

while (node->left != null) { } } skeleton of step 1

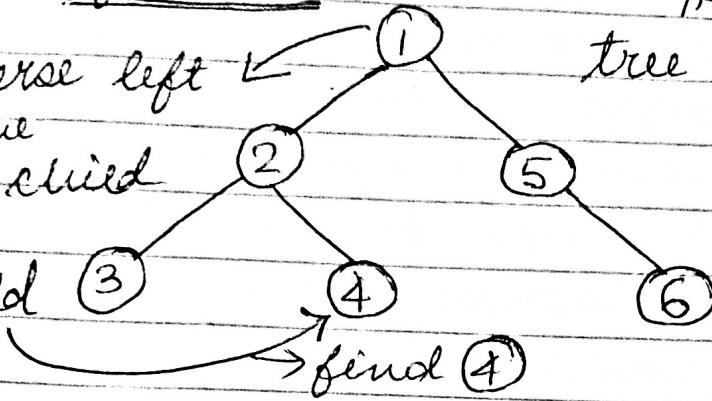
Flatten binary tree : Step 0:

traverse until left != null

Traverse the whole tree until null

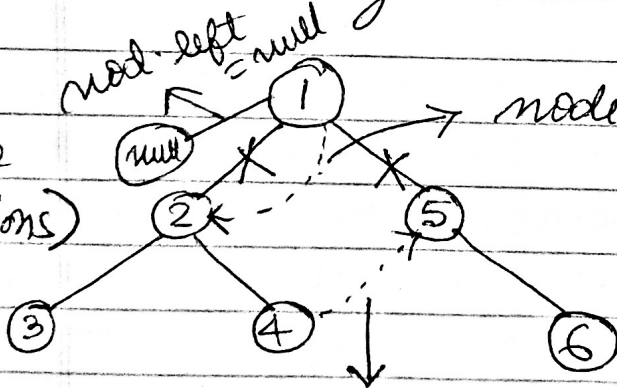
while (node != null) {  
step 1:  
step 2:  
step 3:  
}

traverse left to find the rightmost child will null right child



Step 1: Find the rightmost node, which has no right child. This because we will append the original node's right child (1 -> original node) to the rightmost node's right child which has no more right child (4 in this example).

Step 2: (Rewire connections)



rightmost.right = node.right

Step 3: move to original node's right child (original node is 1. Now it's right child is 2).  
node = node.right (repeat above steps).

