Assignment 10

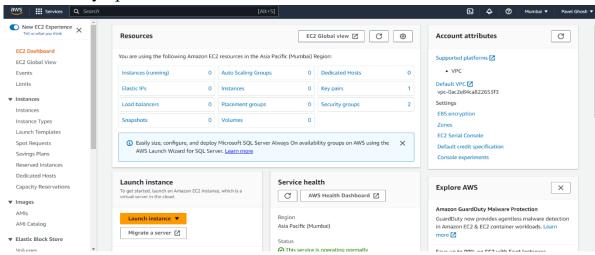
Problem Statement: Deploy project from GitHub to EC2 by creating new security group and user data.

Procedure:

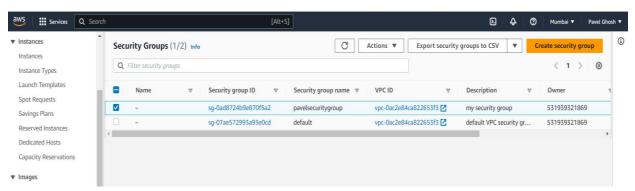
Step 1: Sign in to your AWS account.

Step 2: Go to your EC2 dashboard

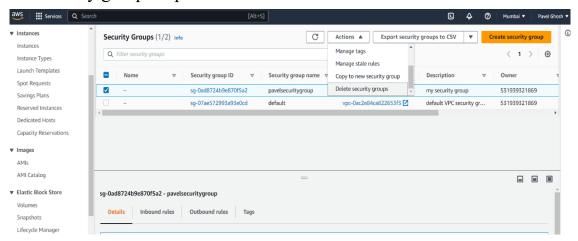
Step 3: Scroll down and Click on Security Groups option on the left side nav bar under Network & Security option.



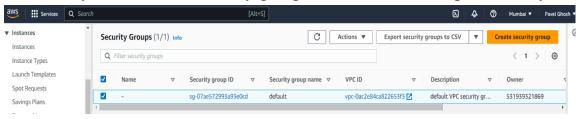
Step 4: Select all the Security Groups other than the one named "default".



Step 5: Then Click on the Actions button. Scroll-Down the dropdown list until you find the "delete all security groups" option. Click on it.



Step 6: Now only the "default" security group remains and we keep it that way.

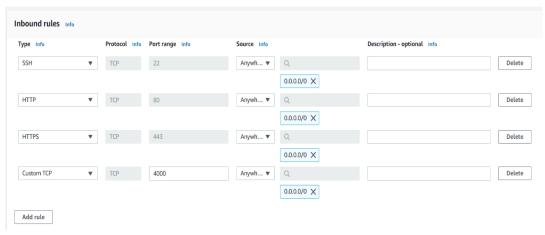


Step 7: Now click on the "Create Security Group" button.

Step 8: Now start by giving a name to the security group and giving its description (anything).

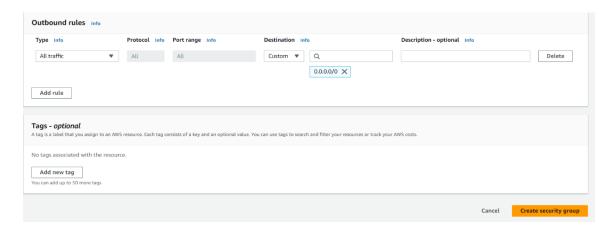
Create security group Info A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fie Basic details Security group name Info myserver7	elds below.
Basic details Security group name Info	elds below.
Security group name Info	
myserver7	
Name cannot be edited after creation.	
Description Info	
myserver7	
VPC Info	
Q_vpc-0ac2e84ca822653f3 X	

Step 9: Next, we will add Inbound Rules. Start adding by clicking the Add rule button. These include:

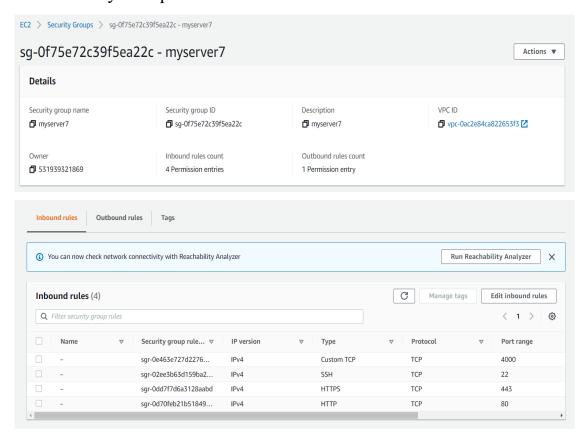


The last one with custom TCP has a specific port range that we require to connect to our project. It has been specified in our index.js file (refer Ass9).

