SQL> @Z:/Ex04_commands.sql

SQL> REM 1. Create a view named Blue_Flavor, which display the product details (product id,

SQL> REM food, price) of Blueberry flavor.

SQL>

SQL> create view Blue_flavor as (

- 2 select pid, food, price
- 3 from products
- 4 where flavor = 'Blueberry');

View created.

SQL>

SQL> select * from Blue_flavor;

PID	FOOD	PRICE
90-BLU-11	 Tart	3.25
51-BLU	Danish	1.15

SQL> select COLUMN_NAME, UPDATABLE from USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS where table_name = 'BLUE_FLAVOR';

COLUMN_NAME	UPD
PID	YES
FOOD	YES
PRICE	YES

SQL>

SQL> REM: Checking whether it is upadteble or not

SQL> insert into products values('74-A99C-7U','Blueberry','Icecream',2.34);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Blue_flavor;

FOOD	PRICE
Tart	3.25
1011	3.23 1.15
	2.34
	FOOD Tart Danish Icecream

```
SQL> update Blue_flavor
 2 set price = price+2
 3 where food = 'Tart';
1 row updated.
SQL>
SQL> REM: upadte successful
SQL> select * from Blue_flavor;
PID
              FOOD
                             PRICE
90-BLU-11
              Tart
                                5.25
51-BLU
              Danish
                               1.15
74-A99C-7U Icecream
                               2.34
SOL>
SQL> delete from Blue_flavor
 2 where pid = '74-A99C-7U';
1 row deleted.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 2. Create a view named Cheap_Food, which display the details (product id, flavor,
SQL> REM food, price) of products with price lesser than $1. Ensure that, the price of these
SQL> REM
             food(s) should never rise above $1 through view.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> create view cheap_food as (
 2 select pid, flavor, food, price
 3 from products
 4 where price < 1)
 5 with check option;
View created.
SQL>
SQL> select * from products values('88-DFG-9I','Mango','Pie',0.98)
SQL> insert into cheap_food values('74-AC-7U','Apple','icecream',1);
insert into cheap_food values('74-AC-7U','Apple','icecream',1)
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01402: view WITH CHECK OPTION where-clause violation
```

SQL> insert into cheap_food values('74-AC-7U','Apple','icecream',0.99);

1 row created.

SQL>

SQL> select * from cheap_food;

PID	FLAVOR	FOOD	PRICE
70-LEM	Lemon	Cookie	.79
70-W	Walnut	Cookie	.79
74-AC-7U	Apple	icecream	.99

SQL>

SQL> update cheap_food

- 2 set price = price+2
- 3 where food = 'icecream';

update cheap_food

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-01402: view WITH CHECK OPTION where-clause violation

SQL>

SQL> update cheap_food

- 2 set price = price-0.5
- 3 where food = 'icecream';

1 row updated.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> select * from cheap_food;

PID	FLAVOR	FOOD	PRICE
70-LEM	Lemon	Cookie	.79
70-W	Walnut	Cookie	.79
74-AC-7U	Apple	icecream	.49

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> delete from cheap_food

2 where food = 'icecream';

1 row deleted.

SQL> select * from cheap_food;

PID	FLAVOR	FOOD	PRICE
70-LEM	Lemon	Cookie	.79
70-W	Walnut	Cookie	.79

SQL>

SQL> select COLUMN_NAME, UPDATABLE from USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS where table_name = 'CHEAP_FOOD';

COLUMN_NAME	UPD
PID	YES
FLAVOR	YES
FOOD	YES
PRICE	YES

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 3. Create a view called Hot_Food that show the product id and its quantity where the SQL> REM same product is ordered more than once in the same receipt.

SQL> create view hot_food as (

- 2 select i.item, count(*) as quantity
- 3 from item_list i join receipts r on i.rno = r.rno
- 4 where i.item = any(select i2.item
- 5 from item_list i2
- 6 where i2.rno=i.rno
 7 group by i2.item
 8 having count(*)>1)
- 9 group by i.item);

View created.

