

```

SQL> @D:/Ex06.sql
SQL> REM 1. For the given receipt number, calculate the Discount as follows:
SQL> REM For total amount > $10 and total amount < $25: Discount=5%
SQL> REM For total amount > $25 and total amount < $50: Discount=10%
SQL> REM For total amount > $50: Discount=20%
SQL> REM Calculate the amount (after the discount) and update the same in Receipts table.
SQL> REM Print the receipt as shown below:
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Receipt Number:13355 Customer Name: TOUSSAND SHARRON
SQL> REM Receipt Date :19Oct2007
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Sno Flavor Food Price
SQL> REM 1. Opera Cake 15.95
SQL> REM 2. Lemon Cookie 0.79
SQL> REM 3. Napoleon Cake 13.49
SQL> REM
SQL> REM Total = $ 30.23
SQL> REM
SQL> REM Total Amount :$ 30.23
SQL> REM Discount(10%) :$ 3.02
SQL> REM
SQL> REM Amount to be paid :$ 27.21
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Great Offers! Discount up to 25% on DIWALI Festival Day...
SQL> REM *****
SQL>
SQL> create or replace procedure discount(cp IN products.price%type, dis OUT products.price
%type,dp OUT products.price%type,sp OUT products.price%type) is
2 begin
3 dis := 0;
4 dp := 0;
5 if cp>10 and cp<25 then
6 dis := (5*cp)/100.00;
7 dp := 5;
8 else
9 if cp>25 and cp<50 then
10 dis := (10*cp)/100.00;
11 dp := 10;
12 else
13 if cp>50 then
14 dis := (20*cp)/100.00;
15 dp := 20;
16 end if;
17 end if;
18 end if;
19 sp := cp -dis;
20 end;
21 /

```

Procedure created.

SQL> declare

```
2 sel receipts.rno%type;
3 billdate receipts.r_date%type;
4 custlname customers.lname%type;
5 custfname customers.fname%type;
6 cursor c1 is select p.food ,p.flavor,sum(p.price)
7 from products p join item_list i on i.item=p.pid
8 where i.rno = sel
9 group by p.food ,p.flavor;
10 cp products.price%type;
11 d products.price%type;
12 dp products.price%type;
13 sp products.price%type;
14 counts integer;
15 food_sel products.food%type;
16 flavor_sel products.flavor%type;
17 lprice products.price%type;
18 begin
19 sel := &receipt;
20 select sum(p.price) into cp from products p join item_list i on p.pid = i.item
21 where i.rno = sel;
22 select count(count(*)) into counts from products p join item_list i on p.pid = i.item
23 where i.rno = sel
24 group by p.food,p.flavor;
25 open c1;
26 select c.lname,c.fname,r.r_date into custfname,custlname,billdate from receipts r join
customers c on c.cid = r.cid
27 where r.rno=sel;
28
29
30 dbms_output.put_line('Customer name: '||custfname||' '||custlname);
31 dbms_output.put_line('Receipt No.: '||sel);
32 dbms_output.put_line('Receipt date: '||billdate);
33 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
34 dbms_output.put_line('SNO          FOOD          FLAVOR          ');
35 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
36 for a in 1..counts loop
37     fetch c1 into food_sel,flavor_sel,lprice;
38     dbms_output.put_line(' '||a||' '||flavor_sel||' '||food_sel);
39 end loop;
40 discount(cp,d,dp,sp);
41 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
42 dbms_output.put_line('Total = $ '||cp);
43 dbms_output.put_line('Discount ('||dp||'%) = $ '||d);
44 dbms_output.put_line('Grand Total = $ '||sp);
45 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
46 dbms_output.put_line('Upto 20% discount available!');
47 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
48 end;
49 /
```

Enter value for receipt: 79287

old 19: sel := &receipt;
new 19: sel := 79287;
Customer name: HELING RUPERT
Receipt No.: 79287
Receipt date: 30-OCT-07

SNO	FOOD	FLAVOR
1	Vanilla	Eclair
2	Blueberry	Danish
3	Lemon	Tart
4	Pecan	Tart
5	Apple	Tart

Total = \$ 14.65
Discount (5%) = \$.73
Grand Total = \$ 13.92

Upto 20% discount available!

