

**A PRELIMINARY REPORT ON**

**FARMER'S MARKET WEB APP**

SUBMITTED TO THE MUMBAI UNIVERSITY, MUMBAI  
IN THE PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS  
FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE

OF

**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (INFORMATION  
TECHNOLOGY)**

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**A.Y. 2023-2024**



## CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Project report entitled

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## **PROJECT REPORT APPROVAL FOR B.E**

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## **DECLARATION**

We declare that this written submission represents our ideas in our own words and where other's ideas or words have been included, we have adequately cited and referenced the original sources. We also declare that we have adhered to all principles of academic honesty and have not misrepresented or fabricated or falsified any idea/data/fact/source in our submission. We understand that any violation of the above will be cause for disciplinary action by the institute and can also evoke penal action from the source which has thus not been properly cited or from whom proper permission has not been taken when needed.

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## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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First and foremost, we would like to thank our Director Dr. Geeta S. Lathkar, for giving us an opportunity to do the project work. We would like to thank our H.O.D and teachers for the valuable guidance and advice. To inspire us greatly to work on this project and willingness to motivate us contributed tremendously to our project.

and finally, a special thanks goes to my team members, who helped me to assemble the information and gave suggestions to complete our project.

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## **ABSTRACT**

This project introduces a MERN stack-based web platform designed to connect farmers, consumers, and sellers, with the primary aim of facilitating direct exchanges of agricultural products. The platform enables farmers to list and promote their produce, consumers to browse and purchase locally-sourced items, and sellers to market agricultural supplies. The MERN stack technology ensures scalability and responsiveness, offering a user-friendly interface for all participants.

The website's core objective is to eliminate intermediaries in the agricultural supply chain, fostering more efficient and transparent transactions. By promoting direct sales and reducing overhead, this platform empowers farmers, benefits consumers with access to fresh local products, and offers sellers a dedicated agricultural clientele. The potential impact includes a more sustainable, equitable food system and improved agricultural sustainability.

In summary, this paper presents a technology-driven solution to bridge the gap between farmers, consumers, and sellers in the agricultural market, offering a user-friendly and efficient platform to promote direct transactions and enhance the quality and sustainability of the agricultural supply chain.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sr. No.	Title of Chapter	Page No.
	Acknowledgement	v
	Abstract	vi
	List Of Figures	viii
<b>01</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	1
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	3
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Scope</b>	4
<b>02</b>	<b>Literature Survey</b>	6
<b>03</b>	<b>Software Requirements Specifications</b>	8
<b>3.1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	8
3.1.1	Project Scope	8
3.1.2	Assumptions and Dependencies	8
<b>3.2</b>	<b>Functional Requirements</b>	10
3.2.1	Performance Requirements	11
3.2.2	Safety Requirements	11
3.2.3	Security Requirements	11
3.2.4	Software Quality Attributes	11
<b>04</b>	<b>Design and Implementation</b>	13
<b>4.1</b>	<b>Working</b>	13
<b>4.2</b>	<b>System Architecture</b>	14
<b>4.3</b>	<b>Database ER-Diagram</b>	15
<b>4.4</b>	<b>Use Case Diagram</b>	16
<b>4.5</b>	<b>Data Flow Diagram</b>	17
<b>05</b>	<b>System Implementation</b>	19
<b>5.1</b>	<b>Screenshots</b>	19
<b>5.2</b>	<b>Advantages</b>	20
<b>5.3</b>	<b>Limitations</b>	21
<b>5.4</b>	<b>Applications</b>	22
<b>06</b>	<b>System Testing</b>	23
<b>5.1</b>	<b>API Testing</b>	23
<b>5.2</b>	<b>Performance Testing</b>	25
<b>07</b>	<b>Result and Analysis</b>	26
<b>08</b>	<b>Conclusions and Future Scope</b>	28
<b>8.1</b>	<b>Future Scope</b>	28
<b>09</b>	<b>References</b>	30
	<b>Appendix A: Plagiarism Report</b>	31

## LIST OF FIGURES

<b>Fig No</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Pg. No</b>
4.1	System Architecture	14
4.2	Database ER Diagram	15
4.3	Use Case Diagram	16
4.4	Data Flow Diagram for Unregistered User	17
4.5	Data Flow Diagram for Registered User	18
5.1	Cart Page	20
5.2	Orders Dashboard	20
5.3	Browsing Products from Dealer	21
5.4	Product Page	21
6.1	Automated Testing Report	25



## **Chapter 01**

### **Introduction**

The agricultural sector, a cornerstone of human civilization, is currently at the cusp of significant transformation, driven by the confluence of technology and evolving consumer preferences. In recent years, there has been a discernible shift in how agricultural products reach consumers. The traditional model, characterized by a convoluted and often inefficient supply chain with multiple intermediaries, is making way for a more direct, digitally-infused approach. This shift arises from the increasing demand for fresh, locally-sourced products and a growing awareness of the environmental and economic benefits associated with reduced supply chain complexity.

In response to these evolving demands, a novel web platform has emerged as a key player, leveraging the capabilities of the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express, React, Node.js). This platform is designed to address the critical challenge of bridging the gap between three integral players in the agricultural ecosystem: farmers, consumers, and sellers. By fostering direct interactions and transactions among these stakeholders, it aims to optimize the exchange of agricultural products while promoting transparency, trust, and sustainability within the sector.

The platform's central function is to provide an online marketplace where farmers can showcase their produce and connect directly with consumers. By doing so, it removes the need for intermediaries, thus streamlining the agricultural supply chain. This approach has far-reaching implications, not only in terms of boosting the economic prospects of farmers but also in granting consumers access to a wide range of fresh, locally-sourced agricultural products. Furthermore, the platform extends its reach to sellers, who offer an assortment of essential agricultural supplies, including seeds, equipment, livestock, and dairy products.

Within the context of this paradigm shift, the MERN stack, comprising MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js, emerges as a technological bedrock that underpins the platform's robust functionality. MongoDB, as a database system, facilitates the efficient storage and management of diverse data associated with agricultural products and transactions. Express and Node.js provide the necessary server-side framework, while

React offers an intuitive and responsive user interface, ensuring the scalability and adaptability required to accommodate the dynamic and multifaceted agricultural market.

This paper dives into the development and implications of this innovative web platform, offering a comprehensive understanding of how technology can reshape and revitalize the agricultural sector. The aim is not just to connect farmers with consumers, but also to empower agricultural suppliers and promote an efficient, transparent, and sustainable food supply chain. As we delve deeper into the nuances of this transformative endeavor, it becomes evident that the platform has the potential to drive the growth of the agricultural sector, improve access to high-quality, locally-sourced agricultural products, and bolster the sustainability of the agricultural ecosystem as a whole.

