

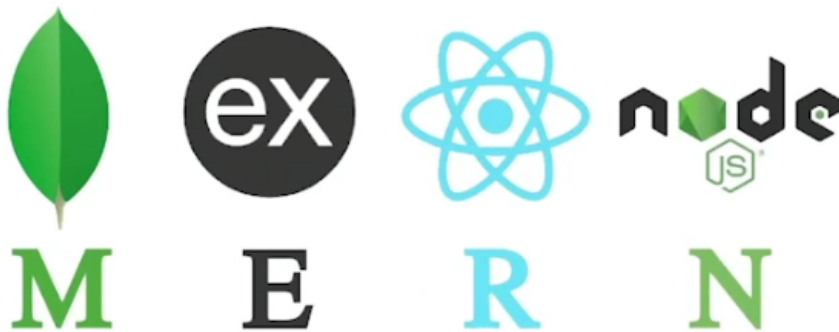
MERN Stack

In [1]:

```
from IPython.display import Image  
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node1.png")
```

Out[1]:

MERN stands for **M**ongoDB, **E**xpress JS, **R**ead React JS and **N**ode JS.



MERN Stack Application Flow

In [2]:

```
from IPython.display import Image  
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node2.png")
```

Out[2]:



companies using MERN Stack

- facebook
- walmart
- instagram
- oculus
- skype
- Tesla
- pinterest

why mern stack

- great community
- fullstack
- fast learning curve
- open source

IDE(Integrated development Environment)

- it is a software for building applications that makes programming easier
 - VS Code
 - IntelliJ IDEA
 - Pycharm
 - Atom
 - Eclipse
 - THEIA

Topic 2: Node js

- module exports
- Node Package Manager
- Http Server with Express
- Writing Curd Api's
- Integrating with Databases
- Authentication

Concepts in Focus

- MERN Stack
- Node JS
- Running JavaScript Using Node JS
 - Node REPL (Read-Eval-Print-Loop)
 - Node CLI
- Module
 - Common JS Module Exports
 - Modern JS Module Exports

JavaScript

- In front end , java script runs on the browser
- Browser recieves the JS code and executes the code to update the web applications dynamically

MERN Stack

- MERN stands for MongoDB, Express JS, React JS and Node JS.
- It is a JavaScript Stack that is used for easier & faster deployment of full-stack web applications.

Node JS

- Node JS is a JavaScript environment that executes JavaScript code outside a web browser.

Why Node JS?

- Cross-Platform (Windows, Linux, Mac OS X, etc.)
- Huge number of third-party packages
- Open Source
- Massive Community

How to develop the backend using javascript?

Running JavaScript Using Node JS

- We can run JavaScript using Node JS in 2 ways.
 - Node REPL (Similar to browser console)
 - Node CLI

3.1 Node REPL (Read-Eval-Print-Loop)

- The Node REPL is an interactive shell that process Node JS Expressions
- Type node in the terminal and press Enter
- Type .exit and press Enter to exit from the Node REPL.

In [3]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node5.png")
```

Out[3]:

```
root@123# node
Welcome to Node.js v12.18.3.
Type ".help" for more information.
> const a = 1
undefined
> const b = 2
undefined
> a+b
3
> .exit
root@123:/home/workspace#
```

3.2 Node CLI(Command Line Interface)

- We can write JavaScript to a file and can run using Node CLI.

In [4]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node6.png")
```

Out[4]:

```
//index.js
function name args
const greetings = (name) => {
  console.log(`Hello ${name}`);
};

greetings("Raju");
greetings("Abhi");
```

```
root@123# node index.js
Hello Raju
Hello Abhi
```

4. Module

In Node JS, each JavaScript file is treated as a separate module. These are known as the Common JS/Node JS Modules.

To access one module from another module, we have Module Exports.

- Common JS Module Exports
 - Default Exports
 - Named Exports
- Modern JS Module Exports
 - Default Exports
 - Named Exports

Can we access one module from another module?

- `module.exports` is a special object included in every JavaScript file in the Node Js Application by default

Common JS Module Exports

Default Exports

- Exporting Module(Calculator) : The `module.exports` is a special object included in every JavaScript file in the Node JS application by default.
- Importing Module(Calculator) : To import a module which is the local file, use the `require()` function with the relative path of the module (file name).