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL>
SQL> REM 2. Ask the user for the budget and his/her preferred food type. You recommend the best
SQL> REM item(s) within the planned budget for the given food type. The best item is
SQL> REM determined by the maximum ordered product among many customers for the given
SQL> REM food type.
SQL> REM Print the recommended product that suits your budget as below:
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Budget: $10 Food type: Meringue
SQL> REM *****
SQL> REM Item ID Flavor Food Price
SQL> REM 70MCHDZ Chocolate Meringue 1.25
SQL> REM 70MVASMDZ Vanilla Meringue 1.15
SQL> REM
SQL> REM 70MCHDZ with Chocolate flavor is the best item in Meringue type!
SQL> REM REM You are entitled to purchase 8 Meringue chocolates for the given
SQL> REM budget !!!
SQL> REM *****
SQL>
SQL> create or replace procedure calcount(budget in products.price%type, val in products.price
%type, qty out integer) is
2 begin
3 if val <= budget then
4     qty := budget/val;
5 else
6     qty := 0;
7 end if;
8 end;
9 /
```

Procedure created.

```
SQL> declare
  2 budget products.price%type;
  3 val products.price%type;
  4 pfood products.food%type;
  5 qty INTEGER(3);
  6 psel products.pid%type;
  7 psample products%rowtype;
  8 cursor c1 is select p.pid,p.food,p.flavor,p.price
  9 from products p join item_list i on p.pid = i.item
 10 where p.price <= budget and p.food = pfood
 11 group by p.pid,p.food,p.flavor,p.price
 12 order by count(*) desc;
 13 cts integer;
 14 fsel products.flavor%type;
 15 begin
 16 budget := &budget;
 17 pfood := '&food';
 18
 19 open c1;
 20 begin
 21 select p1.pid,p1.price,p1.flavor into psel,val,fsel
 22 from products p1 join item_list i on p1.pid = i.item
 23 where p1.price <= budget and p1.food = pfood
 24 group by p1.pid,p1.food,p1.flavor,p1.price
 25 having count(*)>=ALL(select count(*)
 26                        from products p2 join item_list i on p2.pid = i.item
 27                        where p2.price <= budget and p2.food = pfood
 28                        group by p2.pid,p2.food,p2.flavor,p2.price);
 29 EXCEPTION
 30 when no_data_found then
 31 dbms_output.put_line('No Recomendations found');
 32 return;
 33 end;
 34
 35 select count(count(*)) into cts from products p join item_list i on p.pid = i.item
 36 where p.price <= budget and p.food = pfood
 37 group by p.pid,p.food,p.flavor,p.price;
 38 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
 39
 40 dbms_output.put_line('SNO      PID      FOOD      FLAVOR      PRICE');
 41 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
 42
 43 for a in 1..cts loop
 44         fetch c1 into psample;
 45         dbms_output.put_line(a||' '||psample.pid||' '||psample.food||' '||
psample.flavor||' '||psample.price);
 46 end loop;
 47 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
```

```

48
49 calcount(budget,val,qty);
50 dbms_output.put_line(psel||' with '||fsel||' flavor is the best item in '||pfood||' type!');
51
52 dbms_output.put_line(' You are entitled to purchase '||qty||' '||pfood||' '||fsel||' for the
given budget !!!');
53 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
54
55 end;
56 /

```

Enter value for budget: 20

old 16: budget := &budget;

new 16: budget := 20;

Enter value for food: Tart

old 17: pfood := '&food';

new 17: pfood := 'Tart';

SNO	PID	FOOD	FLAVOR	PRICE
1	90-APP-11	Apple	Tart	3.25
2	90-APR-PF	Apricot	Tart	3.25
3	90-BLK-PF	Blackberry	Tart	3.25
4	90-BER-11	Berry	Tart	3.25
5	90-CHR-11	Cherry	Tart	3.25
6	90-CH-PF	Chocolate	Tart	3.75
7	90-BLU-11	Blueberry	Tart	3.25
8	90-PEC-11	Pecan	Tart	3.75
9	90-ALM-I	Almond	Tart	3.75
10	90-LEM-11	Lemon	Tart	3.25

90-APP-11 with Apple flavor is the best item in Tart
type!

You are entitled to purchase 6 Tart Apple for the
given budget !!!

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 3. Take a receipt number and item as arguments, and insert this information into the
SQL> REM Item list. However, if there is already a receipt with that receipt number, then keep
SQL> REM adding 1 to the maximum ordinal number. Else before inserting into the Item list
SQL> REM with ordinal as 1, ask the user to give the customer name who placed the order and
SQL> REM insert this information into the Receipts.

SQL>

SQL> create or replace procedure insertitem(rec IN receipts.rno%type,ordi IN item_list.ordinal
%type,prodid IN products.pid%type) is

2 begin

3 insert into item_list values(rec,ordi,prodid);

4 end;

5 /

Procedure created.

SQL>

