CS F342

Computer Architecture

Semester 1 - 2023 - 24

Lab Sheet 7

<u>Goals for the Lab</u>: We build up on prior labs and explore basics of functions and recursion.

Background:

- Calling a subroutine is between a *caller*, who makes the subroutine call, and the *callee*, which is the subroutine itself.
- The caller passes arguments to the callee by placing the values into the argumentregisters \$a0-\$a3.
- The caller calls jal followed by the label of the subroutine. This saves the return address in \$ra. The return address is PC + 4, where PC is the address of the jal instruction. If the callee uses a frame pointer, then it usually sets it to the stack pointer. The old frame pointer must be saved on the stack before this happens.
- The callee usually starts by pushing any registers it needs to save on the stack. If the callee calls a helper subroutine, then it must push \$ra on the stack. It may need to push temporary (\$t0-\$t7) or saved registers (\$s0-\$s7) as well.
- Once the subroutine is complete, the return value is placed in \$v0-\$v1. The callee thencalls jr \$ra to return back to the caller.

Exercise 1 – With Sample Code: Study the code given below.

```
increase_the_value:
    addi $sp,$sp,-8 #4 bytes for each value
    sw $a0,($sp) #call by value
    sw $ra,4($sp) #since we are having nested procedure, which will overwrite the current value of $ra
    addi $a0,$a0,10

jal print_value #print_value is a nested procedure

lw $a0,($sp) #restore the value of $a0, main function should get old value of $a0
    lw $ra,4($sp) #restore the value of $ra
    addi $sp,$sp,8jr $ra

print_value:
```

addi \$sp,\$sp,-4 #Since \$a0 will be used to print the string, its original value would be lost sw \$a0,(\$sp) #saving the original value of \$a0(as received by this procedure) #since we are not calling any other procedure in this procedure value of \$ra wouldnt change, hence no need to store it in stack

```
move $a0,$a1li
$v0,4 syscall
lw $a0,($sp)
li $v0,1 syscall
move $a0,$a2li $v0,4
syscall
lw $a0,($sp) addi
$sp,$sp,4
jr $ra
```

<u>Exercise 2:</u> Write a function to count the number of vowels in a given string and also return the string after removing the vowels and print that string in main function. Call the function twice with two different strings.

```
Input : String (without space)Output : Single integer
```

<u>Exercise 3:</u> Write a program that asks if the user wants a triangle or a square. It then asks the user for the size of the object (the number of lines it takes to draw the object). The program then writes a triangle or a square of stars "*" to the console.

```
*****

*****

*****

*****
```

* ** ***** ****

Write a subroutine for each figure. In them, use a subroutine **print_star_line** that writes a line of a given number of stars. (that number is passed as an argument to **print_star line** function).

Take home assignment:

Print the pyramid as:

**

Exercise 4: Find Factorial of a given integer recursively. Take care of the base case.

Exercise 5: Disassemble the following hex instructions.

- 02002009
- 03e00008
- 0c100013