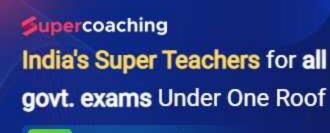
Arithmetic Progression Questions





Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 3: 150





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Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 1 Detailed Solution

Formula used:

$$n^{th} = a + (n - 1)d$$

Here, a \rightarrow first term, n \rightarrow Total number, d \rightarrow common difference, nth \rightarrow nth term

Calculation:

First three-digit number divisible by 6, (a) = 102

Last three-digit number divisible by 6, (nth) = 996

Common difference, (d) = 6

Now,
$$n^{th} = a + (n - 1)d$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 996 = 102 + (n - 1) × 6

$$\Rightarrow$$
 894 = (n - 1) × 6

$$\Rightarrow$$
 149 = $(n - 1)$

.. The total three digit number divisible by 6 is 150



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What will be the sum of 3 + 7 + 11 + 15 + 19 + ... upto 80 terms?

- 1. 12880
- 2. 12400
- 3. 25760
- 4. 24800

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 1:12880

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 2 Detailed Solution

Given:

An AP is given 3 + 7 + 11 + 15 + 19 + ... upto 80 terms

Formula used:

Sum of nth term of an AP

$$S_n = (n/2)\{2a + (n-1)d\}$$

where,

'n' is Number of terms, 'a' is First term, 'd' is Common difference

Calculations:

According to the question, we have

$$S_n = (n/2)\{2a + (n-1)d\}$$
 ----(1)

Put these values in (1), we get

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = (80/2){2 × 3 + (80 - 1) × 4}

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = 40(6 + 79 × 4)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = 40 × 322

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = 12,880

.. The sum of 80th terms of an AP is 12,880.

Alternate Method

$$n^{th}$$
 term = a + (n - 1)d

$$\Rightarrow$$
 80th term = 3 + (80 - 1)4

$$\Rightarrow$$
 80th term = 3 + 316

Now, the sum of nth terms of an AP

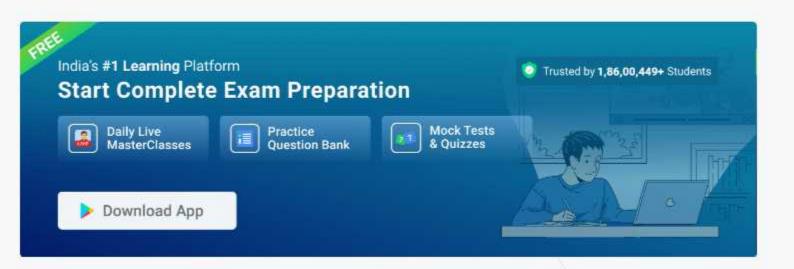
$$\Rightarrow$$
 S_n = (n/2) × (1st term + Last term)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = (80/2) × (3 + 319)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = 40 × 322

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S₈₀ = 12,880

: The sum of 80th terms of an AP is 12,880.



MCQ Question 3

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- 1. 245
- 2. 243
- 3. 297
- 4. 47

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 4:47

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 3 Detailed Solution

Where a = first term, n = number of terms and <math>d = differenceCalculation

in the given series a = 2 a = 2 a = 2

$$a = 2$$

$$d = 7 - 2 = 5$$

$$T_{10} = 2 + (10 - 1) 5$$

$$T_{10} = 2 + 45$$

$$T_{10} = 47$$

Tenth term = 47



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If a, b, c are in arithmetic progression then:

1.
$$2a = b + c$$

2.
$$2c = a + b$$

4.
$$2b = a + c$$

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 4:2b=a+c

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 4 Detailed Solution

Concept used:

Let a, b, c... and so on be our series

As we know the common difference = b - a, c - b.

lesilo o la comi The common difference is the same in arithmetic progression

$$b - a = c - b$$

Calculation:

$$b - a = c - b$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 b + b = c + a

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2b = c + a

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2b = a + c

.: a, b, c are in arithmetic progression then 2b = a + c.

Alternate Method

Let number be 1, 2, 3 which are in AP

Only one option satisfied the equation

2(2) 1 + 3 = so 2b = a + c is correct option



MCQ Question 5 For which value of k; the series 2, 3 + k and 6 are in A.P.? 1. 4 2. 3 3. 1 4. 2

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Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 3:1

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 5 Detailed Solution

Given:

For a value of k; 2, 3 + k and 6 are to be in A.P

Concept:

According to Arithmetic progression, a2 - a1 = a3 - a2

where a1, a2, a3 are 1st, 2nd and 3rd term of any A.P.

Calculation:

 $a_1 = 2$, $a_2 = k + 3$, $a_3 = 6$ are three consecutive terms of an A.P.