## 1.1 Purpose

The primary purpose of this research paper is to comprehensively explore and elucidate the development and potential impact of an innovative web platform designed to facilitate direct interactions and transactions among farmers, consumers, and sellers within the agricultural ecosystem. This purpose can be further broken down into the following specific objectives:

1. Platform Development: To provide an in-depth understanding of the technical underpinnings of the web platform, with a particular focus on the use of the MERN stack, including MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js, and its role in enabling a user-friendly interface for all participants.
2. Stakeholder Engagement: To examine the distinct roles and interactions of the three primary stakeholders - farmers, consumers, and sellers - within the platform, showcasing how it enables each of them to benefit from a more direct and efficient agricultural market.
3. Supply Chain Streamlining: To highlight the role of the platform in reducing intermediaries and streamlining the agricultural supply chain, ultimately resulting in more efficient and transparent transactions.
4. Economic Empowerment: To assess the economic implications of the platform, specifically how it empowers farmers by allowing them to reach a broader consumer base, potentially increasing their income and profitability.
5. Consumer Access: To investigate how the platform benefits consumers by providing them with access to fresh, locally-sourced agricultural products, promoting the consumption of healthier and more sustainable food choices.
6. Sustainability and Transparency: To underscore the potential impact of the platform in fostering greater sustainability and transparency within the agricultural sector, with a focus on promoting environmentally conscious agricultural practices.
7. Supplier Support: To shed light on how the platform accommodates agricultural suppliers, who play a crucial role in ensuring farmers have access

to the necessary tools, equipment, and resources for a thriving agricultural enterprise.

## **1.2 Scope**

This research paper focuses on a multifaceted exploration of an innovative web platform connecting farmers, consumers, and sellers in the agricultural sector. The scope includes:

### **1) Technical Aspects:**

In-depth analysis of the MERN stack's role in platform development.

Examination of the platform's technical architecture and user interface.

### **2) Stakeholder Dynamics:**

Understanding the roles and interactions of farmers, consumers, and sellers.

Exploring how the platform facilitates direct connections and transactions.

### **3) Supply Chain Optimization:**

Investigation into the platform's contribution to streamlining the agricultural supply chain.

Analysis of its impact on transaction efficiency and transparency.

### **4) Economic Empowerment and Consumer Benefits:**

Assessing the financial benefits for farmers and enhanced consumer access to local products.

Emphasizing the potential influence on consumption choices and sustainable farming practices.

### **5) Sustainability and Transparency:**

Discussion of the platform's role in promoting sustainability and transparency in agriculture.

Highlighting its impact on environmentally conscious practices and supply chain transparency.

**6) Supplier Engagement:**

Insight into how the platform supports agricultural suppliers.

Ensuring resources for farmers and a dedicated agricultural clientele.

**7) Future Implications and Limitations:**

Consideration of scalability and broader industry impact.

Identification of potential limitations and challenges in platform implementation.

## **Chapter 02**

### **Literature Survey**

#### **2.1 Digital Market: E-Commerce Application for Farmers**

By: Mamata Khatu, Neethu Kaimal, Pratik Jadhav and Syedali Adnan Rizvi

The concept of a "digital market" represents a transformative platform in India that aims to connect farmers, merchants, government authorities, and end-users, bridging gaps between these key stakeholders. Indian farmers face various challenges, including limitations due to seasons and the short lifespan of crops. This platform provides real-time market information, empowering farmers to make informed decisions. Traditionally, farmers faced difficulties reaching merchants physically, limiting their options for selling their products. Furthermore, the lack of transparency in government-regulated minimum crop prices has been a concern.

The platform leverages technology, including mobile-based android apps for farmers, users, and merchants, alongside web-based Java applications for government access. It utilizes algorithms like KNN for decision-making and Haversine for GPS-based location verification during transactions. The government can set rules and minimum prices, resolve complaints, and manage price fluctuations using data-driven techniques.

Despite its benefits, one challenge is tracking transportation records in real-time. In summary, this digital market platform addresses critical issues in India's agricultural sector, promoting transparency and empowering farmers to access a broader client base and make more informed decisions.

## **2.2 Research on Influencing Factors of Retail Sales in E-Commerce Market**

By: Jiao Qidi

The paper investigates factors influencing retail sales in China's e-commerce market, focusing on urban and rural residents' consumption expenditure. Through multiple linear regression analysis, it finds that urban and rural consumption expenditures significantly impact e-commerce retail sales, with rural spending exhibiting a positive influence.

## **2.3 MongoDB Scheme Analysis**

By: Liberias Vokorokos, Matúš Uchnár, Anton Baláž

The paper aims to create a web administration interface for analyzing data stored in MongoDB databases. It discusses the design of a tool comprising a console application for analysis and a web application for visualization, highlighting its speed, features, and testing.

## **Chapter 03**

### **Software Requirement Analysis**

#### **3.1 Introduction**

##### **3.1.1 Project Scope**

This project presents a comprehensive examination of an innovative web platform that connects farmers, consumers, and sellers in the agricultural sector. It covers technical aspects, focusing on the MERN stack's role in platform development and the intricate technical architecture and user interface. The paper also explores stakeholder dynamics and the platform's contribution to supply chain optimization, emphasizing economic empowerment for farmers and benefits for consumers, including sustainable farming practices. Additionally, it highlights the platform's role in promoting sustainability and transparency in the agricultural sector and supporting agricultural suppliers. The paper concludes by considering the platform's future implications and potential limitations, including scalability and its broader impact on the agricultural industry.

##### **3.1.2 Assumptions and Dependencies**

###### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

1. Assumption of Technological Readiness: The project assumes that the technological infrastructure and resources required for implementing the web platform, including the availability and proficiency of the MERN stack, are readily accessible and viable for deployment.
2. Assumption of Stakeholder Willingness: It assumes that farmers, consumers, and sellers are willing to adopt and engage with the platform, recognizing the benefits it offers in terms of direct interactions and transactions.
3. Assumption of Data Accuracy: The project assumes that the data related to agricultural products, transactions, and stakeholder interactions are accurate and reliable, as this data forms the foundation for the platform's functionality.
4. Assumption of Economic Impact: There is an assumption that the platform will indeed lead to economic empowerment for farmers, increased consumer access to local products, and a shift towards more sustainable farming practices, even though these outcomes might depend on various factors beyond the platform itself.



5. Assumption of Environmental Impact: The project assumes that the adoption of the platform will lead to improved environmental sustainability in agriculture, although this is contingent on the actual practices and choices of farmers and consumers.
6. Assumption of Supplier Engagement: It assumes that agricultural suppliers will actively engage with the platform to support farmers and provide essential resources, as their involvement is crucial for the platform's success.
7. Assumption of Scalability: The project assumes that the platform can be scaled up effectively to accommodate a larger user base and have a significant impact on the broader agricultural industry.
8. Assumption of User Interface Suitability: It assumes that the user interface provided by the platform, built with React, is user-friendly and capable of meeting the diverse needs of farmers, consumers, and sellers.

