



Customer Retention Analysis

Submitted by:
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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Gratitude takes three forms-"A feeling from heart, an expression in words and a giving in return". We take this opportunity to express our feelings.

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I express my deep sense of gratitude to my family for their moral support and understanding without which the completion of my project would not have been perceivable.

INTRODUCTION

- **Business Problem Framing**

Our aim is to perform extensive data analysis on a given dataset and produce valuable insights that will help in customer retention.

- **Conceptual Background of the Domain Problem**

Capturing the audience's attention and converting them into paying customers is paramount for online businesses in a fiercely competitive e-commerce market. Driven by the need to succeed, more and more businesses are turning to artificial intelligence (AI) and data science applications in e-commerce to maximize customer retention and conversion.

- **Motivation for the Problem Undertaken**

Data science involves proficiently using underlying fields such as statistics, mathematics, and programming to develop an understanding of trends and patterns in structured and unstructured data. This data is deciphered into actions for defining customer acquisition and retention strategies by e-commerce businesses. Since increasing conversion propensity is the bottom line for e-commerce businesses, the insights on user behavior provided by customer analytics help target the right set of customers.

Analytical Problem Framing

- Mathematical/ Analytical Modeling of the Problem

1. Data was cleaned by removing redundant values in the dataset.
2. Column names were large, hence were changed to short names for convenience in analysis.

- Data Sources and their formats

What are the data sources, their origins, their formats and other details that you find necessary? They can be described here. Provide a proper data description. You can also add a snapshot of the data.

1. A csv file containing two sheets, one was encoded and the other was a raw data.
2. It had 269 rows and 71 columns.

| | 1Gender of respondent | 2 How old are you? | 3 Which city do you shop online from? | 4 What is the Pin Code of where you shop online from? | 5 Since How Long You are Shopping Online ? | 6 How many times you have made an online purchase in the past 1 year? | 7 How do you access the internet while shopping on-line? | 8 Which device do you use to access the online shopping? | 9 What is the screen size of your mobile device? | 10 What is the operating system (OS) of your device? | ... | Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period) | Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period) | Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period) |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|-----|--|---|---|
| 0 | Male | 31-40 years | Delhi | 110009 | Above 4 years | 31-40 times | Dial-up | Desktop | Others | Window/windows Mobile | ... | Amazon.in | Amazon.in | Flipkart.com |
| 1 | Female | 21-30 years | Delhi | 110030 | Above 4 years | 41 times and above | Wi-Fi | Smartphone | 4.7 inches | iOS/Mac | ... | Amazon.in, Flipkart.com | Myntra.com | snapdeal.com |
| 2 | Female | 21-30 years | Greater Noida | 201308 | 3-4 years | 41 times and above | Mobile Internet | Smartphone | 5.5 inches | Android | ... | Myntra.com | Myntra.com | Myntra.com |
| 3 | Male | 21-30 years | Karnal | 132001 | 3-4 years | Less than 10 times | Mobile Internet | Smartphone | 5.5 inches | iOS/Mac | ... | Snapdeal.com | Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com | Myntra.com |
| 4 | Female | 21-30 years | Bangalore | 530068 | 2-3 years | 11-20 times | Wi-Fi | Smartphone | 4.7 inches | iOS/Mac | ... | Flipkart.com, Paytm.com | Paytm.com | Paytm.com |

fig 1 : Sample Dataset

- Data Preprocessing Done

1. There were few duplicate values in customer reviews. For example - Dis-agree and Diasgree. So made single value as both have the same meaning.
2. Converted all long columns to short column names for easier access and convenience during analysis.

- Data Inputs- Logic- Output Relationships

1. The data was cleaned.
2. Inferential analysis is done.
3. EDA was performed by creating valuable insights using various visualization libraries.

