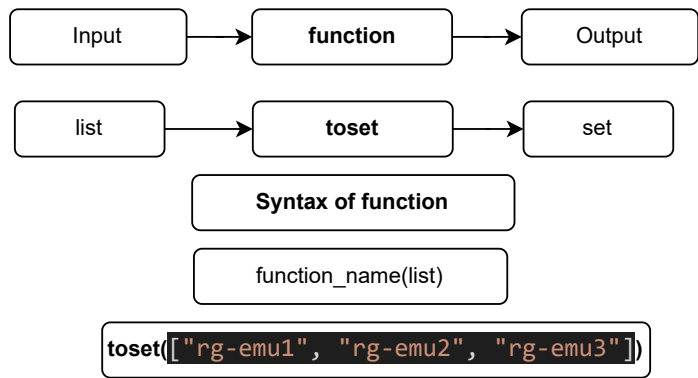
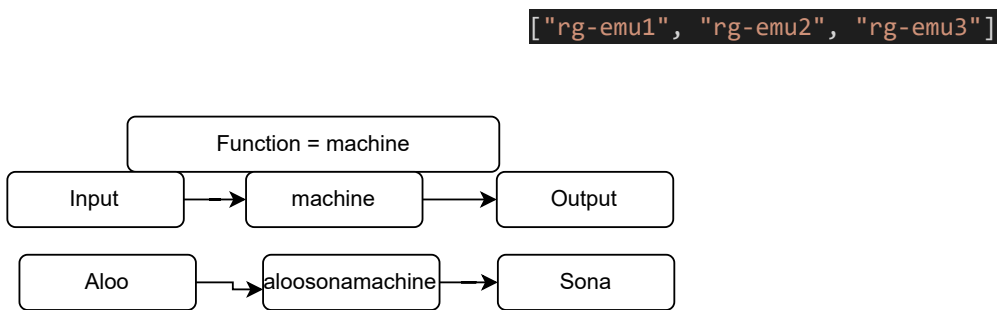
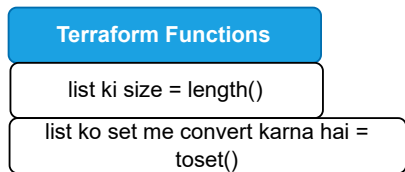
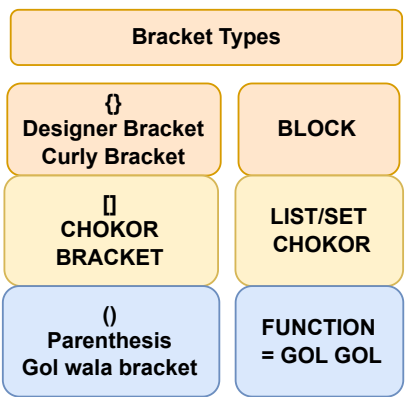
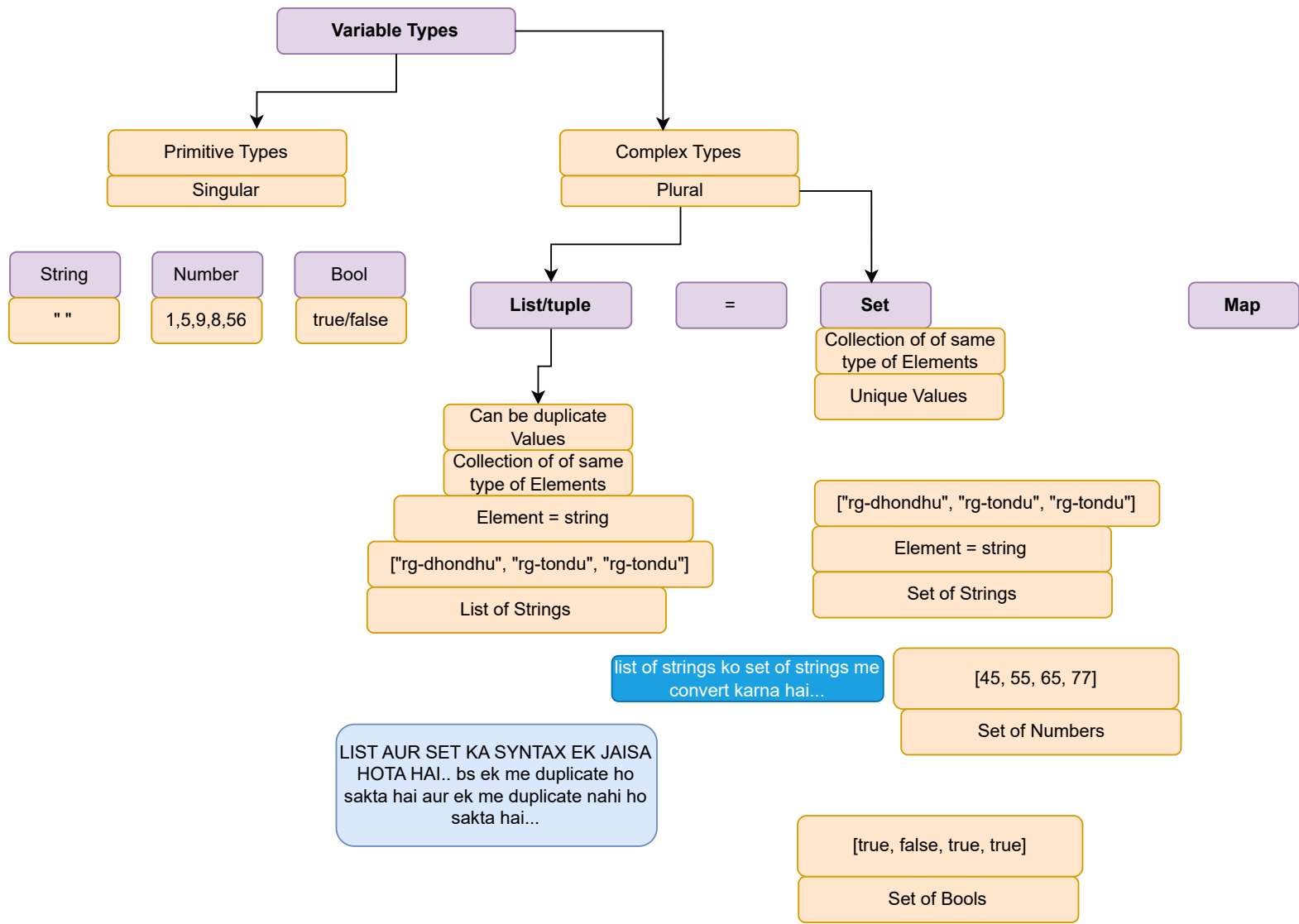


