* Estimate: the intercept (b0) and the beta coefficient estimates associated to each predictor variable
* Std.Error: the standard error of the coefficient estimates. This represents the accuracy of the coefficients. The larger the standard error, the less confident we are about the estimate.
* t value: the t-statistic, which is the coefficient estimate (column 2) divided by the standard error of the estimate (column 3)
* Pr(>|t|): The p-value corresponding to the t-statistic. The smaller the p-value, the more significant the estimate is.