Final Paper

An Investigation into Multi-Pivot Quicksort Algorithms

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Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Analysis	1
\mathbf{R}_{0}	deferences	2
\mathbf{A}	Quicksort Code	3
	A.1 Base Quicksort	3
	A.2 Classic Quicksort	6
	A.3 Dual Pivot Quicksort	7
	A.4 M Pivot Quicksort	
	A.5 Three Pivot Quicksort	
	A.6 Yaroslavskiy Quicksort	
В	Data Analysis Code	22

1 Introduction

Test

2 Analysis

Test

Page 1 of 40

References

Page 2 of 40

A Quicksort Code

A.1 Base Quicksort

```
__author__ = 'paymahnmoghadasian'
class BaseQuicksort():
   Base class for the quicksorts that we will implement
    def __init__(self, data, doInsertionSort = False, insertionSortThreshold=13,
        pivotSelection=1, numPivots=1):
        self.__numSwaps = 0
        self.__numComparisons = 0
        self.__data = data
        self.__doInsertionSort = doInsertionSort
        self.__insertionSortThreshold = insertionSortThreshold
        self.__pivotSelection = pivotSelection
        self.__numPivots = numPivots
    def __getPivotSelection(self):
        return self.__pivotSelection
    pivotSelection = property(__getPivotSelection)
    def __getNumPivots(self):
        return self.__numPivots
    numPivots = property(__getNumPivots)
    def __getInsertionSortThreshold(self):
        return self.__insertionSortThreshold
    insertionSortThreshold = property(__getInsertionSortThreshold)
    def __getDoInsertionSort(self):
        return self.__doInsertionSort
    doInsertionSort = property(__getDoInsertionSort)
    def getNumSwaps(self):
        return self.__numSwaps
    def setNumSwaps(self, value):
        self.__numSwaps = value
    def delNumSwaps(self):
```

```
del self.__numSwaps
numSwaps = property(getNumSwaps, setNumSwaps, delNumSwaps, "The number of
    swaps done by the sort algorithm")
def getNumComparisons(self):
    return self.__numComparisons
def setNumComparisons(self, value):
    self.__numComparisons = value
def delNumComparisons(self):
    del self.__numComparisons
numComparisons = property(getNumComparisons, setNumComparisons,
   delNumComparisons, "The number of comparisons done by the sorting
   algorithm")
def getData(self):
    return self.__data
def setData(self, value):
    self.__data = value
def delData(self):
    del self.__data
data = property(getData, setData,delData, "The data to be sorted")
def sort(self):
    raise NotImplementedError("Cannot sort on base quicksort")
def _insertionSort(self, data, lower, upper):
    Sorts self.data from [lower, upper] using insertion sort
    Lower is an inclusive bound
    Upper is an exclusive bound
    for i in xrange(lower + 1, upper):
        j = i
        while j > lower and self.lessThan(data[j], data[j-1]):
            data[j], data[j-1] = data[j-1], data[j]
            self.numSwaps += 1
            j —= 1
    return data
def lessThan(self, a, b):
```

```
determines whether a < b
    self.numComparisons += 1
    return a < b
def lessThanEqual(self, a, b):
    determines whether a \le b
    self.numComparisons += 1
    return a <= b</pre>
def greaterThan(self, a, b):
    determines whether a > b
    self.numComparisons += 1
    {\tt return} a > b
def greaterThanEqual(self, a, b):
    determines whether a >= b
    self.numComparisons += 1
    return a >= b
def equal(self, a, b):
    determines whether a == b
    self.numComparisons += 1
    return a == b
def swap(self, index1, index2):
    swaps the data/index1| and data/index2|
    self.numSwaps += 1
    self.data[index1], self.data[index2] = self.data[index2], self.data[
        index1]
```

A.2 Classic Quicksort

```
from BaseQuicksort import BaseQuicksort
__author__ = 'paymahnmoghadasian'
class ClassicQuicksort(BaseQuicksort):
    def __init__(self, data, doInsertionSort=False, insertionSortThreshold=10,
       pivotSelection=1):
        :param pivotSelection: Determines how the pivot should be chosen. 1 = 1
            st in range. 2 = last in range. 3 = median of first, middle and last
             in range.
        if pivotSelection != 1 and pivotSelection != 2 and pivotSelection != 3:
            raise ValueError("The value of the pivot selection (%d) is invalid.
                Must be 1 or 2." % self.pivotSelection)
        BaseQuicksort.__init__(self, data, doInsertionSort,
            insertionSortThreshold, pivotSelection, 1)
    def sort(self):
        self.__sort(0, len(self.data))
        return self.data
    def __sort(self, lower, upper):
        #check whether we should do an insertion sort instead of quicksort
        {\tt if} {\tt self}.{\tt doInsertionSort} and {\tt upper-lower} <= {\tt self}.{\tt insertionSortThreshold}
            self._insertionSort(self.data, lower, upper)
            return
        #base cases
        if upper - lower \leq= 1:
            return
        if upper - lower == 2:
            if self.lessThan(self.data[upper-1], self.data[lower]):
                self.swap(lower, upper-1)
            return
```

```
# recursive case
    pivot = self.__selectPivot(lower, upper)
    i = lower+1
    for j in xrange(lower+1, upper):
        if self.lessThan(self.data[j], pivot):
            self.swap(i, j)
            i += 1
   #do the recursive calls
    self.swap(lower, i-1)
    self.__sort(lower, i-1)
    self.__sort(i, upper)
def __selectPivot(self, lower, upper):
   if self.pivotSelection == 2:
        self.swap(lower, upper-1)
    elif self.pivotSelection == 3:
        middle = lower + (upper - lower) / 2
        pivots = self._insertionSort([(self.data[lower], lower), (self.data[
           middle], middle), (self.data[upper-1], upper-1)], 0, 3)
        self.swap(lower, pivots[1][1])
   return self.data[lower]
```

