

## Step 1: Create Django To-Do App

### Generating the parent project framework:

Once we installed Django in our system, we will get 'django-admin' command line tool, which can be used to create Django projects.

```
django-admin startproject todoProject
```

### Creating app:

Now, create app using the django-admin command-line tool.

```
python manage.py startapp todoApp
```

### Configure Project:

Add application in settings.py, so that Django aware about application.

In Settings.py:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [  
    'django.contrib.admin',  
    'django.contrib.auth',  
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',  
    'django.contrib.sessions',  
    'django.contrib.messages',  
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',  
    'todoApp',  
]
```

The second file that we need to modify in the project folder is urls.py, which controls the URL lookup at the project level.

```
from django.contrib import admin  
from django.urls import path, include  
  
urlpatterns = [  
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),  
    path('todoProject/', include('todoApp.urls')),  
]
```

Now, create app-level URL configuration file now. Open a new file in editor and save it under the name urls.py:

```
urlpatterns=[  
  
]
```

Now, working project and app setup are completed and can test our work so far by starting the Django development server:

```
python manage.py runserver
```

---

## Step 2: Design To-Do Data:

Each type of user data will require its own **data model**. To-do list app will contain just two basic types of data:

1. **A ToDoList with a title:** Number of lists can be added
2. **A ToDoItem that is linked to a particular list:** Again, there's no limit to the number of ToDoItem objects. Each ToDoItem will have its own title, a longer description, a created date, and a due date.

```
from django.db import models
from django.utils import timezone
from django.urls import reverse

#todoApp/model
def one_week_hence():
    return timezone.now() + timezone.timedelta(days=7)

class ToDoList(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=100, unique=True)

    def get_absolute_url(self):
        return reverse("list", args=[self.id])

    def __str__(self):
        return self.title

class ToDoItem(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    description = models.TextField(null=True, blank=True)
    created_date = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
    due_date = models.DateTimeField(default=one_week_hence)
    todo_list = models.ForeignKey(ToDoList, on_delete=models.CASCADE)

    def get_absolute_url(self):
        return reverse(
            "item-update", args=[str(self.todo_list.id), str(self.id)]
        )

    def __str__(self):
        return f"{self.title}: due {self.due_date}"

class Meta:
    ordering = ["due_date"]
```

Create data base by activating migrations:

```
python manage.py makemigrations
```

```
python manage.py migrate
```

## Step 3: Add Sample To-Do Data

Create new superuser now to use the admin interface:

```
python manage.py createsuperuser
```

Register the models with the admin app, which can be done by editing the file `admin.py`:

```
from django.contrib import admin
from .models import ToDoItem, ToDoList

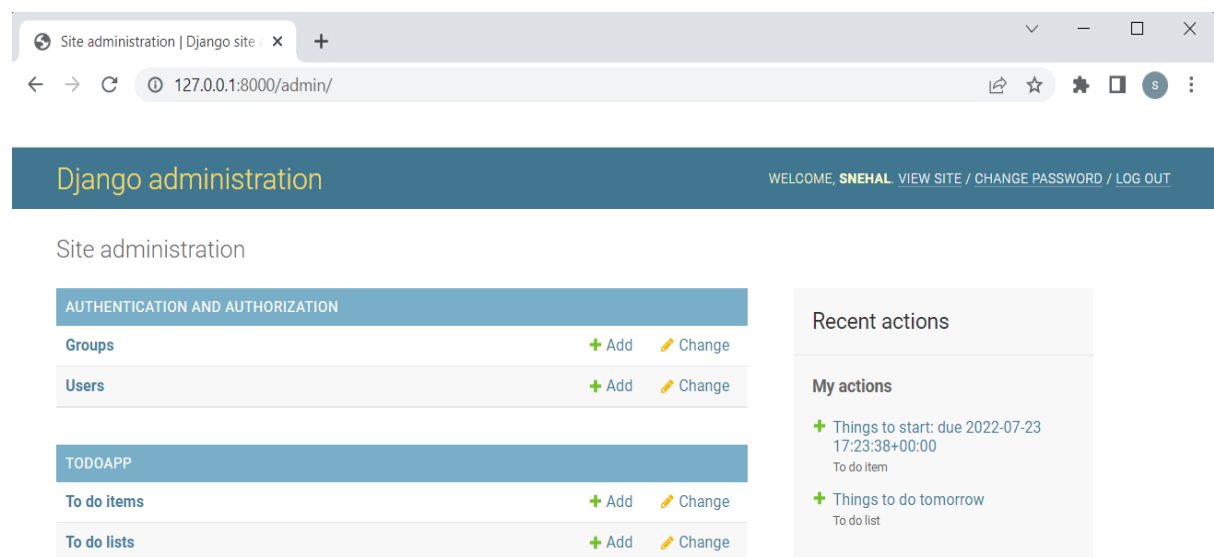
# Register your models here.
admin.site.register(ToDoItem)
admin.site.register(ToDoList)
```

Launch the development server and start exploring.