- Hardware and Software Requirements and Tools Used

Hardware : 4GB Ram, Core-i5,8th Gen Software : Following libraries were used :

1. Pandas : To read the csv file, to convert the data into dataframe, for description and data type of data, to save the final output.
2. Matplotlib : To plot the graphs
3. Seaborn : To plot the graphs
4. LabelEncoder : To encode columns
5. Plotly : To plot the grpahs

Model/s Development and Evaluation

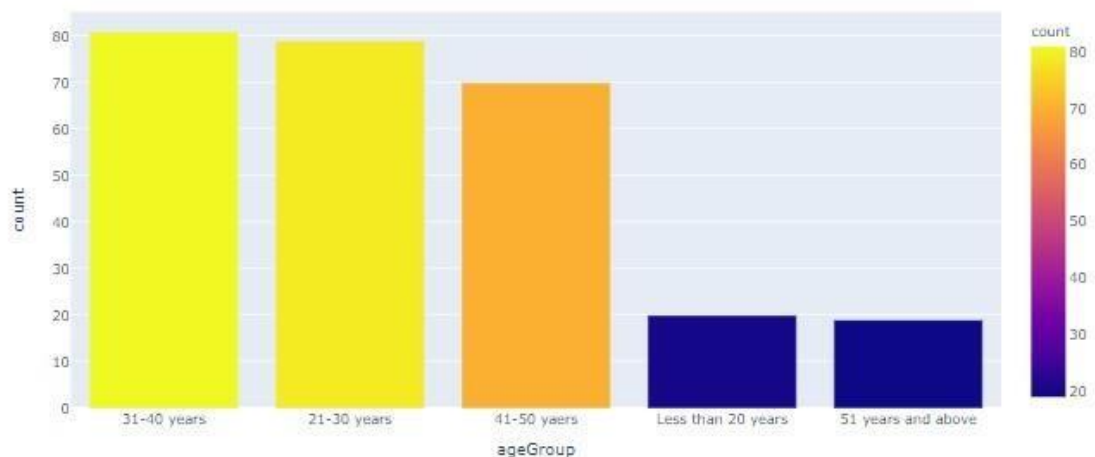
- Identification of possible problem solving approaches

Firstly I imported all the required libraries, followed by loading the data. Then did a statistical analysis on the dataset and made note of all the cleaning that needs to be done. Analysed the data by performing EDA and tried to answer some of the questions that will help us for Customer Retention.

- Visualizations

```
[: #Age groups which shops the most :  
age_count = pd.DataFrame(dataset['age'].value_counts()).reset_index()  
age_count.columns = ['ageGroup', 'count']  
  
fig = px.bar(age_count, x='ageGroup', y='count',  
             color='count',  
             title = 'Online Shopping Trend in different Age Groups: ')  
fig.show()
```

Online Shopping Trend in different Age Groups:



Observations :

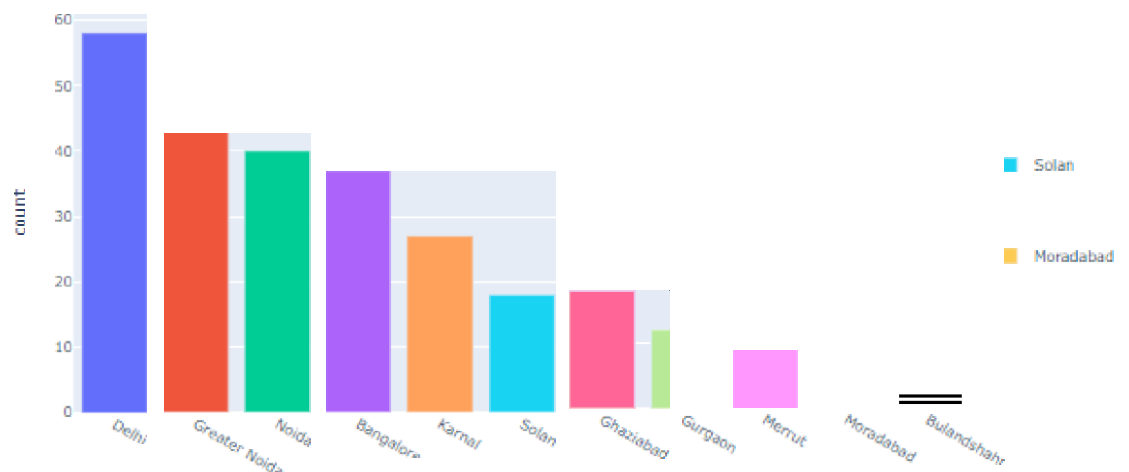
- As expected, people who is between 20 to 50 years old, they prefer online shopping more than senior citizens or teenagers.
- We can also assume that, people with 31-40 years will not have much time to go out and shop, hence they will prefer online shopping more.