SQL> select * from hot_food;

ITEM	COUNT
70-R	2
90-APR-PF	2
50-APP	2
51-ATW	2
90-ALM-I	2
90-BER-11	2
90-PEC-11	2
70-M-CH-D	Z 2
46-11	2
70-M-CH-D	Z 2
90-CHR-11	2

ITEM	COUNT
90-BLU-11	2
50-CHS	2
70-M-CH-D	Z 2
70-R	2
90-APP-11	2
70-MAR	2
50-APR	2
51-BC	2
50-ALM	2

SQL> select COLUMN_NAME, UPDATABLE from USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS where table_name = 'HOT_FOOD';

COLUMN_NAME		UPD
ITEM	NO	
QUANTITY	NO	

SQL>

SQL>insert into item_list values(67341, 7,'51-BLU');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from hot_food;

ITEM	COUNT
70-R	2
90-APR-PF	2
50-APP	2
51-ATW	2
90-ALM-I	2
90-BER-11	2
90-PEC-11	2
70-M-CH-DZ	2
46-11	2
70-M-CH-DZ	2
90-CHR-11	2

ITEM	COUNT
90-BLU-11	2
50-CHS	2
70-M-CH-DZ	2
70-R	2
90-APP-11	2
51-BLU	2
50-APR	2
51-BC	2
50-ALM	2

SQL>

SQL> delete from hot_food 2 where item = 'A-B-c';

delete from hot_food

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-01732: data manipulation operation not legal on this view

SQL>

SQL> update hot_food

- 2 set quantity = quantity+2
- 3 where item = '46-11';

update hot_food

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-01732: data manipulation operation not legal on this view

SQL>

SQL>

- SQL> REM 4. Create a view named Pie_Food that will display the details (customer lname, flavor, SQL> REM receipt number and date, ordinal) who had ordered the Pie food with receipt details. SQL> create view pie_food as (
 - 2 select c.lname,p.flavor,r.rno,r.r_date, i.ordinal
- 3 from customers c join receipts r on r.cid = c.cid join item_list i on i.rno = r.rno join products p on p.pid = i.item
 - 4 where p.food = 'Pie');

View created.

SQL>
SQL> select * from pie_food;

FLAVOR	RNO RDATE	ORDINAL
Apple	51991 17-OCT-07	1
	44798 04-OCT-07	3
Apple	29226 26-OCT-07	2
Apple	66227 10-OCT-07	2
Apple	53376 30-OCT-07	3
Apple	39685 28-OCT-07	4
Apple	50660 18-OCT-07	2
Apple	39109 02-OCT-07	1
Apple	98806 15-OCT-07	3
Apple	47353 12-OCT-07	2
Apple	87454 21-OCT-07	1
FLAVOR	RNO RDATE	ORDINAL
Apple	48647 09-OCT-07	2
Apple	11548 21-OCT-07	2
	Apple	Apple 51991 17-OCT-07 Apple 44798 04-OCT-07 Apple 29226 26-OCT-07 Apple 66227 10-OCT-07 Apple 53376 30-OCT-07 Apple 39685 28-OCT-07 Apple 50660 18-OCT-07 Apple 39109 02-OCT-07 Apple 98806 15-OCT-07 Apple 47353 12-OCT-07 Apple 47353 12-OCT-07 Apple 87454 21-OCT-07 FLAVOR RNO RDATE

SQL> select COLUMN_NAME, UPDATABLE from USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS where table_name = 'PIE_FOOD';

COLUMN_NAME	UPD
LNAME	NO
FLAVOR	NO
RNO	NO
R_DATE	NO
ORDINAL	YES

SQL>

SQL> insert into pie_food values('praven','berry',6483,'20-Jan-2005',7);

 $insert\ into\ pie_food\ values('praven','berry',6483,'20-Jan-2005',7)$

*

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-01779: cannot modify a column which maps to a non key-preserved table

SQL> insert into Customers

2 values(114,'Praveen','Kumar');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into item_list

2 values(50660, 7, '70-W');

1 row created.

SQL> delete from pie_food

2 where flavor = 'berry';

SQL> select * from Pie_Food;

FLAVOR	RNO RDATE	ORDINAL
Λ 1 -	F1001 17 OCT 07	1
		1
Apple	44798 04-OCT-07	3
Apple	29226 26-OCT-07	2
Apple	66227 10-OCT-07	2
Apple	53376 30-OCT-07	3
Apple	39685 28-OCT-07	4
Apple	50660 18-OCT-07	2
Apple	39109 02-OCT-07	1
Apple	98806 15-OCT-07	3
Apple	47353 12-OCT-07	2
Apple	87454 21-OCT-07	1
FLAVOR	RNO RDATE	ORDINAL
Apple	48647 09-OCT-07	2
Apple	11548 21-OCT-07	2
	Apple	Apple 51991 17-OCT-07 Apple 44798 04-OCT-07 Apple 29226 26-OCT-07 Apple 66227 10-OCT-07 Apple 53376 30-OCT-07 Apple 39685 28-OCT-07 Apple 50660 18-OCT-07 Apple 39109 02-OCT-07 Apple 98806 15-OCT-07 Apple 47353 12-OCT-07 Apple 47353 12-OCT-07 Apple 87454 21-OCT-07 FLAVOR RNO RDATE

13 rows selected.

