

Logic building session 1

Q1. Write a Java Program to find GCD of two given numbers.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

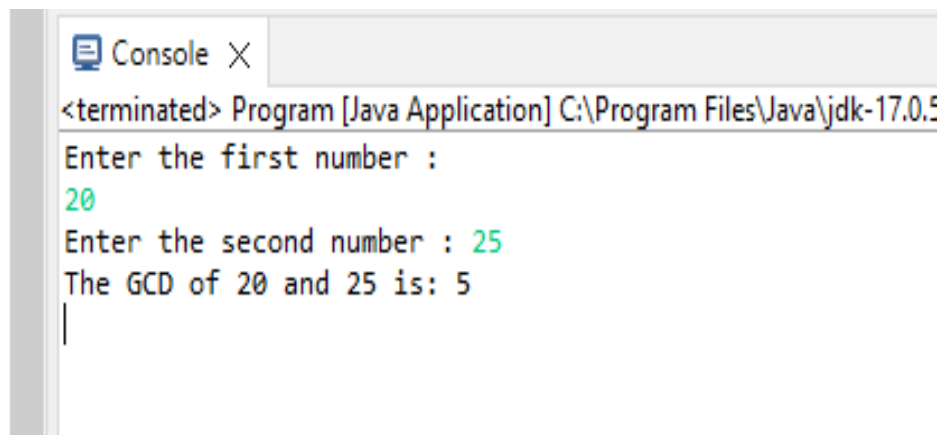
```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);  
        System.out.println("Enter the first number : ");  
        int number1 = sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.print("Enter the second number : ");  
        int number2 = sc.nextInt();  
        int gcd = findGCD(number1, number2);  
        System.out.println("The GCD of " + number1 + "  
and " + number2 + " is: " + gcd);  
    }  
    public static int findGCD(int a, int b) {  
        if (b == 0) {  
            return a;  
        } else {
```

```
        return findGCD(b, a % b);  
    }  
}  
}
```



The screenshot shows a Java console window titled "Console" with a close button. The window displays the following text:

```
<terminated> Program [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17.0.5  
Enter the first number :  
20  
Enter the second number : 25  
The GCD of 20 and 25 is: 5  
|
```

The numbers 20 and 25 are entered in green text, and the result "The GCD of 20 and 25 is: 5" is displayed in black text. A vertical cursor is visible at the bottom of the console.

2. Write a java program to LCM of TWO given number.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program1 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the first number : ");
```

```
        int number1 = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the second number : ");
```

```
        int number2 = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        int lcm = findLCM(number1, number2);
```

```
        System.out.println("The LCM of " + number1 + " and " +  
number2
```

```
        + " is: " + lcm);
```

```
    }
```

```
    public static int findLCM(int a, int b) {
```

```
        return (a * b) / findGCD(a, b);
```

```
    }
```

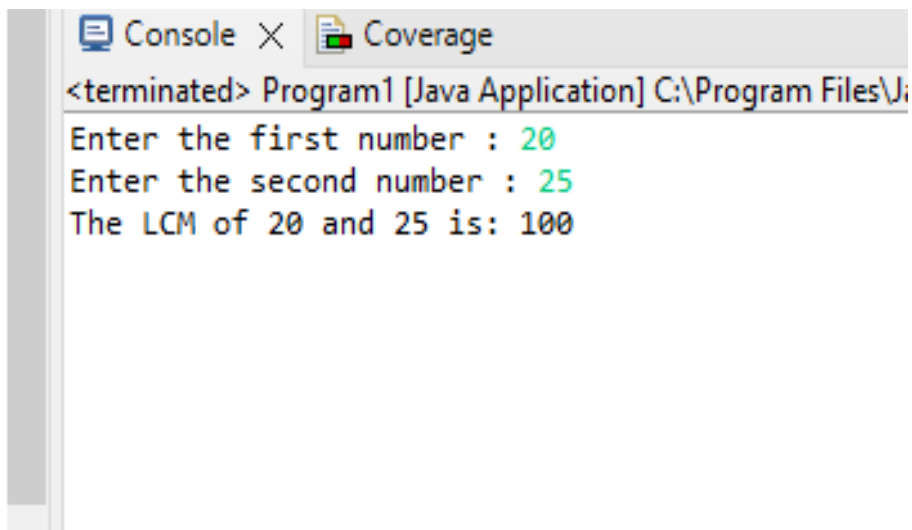
```
    public static int findGCD(int a, int b) {
```

```
        if (b == 0) {
```

```
            return a;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
        return findGCD(b, a % b);  
    }  
}  
}
```



3. Write a Java Program to print all the Prime Factors of the Given Number.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program3 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.print("Prime factors of " + number + " are: ");
```

```
        printPrimeFactors(number);
```

```
    }
```

```
    public static void printPrimeFactors(int n) {
```

```
        while (n % 2 == 0) {
```

```
            System.out.print(2 + " ");
```

```
            n /= 2;
```

