A, B are arbitrary constants.

9. Solve
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - y^2}{1 - x^2}}.$$

10. Solve
$$(D^2 - 5D + 6)y = 0$$
.

PART—B

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

Instructions: (1) Answer any **five** questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- 11. (a) Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{x^2 + 8x + 25} dx$.
 - (b) Evaluate $\int \sin^4 x \cos^3 x dx$.
- **12.** (a) Evaluate $\int x^2 e^{2x} dx$.
 - (b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\cos x} + \sqrt{\sin x}} dx$.

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- **13.** (a) Find the RMS value of $\sqrt{27-4x^2}$ from the range x=0 to x=3.
 - (b) Find the volume generated by the revolution of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 25$, about the X-axis.
- **14.** (a) Obtain the value of $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using simpson's rule by dividing the interval (0, 1) into 4 equal parts.
 - (b) Find $L\left\{e^{2t}\cos 4t\right\}$.
- **15.** (a) Find $L^{-1} \left(\frac{s}{(s+3)(s+2)} \right)$.
 - (b) Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+1}{s^2 + 2s + 5} \right]$.
- **16.** Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$.
- **17.** (a) Solve : $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = 5$.
 - (b) Solve: (6x+y+1)dx+(10y+x+1)dy=0.
- **18.** (a) Solve: $(D^2 + 4)y = \sin 3x$.
 - (b) Solve: $(D^2 + D 6)y = e^x$.

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