In [5]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node7.png")
```

Out[5]:

```
JS pg1_cal.js
// Default Exports //
const add = (a, b) => {
  ... return a + b;
};
module.exports = add;
```

```
JS pg1_index.js
// Default imports //
const add = require("./pg1_cal");
console.log(add(6, 3));

o/p: 9
```

importing without Exporting module

In [6]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node8.png")
```

Out[6]:

```
JS pg1_cal.js
// Default Exports //
const add = (a, b) => {
  ...return a + b;
};

JS pg1_index.js
// Default imports //
const add = require("./pg1_cal");
console.log(add(6, 3));

TypeError: add is not a function
```

How can we export multiple functions?

Named Exports

We can have multiple named exports per module.

Exporting module

- instead of using module.exports.add we use exports.add

In [7]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node9.png")
```

Out[7]:

```
JS pg1_cal.js > ...
// Named Exports //
const addition = (a, b) => {
  ...return a + b;
};
const subtraction = (a, b) => {
  return a - b;
};
module.exports.addi = addition;
module.exports.subt = subtraction;

JS pg1_index.js > ...
// named module importing //
const { addi, subt } = require("./pg1_cal");
console.log(addi(6, 3));
console.log(subt(6, 3));

o/p:- 9
      3
```

Modern JS Module Exports

- Modern JS Modules are known as ES6 Modules(ECMA Script Modules).
- Every ES6 module in Node Js should be named with .mjs extension
- The export and import keywords are introduced for exporting and importing one or more members in a module.

Default Exports

In [8]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node10.png")
```

Out[8]:

<pre>JS pg2_modern_cal.mjs > ... //modern·Default·Exports·// const·add·=·(a,·b)·=>·{ · · ·return·a·+·b; }; export·default·add;</pre>	<pre>JS pg2_modern_index.mjs //modern·Default·module·importing// import·add·from·"./pg2_modern_cal.mjs"; console.log(add(6,·3)); o/p:- 9</pre>
--	--

Named Exports

In [9]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node11.png")
```

Out[9]:

<pre>JS pg2_modern_cal.mjs > ... //modern·Named·Exports·// export·const·addition·=·(a,·b)·=>·{ · · ·return·a·+·b; }; export·const·subtraction·=·(a,·b)·=>·{ · · ·return·a·-·b; };</pre>	<pre>JS pg2_modern_index.mjs //modern·Default·module·importing// import·{·addition,·subtraction·}·from·"./pg2_modern_cal.mjs"; console.log(addition(6,·3)); --> 9 console.log(subtraction(6,·3)); --> 3</pre>
--	---

In [10]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node12.png")
```

Out[10]:

<p>Common js module</p> <pre>JS pg1_cal.js > ... //Default·Exports·// const·add·=·(a,·b)·=>·{ · · ·return·a·+·b; }; module.exports·=·add; JS pg1_index.js > ... //Default·imports·// const·add·=·require("../pg1_cal"); console.log(add(6,·3)); ---> 9</pre>	<p>ES6 Module</p> <pre>JS pg2_modern_cal.mjs > ... //modern·Default·Exports·// const·add·=·(a,·b)·=>·{ · · ·return·a·+·b; }; export·default·add; JS pg2_modern_index.mjs //modern·Default·module·importing// import·add·from·"./pg2_modern_cal.mjs"; console.log(add(6,·3)); ---> 9</pre>
--	---

Default Exports : With Default Exports, we can import modules with any name.

- Exporting a variable while defining : We cannot export boolean, number, string, null, undefined, objects, and arrays while defining.
- Exporting a variable after defining : We can export boolean, number, string, null, undefined, objects, and arrays after defining.
- Exporting a value or an expression : We can export a value or an expression directly.
- Exporting a function while defining : We can export a function while defining.
- Exporting a function after defining : We can export a function after defining.
- Exporting a class while defining : We can export a class while defining.
- Exporting a class after defining : We can export a class after defining.