Which shops do you like the most*



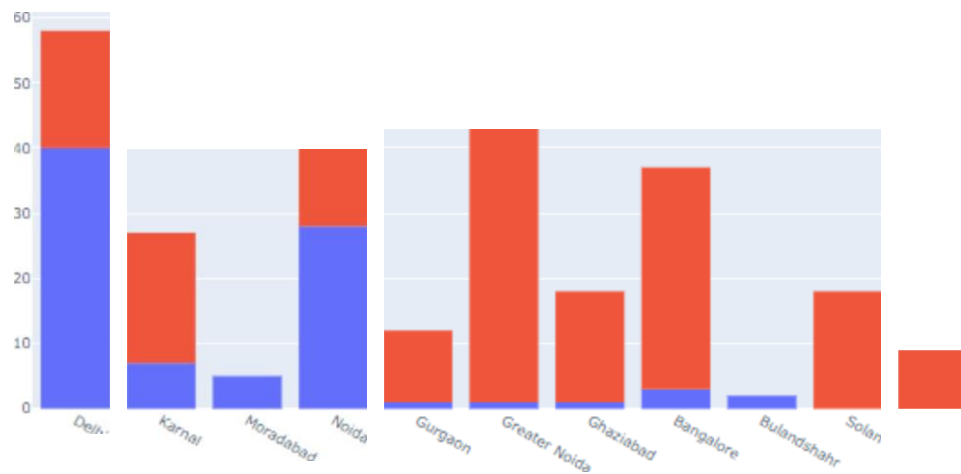
- We can observe from these pie charts that, in all age groups, more than 50% of the sample, are non-teen who does more online shopping when compared

Online Shopping is preferred in which cities?



- Delhi shops like the most and are preferred by Noida and Bangalore.

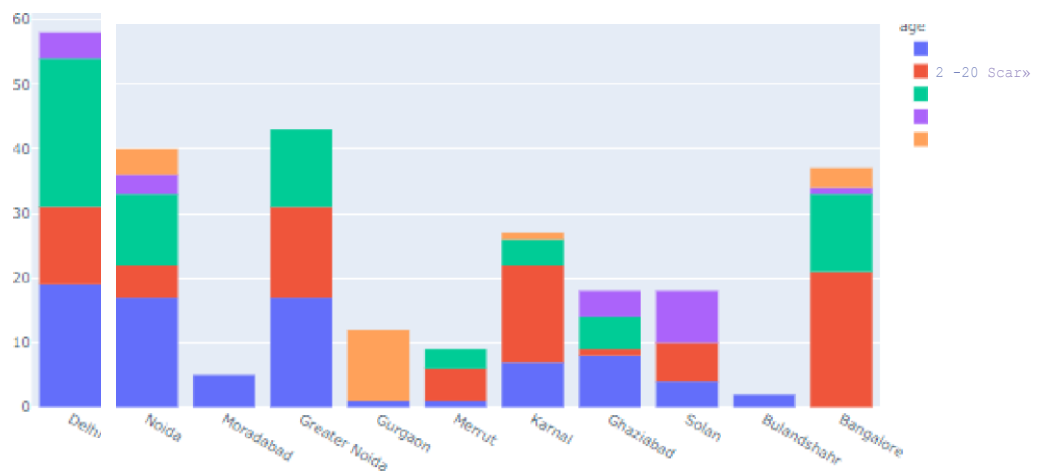
Online shopping in cities based on Gender:



Observations:

