

## 19 - GROUP BY

// zwraca nową tymczasową kolumnę I oblicza ilość przedmiotów

```
SELECT seler_id, COUNT(*) AS item_count FROM items WHERE seler_id = 1
```

```
SELECT seller_id, COUNT (*) AS item_count FROM items GROUP BY seller_id
```

```
SELECT seller_id, COUNT (*) AS item_count FROM items GROUP BY seller_id HAVING  
COUNT (*) >= 3
```

```
SELECT seller_id, COUNT (*) AS item_count FROM items GROUP BY seller_id HAVING  
COUNT (*) >= 3 ORDER BY item_count DESC
```

## 20 - Subqueries

```
SELECT AVG(cost) FROM items // zwraca wartość 463 ☺
```

```
SELECT name, cost FROM items WHERE cost > (463) ORDER BY cost DESC
```

```
-----  
SELECT name, cost FROM items WHERE cost > (
```

```
SELECT AVG(cost) FROM items
```

```
) ORDER BY cost DESC  
-----
```

## 21 - Another Subquery Example

```
SELECT seller_id FROM items WHERE name LIKE '%boxes'
```

```
SELECT name, MIN(cost) FROM items WHERE name LIKE '%boxes' AND seller_id in  
(SELECT seller_id FROM items WHERE name LIKE '%boxes')
```

## 22 - How to Join Tables

// customers - table one

//items - table two

```
SELECT customers.id, customers.name, items.name, items.cost
```

```
FROM customers, items
```

```
WHERE customers.id = seller_id // relacja table
```

```
ORDER_BY customers.id
```

## 23 - Outer Joins

```
SELECT customers.name, items.name
```

```
FROM customers, items
```

```
WHERE customers.id = seller_id // relacja table
```

---

```
SELECT customers.name, items.name
```

```
FROM customers LEFT OUTER JOIN items // // pokaż wszystkich customers, nawet,  
gdy nie mają żadnych przedmiotów
```

```
ON customers.id = seller_id // relacja table
```

## 24 - UNION

```
SELECT name, cost, bids FROM items WHERE bids > 190
```

```
UNION // zwraca jedną tabelę, używamy tego do skomplikowanych zapytań  
// kolumny muszą być takie same
```

```
SELECT name, cost, bids FROM items WHERE cost > 1000
```

---

```
SELECT name, cost, bids FROM items WHERE bids > 190
```

```
UNION ALL // nie usuwa duplikatów (tych, co mają cost > 1000 i bids > 190
```

```
SELECT name, cost, bids FROM items WHERE cost > 1000
```

## 25 - Full-Text Searching

```
// aktywacja przeszukiwania jako tekst. Szybsze niż LIKE
```

```
ALTER TABLE items ADD FULLTEXT(name)
```

```
SELECT name, cost FROM items WHERE Match (name) Against ('baby')
```