## DEPENDENCIES

1. Technical Infrastructure: The availability and reliability of the technical infrastructure required for the platform, including server hosting, internet connectivity, and hardware, are critical dependencies.
2. MERN Stack: The project relies on the MERN stack, which includes MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js. Dependencies on the stability and compatibility of these technologies are essential.
3. Data Sources: The accuracy and availability of data related to agricultural products, transactions, and stakeholder information are crucial. This data can come from various sources and should be dependable.
4. User Adoption: The success of the platform depends on the willingness of farmers, consumers, and sellers to adopt and actively engage with it. User buy-in is a significant dependency.
5. Supplier Engagement: The involvement of agricultural suppliers in providing resources and support to farmers is necessary for the platform's functionality and success.
6. Regulatory Compliance: The project may be subject to regulatory and legal requirements related to data privacy, e-commerce, and agricultural practices. Compliance with these regulations is a critical dependency.

7. **Funding and Resources:** The availability of funding and resources for platform development, maintenance, and scaling is a significant dependency. Financial and human resources are essential for project success.
8. **Scalability:** The platform's ability to scale and accommodate a growing user base is a dependency, as it needs to handle increased traffic and data.
9. **Environmental Factors:** The success of sustainability and environmentally conscious practices may depend on factors such as weather conditions, local ecosystems, and the willingness of farmers to adopt sustainable practices.
10. **Consumer Behavior:** The impact of the platform on consumer behavior and choices is a dependency. It relies on consumers opting for locally-sourced and sustainable agricultural products.
11. **Competitive Landscape:** The project's success could be influenced by the presence of competing platforms or initiatives in the same agricultural market.
12. **Technological Updates:** The MERN stack and other technologies used in the platform may undergo updates and changes, which could impact the platform's functionality and compatibility.
13. **Market Trends:** The project depends on an understanding of evolving consumer preferences and market trends in the agricultural sector, as these factors may influence the platform's design and features.

### **3.2 Functional Requirements**

#### **1) User Registration and Profiles:**

Users can register accounts with basic profile information, including user type (farmer, consumer, or seller).

#### **2) Product Listings:**

Farmers can create, update, and delete listings for their agricultural products, including product name, description, quantity, and price.

Consumers and sellers can browse and search for products.

#### **3) Transaction Management:**

Users can initiate and manage transactions for agricultural products.

The platform supports secure payment processing.

#### 4) User Management and Security:

User accounts and data are securely managed.

User authentication, including password reset and account recovery, is available.

##### 3.2.1 Performance Requirement

- Better User Experience: The MERN stack, with React, makes websites more enjoyable to use.
- Faster Data Transfer: The MERN stack can send and receive data quickly, so web pages load fast.
- Quick Server Responses: The MERN stack's server part, Node.js, responds to requests without making users wait.
- Saved Web Pages: MERN can save web pages on your computer so they load faster the next time you visit.
- Smart Memory Usage: MERN manages memory well, making sure it doesn't keep old stuff, so it works efficiently.

##### 3.2.2 Safety Requirement

- User Safety: Using the system should not harm people in any way.
- Protection from the Internet: The system should be able to defend itself against threats from the outside internet.

##### 3.2.3 Security Requirements

- Data Security: The system must ensure that data is kept secure. Regular users will have read-only access and won't be able to edit or modify their personal and specific information.
- User Access Control: The system will support various types of users, each with specific access constraints and permissions.

##### 3.2.4 Software Quality Attributes

- Availability:

It is available 24 Hours worldwide across the globe on any web enabled device

that has internet connection.

- Portability:

It is portable since it is a web application and can be accessed from any browser.

### **3.3 System Requirement**

#### 3.3.1 Software Requirements

Web browser enabled device with a camera

#### 3.3.2 Hardware Specification

Hardware required: any web browser supported device with internet connection

## **Chapter 04**

### **Design and Implementation**

#### **4.1 Working**

The project is built using the MERN stack, which stands for MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js, each playing a crucial role in making the system efficient and user-friendly. MongoDB serves as the database, where all the data about the products, farmers, and consumers is stored. Express and Node.js work on the server-side, handling requests and making sure data gets to the right places. React, on the other hand, provides a user-friendly interface, making it easy for farmers to list their products and for consumers to browse and buy.

Behind the scenes, REST API (Representational State Transfer Application Programming Interface) is used to facilitate communication between the different parts of the project. It ensures that when a farmer lists a product, that information gets to the database and is then presented to consumers in a user-friendly way. It also helps with secure payments when a consumer buys a product.

So, in simple terms, the project uses a special set of tools to make sure that when a farmer wants to sell something, it gets listed properly and is easy for people to buy. All this happens safely and efficiently with the help of REST API, and the data is kept in a big digital storage (MongoDB). This way, the project brings farmers and consumers closer, making transactions smoother and more transparent.

## 4.2 System Architecture

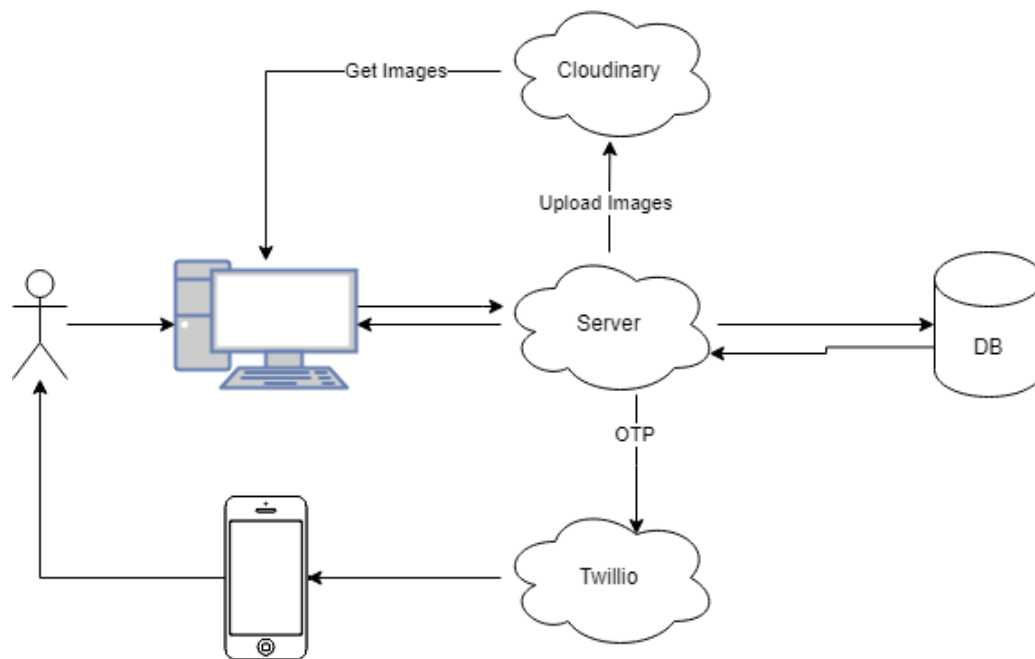


Fig. 4.1: System Architecture

- User: Users perform actions such as accessing services and submitting requests.
- PC: Serves as the interface through which users interact with the system. Users initiate actions on their web browser, which are then processed by the server.
- Phone: Used for logging into the system via one time password (OTP)
- Server: Acts as an intermediary between the user and various backend services. It receives requests from the PC, processes them, and interacts with other components to fulfil the requested actions.
- Database (DB): Stores and manages structured data related to products, user registrations, and equipment. The server communicates with the database to perform operations such as adding and retrieving data.
- Twilio: The server interacts with Twilio's API to send one-time passwords (OTPs) to users' phones for authentication or verification purposes.
- Cloudinary: The server interacts with Cloudinary to upload and manage visual content such as product images.

