# WEB230: JavaScript 1

Module 4: JavaScript and the Browser

### **URL**

 each document on the web is identified by a unique URL (Uniform Resource Locator)

```
https://www.example.com/products/widget.html
| | | protocol server path
```

#### **Protocol**

- how to get the document
- web pages use either:
  - HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol
  - HTTPS HTTP Secure same as HTTP but with TLS encryption to prevent eavesdropping
- browsers can deal with other protocols or pass off to other applications
- if missing, it will default to the same protocol as the page

#### Server

- identifies the server on the internet
- can be a name or IP address
- names are looked up using DNS to get an IP address
- if missing, it will default to the same server as the page

#### Path

- where to find the document on the server
- if it starts with a slash or the server name is given
  - absolute path to document
- if it does not start with a slash
  - o path starts in the same directory (folder) as the document

## **URL Example**

## **URL Example Continued ...**

```
widget.html
|
+-- document
```

### HTML

- HyperText Markup Language
- the first document loaded by a browser
- has references for other documents used
  - CSS
  - JavaScript
  - images
  - o links, etc.

# HTML and JavaScript

- HTML can include JavaScript code in <script> tags
- can appear anywhere in the <head> or the <body>
- by deault, will run as soon as the browser encounters the <script> tag

```
<h1>Testing alert</h1>
<script>
  alert('hello!');
</script>
```

### JavaScript in Attributes

• some attributes can contain JavaScript

```
<button onclick="alert('Boom!');">DO NOT PRESS</button>
```

- this is an old way to do it
- mixes JavaScript into HTML
- it is discouraged
- don't use it!

### Separating JavaScript

- large amounts of JavaScript clutter up the HTML
- the <script> tag can be used to import code from a separate file
- do not put the <script> tags in the external JavaScript file
- the closing </script> tag is still required

```
<h1>Testing alert</h1>
<script src="code/hello.js"></script>
```

#### **Attributes**

- src location of JavaScript file
- type script type default application/javascript
- charset character encoding default is UTF-8
- async download file in the background, run once downloaded
- defer download file in the background, run it after page is loaded

#### **Strict Mode**

- run JavaScript in a stricter mode
  - o requires better code
  - more errors, fewer bugs!
- include "use strict"; at the beginning of your file
  - can also be included at the beginning of a function, scoped only to that function

#### **Best Practice**

- the <script> tag should go in the head section
- use an external JS file
- use the defer attribute to prevent blocking
- do **not** include the type attribute (JS is default)
- never use document.write() (it doesn't work with external JavaScript files!)
- always use strict mode

#### **HTML File**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <head>
   <meta charset="utf-8" />
   <title>WEB230</title>
   <script src="script.js" defer></script>
 </head>
 <body>
   <h1>WEB230 - JavaScript</h1>
   I hate JavaScript
 </body>
</html>
```

### JavaScript File

```
'use strict';

var α = 'JavaScript is fun!';

console.log(α);

alert('ਜਾਵਾ ਸਕ੍ਰਿਪਟ ਮਜ਼ੇਦਾਰ ਹੈ!');

console.log('©');

document.querySelector('p').textContent = α;
```

### In the Sandbox

- running downloaded code is dangerous
- JavaScript runs the code in a "sandbox"
- browser prevents it from doing dangerous things
  - can't access files
  - can't access other pages in your browser
  - network access is limited

## Compatibility and the Browser Wars

- browsers compete for market
- in the early years they did this by introducing features that did not work in the competing browsers
- now they work together to try to make web pages compatible and introduce new features in a compatible way
- they compete on speed and features that do not effect page compatibility

### Reference

Most of the material presented is not from the chapter.

- EJS Chapter 13
- W3Schools the script tag
- MDN more detail on script tag

