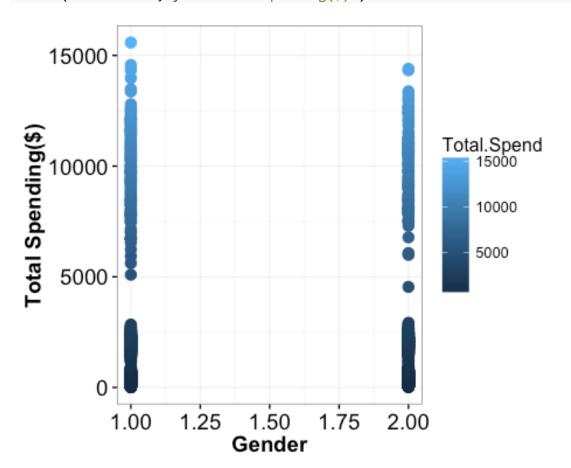
Question 2

Pavitra Sattanapalle

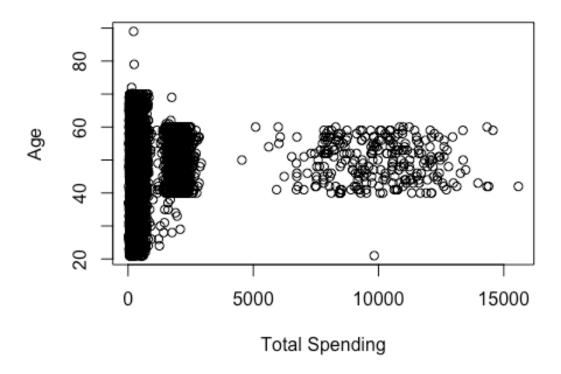
November 28, 2016

```
casino<-read.csv("Casino.csv",header = TRUE,stringsAsFactors = TRUE)</pre>
View(casino)
head(casino)
##
         Player Total. Spend Gender Age Source
## 1 Player 2690
                   13.01958 Female 37
                                        AAA
## 2 Player 3688
                   16.04045 Female 27
                                       WALK
WEB
                                        WEB
                                        AAA
                                        WEB
summary(casino)
##
           Player
                      Total.Spend
                                          Gender
                                                         Age
## Player 1
             :
                  1
                     Min. :
                                       Female:2462
                                                     Min.
                                                           :21.0
                                13.02
## Player 10 :
                  1
                     1st Qu.: 184.52
                                       Male :2538
                                                     1st Qu.:40.0
## Player 100 :
                  1
                     Median : 336.95
                                                     Median:48.0
## Player 1000:
                     Mean : 1122.41
                                                     Mean
                                                           :47.1
                  1
## Player 1001:
                  1
                     3rd Qu.: 756.74
                                                     3rd Qu.:57.0
## Player 1002:
                  1
                     Max. :15582.18
                                                     Max.
                                                           :89.0
## (Other)
              :4994
##
    Source
##
  AAA :1151
## WALK:1233
##
   WEB :2616
##
##
##
##
sd(casino$`Total.Spend`)
## [1] 2226.21
sd(casino$Age)
## [1] 12.3771
cor(casino$Total.Spend,casino$Age)
## [1] 0.08442126
```

```
casino$Gender<-as.numeric(casino$Gender) #Specify which value is which gend
er
casino$Source<-as.numeric(casino$Source)</pre>
                                          #Specify which value is which sour
cortab < - casino[c(2,3,4,5)]
cor(cortab)
##
               Total.Spend
                                  Gender
                                                  Age
                                                            Source
## Total.Spend 1.00000000 -0.0111156719 0.0844212554
                                                       0.124821581
## Gender
               -0.01111567 1.0000000000 0.0002173126 -0.005696354
## Age
                0.08442126 0.0002173126 1.0000000000
                                                       0.018125396
## Source
                0.12482158 -0.0056963544 0.0181253958 1.0000000000
#plot age vs spending
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data=casino, aes(x=Gender, y=Total.Spend)) +
  geom point(aes(colour=Total.Spend), size=3) + theme bw() +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_text(face="bold", vjust=-0.5, size=14),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size=14),
        axis.title.y = element_text(face="bold", vjust=1, size=14),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size=14)) +
  labs(x= "Gender", y = "Total Spending($)")
```