### 4.3 Database ER-Diagram

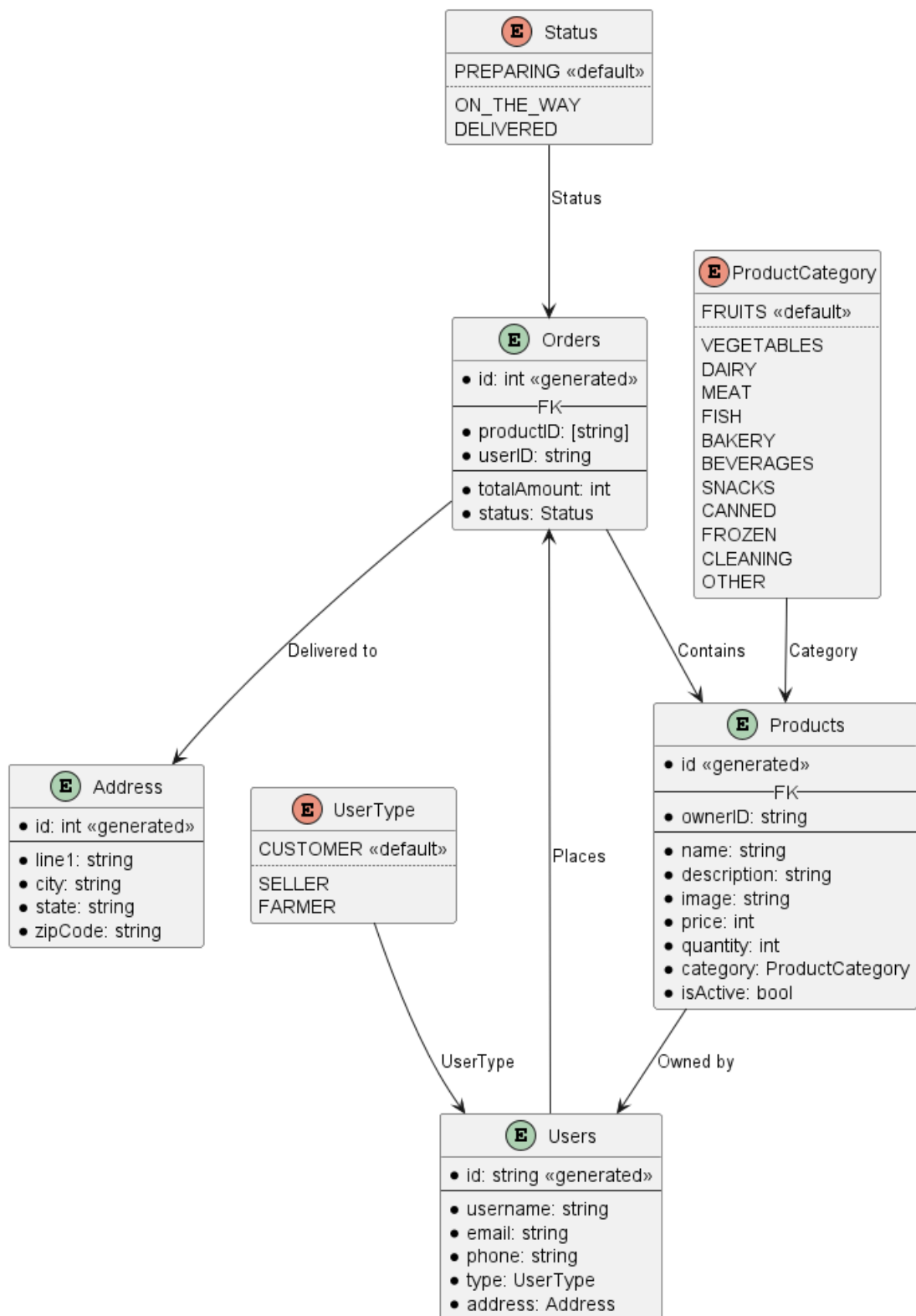


Fig. 4.2: Database ER Diagram

## 4.4 Use Case Diagram

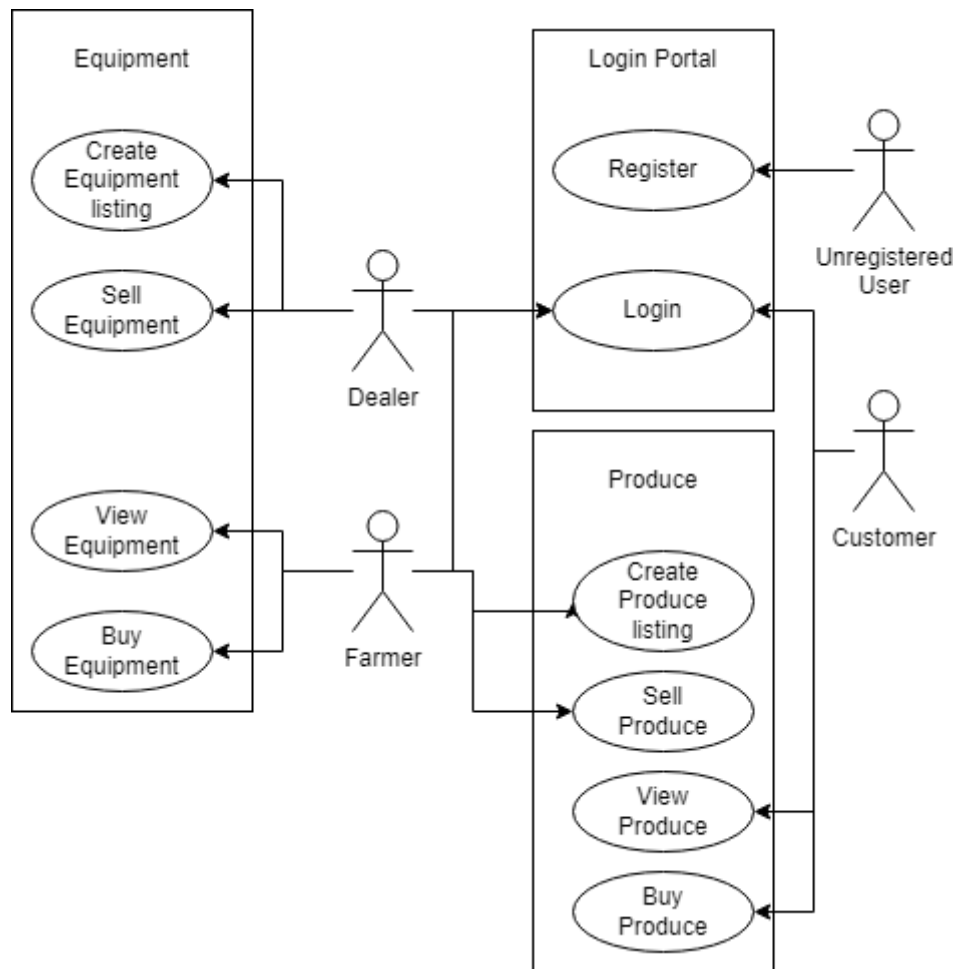


Fig. 4.3: Use Case Diagram

The use case diagram depicts the interactions between various actors and the system for a farming market webapp. The actors involved in the system are:

- **Farmer:** A user who produces crops or other agricultural products.
- **Dealer:** A user who sells farming equipment, seeds, fertilizer, pesticides, etc to the farmer.
- **Customer:** A user who buys produce directly from farmers.
- **Unregistered User:** A potential user who has not yet registered with the platform.