In [11]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node13.png")
```

Out[11]:

topic1 > JS pg3_module_sample.js > ...	> JS pg3_module_index.js > ...	
1 module.exports = let value = 5;	const num = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	
2		
3 let value = 5;	const value = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	5
4 module.exports = value;	console.log(value);	
5		
6 module.exports = 5 * 3;	const result = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	15
7	console.log(result);	
8		
9 module.exports = function (num1, num2)	const sums = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	8
10 { return num1 + num2;	console.log(sums(2, 6));	
11 };		
12		
13 function sum(num1, num2) {	const sum = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	8
14 return num1 + num2;	console.log(sum(2, 6));	
15 }		
16 module.exports = sum;		
17		
18 module.exports = class StudentDetails {	const Students = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	Students { name:
19 { constructor(name, age) {	const students = new Students("Ram", 15);	'Ram', age: 15 }
20 { this.name = name;	console.log(students);	Ram
21 { this.age = age;	console.log(students.name);	
22 }		
23 };		
24		
25 class StudentDetails {	const StudentDetails = require("./pg3_module_sample.js");	StudentDetails {
26 { constructor(name, age) {	const studentDetails = new StudentDetails("Ram", 15);	name: 'Ram',
27 { this.name = name;	console.log(studentDetails);	age: 15 }
28 { this.age = age;	console.log(studentDetails.name);	Ram
29 }		
30 }		
31 module.exports = StudentDetails;		

2. Named Exports

- Exporting multiple variables while defining : We cannot export boolean, number, string, null, undefined, objects, and arrays while defining.
- Exporting multiple variables after defining : We can export multiple variables after defining.
- Exporting multiple values and expressions : We can export multiple values and expressions.
- Exporting multiple functions while defining : We can export multiple functions while defining.
- Exporting multiple functions after defining : We can export multiple functions after defining.
- Exporting multiple classes while defining : We can export multiple classes while defining.
- Exporting multiple classes after defining : We can export multiple classes after defining.

In [12]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node14.png")
```

Out[12]:

<pre>topic1 > JS pg3_module_samplejs > ... 35 exports.value = let value = 5; 36 exports.studentName = let studentName = "Rahul"; 37 38</pre>	<pre>> JS pg3_module_indexjs > ... const { value, studentName } = require("./sample"); console.log(value); console.log(studentName);</pre>	SyntaxError: Unexpected identifier
<pre>39 let value = 5; 40 exports.value = value; 41 let studentName = "Rahul"; 42 exports.studentName = studentName; 43</pre>	<pre>const { value, studentName } = require("./sample"); console.log(value); console.log(studentName);</pre>	5 Rahul
<pre>44 let value = 2; 45 exports.sum = 2 + 3; 46 exports.sub = 3 - value; 47</pre>	<pre>const { sum, sub } = require("./sample"); console.log(sum); console.log(sub);</pre>	5 1
<pre>48 exports.sum = function (num1, num2) { 49 return num1 + num2; 50 }; 51 exports.sub = function sub(num1, num2) { 52 return num1 - num2; 53 }; 54</pre>	<pre>const { sum, sub } = require("./sample"); console.log(sum(2, 6)); console.log(sub(8, 3));</pre>	8 5
<pre>55 function sum(num1, num2) { 56 return num1 + num2; 57 } 58 exports.sum = sum; 59 function sub(num1, num2) { 60 return num1 - num2; 61 } 62 exports.sub = sub;</pre>	<pre>const { sum, sub } = require("./sample"); console.log(sum(2, 6)); console.log(sub(8, 3));</pre>	8 5

2.6 Exporting multiple classes while defining

We can export multiple classes while defining.

2.7 Exporting multiple classes after defining

We can export multiple classes after defining.