A.3 Dual Pivot Quicksort

```
if pivotSelection != 1 and pivotSelection != 2:
        raise ValueError("The value of the pivot selection (%d) is invalid.
            Must be 1 or 2." % pivotSelection)
    BaseQuicksort.__init__(self, data, doInsertionSort,
        insertionSortThreshold, pivotSelection, 2)
    self.__behaveOptimally = behaveOptimally
def sort(self):
    self.__sort(0, len(self.data))
def __partitionOptimally(self, largePivot, lower, smallPivot, upper):
    lowerSwap = i = lower + 1
    upperSwap = upper - 2
    smallCount = largeCount = 0 \# number of elements smaller than the small
        pivot and larger than the large pivot
    while i <= upperSwap:</pre>
        if smallCount >= largeCount:
            if self.lessThan(self.data[i], smallPivot):
                self.swap(i, lowerSwap)
                lowerSwap += 1
                smallCount += 1
            elif self.greaterThan(self.data[i], largePivot):
                #don't want to swap stuff that's bigger than the largePivot
                while i < upperSwap and self.greaterThan(self.data[upperSwap</pre>
                    ], largePivot):
                    upperSwap -= 1
                self.swap(i, upperSwap)
                upperSwap -= 1
                largeCount += 1
                if self.lessThan(self.data[i], smallPivot):
                    self.swap(i, lowerSwap)
                    lowerSwap += 1
                    smallCount += 1
        else:
            if self.greaterThan(self.data[i], largePivot):
                #don't want to swap stuff that's bigger than the largePivot
```

```
while i < upperSwap  and self.greaterThan(self.data[upperSwap])
                    ], largePivot):
                    upperSwap -= 1
                self.swap(i, upperSwap)
                upperSwap -= 1
                largeCount += 1
                if self.lessThan(self.data[i], smallPivot):
                    self.swap(i, lowerSwap)
                    lowerSwap += 1
                    smallCount += 1
            elif self.lessThan(self.data[i], smallPivot):
                self.swap(i, lowerSwap)
                lowerSwap += 1
                smallCount += 1
        i += 1
    return lowerSwap, upperSwap
def __partition(self, largePivot, lower, smallPivot, upper):
    lowerSwap = i = lower + 1
    upperSwap = upper - 2
    if self.__behaveOptimally:
        lowerSwap, upperSwap = self._partitionOptimally(largePivot, lower,
            smallPivot, upper)
    else:
        while i <= upperSwap:</pre>
            if self.lessThan(self.data[i], smallPivot):
                self.swap(i, lowerSwap)
                lowerSwap += 1
            elif self.greaterThan(self.data[i], largePivot):
                #don't want to swap stuff that's bigger than the largePivot
                while i < upperSwap and self.greaterThan(self.data[upperSwap</pre>
                    ], largePivot):
                    upperSwap -= 1
                self.swap(i, upperSwap)
```

```
upperSwap -= 1
                if self.lessThan(self.data[i], smallPivot):
                    self.swap(i, lowerSwap)
                    lowerSwap += 1
            i += 1
    return lowerSwap, upperSwap
def __sort(self, lower, upper):
   #check whether we should do an insertion sort instead of quicksort
    if self.doInsertionSort and upper - lower <= self.insertionSortThreshold</pre>
        self._insertionSort(self.data, lower, upper)
        return
   #base cases
    if upper - lower \leq= 1:
        return
    if upper - lower == 2:
        if self.lessThan(self.data[upper-1], self.data[lower]):
            self.swap(lower, upper-1)
        return
   # select the pivots. If they're the same, this section is sorted
    smallPivot, largePivot = self.__selectPivots(lower, upper)
   \# if self.equal(smallPivot, largePivot):
          return
    lowerSwap, upperSwap = self.__partition(largePivot, lower, smallPivot,
       upper)
    self.swap(lower, lowerSwap -1)
    self.swap(upper - 1, upperSwap + 1)
    self.__sort(lower, lowerSwap-1)
    self.__sort(lowerSwap, upperSwap+1)
    self.__sort(upperSwap+2, upper)
def __selectPivots(self, lower, upper):
```

```
Default pivot selection quarantees that if the pivots can be different,
    they will be
Tertiles does NOT make this quarantee
# to do tertiles pivot selection, the range must be big enough
if upper - lower >= 5 and self.pivotSelection == 2:
    middle = lower + (upper - lower) / 2
    left = lower + (middle - lower) / 2
    right = middle + (upper - middle) / 2
    #sort the potential pivot values and keep track of their index
    pivots = [(self.data[lower], lower), (self.data[left], left), (self.
        data[middle], middle),
              (self.data[right], right), (self.data[upper - 1], upper -
    pivots = self._insertionSort(pivots, 0, len(pivots))
    #put the desired pivots at the beginning and end of the range
    self.swap(lower, pivots[1][1])
    if self.equal(lower, pivots[3][1]):
        self.swap(upper - 1, pivots[1][1])
    else:
        self.swap(upper -1, pivots[3][1])
else:
    i = lower
    while self.equal(self.data[i], self.data[upper-1]) and i < upper:</pre>
        i += 1
    self.swap(i, lower)
    if self.lessThan(self.data[upper - 1], self.data[lower]):
        self.swap(lower, upper - 1)
return self.data[lower], self.data[upper - 1]
```