The main functionalities of the system include:

- **Register:** Unregistered users can register to become members of the platform.
- **Login:** Farmers, dealers, and customers need to log in to access the platform.



- View and Buy Produce: Customers can view and purchase produce from farmers.
- View and Buy Equipment: Farmers can view and purchase available equipment.
- Create and Sell Produce/Equipment: Farmers can list their produce for sale, and dealers can list their equipment for sale.

#### 4.5 Data Flow Diagram

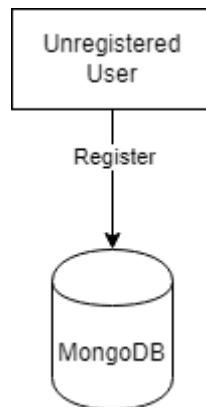


Fig. 4.4: Data Flow Diagram for Unregistered User

An unregistered user can only register to the system and thus the data only flows from them to the MongoDB instance.

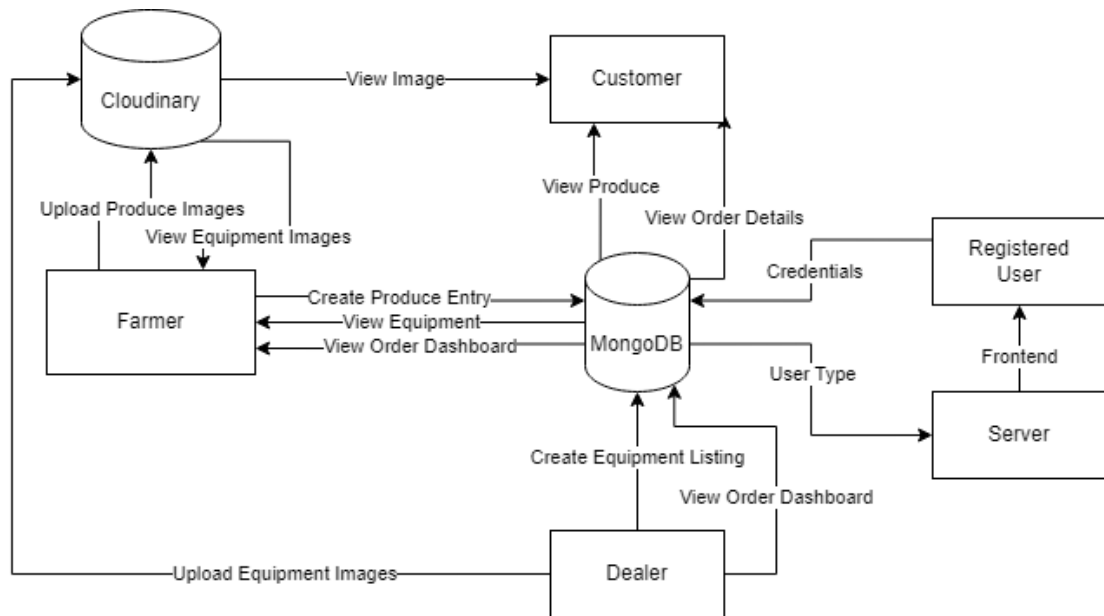


Fig. 4.5: Data Flow Diagram for Registered User

### 1) MongoDB

- Represents the database system.
- Plays a central role in the system since majority of the data is stored in the database

### 2) Cloudinary (Cloud Storage)

- Stores the images uploaded by farmers (for produce) and dealers (for equipment)
- The images are then viewed by farmers (for equipment) and customers (for produce)

### 3) Twilio (SMS Service)

- Sends the OTP to the user for logging into the system

A registered user will enter their credentials and the server will check the credentials in the database, the database responds if the credentials are valid and what their role is. The server then proceeds to show the appropriate pages to the user.

## Chapter 05

### System Implementation

#### 5.1 Screenshots

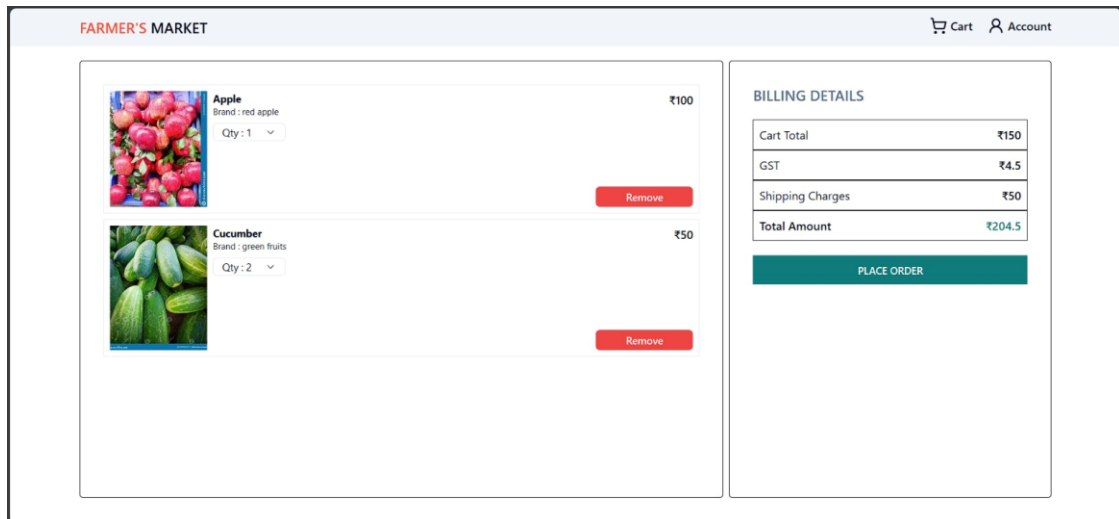


Fig 5.1: Cart Page

The cart page with apple and cucumber in cart on left with billing details on right