In [13]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node15.png")
```

Out[13]:

<pre> topic1 > JS pg3_module_samplejs > ... 64 exports.studentDetails = class StudentDetails { 65 constructor(name, age) { 66 this.name = name; 67 this.age = age; 68 } 69 }; 70 exports.carDetails = class CarDetails { 71 constructor(name, age) { 72 this.name = name; 73 this.speed = age; 74 } 75 }; 76 77 </pre>	<pre> JS pg3_module_indexjs > ... const { studentDetails, carDetails } = require("../pg3_module_sample.j const newStudentDetails = new studentDetails("Ram", 15); console.log(newStudentDetails); console.log(newStudentDetails.name); const newCarDetails = new carDetails("Alto", "60kmph"); console.log(newCarDetails); console.log(newCarDetails.name); StudentDetails { name: 'Ram', age: 15 } Ram CarDetails { name: 'Alto', speed: '60kmph' } Alto </pre>
<pre> 78 class StudentDetails { 79 constructor(name, age) { 80 this.name = name; 81 this.age = age; 82 } 83 } 84 exports.studentDetails = StudentDetails; 85 86 class CarDetails { 87 constructor(name, age) { 88 this.name = name; 89 this.speed = age; 90 } 91 } 92 exports.carDetails = CarDetails; </pre>	<pre> const { studentDetails, carDetails } = require("../pg3_module_sample.j const newStudentDetails = new studentDetails("Ram", 15); console.log(newStudentDetails); console.log(newStudentDetails.name); const newCarDetails = new carDetails("Alto", "60kmph"); console.log(newCarDetails); console.log(newCarDetails.name); StudentDetails { name: 'Ram', age: 15 } Ram CarDetails { name: 'Alto', speed: '60kmph' } Alto </pre>

Default Exports

- Exporting a variable while defining
- Exporting a variable after defining
- Exporting a value or an expression
- Exporting a function while defining
- Exporting a function after defining
- Exporting a class while defining
- Exporting a class after defining

In [14]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node16.png")
```

Out[14]:

<pre> 1 export default let value = 5; 2 3 4 let a = 5; 5 export default a; 6 7 export default 5 * 3; 8 9 export default function (num1, num2) { 10 return num1 + num2; 11 } 12 13 function add(num1, num2) { 14 return num1 + num2; 15 } 16 export default add; 17 18 export default class StudentDetails { 19 constructor(name, age) { 20 this.name = name; 21 this.age = age; 22 } 23 } 24 25 class StudentDetails { 26 constructor(name, age) { 27 this.name = name; 28 this.age = age; 29 } 30 } 31 export default StudentDetails; </pre>	<pre> JS pg4_modern_index.mjs > ... import value from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(value); import a from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(a); import result from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(result); import sum from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(sum(2, 6)); import add from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(add(2, 6)); import StudentDetails from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; const newStudentDetails = new StudentDetails("Ram", 15); console.log(newStudentDetails); console.log(newStudentDetails.name); import StudentDetails from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; const newStudentDetails = new StudentDetails("Ram", 15); console.log(newStudentDetails); console.log(newStudentDetails.name); </pre>	<p>SyntaxError: Unexpected strict mode reserved word</p> <p>5</p> <p>15</p> <p>8</p> <p>8</p> <p>StudentDetails {name: "Ram", age: 15} Ram</p> <p>StudentDetails {name: "Ram", age: 15} Ram</p>
---	---	--

Named Exports

- Exporting multiple variables while defining
- Exporting multiple variables after defining
- Exporting multiple functions while defining
- Exporting multiple functions after defining
- Exporting multiple classes while defining
- Exporting multiple classes after defining

In [15]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node17.png")
```

Out[15]:

Topic1 > JS pg4_modern_sample.mjs > CarDetails	JS pg4_modern_index.mjs > ...	5 Rahul
35 export let value = 5; 36 export let studentName = "Rahul"; 37 38 39	import { value, studentName } from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(value); console.log(studentName);	
40 let value = 5; 41 const studentName = "Rahul"; 42 export { value, studentName }; 43 44	import { value, studentName } from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(value); console.log(studentName);	5 Rahul
45 export function sum(num1, num2) { 46 return num1 + num2; 47 } 48 export function sub(num1, num2) { 49 return num1 - num2; 50 } 51	import { sum, sub } from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(sum(4, 2)); console.log(sub(4, 2));	6 2
52 function sum(num1, num2) { 53 return num1 + num2; 54 } 55 function sub(num1, num2) { 56 return num1 - num2; 57 } 58 export { sum, sub }; 59	import { sum, sub } from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; console.log(sum(4, 2)); console.log(sub(4, 2));	6 2

In [16]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image("E:/code/frontend/img/node18.png")
```

