React in 2020

- URL: https://pavestru.github.io/react-bbs-2020-slides
- Source:
 - https://github.com/pavestru/react-bbs-2020-slides
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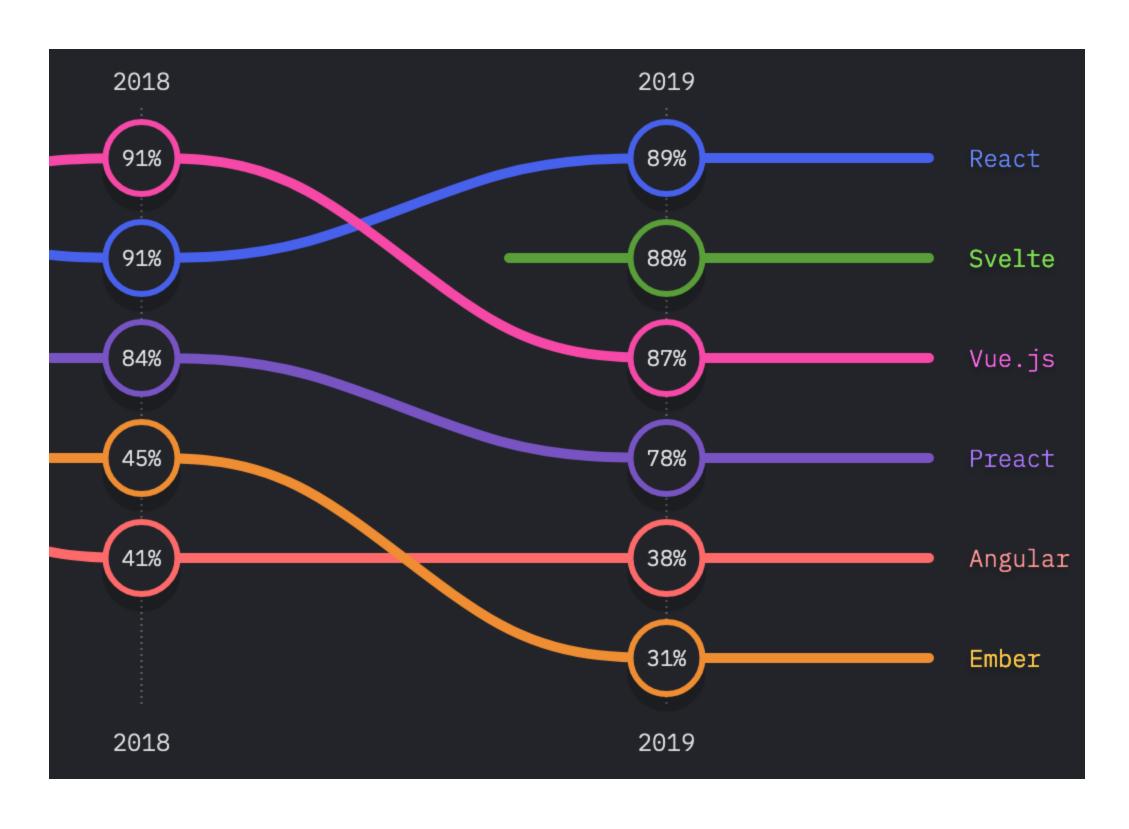
Speakers

- Pavel Struhar
- Jan Capiak

State of JS 2019

https://2019.stateofjs.com/

State of JS - Satisfaction survey



Svelte? Who is Svelte?

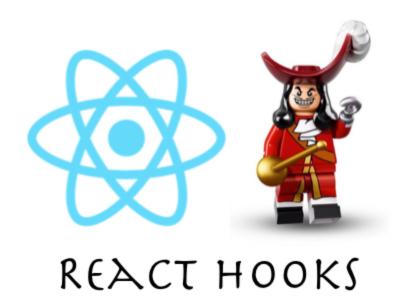
Are those graphs relevant?