SQL> REM 5. Create a view Cheap_View from Cheap_Food that shows only the product id,

flavor

SQL> REM and food.

SQL>

SQL> create view cheap_view as (

- 2 select pid, flavor, food
- 3 from cheap_food);

View created.

SQL>

SQL> select * from cheap_view;

PID	FLAVOR	FOOD	
70-LEM	Lemon	Cookie	
70-W	Walnut	Cookie	

SQL> select COLUMN_NAME, UPDATABLE from USER_UPDATABLE_COLUMNS where table_name = 'CHEAP_VIEW';

COLUMN_NAME	UPD
PID	YES
FLAVOR	YES
FOOD	YES

SQL>

SQL> insert into cheap_food values('Ac-RD-HG','gum','fondant',0.65);

1 row created.

SQL>

SQL> update cheap_view

- 2 set flavor = 'grapes'
- 3 where flavor = 'gum';

1 row updated.

SQL> select * from cheap_food;

PID	FLAVOR	FOOD	PRICE
70-LEM	 Lemon		.79
70-W	Walnut	Cookie	.79
Ac-RD-HC	g grapes	fondant	.65

3 row created.

SQL>

SQL> delete from cheap_food

2 where pid= 'Ac-RD-HG';

1 row deleted.

SQL> select * from cheap_food;

PID	FLAVOR	FOOD	PRICE
70-LEM	Lemon		.79
70-W	Walnut	Cookie	.79

2 row created.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 6. Create a sequence named Ordinal_No_Seq which generates the ordinal number

SQL> REM starting from 1, increment by 1, to a maximum of 10. Include the options of cycle,

SQL> REM cache and order. Use this sequence to populate the item_list table for a new order.

SOL>

SQL> insert into receipts values(00001, '31-Oct-2007', 17);

1 row created.

SQL> create sequence s

- 2 start with 1
- 3 increment by 1
- 4 minvalue 1
- 5 maxvalue 10
- 6 nocycle
- 7 order
- 8 cache 10;

Sequence created.

```
SQL> insert into item_list values(00001, s.nextval, '45-CO');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into item_list values(00001, s.nextval, '90-APR-PF');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into item_list values(00001, s.nextval, '50-CHS');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into item_list values(00001, s.nextval, '50-APP');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into item_list values(00001, s.nextval, '70-R');
1 row created.
SQL>
SQL> select * from receipts
 2 where rno = 00001;
    RNO R_DATE
                         CID
     1 31-OCT-07
                       17
SQL>
```

3 order by rno;

SQL> select * from item_list 2 where rno = 00001

RNO ORDINAL ITEM

1 1 45-CO 1 2 90-APR-PF 1 3 50-CHS 1 4 50-APP 1 5 70-R

```
SQL> REM 7. Create a synonym named Product_details for the item_list relation. Perform the
SQL> REM DML operations on it.
SQL>
SQL> create synonym product_details
 2 for item list;
Synonym created.
SQL>
SQL> select *
 2 from product_details
 3 where item = '90-APR-PF';
   RNO ORDINAL ITEM
_____
  83085
             3 90-APR-PF
  27741
            3 90-APR-PF
  95962
            190-APR-PF
  44798
            190-APR-PF
            3 90-APR-PF
  21162
  82795
            190-APR-PF
  37636
            190-APR-PF
  86085
             3 90-APR-PF
    1
             2 90-APR-PF
9 rows selected.
SQL>
SQL> insert into product_details values(insert into item_list values(91937, 8,
                                                                    '51-BC');
1 row created.
SQL>
SQL> update product details
 2 set ordinal = ordinal+1
 3 where rno=91937 and ordinal = 8;
1 rows updated.
SQL>
SQL> select * from item_list
 2 where rno = 91937;
   RNO ORDINAL ITEM
-----
  91937
             151-BC
  91937
            2 51-APR
```

```
SQL>
SQL> delete from product_details
 2 where rno = 91937 and ordinal = 8;
1 rows deleted.
SQL>
SQL>
SQL>
SQL> REM 8. Drop all the above created database objects.
SQL>
SQL> drop view Blue_flavor;
View dropped.
SQL> drop view cheap_view;
View dropped.
SQL> drop view hot_food;
View dropped.
SQL> drop view pie_food;
View dropped.
SQL> drop view cheap_food;
View dropped.
SQL> drop sequence s;
Sequence dropped.
SQL> drop synonym product_details;
Synonym dropped.
SQL> delete from item_list where rno = 00001;
5 rows deleted.
SQL> delete from receipts where rno = 00001;
```

91937

9 51-BC

1 row deleted.

SQL> SQL>

SQL>

SQL> spool off