

## **Governance; Previous Years Question**

1. To what extent, in your view, the Parliament is able to ensure accountability of the executive in India?
2. "Pressure groups play a vital role in influencing public policy in making in India." Explain how the business associations contribute to public policies.
3. The jurisdiction of the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) regarding lodging an FIR and conducting a probe within a particular state is being questioned by various States. However, the power of the States to withhold consent to the CBI is not absolute. Explain with special reference to the federal character of India.
4. Do Department-related Parliamentary Standing Committees keep the administration on its toes and inspire reverence for parliamentary control? Evaluate the working of such committees with suitable examples.
5. Can civil society and Non-Government Organisations present an alternative model of public service delivery to benefit the common citizen? Discuss the challenges of this alternative method.

### **2020**

- 1-"Institutional quality is a crucial driver of economic performance". In this context suggest reforms in Civil Service for strengthening democracy.
- 2-The emergence of Fourth Industrial Revolution (Digital Revolution) has initiated e-Governance as an integral part of government". Discuss.

### **2019**

- Q1. What are the methods used by the farmer's organizations to influence the policy-makers in India and how effective are these methods?
- Q2. Implementation of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) based projects/programmes usually suffers in terms of certain vital factors. Identify these factors and suggest measures for their effective implementation.

### **2018**

- Q1. E-governance is not only about utilization of the power of new technology, but also much about the critical importance of the 'use value' of information.

### **2017**

- Q1. 'Simultaneous election to the Lok Sabha and the State Assemblies will limit the amount of time and money spent in electioneering but it will reduce the government's accountability to the people' Discuss. (150 words)

## **2016**

Q1. "Effectiveness of the government system at various levels and people's participation in the governance system are interdependent" Discuss their relationship in the context of India. "In the Indian governance system, the role of non-state actors has been only marginal." Critically examine this statement.

Q2. "Effectiveness of the government system at various levels and people's participation in the governance system are interdependent" Discuss their relationship in the context of India.

Q3. Has the Indian governmental system responded adequately to the demands of Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization started in 1991? What can the government do to be responsive to this important change?

## **2015**

Q1. "For achieving the desired objectives, it is necessary to ensure that the regulatory institutions remain independent and autonomous." Discuss in the light of the experiences in the recent past.

## **2014**

1- Has the Cadre based Civil Services Organization been the cause of slow in India? Critically examine.

## **2013**

- 1- Electronic cash transfer system for the welfare schemes is an ambitious project to minimize corruption, eliminate wastage and facilitate reforms. Comment?

## **2012**

Accountability and responsibility are sometimes used interchangeably but both are not the same. Discuss?