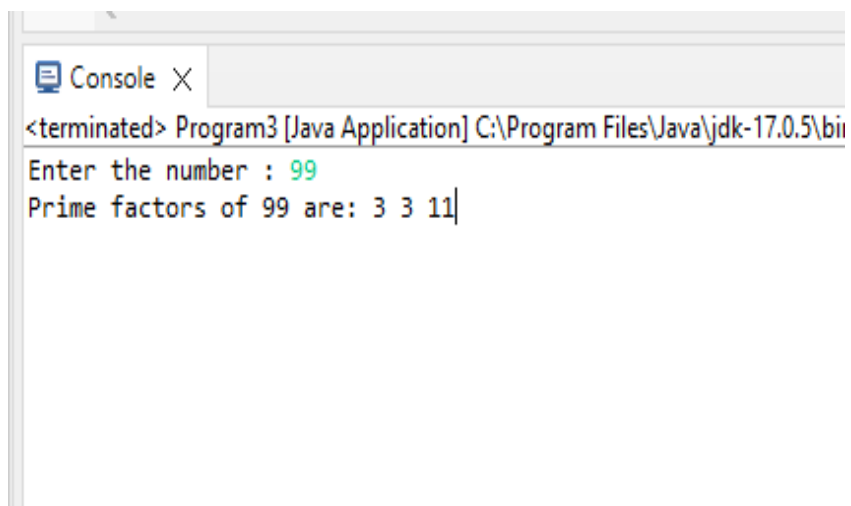
```
        }
```

```
        for (int i = 3; i <= Math.sqrt(n); i += 2) {
```

```
            while (n % i == 0) {
```

```
                System.out.print(i + " ");
```

```
        n /= i;
    }
}
if (n > 2) {
    System.out.print(n);
}
}
```



4. Decimal to binary number using recursion

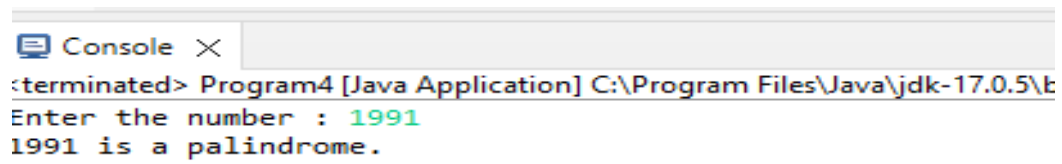
```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program4 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);  
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");  
        int number = sc.nextInt();  
        if (isPalindrome(number)) {  
            System.out.println(number + " is a palindrome.");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println(number + " is not a palindrome.");  
        }  
    }  
  
    public static boolean isPalindrome(int number) {  
        int originalNumber = number;  
        int reverse = 0;  
        while (number != 0) {  
            int lastDigit = number % 10;  
            reverse = reverse * 10 + lastDigit;
```

```
        number /= 10;  
    }  
    return originalNumber == reverse;  
}  
  
}
```



The screenshot shows a Java console window titled "Console" with a close button. The text inside the console reads: "<terminated> Program4 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17.0.5\bin\java.exe", "Enter the number : 1991", and "1991 is a palindrome.".

```
<terminated> Program4 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17.0.5\bin\java.exe  
Enter the number : 1991  
1991 is a palindrome.
```


5. Write a Java Program to check whether the Given Number is Prime Number or NOT.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program5 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        if (isPrime(number)) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is a prime number.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is not a prime number.");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public static boolean isPrime(int n) {
```

```
        if (n < 2) {
```

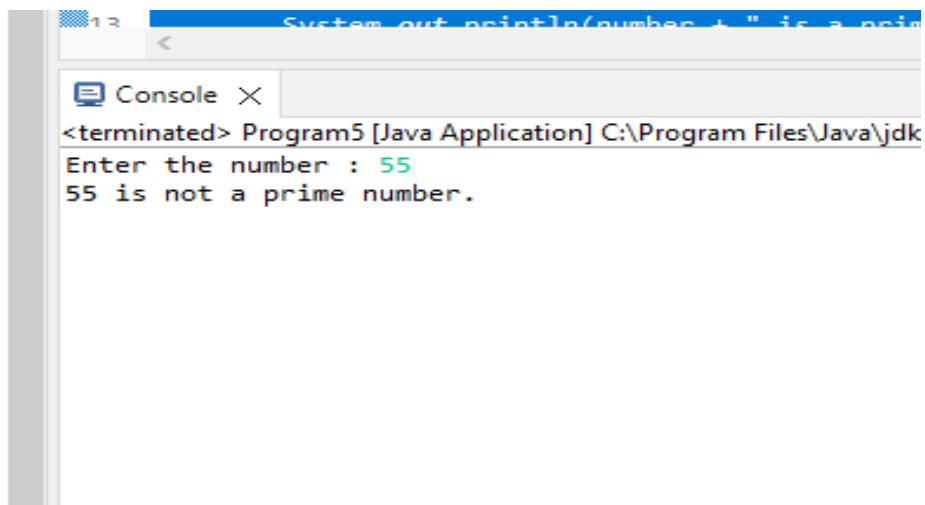
```
            return false;
```