Padna kya padega foreach ke lie...

FOR EACH ACCEPTS = SET OF STRINGS AND MAP

2. Foreach ko Set ke saath chalana hai aur map ke saath chala ke dekhna hai...



The `for_each` meta-argument accepts a set of strings, and creates an instance for each item in that set.

```
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "resource_group" {
  for_each = toset(["rg-emu1", "rg-emu2", "rg-emu3", "rg-emu4"])
  name     = each.key
  location = "West Europe"
}
```

```
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "resource_group["rg-emu1"]" {
  name     = each.key = rg-emu1
  location = "West Europe"
}
```

each.key = rg-emu1
each.value = rg-emu1

```
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "resource_group["rg-emu2"]" {
  name     = each.key = rg-emu2
  location = "West Europe"
}
```

each.key = rg-emu2
each.value = rg-emu2

```
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "resource_group["rg-emu3"]" {
  name     = each.key = rg-emu3
  location = "West Europe"
}
```

each.key = rg-emu3
each.value = rg-emu3

```
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "resource_group["rg-emu3"]" {
  name     = "each.key = rg-emu4"
  location = "West Europe"
}
```

each.key = rg-emu4
each.value = rg-emu4

- `each.key` — set member corresponding to this instance.
- `each.value` — If a set was provided, this is the same as `each.key`

Jab hum set of strings ka upyog karte hai tab `each.key` aur `each.value` dono ek hi hota hai, jo marzi use karo, koi farak nahi padta....