A.4 M Pivot Quicksort

```
_{-}author_{-} = 'paymahn'
```

```
from BaseQuicksort import BaseQuicksort
class MPivotQuicksort(BaseQuicksort):
    INSERTION_SORT_THRESHOLD = 13
    def __init__(self, data, numPivots, minHeapOptimization=False):
        if numPivots <= 0 or (data is not None and 2*numPivots > len(data) and
            2*numPivots > MPivotQuicksort.INSERTION_SORT_THRESHOLD):
            raise ValueError("Invalid value for the number of pivots. Must be
                greater than 0 and less than half the length of the data to be
                sorted")
        BaseQuicksort.__init__(self, data, True, MPivotQuicksort.
            INSERTION_SORT_THRESHOLD, 1, numPivots)
        self.__minHeapOptimization = minHeapOptimization
    def sort(self):
        self._sort(0, len(self.data) - 1)
    def __minHeapify(self, first, last):
        ,,,
        make self. data[first] to self. data[last] satisfy the min heap property
        :param first: inclusive lower bound on what part of the data should be
            heapified
        :param last: inclusive upper bound on what part of the data should be
            heapified
        diff = last - first + 1
        offset = first
        for i in range(diff):
            leftChildIndex = 2 * i + 1
            rightChildIndex = 2 * i + 2
            hasLeftChild = leftChildIndex < diff</pre>
            hasRightChild = rightChildIndex < diff
            if not hasLeftChild:
```

```
# curernt element has no "children". No further elements will
                either
            break
        minChildIndex = leftChildIndex
        if hasRightChild and self.lessThan(self.data[rightChildIndex +
            offset], self.data[leftChildIndex + offset]):
            minChildIndex = rightChildIndex
        if self.greaterThan(self.data[i + offset], self.data[minChildIndex +
            self.swap(i + offset, minChildIndex + offset)
def __sort(self, first, last):
    if first >= last or first < 0:</pre>
        return
    if last - first < MPivotQuicksort.INSERTION_SORT_THRESHOLD:</pre>
        self._insertionSort(self.data, first, last + 1)
        return
    if self.__minHeapOptimization:
        self.__minHeapify(first, last)
    pivots = self.__choosePivots(first, last)
    pivots = self._insertionSort(pivots, 0, len(pivots))
    self._insertionSort(self.data, pivots[0]-1, last + 1)
    nextStart = first
    for i, currPivot in enumerate(pivots):
        nextGreater = nextStart
        nextGreater = self.__partition(nextStart, nextGreater, currPivot)
        self.swap(nextGreater, currPivot)
        pivots[i] = nextGreater
        self.swap(nextGreater + 1, currPivot + 1)
        if self.equal(nextStart, first) and self.greaterThan(pivots[i],
           nextStart + 1):
```

```
self.__sort(nextStart, pivots[i] - 1)
        if not self.equal(nextStart, first) and self.greaterThan(pivots[i],
            pivots[i-1] + 2):
            self.__sort(pivots[i-1]+1, pivots[i]+1)
        nextStart = nextGreater + 2
    if self.greaterThan(last, pivots[-1] + 1):
        self.__sort(pivots[-1]+1, last)
def __choosePivots(self, first, last):
    pivots = range(self.numPivots)
    size = last - first + 1
    segments = self.numPivots + 1
    candidate = size / segments - 1
    next = 2
    if candidate >= 2:
        next = candidate + 1
    candidate += first
    for i in range(self.numPivots):
        pivots[i] = candidate
        candidate += next
    for i in reversed(range(self.numPivots)):
        self.swap(pivots[i]+1, last)
        last —= 1
        self.swap(pivots[i], last)
        pivots[i] = last
        last —= 1
    return pivots
def __partition(self, nextStart, nextGreater, curPivot):
    for curUnknown in range(nextStart, curPivot):
        if self.lessThan(self.data[curUnknown], self.data[curPivot]):
            self.swap(curUnknown, nextGreater)
```

```
nextGreater += 1
return nextGreater
```

A.5 Three Pivot Quicksort

```
__author__ = 'paymahn'
from BaseQuicksort import BaseQuicksort
class ThreePivotQuicksort(BaseQuicksort):
    def __init__(self, data, insertionSortThreshold=13):
        BaseQuicksort.__init__(self, data, True, insertionSortThreshold, 1, 3)
    def sort(self):
        self.__sort(0, len(self.data)-1)
    def __sort(self, left, right):
        if self.doInsertionSort and right - left < self.insertionSortThreshold:
            self.data = self._insertionSort(self.data, left, right+1)
            return
        smallPivot, middlePivot, largePivot = self.__selectPivots(left, right)
        a,b,c,d = self.__partition(smallPivot, middlePivot, largePivot, left,
           right)
        self.__sort(left, a-1)
        self.__sort(a+1, b-1)
        self._-sort(b+1, d-1)
        self.__sort(d+1,right)
    def __partition(self, smallPivot, middlePivot, largePivot, left, right):
        a = b = left + 2
        c = d = right - 1
        while self.lessThanEqual(b,c):
            while self.lessThan(self.data[b], middlePivot) and self.
                lessThanEqual(b, c):
```

```
if self.lessThan(self.data[b], smallPivot):
            self.swap(a,b)
            a += 1
        b += 1
    while self.greaterThan(self.data[c], middlePivot) and self.
        lessThanEqual(b,c):
        if self.greaterThan(self.data[c], largePivot):
            self.swap(c,d)
            d —= 1
        c —= 1
    if self.lessThanEqual(b, c):
        if self.greaterThan(self.data[b], largePivot):
            if self.lessThan(self.data[c], smallPivot):
                self.swap(b,a)
                self.swap(a,c)
                a += 1
            else:
                self.swap(b,c)
            self.swap(c,d)
            b += 1
            c -= 1
            d —= 1
        else:
            if self.lessThan(self.data[c], smallPivot):
                self.swap(b,a)
                self.swap(a,c)
                a += 1
            else:
                self.swap(b,c)
            b += 1
            c —= 1
a —= 1
b —= 1
c += 1
d += 1
self.swap(left + 1, a)
self.swap(a,b)
a —= 1
self.swap(left, a)
self.swap(right,d)
```

```
return a,b,c,d
def __movePivots(self, pivots, lower, upper):
    both bounds are inclusive
    moves pivots[0] to lower, pivots[1] to lower + 1 and pivots[2] to upper
    pivotIndices = [pivot[1] for pivot in pivots]
    currPivot = pivotIndices[0]
    self.swap(lower, currPivot)
   # if one the remaining pivots was previously located at lower, it's now
       located at currPivot
    pivotIndices = [currPivot if index == lower else index for index in
       pivotIndices[1:]]
    currPivot = pivotIndices[0]
    self.swap(lower + 1, currPivot)
   # if one the remaining pivots was previously located at lower+1, it's
       now located at currPivot
    pivotIndices = [currPivot if index == lower+1 else index for index in
       pivotIndices[1:]]
    currPivot = pivotIndices[0]
    self.swap(currPivot, upper)
def __selectPivots(self, lower, upper):
    returns the indices of the 3 pivots we want to choose
    diff = upper - lower
    jump = diff / 6
    if jump < 1:
        raise ValueError("Cannot select pivots on a range less than 7 values
            wide")
```

```
if diff % 6 != 0:
    upper —= diff % 6

potentialPivots = []

for i in range(lower, upper+1, jump):
    potentialPivots.append((self.data[i], i))

if len(potentialPivots) != 7:
    raise RuntimeError("Shit broke. We expected 7 potential pivots")

potentialPivots = self._insertionSort(potentialPivots, 0, 7)

pivots = [potentialPivots[1], potentialPivots[3], potentialPivots[5]]
self._movePivots(pivots, lower, upper + diff % 6) # + diff % 6 because we subtract that about 10 lines higher
```