```
        }
```

```
        for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(n); i++) {
```

```
            if (n % i == 0) {
```

```
        return false;  
    }  
}  
    return true;  
}  
  
}
```



6. Write a Java Program to check whether the given number is Armstrong Number or NOT.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program6 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt(); //153
```

```
        if (isArmstrong(number)) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is an Armstrong number.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is not an Armstrong number.");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Method to check if a number is an Armstrong number
```

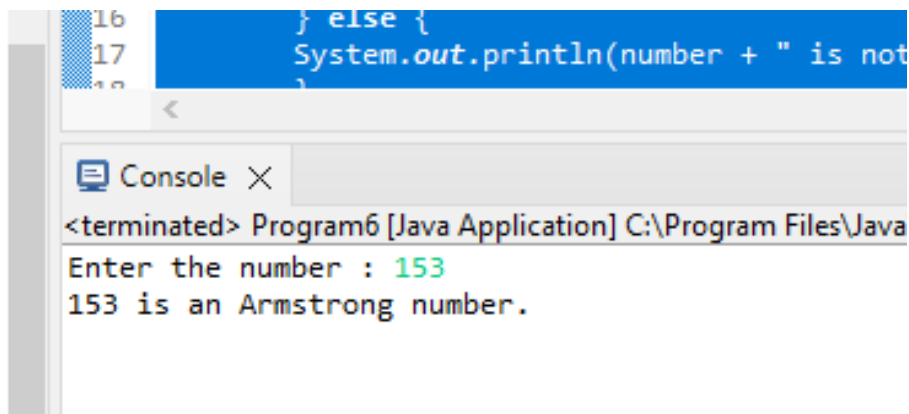
```
    public static boolean isArmstrong(int number) {
```

```
        int originalNumber, remainder, result = 0, n = 0;
```

```
        originalNumber = number;
```

```
        // Finding the number of digits
```

```
while (originalNumber != 0) {  
    originalNumber /= 10;  
    ++n;  
}  
originalNumber = number;  
// Checking if the number is Armstrong  
while (originalNumber != 0) {  
    remainder = originalNumber % 10;  
    result += Math.pow(remainder, n);  
    originalNumber /= 10;  
}  
if (result == number) {  
    return true;  
} else {  
    return false;  
}  
}  
  
}
```



The screenshot shows a Java IDE with a code editor and a console window. The code editor displays the following lines of code:

```
16 } else {  
17     System.out.println(number + " is not  
18 }
```

The console window, titled "Console", shows the output of the program:

```
<terminated> Program6 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java  
Enter the number : 153  
153 is an Armstrong number.
```

7. Write a Java Program to check whether the given number is Perfect Number or NOT.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program7 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt(); //28
```

```
        if (isPerfectNumber(number)) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is a perfect number.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is not a perfect number.");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Method to check if a number is a perfect number
```

```
    public static boolean isPerfectNumber(int number) {
```

```
        if (number < 1) {
```

```
            return false; // Perfect numbers are positive integers
```


```
        }
```

```
        int sum = 0;
```

```
        // Find all divisors and add them
```

```
        for (int i = 1; i <= number / 2; i++) {
```

```
        if (number % i == 0) {  
            sum += i;  
        }  
    }  
  
    // Check if the sum of divisors is equal to the number  
    return sum == number;  
}  
}
```

 Console X

<terminated> Program7 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-17

Enter the number : 28

28 is a perfect number.

8. Write a Java Program to check whether the given numbers are Amicable Numbers or NOT.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program8 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number1 = sc.nextInt(); // 220
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number2 = sc.nextInt(); // 284
```

```
        if (areAmicableNumbers(number1, number2)) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number1 + " and " + number2 + " are amicable  
numbers.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number1 + " and " + number2 + " are not  
amicable numbers.");
```

```
        }
```

