

# Cryptography and Network Security

## File Hash Calculator

### Core Project Structure

#### 1. Project Setup:

- Create a project folder.
- Initialize a virtual environment (recommended).
- Install Flask: `pip install Flask`
- Create subfolders:
  - `templates` (for your HTML files)
  - `uploads` (to store encrypted/decrypted files)

#### 2. Base Python File (`app.py`):

- **Imports:**

Python

```
from flask import Flask, request, render_template,
send_from_directory, url_for
import os
import hashlib
from cryptography.fernet import Fernet
from werkzeug.utils import secure_filename
import shutil
import time
```

- **Flask App:**

Python

```
app = Flask(__name__, template_folder='templates')
app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'] = 'uploads'
```

- **Global Lists (for data storage):**

Python

```
file_sizes = []
encryption_times = []
decryption_times = []
```

### Functionality

### 3. Encryption:

- / **Route (Homepage):**
  - HTML form for file upload (`method="POST"`)
  - Endpoint handling in `app.py`:
    - Secure file retrieval from the form
    - Generate an encryption key (Fernet)
    - Encrypt the file
    - Store the encrypted file in the 'uploads' folder
    - Calculate file size and encryption time
    - Store data in the `file_sizes` and `encryption_times` lists
    - Render `index.html` with success messages and encryption details

### 4. Decryption

- /`decrypt` **Route:**
  - HTML form for:
    - Uploading the encrypted file
    - Entering the original file hash (for comparison)
    - Entering the encryption key
  - Endpoint handling in `app.py`:
    - Retrieve form data
    - Decrypt the file
    - Calculate file size and decryption time
    - Store data in the `file_sizes` and `decryption_times` lists
    - Calculate the new hash of the decrypted file
    - Compare hashes for validation
    - Render `index.html` with decryption results

### 5. HTML Template (`index.html`)

- Forms for encryption and decryption
- Dynamic display of results:
  - Original file hash, encryption key, file path, etc.

- Decryption status, new file hash
- Encryption and decryption times

### **Additional Considerations**

- **Error Handling:** Implement `try...except` blocks for robust error handling.
- **Hash Storage:** Consider how you'll store the original file hashes (text file, simple database).
- **Security:** Explore additional security measures if handling sensitive data.