return [pivot[0] for pivot in pivots] #return the actual pivot values

A.6 Yaroslavskiy Quicksort

```
Note that the upper bound here is INCLUSIVE
unlike other sort implementations
len = right - left
if len < YaroslavskiyQuicksort.INSERTION_SORT_THRESHOLD:</pre>
    self._insertionSort(self.data, left, right + 1) #plust 1 because
       insertion sort has an exclusive upper bound
    return
sixth = len / 6
m1 = left + sixth
m2 = m1 + sixth
m3 = m2 + sixth
m4 = m3 + sixth
m5 = m4 + sixth
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m1], self.data[m2]):
    self.swap(m1,m2)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m4], self.data[m5]):
    self.swap(m4,m5)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m1], self.data[m3]):
    self.swap(m1,m3)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m2], self.data[m3]):
    self.swap(m2,m3)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m1], self.data[m4]):
    self.swap(m1,m4)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m3], self.data[m4]):
    self.swap(m3,m4)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m2], self.data[m5]):
    self.swap(m2,m5)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m2], self.data[m3]):
    self.swap(m2,m3)
if self.greaterThan(self.data[m4], self.data[m5]):
    self.swap(m4,m5)
self.swap(m2, left)
self.swap(m4, right)
pivot1 = self.data[left]
pivot2 = self.data[right]
```

```
diffPivots = pivot1 != pivot2
less = left + 1
great = right - 1
if diffPivots:
    k = less
    while k <= great:</pre>
        x = self.data[k]
        if self.lessThan(x, pivot1):
            self.swap(k, less)
            less += 1
        elif self.greaterThan(x, pivot2):
            while self.greaterThan(self.data[great], pivot2) and k <</pre>
                great:
                great —= 1
            self.swap(k, great)
            great —= 1
            x = self.data[k]
            if self.lessThan(x, pivot1):
                 self.swap(k, less)
                less += 1
        k += 1
else:
    k = less
    while k \le great:
        x = self.data[k]
        if self.equal(x, pivot1):
            continue
        if self.lessThan(x, pivot1):
            self.swap(k, less)
            less += 1
        elif self.greaterThan(x, pivot2):
            while self.greaterThan(self.data[great], pivot2) and k <
                great:
```

```
great —= 1
             self.swap(k, great)
             great —= 1
             x = self.data[k]
             if self.lessThan(x, pivot1):
                  self.swap(k, less)
                  less += 1
         k += 1
\# swap
self.swap(left, less -1)
self.swap(right, great + 1)
#recursive calls
self.__sort(left, less - 2)
self.__sort(great + 2, right)
\textbf{if} \ \texttt{great-less} > \texttt{len-YaroslavskiyQuicksort.DIST\_SIZE} \ \textbf{and} \ \texttt{diffPivots:}
    k = less
    while k \le great:
         x = self.data[k]
         if self.equal(x, pivot1):
             self.swap(k, less)
             less += 1
         elif self.equal(x, pivot2):
             self.swap(k, great)
             great —= 1
             x = self.data[k]
             if self.equal(x, pivot1):
                  self.swap(k, less)
                 less += 1
         k += 1
if diffPivots:
    self.__sort(less, great)
```

B Data Analysis Code

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from scipy.optimize import curve_fit
fileName = 'alldata.csv'
dataAbsPath = '../quicksorts/' + fileName
DEBUG = False
def getData(filePath):
    flink = open(filePath,'r')
    data = \{\}
    header = "Name, Length, Median Selection, Num Pivots, Used Insertion Sort,
        Insertion Sort Threshold, Time, Comparisons, Swaps\n"
    isFirst = True
    for line in flink:
        if line not in header and len(line) > 0 and line!=header:
            isNoError = True
            temp = line.strip().split(',')
            name = temp[0]
            try:
                length = int(temp[1])
            except:
                print "Error:",temp[1]
                isNoError = False
            try:
                medianSelection = int(temp[2])
            except:
                print "Error:",temp[2]
```