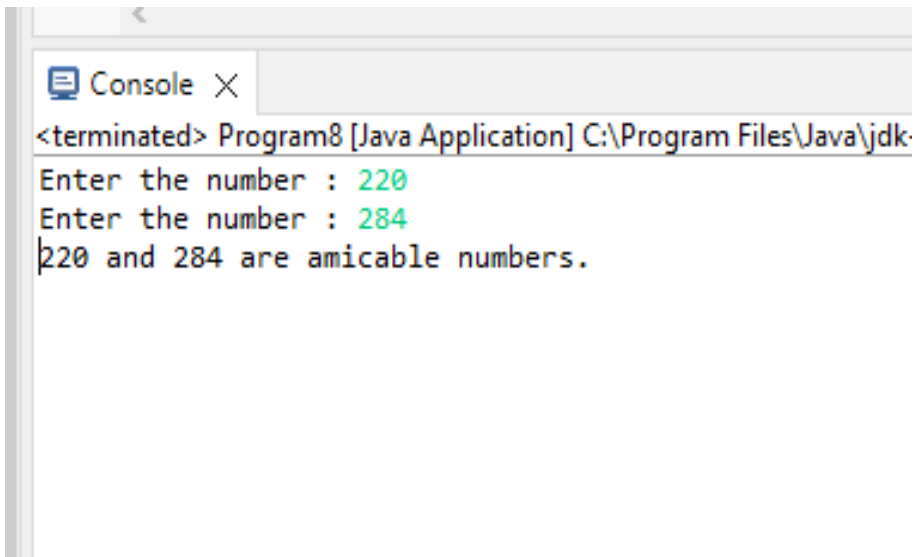
```
    }
```

```
public static boolean areAmicableNumbers(int num1, int num2) {  
    return (sumOfProperDivisors(num1) == num2 &&
```

```
        sumOfProperDivisors(num2) == num1);  
}
```

```
public static int sumOfProperDivisors(int num) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 1; i <= num / 2; i++) {  
        if (num % i == 0) {  
            sum += i;  
        }  
    }  
    return sum;  
}
```

```
}
```



```
<terminated> Program8 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-  
Enter the number : 220  
Enter the number : 284  
220 and 284 are amicable numbers.
```


9. Write a Java Program to check whether the given number is Ramanujan's Number or NOT.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program9 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        if (isRamanujanNumber(number)) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is a Ramanujan number.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is not a Ramanujan number.");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public static boolean isRamanujanNumber(int n) {
```

```
        int count = 0;
```

```
        int limit = (int) Math.cbrt(n);
```

```
        for (int i = 1; i <= limit; i++) {
```

```
            for (int j = i + 1; j <= limit; j++) {
```

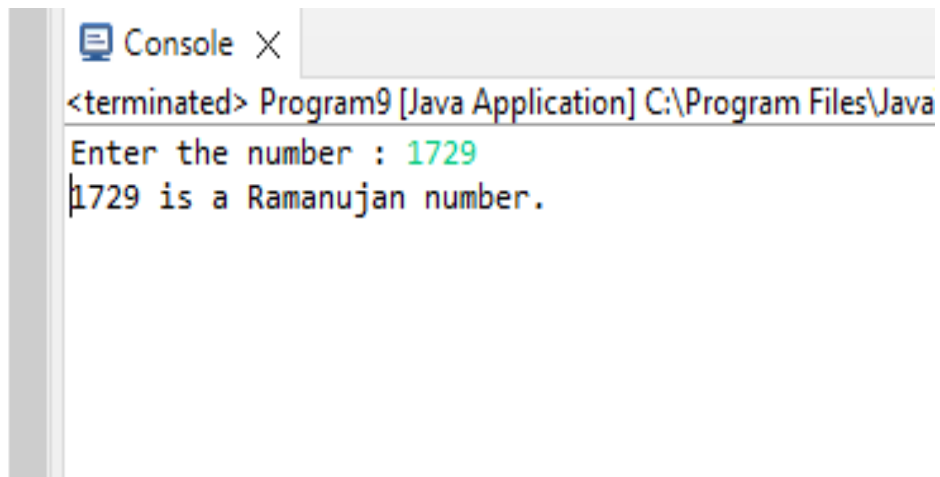
```
                int sum = (int) (Math.pow(i, 3) + Math.pow(j, 3));
```

```
                if (sum == n) {
```

```
                    count++;
```

```
                    if (count == 2) {
```

```
        return true;
    }
}
}
}
return false;
}
}
```



The screenshot shows a Java console window titled "Console" with a close button. The window displays the following text:

```
<terminated> Program9 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java
Enter the number : 1729
1729 is a Ramanujan number.
```

10. Write a Java Program check whether the given number is Automorphic Number or NOT.

```
package DSAquestions;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Program10 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the number : ");
```

```
        int number = sc.nextInt(); //5,25,6,36,
```

```
        if (isAutomorphicNumber(number)) {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is an Automorphic number.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println(number + " is not an Automorphic number.");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public static boolean isAutomorphicNumber(int n) {
```

```
        int square = n * n;
```

```
        while (n > 0) {
```

```
            if (n % 10 != square % 10) {
```

```
                return false;
```

```
            }
```

```
            n /= 10;
```

```
            square /= 10;
```

```
        }
```

```
        return true;
    }

}
```

