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1.1.1
In [13]:
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         Homework 5
         Problem 1
          '\nPatrick Ballou\nID: 801130521\nECGR 4105\nHomework 5\nProblem 1\n'
Out[13]:
         import torch
In [14]:
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
In [15]: x = [[35.7, 55.9, 58.2, 81.9, 56.3, 48.9, 33.9, 21.8, 48.4, 60.4, 68.4]]
         y = [[0.5, 14.0, 15.0, 28.0, 11.0, 8.0, 3.0, -4.0, 6.0, 13.0, 21.0]]
         X = torch.tensor(x)
         Y = torch.tensor(y)
         w = torch.ones((2))
         b = torch.zeros(())
In [16]: def model(t u, w, b):
             return w[1].item()*(t_u**2) + w[0].item()*t_u + b
         def loss_fn(t_p, t_c):
             return ((t_p - t_c)**2).mean()
In [17]: t_p = model(X, w, b)
         loss = loss_fn(t_p, Y)
         print("Predicted: {}\nAverage Loss: {}".format(t_p, loss))
         Predicted: tensor([[1310.1901, 3180.7100, 3445.4399, 6789.5103, 3225.9900, 2440.1101,
                  1183.1101, 497.0399, 2390.9600, 3708.5601, 4746.9600]])
         Average Loss: 11709471.0
In [18]: def dloss_fn(t_p, Y):
             return 2* (t_p - Y) / t_p.size(0)
         def dw_fn(X, w, b):
             return X
         def db fn(X, w, b):
             return 1
         def grad_fn(X, Y, t_p, w, b):
In [19]:
             dtp = dloss_fn(t_p, Y)
             dw = dtp * dw_fn(X, w, b)
             db = dtp * db fn(X, w, b)
             return torch.stack([dw.sum(), db.sum()])
In [20]: def train(epochs, l_r, w, b, X, Y):
             for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
                  t p = model(X, w, b)
                  loss = loss_fn(t_p, Y)
                  grad = grad_fn(X, Y, t_p, w, b)
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w = w - l_r * grad[0]
                  b = b - l_r * grad[1]
                  #output won't fit if I do every 500
                  if epoch % 1000 == 0:
                      print('Epoch %d, Loss %f' % (epoch, float(loss)))
             return w, b
In [21]: t_n = .1 * X
         1 r = [.1, .01, .001, .0001]
         for rate in 1 r:
             print("Learning rate: {}".format(rate))
             train(5000, rate, w, b, t_n, Y)
             print()
         Learning rate: 0.1
         Epoch 1000, Loss nan
         Epoch 2000, Loss nan
         Epoch 3000, Loss nan
         Epoch 4000, Loss nan
         Epoch 5000, Loss nan
         Learning rate: 0.01
         Epoch 1000, Loss nan
         Epoch 2000, Loss nan
         Epoch 3000, Loss nan
         Epoch 4000, Loss nan
         Epoch 5000, Loss nan
         Learning rate: 0.001
         Epoch 1000, Loss nan
         Epoch 2000, Loss nan
         Epoch 3000, Loss nan
         Epoch 4000, Loss nan
         Epoch 5000, Loss nan
         Learning rate: 0.0001
         Epoch 1000, Loss 6.401288
         Epoch 2000, Loss 4.532039
         Epoch 3000, Loss 3.537531
         Epoch 4000, Loss 3.013071
         Epoch 5000, Loss 2.740008
         #Best model parameters I could get
In [22]:
         w, b = train(5000, .00021, w, b, t_n, Y)
         t p = model(t n, w, b)
         print("Predicted: {}\nAverage Loss: {}".format(t p, loss))
```

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In [23]: plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (12,8)
#fig = plt.figure(dpi = 600)
plt.xlabel("Temperature (F)")
plt.ylabel("Temperature (C)")
plt.plot(np.sort(X[0].numpy()), np.sort(t_p[0].numpy()), label="Predicted")
plt.plot(np.sort(X[0].numpy()), np.sort(Y[0].numpy()), 'o', label="Actual")
plt.title("Model Performance")
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
```