```
isNoError = False
try:
    numPivots = int(temp[3])
except:
    print "Error:",temp[3]
    isNoError = False
try:
    usedInsertionSort = bool(temp[4])
except:
    print "Error:",temp[4]
    isNoError = False
try:
    insertionSortThreshold = int(temp[5]) \# will \ not \ use
except:
    print "Error:",temp[5]
    isNoError = False
try:
    time = float(temp[6])
except:
    print "Error:",temp[6]
    isNoError = False
try:
    comparisons = int(temp[7])
except:
    print "Error:",temp[7]
    isNoError = False
try:
    swaps = int(temp[8])
except:
    print "Error:",temp[8]
    isNoError = False
if isNoError:
    label = ( name, medianSelection, numPivots, usedInsertionSort)
    if label in data :
```

```
sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
                else:
                    sizeList = []
                    timeList = []
                    compList = []
                    swapList = []
                sizeList.append(length)
                timeList.append(time)
                compList.append(comparisons)
                swapList.append(swaps)
                data[label] = sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList
    for label in data.keys() :
        sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
        tempList = zip(sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList)
        tempList.sort()
        sizeList = [ item[0] for item in tempList]
        timeList = [ item[1] for item in tempList]
        compList = [ item[2] for item in tempList]
        swapList = [ item[3] for item in tempList]
        sizeList = np.array(sizeList, dtype = np.int64)
        timeList = np.array(timeList, dtype = np.float64)
        compList = np.array(compList, dtype = np.int64)
        swapList = np.array(swapList, dtype = np.int64)
        data[label] = sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList
   return averageData(data)
def averageData(data):
    ,,,
    This function will take in the data dictionary and average all the data
    points with the same size value
    ,,,
```

```
for label in data.keys() :
        sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
        sizeListTemp = []
        timeListTemp = []
        compListTemp = []
        swapListTemp = []
        for size in np.nditer(sizeList):
            if size not in sizeListTemp:
                sizeListTemp.append(size)
                indexArray = size == sizeList
                numValues = len(indexArray) * 1.0
               # The averages
                timeTemp = np.sum(timeList[ indexArray ])/numValues
                compTemp = np.sum(compList[ indexArray ])/numValues
                swapTemp = np.sum(swapList[ indexArray ])/numValues
                timeListTemp.append(timeTemp)
                compListTemp.append(compTemp)
                swapListTemp.append(swapTemp)
        sizeList = np.array(sizeListTemp,dtype = np.int64)
        timeList = np.array(timeListTemp,dtype = np.float128)
        compList = np.array(compListTemp,dtype = np.int64)
        swapList = np.array(swapListTemp,dtype = np.int64)
        data[label] = sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList
   return data
def markerGenerator(index,withSymbol= True, withColor = True):
    ,,,
    This function was created so that we can generate lines
    with varying symbols and colors without creating them by
   hand.
    ,,,
```

colors = 'rbgmcky'
numColors = len(colors)
markers = 'ox^spdv\square'

```
numMarkers = len(markers)
    return withSymbol*markers[index%numMarkers]+withColor*colors[index%numColors
def convertLabelToStr(label):
    name, medianSelection, numPivots, usedInsertionSort = label
    return "%s - %s - %s" %(name, medianSelection, numPivots)
def plotData(data, plotTime = False,
                    plotComp = True,
                    plotSwap = True,
                    goodFunction = lambda x:True ,
                    badFunction = lambda x:False,
                    makeLegend = True,
                    legendSize = 10,
                    plotTitle = None,
                    fontsize = 12,
                    plotter = plt.plot,
                    connectDataPoints = False,
                    xlim = None,
                    specialFlag = False) :
    Plot data will take the data dictionary and create plots according to the
       key word argunments.
    Note that labels are defined as follows (name, median Selection, num Pivots,
        usedInsertionSort)
    :param data: the dictionary that contains data to be plotted
    :param plotTime: boolean to control if the size vs time plots will actually
        be rendered
    :param plotComp: boolean to control if the size vs comparisons plots will
        actually be rendered
    :param plotSwap: boolean to control if the size vs swaps plots will actually
         be rendered
    :param goodFunction: a function that will take in the label tuple and
       determine if it will plot that label
```

```
:param badFunction: a function that will take in the label tuple and
   determine if it will not plot that label
:param makeLegend: boolean to control if the legend should be rendered
:param legendSize: size of the legend
:param plotTitle: string of title of the plot. Will be placed on the top of
    the figure.
:param fontsize: The font size of the title of the figure
:param plotter: function that will plot the data ( plt.plot, plt.semilogx,
   plt.semilogy, plt.loglog)
:param connectDataPoints: boolean to control if the data points will be
   connected with a solid line
,,,
keyList = list(data.keys())
keyList.sort()
#print keyList
if plotTime :
    timeFigure = plt.figure()
if plotComp :
    compFigure = plt.figure()
if plotSwap :
    swapFigure = plt.figure()
if xlim and xlim[0] > xlim[1]:
    xlim[1], xlim[0] = xlim[0], xlim[1]
for count,label in enumerate(keyList):
    marker = connectDataPoints*'-' + markerGenerator(count)
    if goodFunction(label) and not badFunction(label) :
        sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
        if specialFlag :
            timeList = timeList/( sizeList*np.log2(sizeList) )
            compList = compList/( sizeList*np.log2(sizeList) )
            swapList = swapList/( sizeList*np.log2(sizeList) )
            sizeList = np.log2(sizeList)
```

```
if plotTime :
            plt.figure(timeFigure.number)
            plotter(sizeList,timeList,marker,label=convertLabelToStr(label))
        if plotComp :
            plt.figure(compFigure.number)
            plotter(sizeList,compList,marker,label=convertLabelToStr(label))
        if plotSwap :
            plt.figure(swapFigure.number)
            plotter(sizeList,swapList,marker,label=convertLabelToStr(label))
        if DEBUG:
            index = ( xlim[0] <= sizeList) * (sizeList <= xlim[1] )</pre>
            print ""
            print convertLabelToStr(label)
            print sizeList[index]
            print compList[index]
            print swapList[index]
returnList = []
legendProp = {'size':legendSize}
if xlim:
    timeYLim,compYLim,swapYLim = extractYLim(data, goodFunction, badFunction
        , xlim)
if plotTime :
    returnList.append(timeFigure)
    plt.figure(timeFigure.number)
    plt.xlabel('Size')
    plt.ylabel('Time')
    if makeLegend :
        plt.legend(loc = "upper left",prop = legendProp)
    if plotTitle:
        plt.title(plotTitle + ' (Time)',fontsize = fontsize)
    if xlim:
        plt.xlim(xlim[0],xlim[1])
        plt.ylim(timeYLim[0],timeYLim[1])
```