Step 10: Next outbound rules and all other sections remain unchanged. Now Click on the create security group button.

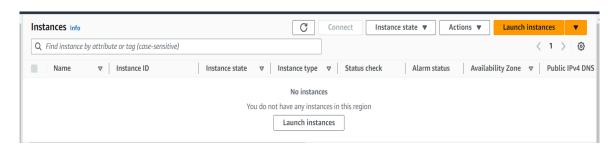


Step 11: Now go back to the security groups list and click on the security group ID of the newly created Security Group.



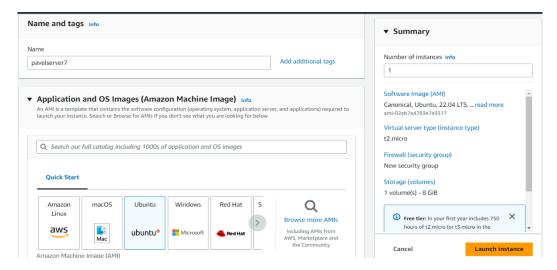
After clicking we can view the inbound rules that we added during its creation.

- Step 12: Now we go to the instances section from the left side nav bar.
- Step 13: Now we Create a new EC2 instance. Click on the Launch Instance button.

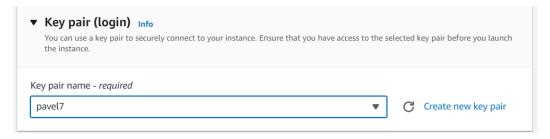


Now,

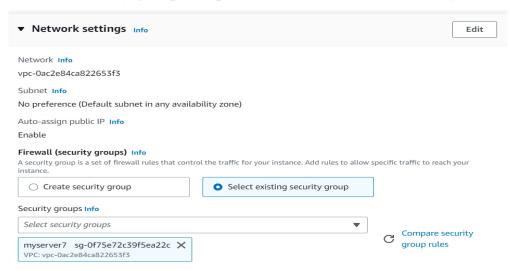
- a) Give the name
- b) Select Ubuntu as OS



c) Select a keypair or generate a new one if none is available.

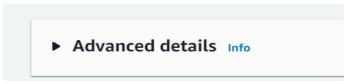


- d) Then under Network settings select the Select Existing Security Group option.
- e) Now under the security groups dropdown menu select the one we just created.



It should look like this...

f) Now scroll down and click on the Advanced Details option.



g) Now again scroll-down to the newly appeared sub-sections until you find User Data section.



- h) Write the following commands in the given box. Remember this user data is given to execute the given commands once the server starts. So essentially, we can provide all commands that we entered in our Assignment 9 previously and execute them without connecting to our server itself!! They will be executed sequentially.
- i) #!/bin/bash
- i) apt-get update
- k) apt-get install -y nginx
- 1) systemctl start nginx
- m) systemctl enable nginx
- n) apt-get install -y git
- o) curl -sL https://deb.nodesource.com/setup 18.x | sudo -E bash -
- p) apt-get install -y nodejs
- q) git clone https://github.com/itzFelu/collegeRepo.git
- r) cd collegeRepo
- s) npm install node index.js

Now, here is a caveat. We have created a private repository in GitHub. So, whenever we run the git clone command it asks for our username and password. Hence this cannot be executed directly through our User Data instructions. We have to connect manually and enter all commands starting from the git clone command.