Out[16]:

Topic1 > JS pg4_modern_sample.mjs > CarDetails	JS pg4_modern_index.mjs > ...	
61 export class StudentDetails { 62 constructor(name, age) { 63 this.name = name; 64 this.age = age; 65 } 66 } 67 export class CarDetails { 68 constructor(name, speed) { 69 this.name = name; 70 this.speed = speed; 71 } 72 } 73	import { StudentDetails, CarDetails } from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; const newStudentDetails = new StudentDetails("Ram", 15); console.log(newStudentDetails); console.log(newStudentDetails.name); const newCarDetails = new CarDetails("Alto", "60kmph"); console.log(newCarDetails); console.log(newCarDetails.name); StudentDetails { name: 'Ram', age: 15 } Ram CarDetails { name: 'Alto', speed: '60kmph' } Alto	
74 class StudentDetails { 75 constructor(name, age) { 76 this.name = name; 77 this.age = age; 78 } 79 } 80 class CarDetails { 81 constructor(name, speed) { 82 this.name = name; 83 this.speed = speed; 84 } 85 } 86 export { StudentDetails, CarDetails };	import { StudentDetails, CarDetails } from "../pg4_modern_sample.mjs"; const newStudentDetails = new StudentDetails("Ram", 15); console.log(newStudentDetails); console.log(newStudentDetails.name); const newCarDetails = new CarDetails("Alto", "60kmph"); console.log(newCarDetails); console.log(newCarDetails.name); StudentDetails {name: "Ram", age: 15} Ram CarDetails {name: "Alto", speed: "60kmph"} Alto	

Introduction to Node JS | Part 2

- Core Modules - path
- Packages - Third part packages
- NPM CLI - npm install, npm init
- third party packages - date-fns

core modules : The Core Modules are inbuilt in Node JS.

- path : to Handle file paths
- fs : to Handle the file system
- url : to Parse the URL strings

1. Path : The path module provides utilities for working with file and directory paths. It can be accessed using:

index.js

- `const path = require("path");`
- `const filePath = path.join("users", "ravi", "notes.txt");`
- `console.log(filePath);`

output

- `root@123# node index.js`
- `users/ravi/notes.txt`

2. Package : A package is a directory with one or more modules grouped.

Node Package Manager (NPM) : repo for third party packages(<https://www.npmjs.com/> (<https://www.npmjs.com/>))

- NPM is the package manager for the Node JS packages with more than one million packages.
- NPM company provides a command line tool which allows you to publish, discover, install, and develop node programs.

project: when we working with large packages, it's a good practice to split our code into multiple modules

- makes code more readable
- easy to maintain
- easy to test

CLI : NPM CLI helps us to setup the Node JS Project to organize various modules and work with third-party packages.

- `npm init -y -->` Initializes a project and creates a package.json file
- `npm install package-name --save -->` Installs the third-party packages

3. Steps to create a Node JS Project

- Run the below commands in the terminal.
- Create a new directory/folder : `mkdir myapp`

- Move into the created folder : `cd myapp`
- Initialize the project : `npm init -y`
- it creates package.json file which contains information related to application

4. Third-Party Packages

- The Third-Party Packages are the external Node JS Packages.
- They are developed by Node JS developers and are made available through the Node ecosystem.
(<https://www.npmjs.com/>)
- search for date-fns --> click on it --> copy the command(`npm install date-fns --save`)
- date-fns : It is a third-party package for manipulating JavaScript dates in a browser & Node.js.
 - `npm install date-fns --save`
- addDays : It adds the specified number of days to the given date.

index.js

- `const addDays = require("date-fns/addDays");`
- `const result = addDays(new Date(2021, 0, 11), 10);`
- `console.log(result);`

output

- `root@123# node index.js`
- `2021-01-21T00:00:00.000Z`

Note:

- While creating the Date() object, we have to provide the month index from (0-11), whereas we will get the output considering Jan=1 and Dec=12.