ELEMENTS SPECIFICATION

# DEFINITIONS

The process of progressing a matrix from the introductory state to solved state is called a **solution**.

A **solution** is composed of several **waves.**

A **wave** is composed of **tasks** which reference **packages**.

**Packages** are recorded separately, identified by **solution** and **wave**.

# SERVER BEHAVIOR

The server is a persistent entity, one per processing cloud. The server can fulfill several tasks and has triggers. The tasks and signals the server performs and recognized are as follows.

# SERVER SIGNALS

1. **integer CREATE\_SOLUTION**(solution\_name, authentication\_key)

Server will check credentials and if they match, create a solution with the name of solution\_name in default state of SOLUTION\_UNPUBLISHED. It will return:

* 1. If creation succeeds: ID of solution
  2. If creation fails for database-related reasons: 0
  3. If creation fails due to lack of authentication: -1

1. **integer CREATE\_WAVE**(solution\_id, authentication\_key)

Server will check credentials and if they match, create a wave in the provided solution in the default state of WAVE\_UNPUBLISHED with a SEQ of 1 (since only the first wave can be created by a signal). It will return:

* 1. If creation succeeds: ID of wave
  2. If creation fails for database-related reasons: 0
  3. If creation fails due to lack of authentication: -1

1. **integer CREATE\_TASK**(wave\_id, name, type, part\_num, authentication\_key)

Server will check credentials and if they match, create a task with provided details in the appropriate wave in the state of TASK\_NOT\_READY. For the appropriate wave, task\_num will be increased. Server will return:

* 1. If creation succeeds: ID of wave
  2. If creation fails for database-related reasons: 0
  3. If creation fails due to lack of authentication: -1

1. **integer PUBLISH\_SOLUTION**(solution\_id, authentication\_key)

Server will check credentials and if they match, switch state of provided solution to SOLUTION\_AVAILABLE. It will return:

* 1. 1 if operation succeeds
  2. 0 if operation fails for database-related reasons
  3. -1 if operation fails due to lack of authentication

1. **integer PUBLISH\_WAVE**(wave\_id, authentication\_key)

Server will check credentials and if they match, switch state of provided wave to WAVE\_AVAILABLE. It will return:

* 1. 1 if operation succeeds
  2. 0 if operation fails for database-related reasons
  3. -1 if operation fails due to lack of authentication

1. **integer ATTACH\_PART**(task\_id, length, authentication\_key, file\_stream)

Server will check credentials and read length bytes from file\_stream. If credentials match, the file will be written out locally under an appropriate name and state of the task will be switched to TASK\_READY.

* 1. 1 if operation succeeds
  2. 0 if operation fails for database- or filesystem-related reasons
  3. -1 if operation fails due to lack of authentication

1. **Task REQUEST\_TASK**(node\_auth)

Server will check for available tasks, choose possibly the oldest, and send it to the requesting client. State of the task will be changed to TASK\_SENT. If the sent Task object has an ID of zero it means that server has failed or refused to provide a task.

1. **file\_stream REQUEST\_TASKFILE**(task\_id, node\_auth)

Server will prepare and send the part file for the provided task. A zero-length response means that the server has failed or refused to provide a task.

1. **file\_stream REQUEST\_PARTFILE**(wave\_id, part\_id, node\_auth)

Server will prepare and send the part file for the matrix part in the provided wave. A zero-length response means that the server has failed or refused to provide a task.

1. **file\_stream REQUEST\_META**(task\_id, node\_auth)

Server will prepare and send the metafile for the provided task. A zero-length response means that the server has failed or refused to provide a task.

1. **integer RETURN\_TASK**(task\_id, length, node\_auth, file\_stream)

Server will overwrite the appropriate part file on the drive with the contents of the file stream, mark the task as TASK\_COMPLETE, and decrement tasks\_num of the appropriate wave.

# CLIENT BEHAVIOR

# DATA MODELS

# SOLUTION

Solution will contain fields:

1. ID
2. state (see states below)
3. current\_wave (numeric ID)
4. name (text)
5. solution (text, file reference)
6. created (timestamp)
7. updated (timestamp)
8. completed (timestamp)

Solution has states:

**0** SOLUTION\_UNPUBLISHED

**1** SOLUTION\_AVAILABLE

**2** SOLUTION\_COMPLETE

**9** SOLUTION\_BROKEN

# WAVE

Wave will contain fields:

1. ID
2. solution\_id (numeric id)
3. seq (numeric)
4. tasks (numeric)
5. state (see states below)
6. created (timestamp)
7. updated (timestamp)
8. completed (timestamp)

Wave has states:

**0** WAVE\_UNPUBLISHED

**1** WAVE\_AVAILABLE

**2** WAVE\_COMPLETE

**3** WAVE\_BROKEN

# TASK

Task will contain fields:

1. ID
2. wave\_id (numeric id)
3. name
4. type (numeric)
5. state (numeric)
6. part\_num (numeric)
7. metafile (text, file reference)
8. node (text)
9. created (timestamp)
10. updated (timestamp)
11. completed (timestamp)

Task has types:

**0** TASK\_UNDEFINED (reserved for broken tasks)

**1** TASK\_PART\_SOLUTION

**2** TASK\_AGGREGATE

**3** TASK\_PART\_REDUCE

**4** TASK\_ASSEMBLE\_SOLUTION

Task has states:

**0** TASK\_NOT\_READY

**1** TASK\_READY

**2** TASK\_SENT

**3** TASK\_RECEIVED

**4** TASK\_PROVISIONED

**5** TASK\_STARTED

**6** TASK\_PROCESSED

**7** TASK\_COMPLETE

**9** TASK\_BROKEN

# SPLITTER

The working assumption for now is that a precomposed matrix in MTX format will be preloaded into a splitting system, which will reside on a server. This is reasonable since matrix splitting is considered to be an unparallelizable task.

The sequence of tasks will be as follows:

1. MTX file handle is opened
2. Matrix dimensions are read
   1. If matrix is not square, file is rejected – appropriate error message is produced
3. Matrix is conceptually divided into parts of configurable heights
4. File handles for the parts are opened
5. MTX is read and entries are passed on to appropriate files
6. MTX file handle is closed
7. Part file handles are closed
8. **FUTURE** Files are encrypted
9. Files are compressed
10. Files are recorded as parts in the database
11. 0-Wave is recorded composed of the parts
12. Splitter exits