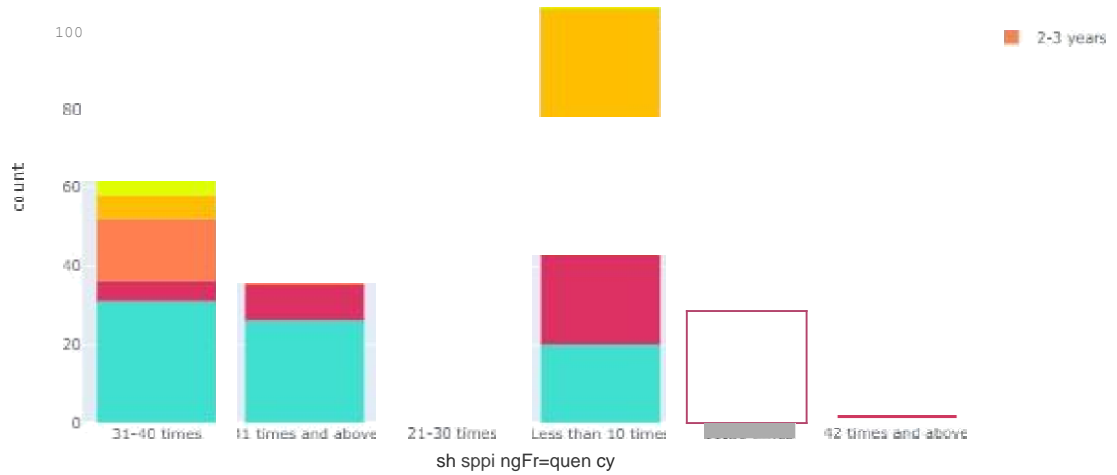
- Surprisingly, in Delhi and Noida, males prefer online shopping more than females. So we know our target audience in these cities, right?
- Bulandshahr and Moradabad - both cities in Uttar Pradesh have no female shoppers at all !!

Online shopping in cities based on various age groups :



- In Delhi, people aged between 18-20 years prefer to shop online more, rather compared to other age groups.
- In Bangalore, it is people aged between 21-30 years of age.
- In the rest of the cities, on an average, people aged between 31-40 years prefer online shopping, except Gurgaon where senior citizens are more.

Shopping frequency of people in past one year :



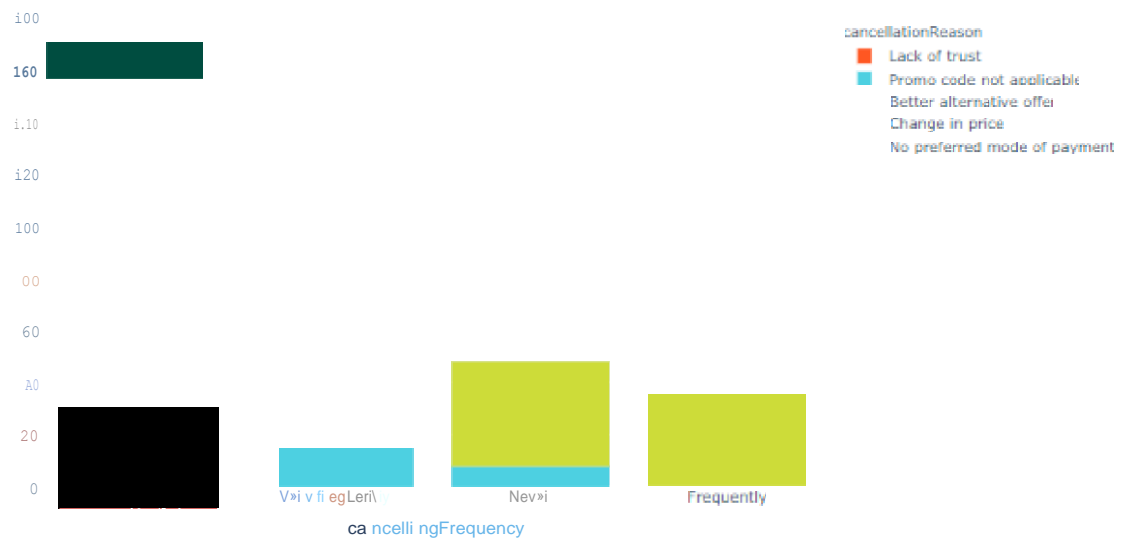
- In the past year, on an average people have stopped approximated 30—40 times.
- From the data, we can see that, people who have been shopping for more than 3-4 years are the ones who frequently shop.