According to Arithmetic progression, a2 - a1 = a3 - a2

$$(k+3)-2=6-(k+3)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 k + 3 - 8 + k + 3 = 0

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2k = 2

After solving, we get k = 1



MCQ Question 6

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The 11th term of an AP is 90 less than the first term. If the second term is 99, find the third term.

- 1. 108
- 2. 99
- 3. 90
- 4. 81

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 3:90

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 6 Detailed Solution

Given:

The 11th term of an AP is 90 less than the first term. The second term is 99.

Formula:

. d'is nth term of an AP, $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$, where 'a' is the first term, 'n' is the total number of terms and 'd' is the common difference.

Calculation:

Let the first term is 'a' and common difference is'd'.

$$T_2 = a + d = 99$$
 ---(1)

According to question

$$T_1 - T_{11} = 90$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a - (a + 10d) = 90

$$d = -9$$

From equation (1)

$$a + (-9) = 99$$

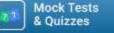
Third term $T_3 = a + 2d$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 108 + 2 × - 9 = 108 - 18 = 90

.. Required answer is 90.









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OOOK.CON

What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

- 1. 477
- 2 565
- 3. 675
- 4. 776

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 1:477

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 7 Detailed Solution

Given:

Formula:

$$S_n = n/2 [a + I]$$

$$T_n = a + (n - 1)d$$

n = number of term

a = first term

d = common difference

I = last term

Calculation:

a = 13

$$d = 23 - 13 = 10$$

$$T_n = [a + (n - 1)d]$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 93 = 13 + (n - 1) × 10

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (n - 1) × 10 = 93 - 13

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (n - 1) = 80/10

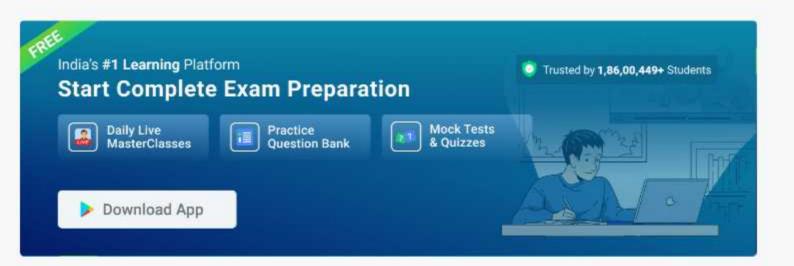
$$\Rightarrow$$
 n = 8 + 1

$$\Rightarrow$$
 n = 9

$$S_9 = 9/2 \times [13 + 93]$$

$$= 9/2 \times 106$$

$$= 9 \times 53$$



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nth term of an AP is 0. If AP is 54, 51, 48..., then find the value of n.

- 1. 15
- 2. 21
- 3. 18

4. 19

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 8 Detailed Solution

Given,

 n^{th} term of AP = 0

The given AP = 54, 51, 48 ...

Formula:

$$T_n = a + (n - 1)d$$

lesiloook.com Where, a = first term and d = common difference

Calculation:

Here,

$$a = 54$$

$$d = 51 - 54 = -3$$

$$T_n = a + (n - 1) d$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 0 = 54 + (n - 1) × (-3)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (n - 1) × (-3) = -54

$$\Rightarrow$$
 n - 1 = 54/3

$$\Rightarrow$$
 n - 1 = 18

.. There are 19 terms of the AP.



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The common difference of AP will be _____ with a25 - a12 = - 52

- 1. -14
- 2. 4
- 3. -3
- 4. 5

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2:-4

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 9 Detailed Solution

Given:

a₂₅ - a₁₂ = - 52

Formula used:

 n^{th} term of AP = a + (n - 1)d

a = first term

d = common difference

n = number of terms

Calculation:

Let first term be a and common difference be d

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a₂₅ = a + (25 - 1)d

$$\Rightarrow a_{25} = a + 24d$$

Similarly,

$$\Rightarrow a_{12} = a + (12 - 1)d$$



 $\Rightarrow a_{12} = a + 11d$

According to the question,

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (a + 24d) - (a + 11d) = -52

$$\Rightarrow$$
 13d = -52

$$\Rightarrow$$
 d = -4

.. The common difference of AP will be - 4.



MCQ Question 10

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The sum of 6 consecutive odd numbers is 144. What will be the product of first number and the last number?

1. 513

2. 551

3. 609

4. 567

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2:551

Arithmetic Progression MCQ Question 10 Detailed Solution

GIVEN:

The sum of 6 consecutive odd numbers is 144.

CALCULATION:

K.Cor. Let six consecutive odd numbers be x, x + 2, x + 4, x + 6, x + 8 and x + 10.

Now,

$$x + x + 2 + x + 4 + x + 6 + x + 8 + x + 10 = 144$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6x + 30 = 144

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6x = 144 - 30

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 114/6

$$\Rightarrow x = 19$$

Hence,

Product of the first number and the last number = $19 \times 29 = 551$