```
if plotComp :
    returnList.append(compFigure)
    plt.figure(compFigure.number)
    plt.xlabel('Size')
    plt.ylabel('Comparisons')
    if makeLegend :
        plt.legend(loc = "upper left",prop = legendProp)
    if plotTitle:
        plt.title(plotTitle + ' (Comparisons)',fontsize = fontsize)
    if xlim:
        plt.xlim(xlim[0],xlim[1])
        plt.ylim(compYLim[0],compYLim[1])
if plotSwap:
    returnList.append(swapFigure)
    plt.figure(swapFigure.number)
    plt.xlabel('Size')
    plt.ylabel('Swaps')
    if makeLegend :
        plt.legend(loc = "upper left",prop = legendProp)
    if plotTitle:
        plt.title(plotTitle + ' (Swaps)',fontsize = fontsize)
    if xlim:
        plt.xlim(xlim[0],xlim[1])
        plt.ylim(swapYLim[0],swapYLim[1])
if specialFlag and plotTime:
    plt.figure(timeFigure.number)
    plt.xlabel('log(Size)')
    plt.ylabel('Time / (Size log(Size) )')
if specialFlag and plotComp:
    plt.figure(compFigure.number)
    plt.xlabel('log(Size)')
    plt.ylabel('Comparisons / (Size log(Size) )')
```

```
if specialFlag and plotSwap:
        plt.figure(swapFigure.number)
        plt.xlabel('log(Size)')
        plt.ylabel('Swaps / (Size log(Size) )')
   return tuple(returnList)
def plotPolynomialFit(data,fitParameters,figureList,
                    plotComp = True,
                    plotSwap = True,
                    goodFunction = lambda x:True ,
                    badFunction = lambda x:False,
                    makeLegend = True,
                    legendSize = 10,
                    plotter = plt.plot,
                    xlim = None,
                    linewidth = 1.5,
                    numPoints = 10**3,
                    specialFlag = False) :
    keyList = list(data.keys())
    keyList.sort()
   #print keyList
    count = 0
    if plotComp :
        compFigure = figureList[count]
        count+=1
    if plotSwap :
        swapFigure = figureList[count]
        count+=1
   if xlim and xlim[0] > xlim[1]:
        xlim[1], xlim[0] = xlim[0], xlim[1]
    for count,label in enumerate(keyList):
        if count < 7:
            marker = '---' + markerGenerator(count, withSymbol=False)
        else:
            marker = '-' + markerGenerator(count, withSymbol=False)
```

```
if goodFunction(label) and not badFunction(label) :
    sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
    compCoef,compCov,swapCoef,swapCov = fitParameters[label]
   if xlim :
        xMin = min( min(sizeList),xlim[0])
        xMax = max( max(sizeList),xlim[1])
    else :
       xMin = min(sizeList)
        xMax = max(sizeList)
   xVals = np.linspace(xMin,xMax,numPoints)
    if plotComp :
        compFitFunc = lambda xx:fitFunction(xx,*tuple(compCoef))
        if specialFlag :
           # Plot something special
            yVals = compFitFunc(xVals) / ( xVals * np.log2(xVals) )
            xVals = np.log2(xVals)
        else:
            yVals = compFitFunc(xVals)
        plt.figure(compFigure.number)
        plotter(xVals,yVals,marker,label=convertLabelToStr(label)+" Fit"
            ,linewidth = linewidth)
    if plotSwap :
        swapFitFunc = lambda xx:fitFunction(xx,*tuple(swapCoef))
        if specialFlag :
           # Plot something special
            yVals = swapFitFunc(xVals) / ( xVals * np.log2(xVals) )
            xVals = np.log2(xVals)
            print yVals
        else:
            yVals = swapFitFunc(xVals)
        plt.figure(swapFigure.number)
        plotter(xVals,yVals,marker,label=convertLabelToStr(label)+" Fit"
            ,linewidth = linewidth)
```

```
legendProp = {'size':legendSize}
   if xlim:
        timeYLim,compYLim,swapYLim = extractYLim(data, goodFunction, badFunction
            , xlim)
    if plotComp and makeLegend:
        plt.figure(compFigure.number)
        plt.legend(loc = "upper left",prop = legendProp)
   if plotSwap and xlim:
        plt.xlim(xlim[0],xlim[1])
        plt.ylim(compYLim[0],compYLim[1])
   if plotSwap and makeLegend:
        plt.figure(swapFigure.number)
        plt.legend(loc = "upper left",prop = legendProp)
   if plotSwap and xlim:
        plt.xlim(xlim[0],xlim[1])
        plt.ylim(swapYLim[0],swapYLim[1])
def extractYLim(data,goodFunction,badFunction,xlim):
    keyList = list(data.keys())
   keyList.sort()
   if xlim[0] > xlim[1]:
        xlim[1], xlim[0] = xlim[0], xlim[1]
   yMinTime = None
   yMaxTime = -1
   yMinComp = None
   yMaxComp = -1
   yMinSwap = None
   yMaxSwap = -1
    for label in keyList:
        if goodFunction(label) and not badFunction(label) :
```