t) Now we click on the launch instance button.

```
User data - optional Info
Enter user data in the field.

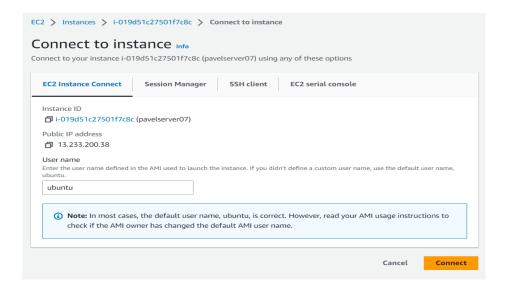
#!/bin/bash
apt-get update
apt-get install -y nginx
systemct! start nginx
systemct! enable nginx
apt-get install -y git
curl -sL https://deb.nodesource.com/setup_18.x | sudo -E bash -
apt-get install -y nodejs
git clone https: https://github.com/itzFelu/collegeRepo.git
cd collegeRepo
npm install
node index.js
```

Step 14: Now we Click on the 'Instance Id' link of our newly created server in our Instances list.

Step 15: Now click on the connect button.

Instance summary for i-019d51c27501f7c8c (Updated less than a minute ago	(pavelserver07) Info	C Connect Instance state ▼ Actions ▼
nstance ID	Public IPv4 address	Private IPv4 addresses
1-019d51c27501f7c8c (pavelserver07)	□ 13.233.200.38 open address □	☐ 172.31.43.247
Pv6 address	Instance state	Public IPv4 DNS
	Running	☐ ec2-13-233-200-38.ap-south-
		1.compute.amazonaws.com open address 🔀
Hostname type	Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only)	
P name: ip-172-31-43-247.ap-south-1.compute.internal	☐ ip-172-31-43-247.ap-south-1.compute.internal	
Answer private resource DNS name	Instance type	Elastic IP addresses
Pv4 (A)	t2.micro	-
Auto-assigned IP address	VPC ID	AWS Compute Optimizer finding
13.233.200.38 [Public IP]	□ vpc-0ac2e84ca822653f3	① Opt-in to AWS Compute Optimizer for recommendation
		Learn more 🛂
AM Role	Subnet ID	Auto Scaling Group name
-	☐ subnet-0d4a26f5137cb280d 🖸	y - :
MDSv2		
Optional		

Step 16: Again, click on the connect button.



Step 17: After this anew Tab will open with a Bash Terminal that is of our remote EC2 server!

Here we can type all our required commands that we used to type in a similar terminal by connecting to our remote server through our Bitvise SSH client software in our previous assignments.

```
Usage of /: 26.2% of 7.57GB Users logged in: 0
Memory usage: 29% IPv4 address for eth0: 172.31.43.247
Swap usage: 0%

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

48 updates can be applied immediately.
23 of these updates are standard security updates.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>". see "man sudo_root" for details.
```

Step 18: Now type the following commands in the terminal:-

• git clone https://github.com/.....................//Your GitHub Repository URL Give your Username of GitHub when asked. Give your account Token when your Password is asked.

• cd Your Repository name/

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-41-246:~$ cd myRepoV1/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-41-246:~/myRepoV1$
```

npm install

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-41-246:~/myRepoV1$ npm install
npm WARN deprecated uuid@3.4.0: Please upgrade to version 7 or higher. One https://v8.dev/blog/math-random for details.

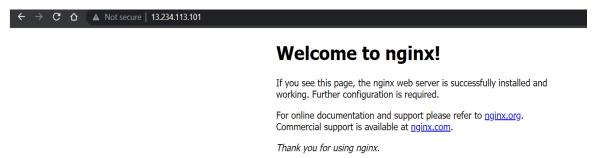
added 258 packages, and audited 259 packages in 15s

18 packages are looking for funding
   run `npm fund` for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
npm notice
npm notice
npm notice New minor version of npm available! 9.5.1 -> 9.6.5
npm notice Changelog: https://github.com/npm/cli/releases/tag/v9.6.5
npm notice Run npm install -g npm@9.6.5 to update!
npm notice
```

 node index.js ubuntu@ip-172-31-41-246:~/myRepoV1\$ node index.js Started server

Step 19: Now copy and paste the Public IPv4 address of your EC2 instance in another browser.



Step 20: Now append the port no. 4000 (for our case) to the IP address in the browser with a ":" sign.



Hello

We have successfully Deployed a project from GitHub to EC2 by creating a new Security group and User Data.