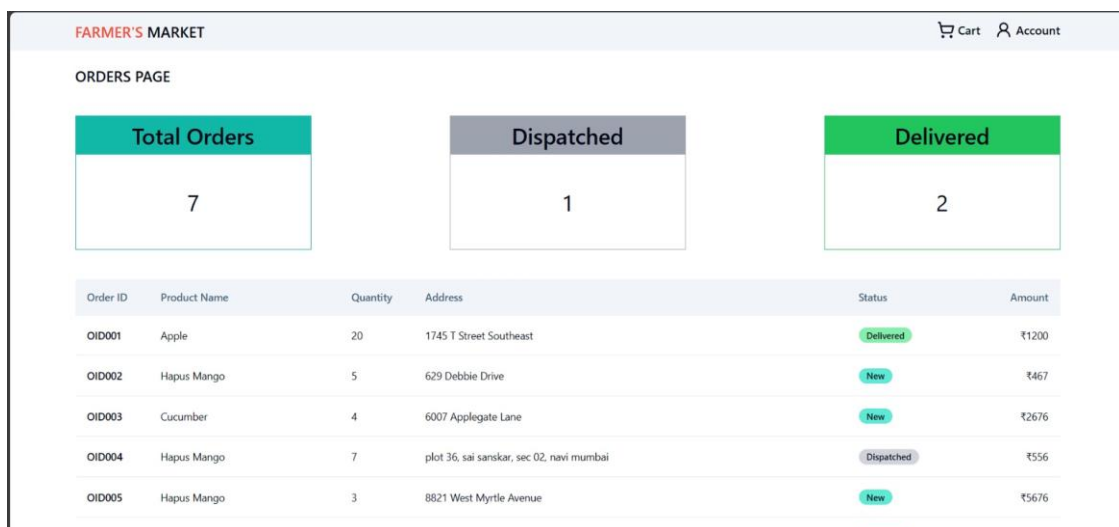


Fig 5.2: Orders Dashboard

Order dashboard for the farmer which shows how many totals orders have been placed and out of those, how many of those have been dispatched, and how many have been delivered. It also shows the details for all the orders.

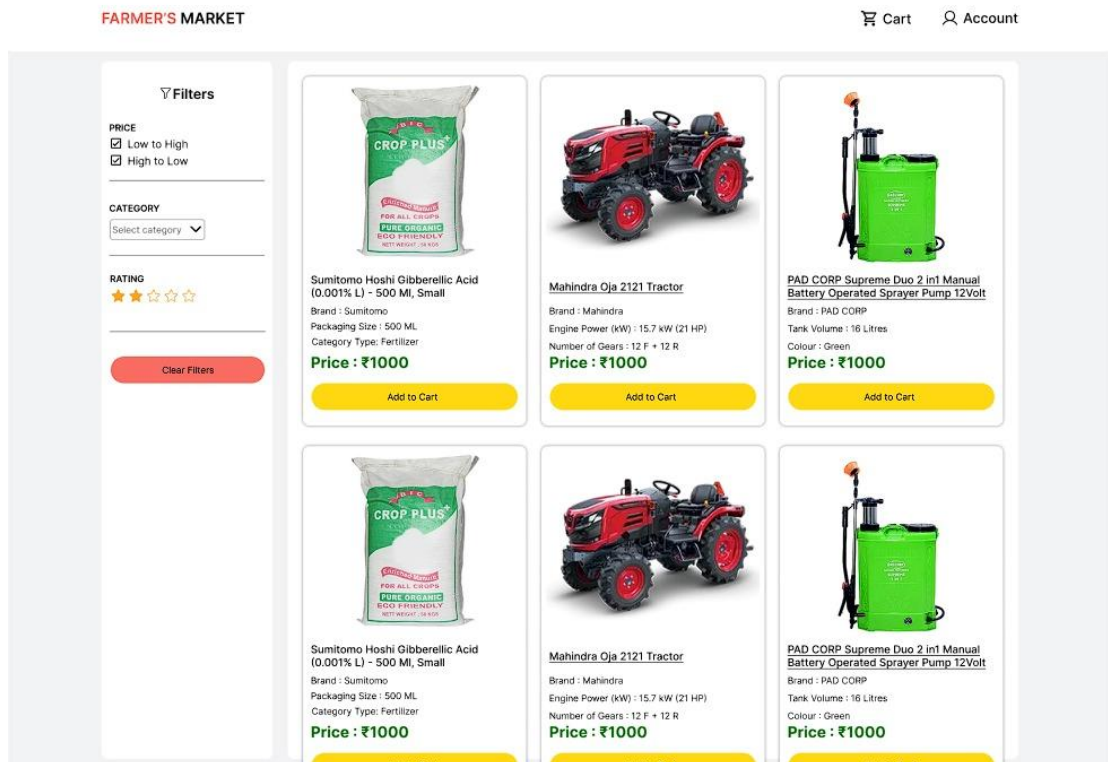


Fig 5.3: Browsing Products from Dealer

The products a farmer will see when browsing products from the dealer

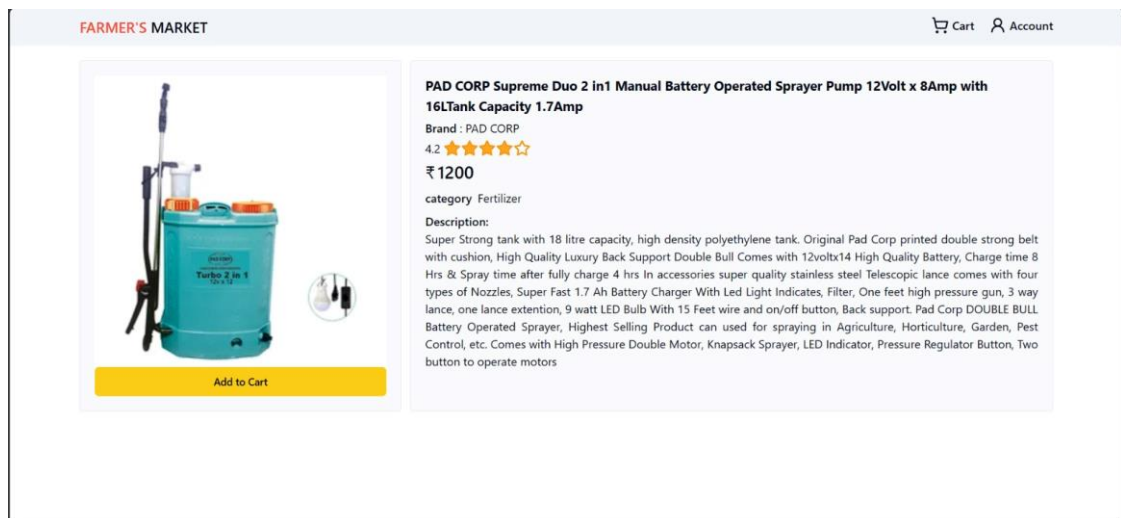


Fig 5.4: Product Page

Product page for a manual battery-operated sprayer pump

## 5.2 Advantages

- Enhanced User Experience

By providing functionalities for farmers, dealers, and customers, the platform caters to a diverse user base, offering convenience and accessibility for various stakeholders in the farming market.

- **Efficient Data Management**

MongoDB's flexibility and scalability allow for efficient storage and management of structured data related to products, user registrations, and equipment, ensuring smooth operations even as the platform grows.

- **Secure Authentication**

Integrating Twilio for sending OTPs enhances security by adding an extra layer of authentication, ensuring that only authorized users can access the system, thus safeguarding sensitive information.

- **Visual Content Management**

Utilizing Cloudinary for storing and managing visual content such as product images enhances the presentation of products, making the platform more visually appealing and engaging for users.