```
sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
        sizeIndex = (xlim[0] <= sizeList) * ( sizeList <= xlim[1] )</pre>
        yMinTimeTemp = np.min(timeList[sizeIndex])
        yMaxTimeTemp = np.max(timeList[sizeIndex])
        yMinCompTemp = np.min(compList[sizeIndex])
        yMaxCompTemp = np.max(compList[sizeIndex])
        yMinSwapTemp = np.min(swapList[sizeIndex])
        yMaxSwapTemp = np.max(swapList[sizeIndex])
        if not bool(yMinTime) or yMinTime > yMinTimeTemp:
            yMinTime = yMinTimeTemp
        if yMaxTime < yMaxTimeTemp:</pre>
            yMaxTime = yMaxTimeTemp
        if not bool(yMinComp) or yMinComp > yMinCompTemp:
            yMinComp = yMinCompTemp
        if yMaxComp < yMaxCompTemp:</pre>
            yMaxComp = yMaxCompTemp
        if not bool(yMinSwap) or yMinSwap > yMinSwapTemp:
            yMinSwap = yMinSwapTemp
        if yMaxSwap yMaxSwapTemp:
            yMaxSwap = yMaxSwapTemp
if not bool(yMinTime):
    yMinTime = 0
if not bool(yMinComp):
    yMinComp = 0
if not bool(yMinSwap):
    yMinSwap = 0
return [yMinTime,yMaxTime],[yMinComp,yMaxComp],[yMinSwap,yMaxSwap]
```

```
def calcLeastSquaresOnData(data):
   We want to fit the data to:
        y = A x \log(x) + B x + C \log(x)
   We use a non-linear curve fitter.
    Other considerations:
   Method 2:
        y = A \times log(x) + B
        So we make a transformation so that:
            X = x \log(x) = x \ln(x)/\ln(2)
            Y = y
   Method 3:
        y = A \times log(x) + Bx = x (A log(x) + B)
        So we make a transformation so that:
            X = log(x) = ln(x)/ln(2)
            Y = y/x
   Method 3:
        y = A \times log(x) + Blog(x) = log(x) (A \times + B)
        So we make a transformation so that:
            X = x
            Y = y/log(x)
   keyList = list(data.keys())
   keyList.sort()
    fitParameters = \{\}
    for label in keyList :
        sizeList,timeList,compList,swapList = data[label]
        sizeList = np.array(sizeList, dtype = np.float64)
        timeList = np.array(timeList, dtype = np.float64)
```

```
compList = np.array(compList, dtype = np.float64)
    swapList = np.array(swapList, dtype = np.float64)
    compCoef,compCov = curve_fit(fitFunction, sizeList, compList)
    swapCoef,swapCov = curve_fit(fitFunction, sizeList, swapList)
    fitParameters[label] = compCoef,compCov,swapCoef,swapCov
printSpecifier = "%40s | %9.5f +-%9.5f | %9.5f +-%9.5f | %10.5f +- %9.5f "
\# xxxCov = The \ estimated \ covariance \ of \ optimal \ values.
             The diagonals provide the variance of the parameter estimate.
# http://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/50830/can-i-convert-a-covariance-
   matrix\!-\!into\!-\!uncertainties\!-\!for\!-\!variables
print ""
print "COMPARISON COEFFICIENTS"
for label in keyList :
    compCoef,compCov,swapCoef,swapCov = fitParameters[label]
    compCov[compCov>=0] = np.sqrt(compCov[compCov>=0])
    print printSpecifier%(convertLabelToStr(label),compCoef[0],compCov[0,0],
        compCoef[1],compCov[1,1],compCoef[2],compCov[2,2])
    compCov[compCov>=0] *= compCov[compCov>=0]
print ""
print "SWAP COEFFICIENTS"
for label in keyList :
    compCoef,compCov,swapCoef,swapCov = fitParameters[label]
    swapCov[swapCov>=0] = np.sqrt(swapCov[swapCov>=0])
    print printSpecifier%(convertLabelToStr(label),swapCoef[0],swapCov[0,0],
        swapCoef[1], swapCov[1,1], swapCoef[2], swapCov[2,2])
    swapCov[swapCov>=0] *= swapCov[swapCov>=0]
return fitParameters
```

```
def fitFunction(xx,AA,BB,CC):
    return AA*xx*np.log2(xx)+BB*xx+CC*np.log2(xx)
def saveFigure(figure, fileName, fileExtention = '.png',dpi = 600):
    fullFileName = fileName + fileExtention
    plt.figure(figure.number)
    plt.savefig(fullFileName,
                                = dpi,
                    dpi
                    facecolor = 'w',
                    edgecolor = 'w',
                    orientation = 'portrait',
                    papertype = None,
                    format
                              = None,
                    transparent = True,
                    bbox_inches = None,
                    pad_inches = 0.15,
                    frameon
                               = None)
def plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters,
                    plotComp = True,
                    plotSwap = True,
                    goodFunction = lambda x:True ,
                    badFunction = lambda x:False,
                    makeLegend = True,
                    legendSize = 10,
                    plotTitle = None,
                    fontsize = 12,
                    plotter = plt.plot,
                    xlim = None,
                    connectDataPoints = False,
                    linewidth = 1.5,
                    numPoints = 10**3,
                    savePlot = False,
                    dpi = 600,
                    specialFlag = False) :
    figureList = plotData(data,
                    plotComp = plotComp,
                    plotSwap = plotSwap,
                    goodFunction = goodFunction ,
                    badFunction = badFunction,
                    makeLegend = makeLegend,
```

