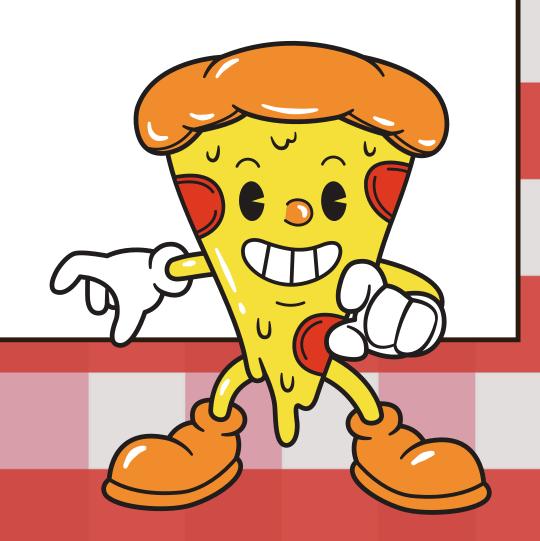
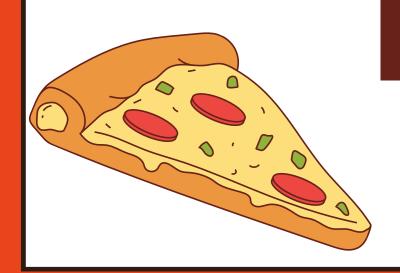
## PIZZA SALES SQL

## PROJECT



Hi, I'm Payal Dilip Lonare. In this data analysis project, I dive into the fascinating world of pizza sales using SQL queries. By exploring the data, I aim to uncover valuable insights into customer preferences, popular pizza toppings, peak sales periods, and more. Join me on this journey as we slice through the data to reveal the delicious secrets hidden within.



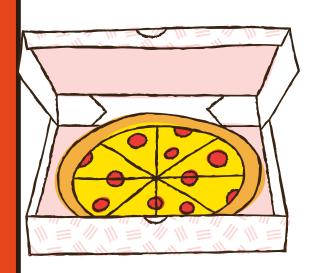
# Retrive the total number orders placed

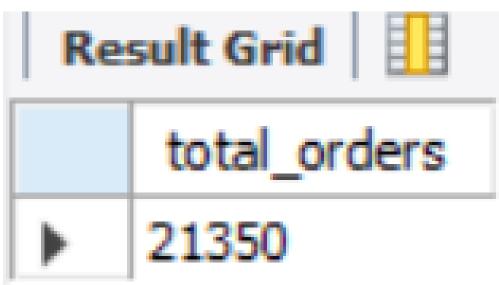
```
SELECT

COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders

FROM

orders;
```





## Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales

#### SELECT

```
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

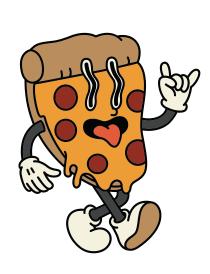
2) AS total_sales

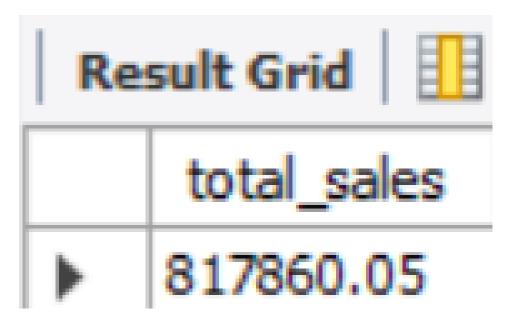
FROM

order_details

JOIN

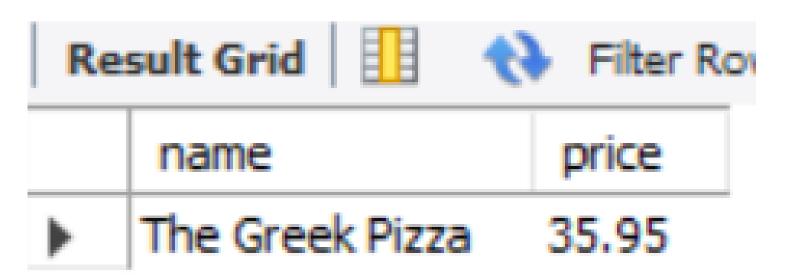
pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```





#### Identify the highest-priced pizza





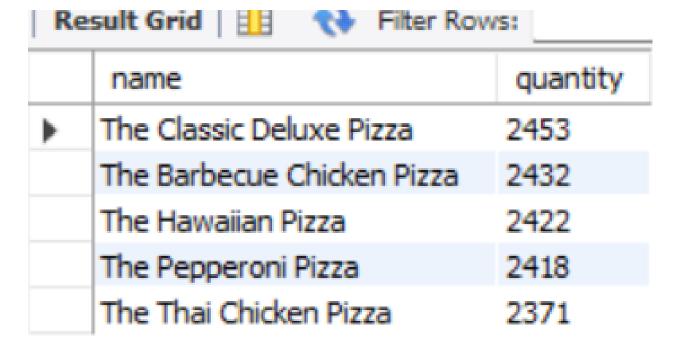
## Identify the most common pizza size ordered

Re	sult Grid	<b>1</b>
	size	order_count
•	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



## List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

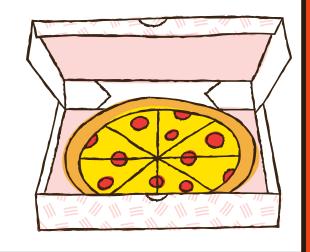
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5:
```



### Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order details.quantity) A5 quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid		
	category	quantity
•	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050



## Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```



SELECT

Result Grid		
	hour	order_count
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

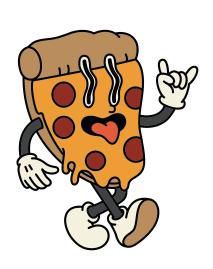
## Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

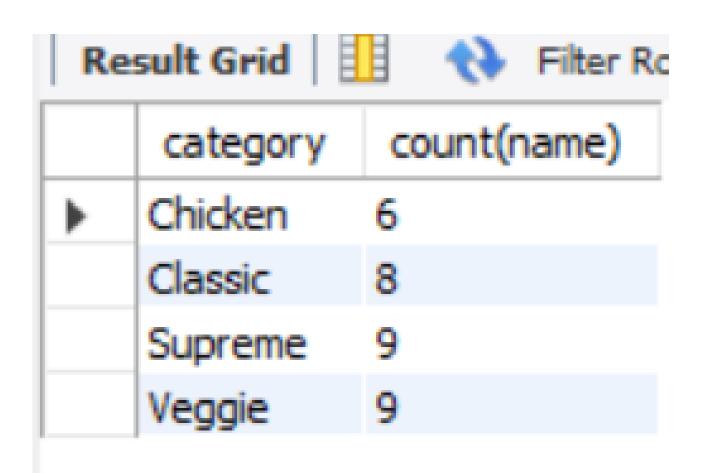
```
SELECT
```

category, COUNT(name)

FROM

pizza\_types
group by category;



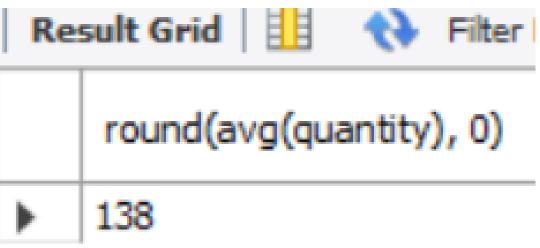


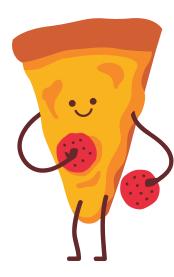
## Group the orders by data and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM

(SELECT
    orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    orders

JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```





## Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

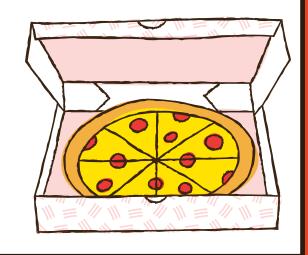


	Result Grid   🚻 💎 Filter Rows:			
		name	revenue	
Þ		The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
		The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
		The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	

#### Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select pizza types.category,
round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) / (select
round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
2) as total sales
from order_details join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,2) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid			
	category	revenue	
•	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23.96	
	Veggie	23.68	



#### Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

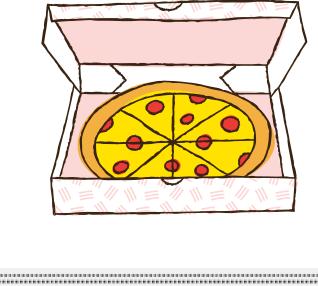
```
select order date,
sum(revenue) over(order by order date) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.order date,
sum(order details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order id = order details.order id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

····		
Re	sult Grid	♦ Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue
•	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
	2015-01-17	39001.75000000001

### Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
(select category, name, revenue,
 rank() over (partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
 from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
 sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
 from pizza_types join pizzas
 on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
 join order_details
 on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
 group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
 where rn \leq 3;
```

select name, revenue from



Result Grid			
	name	revenue	
•	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5 *	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75	
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065	
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75	
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5	

## Thank You

