

#### IST 2018/2019

#### Processamento e Recuperação de Informação

Lab 06: Link Analysis

#### 1

Implement a function that takes as input a graph of hiperlinked documents and computes the PageRank vector for all documents.

The input graph is a dictionary, where each key is a document ID  $d_i$  and each value is a **set** containing the documents that **link to** document  $d_i$ . The output is a dictionary where each key is a document ID  $d_i$  and each value is the PageRank value of document  $d_i$ .

The function should also take as input the number of iterations to perform and the damping factor.

**Note:** To compute PageRank you also need to know how many outlinks a given document has. This value should also be available to the function.

## 2

The file pri\_cfc.txt is composed of several text documents from the CFC collection<sup>1</sup>. It contains one document per line, and the first word of each line is the document ID.

The file pri\_links.txt contains a graph of links between the documents in the CFC collection. Each line contains a set of document IDs, where the first ID is a document  $d_i$  and the remaining are the documents linked by  $d_i$ .

Using this file, compute the PageRank of all documents in the CFC collection. Print all document IDs and their respective PageRank values, sorted descending by PageRank value.

You should experimentally determine how many iterations are necessary for the algorithm to converge.

**Note:** To compute PageRank of a document d, you need to know which documents link to d. Thus, you need to invert the given link graph.

## 3

Using the Whoosh search engine from a previous lesson, implement a script that performs searches and returns the results ordered by a combination of textual similarity and PageRank. Use any formula you want to combine both values.

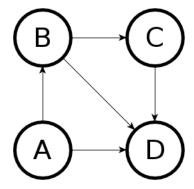
<sup>1</sup>http://www.dcc.ufmg.br/irbook/cfc.html

The following example code shows how to perform a query using Whoosh and obtain the textual similarity score:

```
from whoosh.index import open_dir
from whoosh.qparser import *
ix = open_dir("indexdir")
with ix.searcher() as searcher:
    query = QueryParser("content", ix.schema, group=OrGroup).parse(u"first document")
    results = searcher.search(query, limit=100)
    for i,r in enumerate(results):
        print r, results.score(i)
```

# 4 Pen and Paper Exercise

Consider the following graph, representing a set of Web pages.



- (a) Compute the PageRank value for each page. Assume a damping factor of 0.1.
- (b) Compute the hub and authority values of each page, using the HITS algorithm.