```
legendSize = legendSize,
                    plotTitle = plotTitle,
                    xlim = xlim,
                    fontsize = fontsize,
                    plotter = plotter,
                    connectDataPoints = connectDataPoints,
                    specialFlag = specialFlag)
    if not connectDataPoints :
        plotPolynomialFit(data, fitParameters, figureList,
                        plotComp = plotComp,
                        plotSwap = plotSwap,
                        goodFunction = goodFunction ,
                        badFunction = badFunction,
                        makeLegend = makeLegend,
                        legendSize = legendSize,
                        plotter = plotter,
                        xlim = xlim,
                        linewidth = linewidth,
                        numPoints = numPoints,
                        specialFlag = specialFlag)
    if savePlot :
        fileName = "".join(plotTitle.split() )
        compFigure,swapFigure = figureList
        saveFigure(compFigure,fileName+"_comp",fileExtention = '.png',dpi = dpi)
        saveFigure(swapFigure, fileName+"_swap", fileExtention = '.png',dpi = dpi)
    return figureList
def main():
    # Note that labels are defined as follows
   # (name, medianSelection, numPivots, usedInsertionSort)
    # List of all labels as of April 4
   # ('ClassicQuicksort', 1, 1, True)
   # ('ClassicQuicksort', 2, 1, True)
    # ('Classic Quicksort', 3, 1, True)
   # ('DualPivotQuicksort', 1, 2, True)
   # ('DualPivotQuicksort', 2, 2, True)
   # ('HeapOptimizedMPivotQuicksort', 1, 3, True)
```

```
# ('HeapOptimizedMPivotQuicksort', 1, 4, True)
# ('HeapOptimizedMPivotQuicksort', 1, 5, True)
# ('HeapOptimizedMPivotQuicksort', 1, 6, True)
# ('MPivotQuicksort', 1, 3, True)
# ('MPivotQuicksort', 1, 4, True)
# ('MPivotQuicksort', 1, 5, True)
# ('MPivotQuicksort', 1, 6, True)
# ('OptimalDualPivotQuicksort', 1, 2, True)
# ('OptimalDualPivotQuicksort', 2, 2, True)
# ('ThreePivotQuicksort', 1, 3, True)
# ('YaroslavskiyQuicksort', 1, 2, True)
                                 = lambda x: x[0] == 'ClassicQuicksort'
classicQuickSortOnly
dualPivotQuicksortOnly
                                 = lambda x: x[0] == 'DualPivotQuicksort'
heapOptimizedMPivotQuicksortOnly = lambda x: x[0] == '
    HeapOptimizedMPivotQuicksort'
mPivotQuicksortOnly
                                 = lambda x: x[0] == 'MPivotQuicksort'
optimalDualPivotQuicksortOnly = lambda x: x[0] == '
    OptimalDualPivotQuicksort'
threePivotQuicksortOnly
                                = lambda x: x[0] == 'ThreePivotQuicksort'
yaroslavskiyQuicksortOnly
                                = lambda x: x[0] == 'YaroslavskiyQuicksort'
onePivot = lambda x: x[2] == 1
twoPivot = lambda x: x[2] == 2
threePivot = lambda x: x[2] == 3
usedInsertionSort = lambda x: x[3]
mPivotQuicksortOnly3 = lambda x : mPivotQuicksortOnly(x) and threePivot(x)
customPlot = lambda x: classicQuickSortOnly(x) or dualPivotQuicksortOnly(x)
    or threePivotQuicksortOnly(x) or mPivotQuicksortOnly3(x)
allMPivotQuicksortKinds = lambda x: mPivotQuicksortOnly(x) or
   heapOptimizedMPivotQuicksortOnly(x)
data = getData(dataAbsPath)
fitParameters = calcLeastSquaresOnData(data)
```

```
maskFunctionList = [ classicQuickSortOnly,dualPivotQuicksortOnly,
   heapOptimizedMPivotQuicksortOnly,
                    mPivotQuicksortOnly, optimalDualPivotQuicksortOnly,
                        threePivotQuicksortOnly,
                    yaroslavskiyQuicksortOnly, onePivot, twoPivot, threePivot,
                        allMPivotQuicksortKinds]
maskFunctionTitleList = ['Classic QuickSorts','Dual Pivot Quicksorts','Heap
   Optimized M—Pivot Quicksorts',
                        'Non Optimized M—Pivot Quicksorts', 'Optimal Dual
                            Pivot Quicksorts', 'Three Pivot Quicksorts',
                        'Yaroslavskiy Quicksorts','One Pivots','Two Pivots',
                            'Three Pivots','M—Pivot Quicksorts']
smallScaleLimits = [100,1000]
plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters, plotTitle = 'Legend Plot',
    connectDataPoints = True,legendSize=15,savePlot=True)
plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters, plotTitle = 'All the Plots Small Scale',
   xlim = smallScaleLimits, connectDataPoints = True,makeLegend=False,
    savePlot=True)
plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters, plotTitle = 'All the Plots Large Scale',
    connectDataPoints = True,makeLegend=False,savePlot = True)
plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters, plotTitle = 'Semilogx All Plots Large
    Scale ', connectDataPoints = True, makeLegend=False, savePlot = True,
   plotter = plt.semilogx)
for maskFunc,plotTitle in zip(maskFunctionList,maskFunctionTitleList):
    plotDataAndFit(data, fitParameters,goodFunction = maskFunc, plotTitle =
        plotTitle+" Large Scale",savePlot = True)
for maskFunc,plotTitle in zip(maskFunctionList,maskFunctionTitleList):
    plotDataAndFit(data, fitParameters,goodFunction = maskFunc, plotTitle =
        plotTitle+" Small Scale", xlim =smallScaleLimits,connectDataPoints =
        True,savePlot = True)
plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters, goodFunction = allMPivotQuicksortKinds,
   plotTitle = "M-Pivot Quicksorts Large Scale", savePlot = True, legendSize
   =7)
plotDataAndFit(data,fitParameters, goodFunction = allMPivotQuicksortKinds,
   plotTitle = "M—Pivot Quicksorts Small Scale",xlim = smallScaleLimits,
   connectDataPoints = True, savePlot = True, legendSize=7)
```