- **Scalability**

The architecture's modular design allows for scalability, enabling the platform to accommodate a growing user base and increasing data volume without significant disruptions or performance issues.

### **5.3 Limitations**

- **Dependency On External Services**

Relying on external services like Twilio and Cloudinary introduces dependencies that can affect system availability and performance if these services experience downtime or disruptions.

- **User Adoption Challenges**

Encouraging unregistered users to register and engage with the platform may pose challenges, requiring effective marketing and user onboarding strategies to drive adoption and participation.

- **Integration Complexity**

Integrating multiple components such as MongoDB, Twilio, and Cloudinary requires careful planning and implementation to ensure seamless communication and interoperability between different parts of the system.

- **Maintenance Overhead**

Managing and maintaining the system, including software updates, monitoring, and troubleshooting, can incur overhead in terms of time and resources, particularly as the platform scales and evolves over time.

## **5.4 Applications**

- **Online Farming Marketplace**

The platform serves as an online marketplace connecting farmers, dealers, and customers, facilitating the buying and selling of agricultural products and equipment.

- **Equipment Trading Platform**

Farmers and dealers can trade agricultural equipment and supplies, expanding market reach and facilitating efficient exchange of farming resources.

- **Community Engagement Platform**

The platform can also serve as a community hub, enabling farmers to share knowledge, exchange experiences, and collaborate on agricultural initiatives, fostering a sense of community among users.

- **Data Analytics and Insights**

By collecting and analyzing data on user interactions, product sales, and market trends, the platform can provide valuable insights to stakeholders, enabling informed decision-making and strategy development in the farming industry.

## Chapter 06

### System Testing

#### 6.1 API Testing

SR NO	NAME	METHOD	ROUTE	NO OF ASSERTIONS
1	initiate farmer login	POST	api/send-otp	6
2	complete farmer login	POST	api/verify-otp	18
3	refresh	GET	api/refresh	8
4	create a product	POST	api/product	8
5	delete a product	DELETE	api/product-delete/:pid	7
6	get all products for the current farmer	GET	api/get-user-product	4
7	get product by id	GET	api/get-product/:pid	50
8	update product	POST	api/product-update/:pid	7
9	make product inactive	PUT	api/:pid/active	2
10	make product active	PUT	api/:pid/active	2
11	logout farmer	POST	api/logout	7
12	initiate customer login	POST	api/send-otp	6
13	complete customer login	POST	api/verify-otp	18
14	get all products	GET	api/get-product	11
15	add product to cart	POST	api/addToCart/:pid	7
16	get cart	GET	api/getUserCart	5

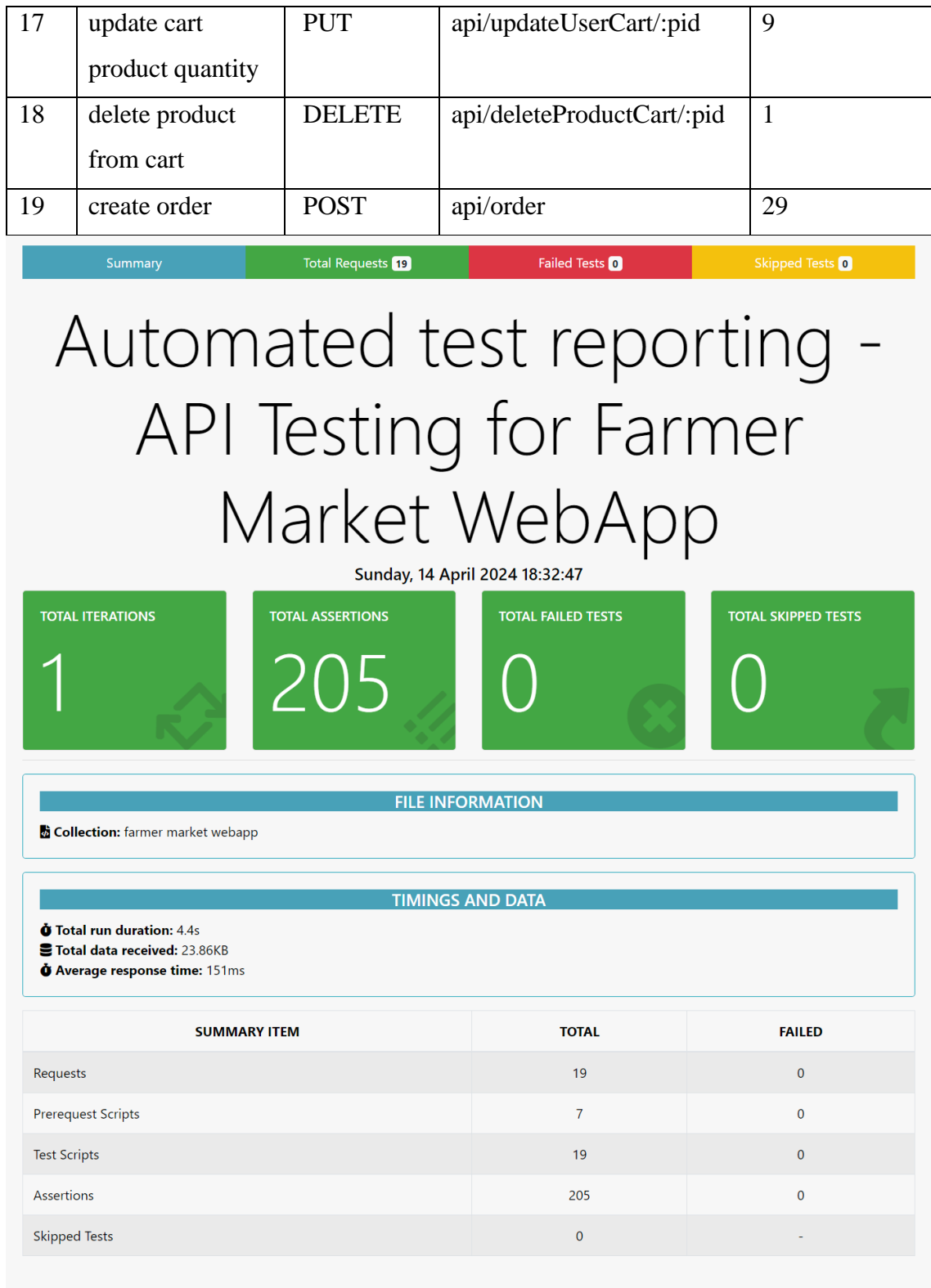


Fig 6.1: Automated Testing Report

We performed automated API testing using Newman. The total number of assertions were 205 and all of them passed. The complete test took 4.4s with 151ms average response time.



## 6.2 Regression Testing

We used regression testing to make sure our software backend is within acceptable time range for each development iteration over the period of development. This was mostly done for internal use.