```
python manage.py runserver
```

Now open a web browser and go to the address <http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/>.

Enter newly minted credentials, and the admin landing page appears:



## Start a To-Do List

At the left of the main Django administration page, click on To do lists. On the next screen, click on the button at the top right that says *ADD TO DO LIST*.

The new list now appears on a page headed *Select to do list to change*. A new form appears:

The screenshot shows the Django administration interface. The browser address bar indicates the URL is `127.0.0.1:8000/admin/todoApp/todolist/add/`. The page header displays 'Django administration' and 'WELCOME, SNEHAL. VIEW SITE / CHANGE PASSWORD / LOG OUT'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > Todoapp > To do lists > Add to do list'. On the left sidebar, the 'To do lists' link is highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Add to do list' and contains a form with a 'Title:' label and an empty text input field. At the bottom right of the form are three buttons: 'Save and add another', 'Save and continue editing', and 'SAVE'.

The screenshot shows the Django administration interface for adding a new item. The browser address bar indicates the URL is `127.0.0.1:8000/admin/todoApp/todoitem/add/`. The page header displays 'Django administration' and 'WELCOME, SNEHAL. VIEW SITE / CHANGE PASSWORD / LOG OUT'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > Todoapp > To do items > Add to do item'. On the left sidebar, the 'To do items' link is highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Add to do item' and contains a form with the following fields: 'Title:' with an empty text input field; 'Description:' with a large text area; 'Due date:' with a date field set to '2022-07-25' and a 'Today' button; 'Time:' with a time field set to '09:19:01' and a 'Now' button; and 'Todo list:' with a dropdown menu. A note below the time field states 'Note: You are 5.5 hours ahead of server time.' At the bottom right of the form are three buttons: 'Save and add another', 'Save and continue editing', and 'SAVE'.

## Step 4: Create the Django Views for application in views.py

ListView to Display a List of To-Do Items:

```
from django.shortcuts import render
from django.views.generic import ListView
from django.urls import reverse,reverse_lazy

from django.views.generic import (
    ListView,
    CreateView,
    UpdateView,
    DeleteView,
)
from .models import ToDoList, ToDoItem

# todo_list/todoApp/views.py

class ListListView(ListView):
    model = ToDoList
    template_name = "todoApp/index.html"

class ItemListView(ListView):
    model = ToDoItem
    template_name = "todoApp/todo_list.html"

    def get_queryset(self):
        return ToDoItem.objects.filter(todo_list_id=self.kwargs["list_id"])

    def get_context_data(self):
        context = super().get_context_data()
        context["todo_list"] = ToDoList.objects.get(id=self.kwargs["list_id"])
        return context
```

## Step 5: Create and Update Model Objects in Django

```
from django.urls import reverse,reverse_lazy

from django.views.generic import (
    ListView,
    CreateView,
    UpdateView,
    DeleteView,
)
class ListCreate(CreateView):
    model = ToDoList
    fields = ["title"]

    def get_context_data(self):
        context = super(ListCreate, self).get_context_data()
        context["title"] = "Add a new list"
        return context
```

```

class ItemCreate(CreateView):
    model = ToDoItem
    fields = [
        "todo_list",
        "title",
        "description",
        "due_date",
    ]

    def get_initial(self):
        initial_data = super(ItemCreate, self).get_initial()
        todo_list = ToDoList.objects.get(id=self.kwargs["list_id"])
        initial_data["todo_list"] = todo_list
        return initial_data

    def get_context_data(self):
        context = super(ItemCreate, self).get_context_data()
        todo_list = ToDoList.objects.get(id=self.kwargs["list_id"])
        context["todo_list"] = todo_list
        context["title"] = "Create a new item"
        return context

    def get_success_url(self):
        return reverse("list", args=[self.object.todo_list_id])

class ItemUpdate(UpdateView):
    model = ToDoItem
    fields = [
        "todo_list",
        "title",
        "description",
        "due_date",
    ]

    def get_context_data(self):
        context = super(ItemUpdate, self).get_context_data()
        context["todo_list"] = self.object.todo_list
        context["title"] = "Edit item"
        return context

    def get_success_url(self):
        return reverse("list", args=[self.object.todo_list_id])

```

## Step 6: Delete To-Do Lists and Items

```

from django.urls import reverse, reverse_lazy

from django.views.generic import (
    ListView,
    CreateView,
    UpdateView,
    DeleteView,

```