Reasons for not purchasing any product :

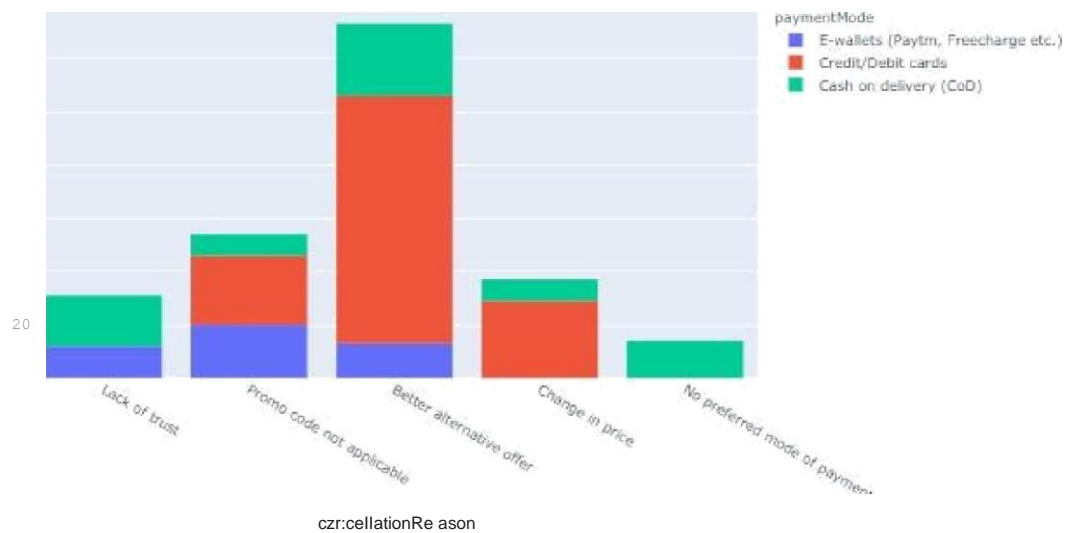


- The chart observe that most of the people, abandoned their cart as they were having better alternative offers. People even abandon their carts, because they do not have their preferred mode of payment. So when the preferred payment mode of people who cancelled their cart was "Used," appears that they preferred CoD, but was not available for that product. Vertically can also imply that the customer may have some difficulty in using the internet store?
- Lack of trust is also a reason for cancelling the product

Why and how often do people abandon their cart?



Payment Mode vs Cancellation Reasons :



- when the preferred payment mode of people who cancelled their cart was analysed, it appears that they preferred CoD. but it was not available for that product. which may also imply that the customer may have some difficulty in trusting the retail store?
- Lack of trust is also a reason for cancelling their product. and the payment mode is e-wallets, which they believe must not be reliable?

Purchase decisions on online Retail Store are based on following factors :

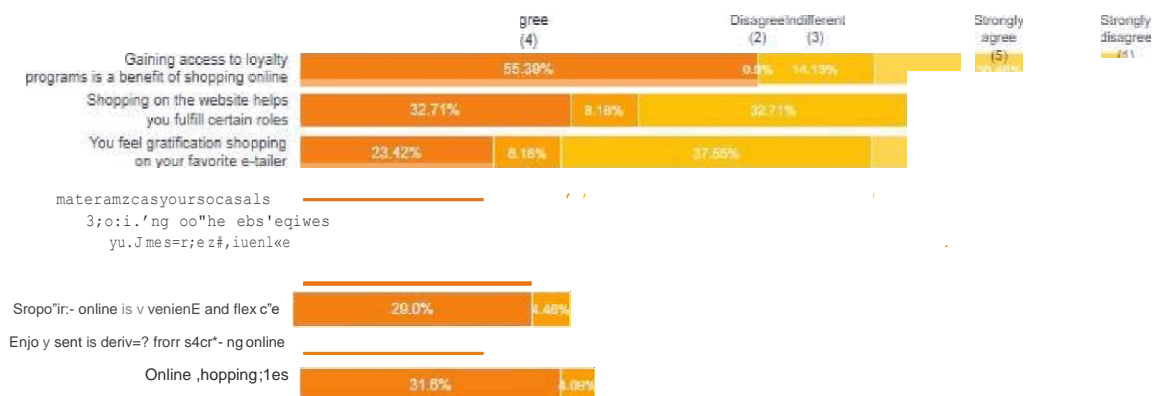


- We can observe that mostly agree with the fact that the product they are purchasing from the app are with a high quality, they hope to have complete information regarding the product.
- Most of them agree that the functioning of the app is also a major factor which helps in enhancing user experience while doing online shopping.