Why React is winning

- Uni-directional data flow
- Component model
- Just JavaScript
- Just UI component library
- Community
- Investments of large companies
- •
- Innovative

Topics

- Hooks
- Component Life-cycle API updates
- Error Boundaries
- Cuncurrent rendering and Suspense



What are React Hooks?

- JS functions
- >= v16.8.0
- Hooks don't work inside classes

Which Hooks does React offer?

- Basic Hooks (useState, useEffect, useContext)
- Additional Hooks (useCallback, useMemo, useRef ...)
- Custom Hooks

Function component

```
import React from 'react';

export function Example(props) {
  return <div>Hello {props.name}!</div>;
}
```

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
export function Example(props) {
  const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
  return (
    <div>
      Hello {props.name}!
      <button onClick={() => setCount(count + 1)}>
        Click me (clicked {count} times)
      </button>
    </div>
  );
```

React Class vs. useState Hook

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
class Example extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
                                                                                        function Example() {
    super(props);
                                                                                          // Declare a new state variable, which we'll call "count"
    this.state = {
      count: 0
                                                                                          const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
   };
                                                                                          return (
                                                                                            <div>
  render() {
                                                                                              You clicked {count} times
    return (
                                                                                              <button onClick={() => setCount(count + 1)}>
      <div>
                                                                                                Click me
       You clicked {this.state.count} times
                                                                                              </button>
       <button onClick={() => this.setState({ count: this.state.count + 1 })}>
                                                                                            </div>
         Click me
                                                                                          );
        </button>
      </div>
```

React Life-cycle methods - Legacy

- componentWillMount → UNSAFE_componentWillMount
- componentWillRecieveProps →
 UNSAFE_componentWillRecieveProps
- componentWillUpdate → UNSAFE_componentWillUpdate

React Life-cycle methods - New

- getDerivedStateFromProps >=16.3.0
- getSnapshotBeforeUpdate >= 16.3.0
- getDerivedStateFromError >= 16.6.0

Rewriting to Hooks

- Live coding session
- Radio Stations deployed app: https://pavestru.github.io/radio-stations
- Source: https://github.com/pavestru/radio-stations
- See the <u>diff</u> between old and Hooks
- See the <u>diff</u> for custom hook



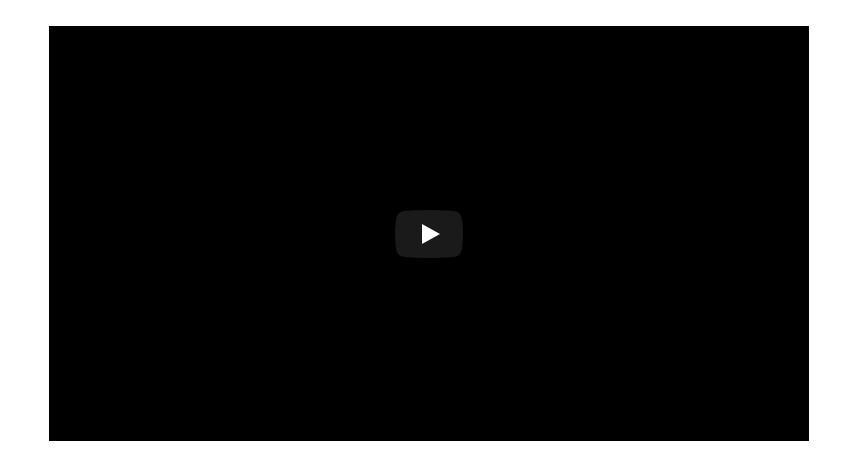
"With hooks, beginners no longer need to learn about 'this' to avoid shooting themselves in the foot."

