Scan Report

September 20, 2025

Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "Scan home network ". The scan started at Fri Sep 19 20:22:30 2025 UTC and ended at Fri Sep 19 20:38:57 2025 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.1.1	0	2	2	0	0
sax1v1r.lan					
192.168.1.240	0	0	1	0	0
mac.lan					
192.168.1.115	0	0	2	0	0
192.168.1.150	0	0	1	0	0
pavel.lan					
Total: 4	0	2	6	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level "Log" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Debug" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "False Positive" are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 8 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 109 results.

2 Results per Host

$2.1 \quad 192.168.1.1$

Host scan start Fri Sep 19 20:23:09 2025 UTC Host scan end Fri Sep 19 20:38:51 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$443/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
80/tcp	Medium
general/icmp	Low
general/tcp	Low

2.1.1 Medium 443/tcp

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Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Server Certificate / Certificate in Chain with RSA keys less than 2048 bits

Summary

The remote SSL/TLS server certificate and/or any of the certificates in the certificate chain is using a RSA key with less than 2048 bits.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS server is using the following certificate(s) with a RSA key w \hookrightarrow ith less than 2048 bits (public-key-size:public-key-algorithm:serial:issuer): 1024:RSA:00FC79B3E38C68CE15:CN=OpenWrt,L=Uknown,ST=Somewhere,C=ZZ (Server certif \hookrightarrow icate)

Impact

Using certificates with weak RSA key size can lead to unauthorized exposure of sensitive information.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace the certificate with a stronger key and reissue the certificates it signed.

Vulnerability Insight

SSL/TLS certificates using RSA keys with less than 2048 bits are considered unsafe.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the RSA keys size of the server certificate and all certificates in chain for a size < 2048 bit.

Details: SSL/TLS: Server Certificate / Certificate in Chain with RSA keys less than 2048.

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150710 Version used: 2021-12-10T12:48:00Z

References

url: https://www.cabforum.org/wp-content/uploads/Baseline_Requirements_V1.pdf

[return to 192.168.1.1]

2.1.2 Medium 80/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

Summary

The host / application transmits sensitive information (username, passwords) in cleartext via HTTP.

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Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following URLs requires Basic Authentication (URL:realm name):

 $\label{lem:http://sax1v1r.lan/warehouse/control/main:"Please input your authentication info $$$ \hookrightarrow ", charset="UTF-8"$$

Impact

An attacker could use this situation to compromise or eavesdrop on the HTTP communication between the client and the server using a man-in-the-middle attack to get access to sensitive data like usernames or passwords.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. Additionally make sure the host / application is redirecting all users to the secured SSL/TLS connection before allowing to input sensitive data into the mentioned functions.

Affected Software/OS

Hosts / applications which doesn't enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information and check if the host / application is not enforcing the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

The script is currently checking the following:

- HTTP Basic Authentication (Basic Auth)
- HTTP Forms (e.g. Login) with input field of type 'password'

Details: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108440 Version used: 2023-09-07T05:05:21Z

References

url: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication_and_Se \hookrightarrow ssion_Management

url: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A6-Sensitive_Data_Exposure

url: https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html

2.1.3 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0

Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K14/0632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[return to 192.168.1.1]

2.1.4 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 2799460298 Packet 2: 2799461375

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091

Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z

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References

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

 \hookrightarrow ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

[return to 192.168.1.1]

$2.2 \quad 192.168.1.240$

Host scan start Fri Sep 19 20:23:09 2025 UTC Host scan end Fri Sep 19 20:30:23 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	Low

2.2.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 797725989 Packet 2: 1886384444

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled.

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The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z

References

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

→ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

[return to 192.168.1.240]

2.3 192.168.1.115

Host scan start Fri Sep 19 20:23:09 2025 UTC Host scan end Fri Sep 19 20:33:28 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
m general/tcp	Low
general/icmp	Low

2.3.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

Summary

... continued from previous page ...

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 4249952500 Packet 2: 4249953577

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

 $\label{eq:Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure} Details: \ \mbox{TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure}$

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z

References

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

→ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

2.3.2 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)

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m NVT}$: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0

Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

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[return to 192.168.1.115]

$2.4 \quad 192.168.1.150$

Host scan start Fri Sep 19 20:23:09 2025 UTC Host scan end Fri Sep 19 20:24:16 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
m general/icmp	Low

2.4.1 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0

Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

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Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is

received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[return to 192.168.1.150]

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