Purchase decisions on online Retail Store are based on following factors :

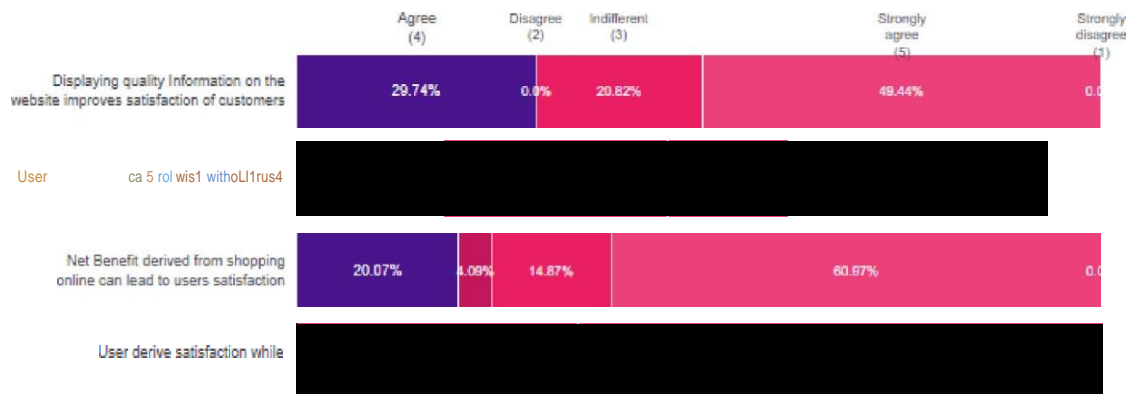


Benefits of Shopping Online :



- To some group of people, it's not only how the app is worldrig, but vliat benefits il amves v/ilh the purchase.
- Some people just shop online just because they enjoy it.
- Mostly because, it is convenient and flabile people prefer online shopping.

User Satisfaction from Online shopping :



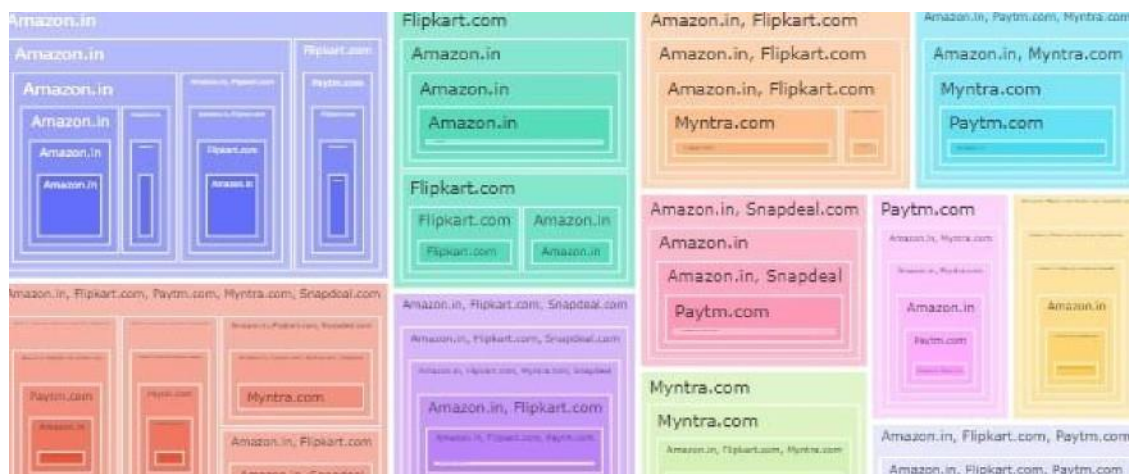
Correlation between variables:

gender
age
city
pinCode
shoppingSince
shoppingFrequency
internetAccessibility
deviceUsed
screenSize
OS
browserUsed
channelFirstUsed
loginMode
timeSpentDeciding
paymentMode
cancellingFrequency
cancellationReason
contentReadability
similarProductInfo
sellerProductInfo
productInfoClarity
navigationEase
loadingProcessingSpeed
userFriendlyInterface
convenientPaymentMode
timelyFulfillmentTrust
customerSupportResponse
privacyGuarantee
variousChannelResponses
benefit
convenience
returnReplacementPolicy
loyaltyProgramAccess
infoSatisfaction
siteQualitySatisfaction
netBenefitSatisfaction
trust
productSeveralCategory
relevantProductInfo
monetarySavings
patronizingConvenience
adventureSense
socialStatus
gratification
reliefFulfillment
moneyWorthy