```

)
from .models import ToDoList, ToDoItem
class ListDelete(DeleteView):
    model = ToDoList
    # You have to use reverse_lazy() instead of reverse(),
    # as the urls are not loaded when the file is imported.
    success_url = reverse_lazy("index")

class ItemDelete(DeleteView):
    model = ToDoItem

    def get_success_url(self):
        return reverse_lazy("list", args=[self.kwargs["list_id"]])

    def get_context_data(self, **kwargs):
        context = super().get_context_data(**kwargs)
        context["todo_list"] = self.object.todo_list
        return context

```

Define URL-pattern at application level for our view inside urls.py

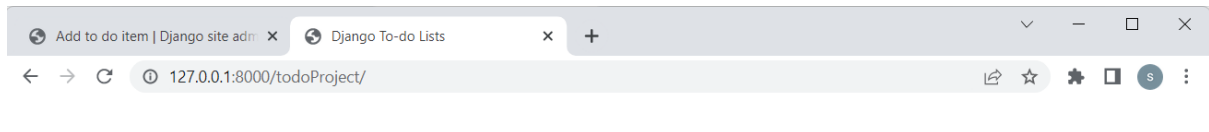
```

from django.urls import path
from . import views

urlpatterns = [
    path("", views.ListListView.as_view(), name="index"),
    path("list/<int:list_id>/", views.ItemListView.as_view(), name="list"),
    # CRUD patterns for ToDoLists
    path("list/add/", views.ListCreate.as_view(), name="list-add"),
    path(
        "list/<int:pk>/delete/", views.ListDelete.as_view(), name="list-delete"
    ),
    # CRUD patterns for ToDoItems
    path(
        "list/<int:list_id>/item/add/",
        views.ItemCreate.as_view(),
        name="item-add",
    ),
    path(
        "list/<int:list_id>/item/<int:pk>/",
        views.ItemUpdate.as_view(),
        name="item-update",
    ),
    path(
        "list/<int:list_id>/item/<int:pk>/delete/",
        views.ItemDelete.as_view(),
        name="item-delete",
    ),
]

```

## Step 7: Use Django To-Do List App



# Django To-do Lists

## All my lists

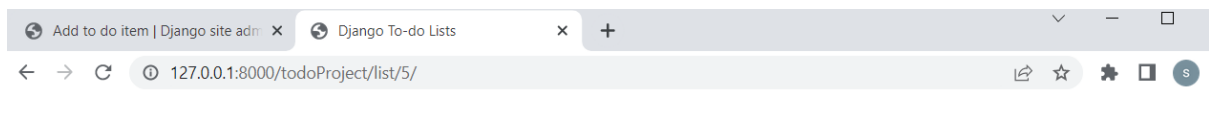
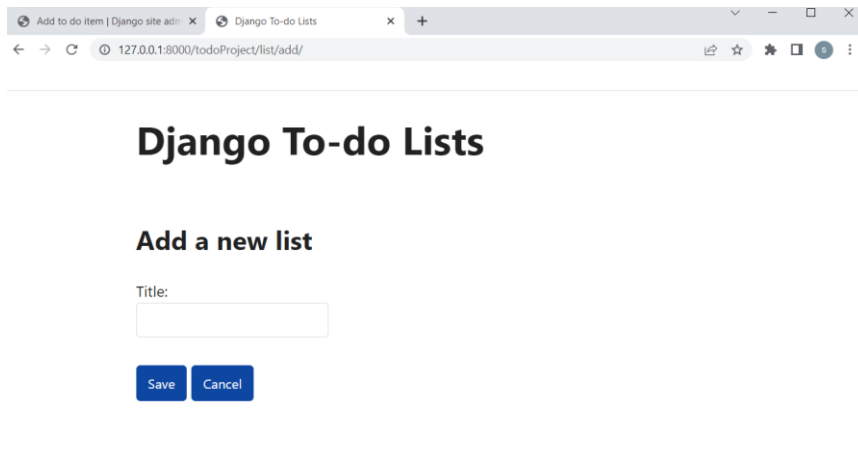
- Things to do tomorrow
- August Month list
- New Year Resolution

Add a new list

The app heading *Django To-do Lists* will appear on every page.

- Click on *Add a new list*. A new screen appears, offering a blank text box for the new list's title.
- Give new list a name and press *Save*. You're taken to the *Edit List* page, with the message *There are no to-do items in this list*.
- Click on *Add a new item*. The *Create a new item* form appears. Fill in a title and a description, and notice that the default due date is exactly one week ahead. We can change it as per the requirement.





## Create a new item

Todo list:	Birthday list ▼
Title:	<input type="text"/>
Description:	<div></div>
Due date:	2022-07-25 09:54:50

Submit

Cancel