The Legend for the table on next page:

Shorthand	Long Form
ART	Average Response Time
w/o	without
NoO	Number of Outliers
LBHW	Large Burst Hello World
LBPID	Large Burst Get Product by ID
LBAI	Large Burst Get All Items by Farmer
SBHW	Small Burst for Hello World
SBPID	Small Burst for Get Product by ID
SBAI	Small Burst for Get All Items by Farmer

Here,

- Large Burst is 500 requests
- Small Burst is 15 requests

Other Information:

Metric	Value
Number of threads used for testing	15 threads
Number of concurrent requests for large burst	2001 requests
Time taken for initiating the requests	31.8 $\mu$ s
Time taken for logging in as farmer	596.1829ms

Note: All the large bursts are all done concurrently while the small bursts happen one after another

Route Name	SBAI	SBPID	SBHW	LBAI	LBPID	LBHW
Iterations	15	15	15	500	500	500
Failures	0	0	0	0	0	0
Failure%	0	0	0	0	0	0
ART	309.771386	291.650213	16.44738	16847.28862	16181.58005	965.826743
ART w/o Outliers	311.234292	291.650213	16.44738	16901.52146	16547.15664	965.826743
Minimum Time	289.2907	280.1299	12.3054	6415.9447	562.9431	533.1873
01st Percentile	298.8146	280.1578	12.9949	10892.9016	3991.7797	556.617
05th Percentile	298.8146	280.1578	12.9949	13222.4536	11176.8328	600.612
First Quartile	309.48205	281.2408	14.55635	15106.5156	14230.795	635.7666
Median	312.43785	293.06765	16.80995	16646.0835	16769.0121	880.7044
Third Quartile	312.56835	303.17775	18.09145	19051.7081	18806.7514	1290.4121
95th Percentile	312.595	305.1195	19.9085	20736.8059	20648.7558	1822.5575
99th Percentile	312.595	305.1195	19.9085	20862.7307	20849.9193	1881.5151
Maximum Time	312.595	305.1195	19.9085	21505.8169	21310.8009	1907.7139
Inter-quartile	3.0863	21.93695	3.5351	3945.1925	4575.9564	654.6455
NoO	1	0	0	3	15	0
NoO Below	1	0	0	3	15	0
NoO Above	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skewness	Negatively Skewed	Negatively Skewed	Negatively Skewed	Negatively Skewed	Negatively Skewed	Positively Skewed

Note: Time values are in milliseconds and iterations are in requests

## **Chapter 07**

### **Result and Analysis**

The described architecture outlines a comprehensive system for a farming market web application, catering to farmers, dealers, and customers. It incorporates essential functionalities such as user registration, authentication, product listing, and purchasing, along with integrations with external services like Twilio for OTP authentication and Cloudinary for image storage. MongoDB serves as the central database, storing crucial data related to users, products, and transactions.

## Chapter 08

### Conclusions and Future Scope

Farmer's Market Web App presents a comprehensive framework for connecting farmers, dealers, and customers, facilitating transactions, and fostering community engagement in the agricultural sector. By integrating essential functionalities such as user registration, authentication, product listing, and purchasing, along with external services like Twilio for OTP authentication and Cloudinary for image storage, the platform aims to provide a seamless and secure user experience.

However, successful implementation and adoption of the platform will require careful consideration of security measures, scalability requirements, and user interface design, along with proactive maintenance and ongoing enhancements to meet evolving user needs and market dynamics. By leveraging data analytics and community building initiatives, the platform has the potential to drive innovation, collaboration, and growth in the farming market ecosystem.

#### 8.1 Future Scope

- Scaling the platform to target new geographical regions or niche markets, such as organic farming, or farm-to-table initiatives, can unlock opportunities for growth and diversification.
- forming partnerships with agricultural organizations, research institutions, and government agencies can facilitate knowledge sharing, market access, and regulatory compliance, strengthening the platform's ecosystem and value proposition.
- Implementing machine learning algorithms and personalized recommendation systems can enhance user engagement by offering tailored product recommendations and content based on user preferences and behavior.
- Integrating with supply chain management systems and logistics providers can streamline product sourcing, inventory management, and order fulfillment processes, improving efficiency and transparency in the agricultural supply chain.
- Leveraging Internet of Things (IoT) technology for monitoring crop conditions, equipment performance, and environmental factors can enable predictive

analytics and proactive decision-making, enhancing productivity and resource efficiency in farming operations.

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## Appendix A: Plagiarism Report

This project introduces a MERN stack-based web platform designed to connect farmers, consumers, and sellers, with the primary aim of facilitating direct exchanges of agricultural products. The platform enables farmers to list and promote their produce, consumers to browse and purchase locally-sourced items, and sellers to market agricultural supplies. The MERN stack technology ensures scalability and responsiveness, offering a user-friendly interface for all participants. The website's core objective is to eliminate intermediaries in the agricultural supply chain, fostering more efficient and transparent transactions. By promoting direct sales and reducing overhead, this platform empowers farmers, benefits consumers with access to fresh local products, and offers sellers a dedicated agricultural clientele. The potential impact includes a more sustainable, equitable food system and improved agricultural sustainability. In summary, this paper presents a technology-driven solution to bridge the gap between farmers, consumers, and sellers in the agricultural market, offering a user-friendly and efficient platform to promote direct transactions and enhance the quality and sustainability of the agricultural supply chain. The agricultural sector, a cornerstone of human civilization, is currently at the cusp of significant transformation, driven by the confluence of technology and evolving consumer preferences. In recent years, there has been a discernible shift in how agricultural products reach consumers. The traditional model, characterized by a convoluted and often inefficient supply chain with multiple intermediaries, is making way for a more direct, digitally-infused approach. This shift arises from the increasing demand for fresh, locally-sourced products and a growing awareness of the environmental and economic benefits associated with reduced supply chain complexity. In response to these evolving demands, a novel web platform has emerged as a key player, leveraging the capabilities of the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express, React, Node.js). This platform is designed to address the critical challenge of bridging the gap between three integral players in the agricultural ecosystem: farmers, consumers, and sellers. By fostering direct interactions and transactions among these stakeholders, it aims to optimize the exchange of agricultural products while promoting transparency, trust, and sustainability within the sector. The platform's central function is to provide an online marketplace where farmers can showcase their produce and connect directly with consumers. By doing so, it removes the need for intermediaries, thus streamlining the agricultural supply chain. This approach has far-reaching implications, not only in terms of boosting the economic prospects of farmers but also in granting consumers access to a wide range of fresh, locally-sourced agricultural products. Furthermore, the platform extends its reach to sellers, who offer an assortment of essential agricultural supplies, including seeds, equipment, livestock, and dairy products. Within the context of this paradigm shift, the MERN stack, comprising MongoDB, Express, React, and Node.js, emerges as a technological bedrock that underpins the platform's robust functionality. MongoDB, as a database system, facilitates the efficient storage and management of diverse data associated with agricultural products and transactions. Express and Node.js provide the necessary server-side framework, while React offers an intuitive and responsive user interface, ensuring the scalability and adaptability required to accommodate the dynamic and multifaceted agricultural market. This paper dives into the development and implications of this innovative web platform, offering a comprehensive understanding of how technology can reshape and revitalize the agricultural sector. The aim is not just to connect farmers with consumers, but also to empower

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