# **Summary**

#### **Telecom Customer Churn Analysis**

This report presents a detailed analysis of customer churn within a telecommunications company, aimed at uncovering the underlying factors that drive customer attrition. By understanding the patterns and profiles associated with churned customers, the analysis supports strategic decision-making to enhance customer retention and long-term profitability.

#### 1. Objective

The primary objective of this analysis is to:

- Quantify the extent of customer churn
- Identify key drivers and risk segments
- Provide actionable insights to reduce churn and improve customer lifetime value

#### 2. Data Overview & Preparation

The dataset comprises customer demographic information, subscription details, service usage behavior, and churn status. Key preprocessing steps included:

- Handling missing values in the TotalCharges field by replacing blanks with 0 and converting to float.
- Recasting binary fields like SeniorCitizen into interpretable categories ("Yes"/"No") to enhance readability.
- Ensuring all fields are formatted correctly for analysis.

## 3. Key Insights

#### 3.1 Overall Churn Rate

• **26.54%** of customers have churned (1,869 out of 7,043).

• This indicates that over a quarter of the customer base is not retained, representing a significant revenue risk.

#### 3.2 Gender-Based Churn

• Churn is relatively balanced across genders:

○ **Male:** ~26.2%

○ **Female:** ~26.9%

• Gender does not appear to be a significant factor in predicting churn.

#### 3.3 Impact of Senior Citizenship

• Churn among senior citizens is significantly higher:

o Senior Citizens: 41.7%

o Non-Senior Citizens: 24.0%

• Although senior citizens make up only ~16% of the base, they are disproportionately more likely to churn.

#### 3.4 Tenure and Churn Relationship

• A clear inverse correlation exists between tenure and churn:

• Customers with <6 months tenure have churn rates exceeding 50%

• Customers with >24 months tenure show churn rates below 10%

• Retention improves markedly over time, indicating early customer experience is crucial.

#### 3.5 Contract Type as a Churn Predictor

• Contract length strongly influences churn likelihood:

o Month-to-Month: 43.9%

o One-Year Contract: 11.5%

○ Two-Year Contract: 2.8%

• Longer contracts are associated with significantly lower churn, likely due to higher commitment and bundled incentives.

### 4. Visual Analytics Summary

The following visual tools were utilized:

- **Pie charts** to illustrate churn proportions
- Bar plots to compare churn across gender, senior citizenship, and contract types
- Stacked bar charts to show percentage churn by senior citizen status
- **Histograms** to depict churn frequency across customer tenure

These visualizations reinforce and clarify the key patterns observed in the data.

#### 5. Strategic Recommendations

To mitigate churn and improve customer retention, the following actions are recommended:

- **Focus on early engagement:** Prioritize onboarding and satisfaction efforts for new customers (<6 months tenure).
- Target high-risk segments: Develop specific retention campaigns for:
  - Senior citizens
  - Customers on month-to-month contracts
- **Promote long-term contracts:** Offer incentives for switching to annual or biennial plans to lock in longer customer lifecycles.
- **Build loyalty programs:** Implement tailored loyalty or rewards programs for at-risk groups to increase engagement.

# 6. Next Steps

To extend this analysis, the organization could:

- Develop a **churn prediction model** using machine learning techniques
- Perform **cohort analysis** to track churn trends over time
- Use **customer segmentation** to further personalize retention strategies