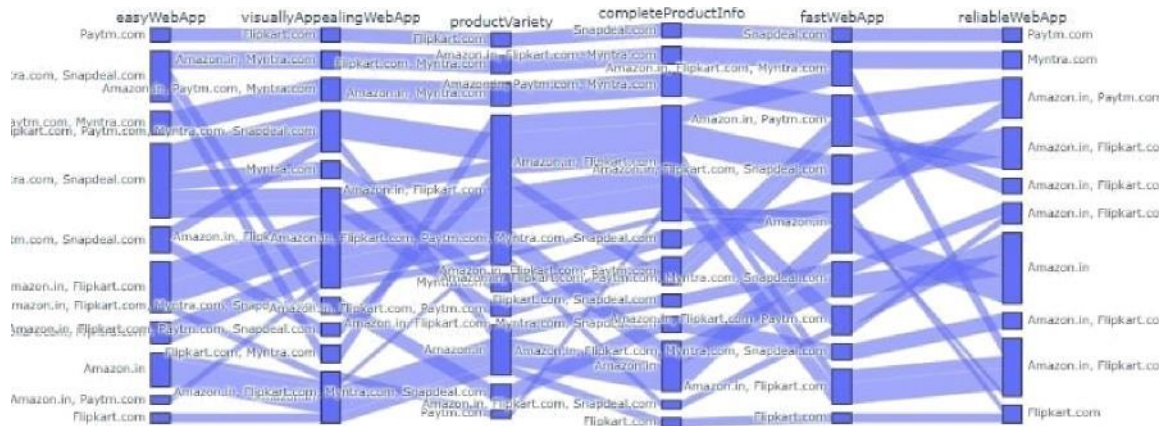
gender
age
city
pinCode
shoppingSince
shoppingFrequency
internetAccessibility
deviceUsed
screenSize
OS
browserUsed
channelFirstUsed
loginMode
timeSpentDeciding
paymentMode
cancellingFrequency
cancellationReason
contentReadability
similarProductInfo
sellerProductInfo
productInfoClarity
navigationEase
loadingProcessingSpeed
userFriendlyInterface
convenientPaymentMode
timelyFulfillmentTrust
customerSupportResponse
privacyGuarantee
variousChannelResponses
benefit
convenience
returnReplacementPolicy
loyaltyProgramAccess
infoSatisfaction
siteQualitySatisfaction
netBenefitSatisfaction
trust
productSeveralCategory
relevantProductInfo
monetarySavings
patronizingConvenience
adventureSense
socialStatus
gratification
reliefFulfillment
moneyWorthy

1.00
0.75
0.50
0.25
0.00
-0.25
-0.50
-0.75
-1.00

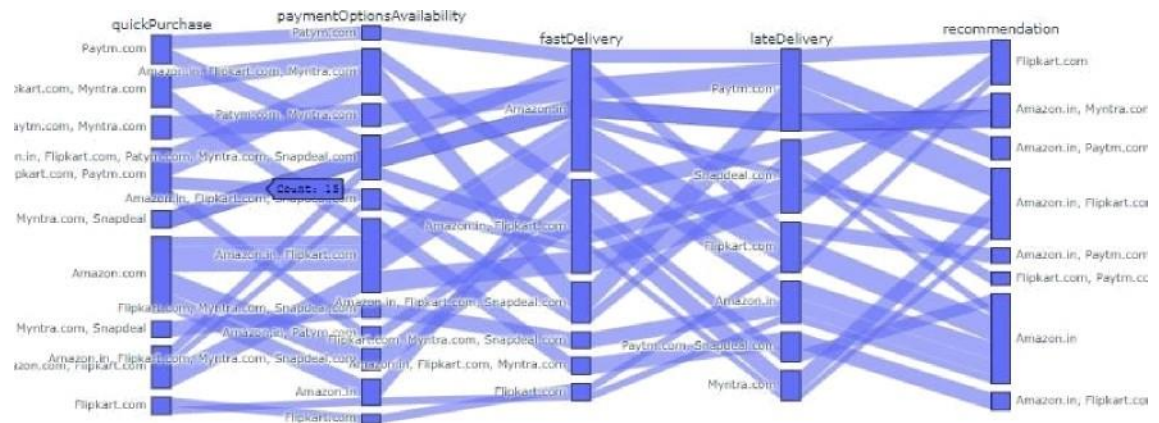
- From our data we can see that data related to how the person is accessing the app or website = Yes not maker as a has negative correlation.
- Customer mention can be done, majorly xdh customer is — and by finding out if they are a 1st Fed v. Jeth the quality of product and experience delivered a firm.