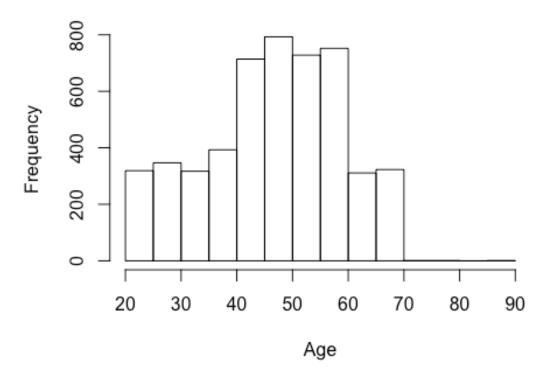


Distribution of Spending pattern by Age



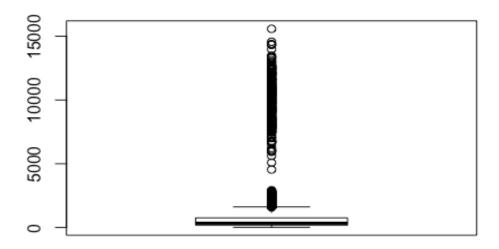
hist(casino\$Age, xlab="Age", main= "Histogram for Age")

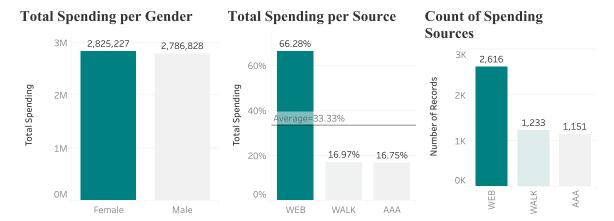
Histogram for Age



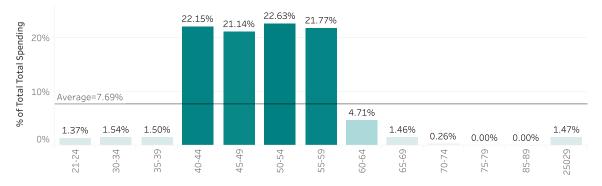
boxplot(casino\$Total.Spend, main= "Boxplot for Total Spending")

Boxplot for Total Spending





Total Spending per Age



```
#linear regression model
lmcasino<-lm(data = casino, formula = casino$Total.Spend~casino$Gender+casino</pre>
$Age+casino$Source)
summary(lmcasino)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = casino$Total.Spend ~ casino$Gender + casino$Age +
      casino$Source, data = casino)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -1783.1 -989.1 -662.9
                             18.1 14274.1
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) -273.943 176.589 -1.551
                                              0.121
                           62.283 -0.746
## casino$Gender -46.445
                                              0.456
## casino$Age 14.783
                            2.516 5.875 4.51e-09 ***
## casino$Source 335.851
                             38.117 8.811 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2202 on 4996 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02244, Adjusted R-squared: 0.02185
## F-statistic: 38.23 on 3 and 4996 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Business Implications

1. What is your model's output?

The Linear Regression Model has an R-squared value of 0.02244 which implies a model strength of 2.2%. The model is an extremely weak model and will not produce statistically significant results.

2. What is your model's equation?

 $lm(formula = casino Total. Spend \ casino Gender + casino Age + casino Source, \ data = casino)$

3. What is the approach for developing this model?

Name the dataset. Talk about the variables present. Mention initial analysis included boxplots/histograms summary statistics etc. Since only 3 independent variables are there, all 3 were selected to create this model and find then significance on the dependent variable.

4. Strengths, Weaknesses, Realibility of the Model

From our Linear Model we can see that the Age of customers and the Source are highly significant when it comes to Total Spending.

The Gender however is not at all significant when it comes to measuring Total Spending.

The significant factors can be further utilised to drive business decisions for the casino. Since Age and Source are highly significant, casino management can target their efforts towards maximising income from these sources.

The model in itself it not reliable at all as it has an extremely low R-squared value. The low R-squared value indicates that changes in these predictors are not related to changes in the response variable and that this model does not explain a lot of the response variability.

- 5. Business Implications and Recommendations
- The first business implication would be to create a more comprehensive dataset. This could be done by either recording more data, or by recording data over a wider spread of variables so that dependencies can be better observed.
- The current dataset only captures the Age, Source, Total Spending and Gender of customers. If The Casino is able to capture data such as spending on individual games, average spending across hours of operation, marital status of customers etc., it will prove useful in generating stronger models that better predict patterns.
- From the plots generated, we can see that the income from Web customers is the highest. The casino should focus their efforts towards targeting this segment of customers. They could launch attractive marketing campaigns and special pricing/discount schemes for web traffic to maximise their income from this segment of the customer population.
- From the plots generated, we can see that the maximum income comes from customers between the ages of 40 60. The Casino should further try and appeal to this demographic of the customer population. They could do this by creating an ambience/environment that people between the ages of 40-60 generally like. They could create a separate family dining section as well as a separate kids play area, so that customers from this demographic could come to The Casino with their families and still play.