Closures:



Tweet source

JavaScript Closure



Getting Closure on React Hooks

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KJP1E-Y-xyo

Recommended articles

- Writing Resilient Components by Dan Abramov
- Making setInterval Declarative with React Hooks by Dan Abramov

Error Boundary

- components that catch JavaScript errors and display a fallback UI
- getDerivedStateFromError(), componentDidCatch()
- works like a JavaScript catch block, but for components
- catch only errors in the components below them in the tree

```
class ErrorBoundary extends React.Component {
 constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = { hasError: false };
 static getDerivedStateFromError(error) {
   // Update state so the next render will show the fallback UI.
   return { hasError: true };
 componentDidCatch(error, errorInfo) {
   // You can also log the error to an error reporting service
   logErrorToMyService(error, errorInfo);
 render() {
   if (this.state.hasError) {
     // You can render any custom fallback UI
     return <h1>Something went wrong.</h1>;
   return this.props.children;
```

<ErrorBoundary>
 <MyWidget />
</ErrorBoundary>

Error Boundary

"try-catch" for throw new Error()

React Suspense

"try-catch" for throw new Promise()

React Suspense

API still experimental

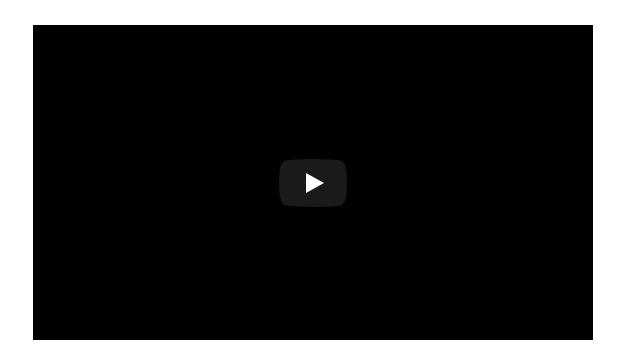
```
t ProfilePage = React.lazy(() => import("./ProfilePage
pense fallback={<Spinner />}>
rofilePage />
```

spense>;

Concurrent rendering

Putting User Experience First

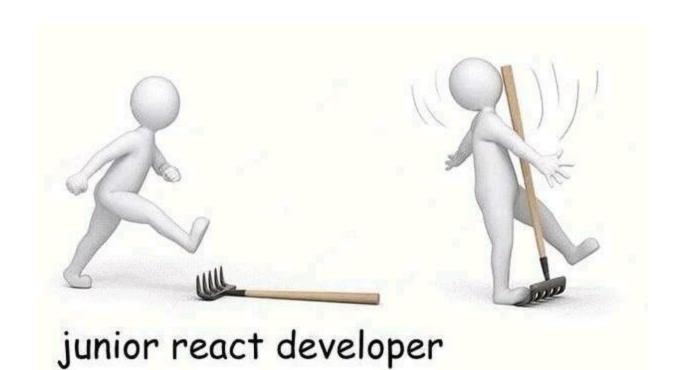
Understanting Event Loop

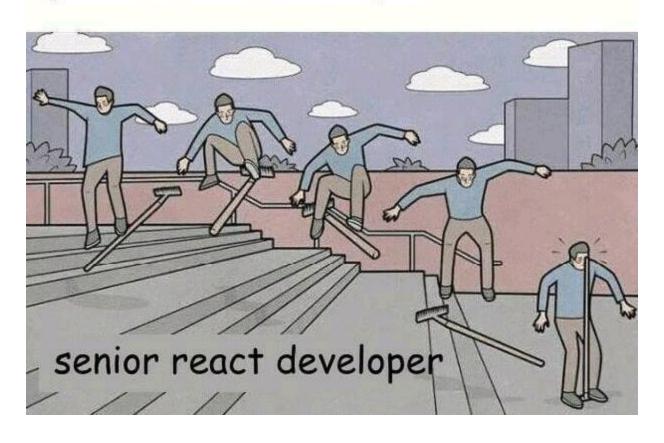


Event Loop playground: http://latentflip.com/loupe

Concurrent rendering

- Splits rendering into chunks
- Puts them into batch
- Able to interrupt, cancel rendering





Future talks?

Deep dive





Thank you for your attention