Online Retail store Comparisons



Online Retail store Comparisons



Observations:

- With all the data represented above, we can observe that Amazon and Flipkart have extremely good reviews and most of the people prefer these two apps.
- Myntra is also quite famous in a smaller group of people.
- Snap deal and Paytm is regarded less comparatively.
- People recommend Amazon and Flipkart, majorly.

CONCLUSION

● Key Findings and Conclusions of the Study

1. People who is between 20 to 50 years old, they prefer online shopping more than senior citizens or teenagers.
2. We can also assume that, people with 31-40 years will not have much time to go out and shop, hence they will prefer online shopping more.
3. We can observe from these pie charts that, in all age groups, more than 50% of the sample, it is women who does more online shopping when compared to men.
4. Delhi shops the most online, followed by Noida and Bangalore.
5. Surprisingly, in Delhi and Noida, males prefer online shopping more than females. So we know our target audience in these cities, right?
6. Bulandshahr and Moradabad - both cities in UttarPradesh no female shoppers at all !!
7. In Delhi, people aged between 41-50 years, prefer to shop on online more, when compared to other age groups.
8. In Bangalore, it is people aged between 21-30 years of age.
9. In the rest of the cities, on an average, people aged between 31-40 years prefer online shopping, except Gurgaon where senior citizens are more involved.
10. In the past 1 year, on an average people have shopped approximately 30-40 times.
11. From the data, we can see that, people who have been shopping for more then 3-4 years are the ones who frequently shops.
12. We can observe that most of the people, abandoned their cart as they were having better alternative offers.
13. People even abandon their carts, because they do not have their preferred mode of payment.
14. So when the preferred payment mode of people who cancel their cart was analysed, it appears that they preferred

CoD, but was not available for that product, which can also imply that the customer may have some difficulty in trusting the retail store?

15. Lack of trust is also a reason for cancelling their product.
16. We can observe that, mostly agree with the fact that the product they are purchasing from the app or website, they hope to have complete information regarding the product.
17. Most of them agrees that the functioning of app efficiently is also a major factor which helps in enhance user experience while doing online shopping.
18. To some group of people, its not only how the app is working, but what benefits it arrives with the purchase.
19. SOme people just shop online just because they enjoy it.
20. Mostly because, it is convenient and flexible, people prefer online shopping.
21. From the data we can see that, data related to how the person is accessing the app or website does not matter as it has negative correlation.
22. Customer retention can be done, majorly with customer reviews and by finding out if they are satisfied with the quality of product and experience delivered to them.
23. With all the data represented above, we can observe that Amazon and Flipkart have extremely good reviews and most of the people prefer these two app.
24. Myntra is also quite famous in a smaller group of people.
25. Snap deal and Paytm is opted less comparatively.
26. People recommend Amazon and Flipkart, majorly.

- Learning Outcomes of the Study in respect of Data Science

For any given dataset, the EDA process is extremely important as well as beneficial in order to build an effective model. Visualizations helps us to analyze the data patterns, outliers, and various information of the events that occurred. It will also help in the data cleaning process. Data cleaning and manipulation is the next big step which will bring out the best in the data. While working with this dataset, initially domain knowledge was a challenge. I read more articles on the internet, understood the problem carefully and tried various ways to bring out the best method and executed this project.

- Limitations of this work and Scope for Future Work

The dataset could have had more information regarding users, regarding the purchase they made. Time could have been provided and prices could also have been mentioned. It could have helped to provide better and more detailed information regarding the customers and helped us to retain the customers.

THANK
YOU