```
SQL> create or replace procedure insertreceipts(rec IN receipts.rno%type,rdt IN receipts.r_date
%type,rcid IN receipts.cid%type) is
  2 begin
  3 insert into receipts values(rec,rdt,rcid);
  4 end;
  5 /
```

Procedure created.

SQL>

```
SQL> create or replace procedure findcid(cfname IN customers.fname%type,clname IN
customers.lname%type, fcid OUT customers.cid%type) is
  2 begin
  3 begin
  4 select c.cid into fcid
  5 from customers c
  6 where c.fname= cfname and c.lname= clname;
  7 EXCEPTION
  8 WHEN no_data_found then
  9 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('customer ID not found');
 10 fcid := 0;
 11 end;
 12 end;
 13 /
```

Procedure created.

SQL> declare

```
  2 cfname customers.fname%type;
  3 clname customers.lname%type;
  4 fcid customers.cid%type;
  5 rec receipts.rno%type;
  6 ordi item_list.ordinal%type;
  7 prodid products.pid%type;
  8 rdt receipts.r_date%type;
  9 item_row item_list%rowtype;
 10 cursor c1 is
 11 select *
 12 from item_list i
 13 where i.rno = rec
 14 order by i.ordinal desc;
 15 maxordi item_list.ordinal%type;
 16 begin
 17 rec := &RECEIPT;
 18 prodid := '&product';
 19 open c1;
```

```

20 fetch c1 into item_row;
21 if c1%rowcount>0 then
22     begin
23         ordi := item_row.ordinal + 1;
24         insertitem(rec,ordi,prodid);
25         return;
26     end;
27 else
28     begin
29
30         dbms_output.put_line('Receipt number not found!!!');
31         dbms_output.put_line('CREATE A RECEIPT:');
32         cfname := '&firstname';
33         cname := '&lastname';
34         rdt := '&date';
35         findcid(cfname,cname,fcid);
36         insertreceipts(rec,rdt,fcid);
37         ordi := 1;
38         insertitem(rec,ordi,prodid);
39         return;
40     end;
41 end if;
42 end;
43 /

```

Enter value for receipt: 70796

old 17: rec := &RECEIPT;

new 17: rec := 70796;

Enter value for product: 51-BC

old 18: prodid := '&product';

new 18: prodid := '51-BC';

Enter value for firstname: abc

old 32: cfname := '&firstname';

new 32: cfname := 'abc';

Enter value for lastname: def

old 33: cname := '&lastname';

new 33: cname := 'def';

Enter value for date: 3-oct-2007

old 34: rdt := '&date';

new 34: rdt := '3-oct-2007';

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 4. Write a stored function to display the customer name who ordered

SQL> REM maximum for the given food and flavor.

SQL>

SQL> create or replace function maxcustomer(p IN products.pid%type) return varchar2 as

2 c customers.cid%type;

3 m int;

4 n1 customers.fname%type;

```

5 n2 customers.lname%type;
6 name varchar2(40);
7 begin
8 select max(count(*)) into m from receipts r join item_list i on i.rno = r.rno
9 where i.item = p
10 group by r.cid;
11 select r.cid into c from receipts r join item_list i on i.rno = r.rno
12 where i.item = p
13 group by r.cid
14 having count(*) = m;
15 select c1.fname into n1 from customers c1 where c1.cid = c;
16 select c1.lname into n2 from customers c1 where c1.cid = c;
17 name := n1 || n2;
18 return name;
19 end maxcustomer;
20 /

```

Function created.

SQL>

SQL> declare

```

2 name varchar2(40);
3 p products.pid%type;
4 fo products.food%type;
5 fl products.flavor%type;
6 begin
7 fo:='&food';
8 fl:='&flavor';
9 select p1.pid into p from products p1 where p1.food = fo and p1.flavor = fl;
10 name := maxcustomer(p);
11 dbms_output.put_line('Name: ' || name);
12 end;
13 /

```

Enter value for food: Danish

old 7: fo:='&food';

new 7: fo:='Danish';

Enter value for flavor: Blueberry

old 8: fl:='&flavor';

new 8: fl:='Blueberry';

Name: RAYFORD SOPKO

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL>

SQL> REM 5. Implement Question (2) using stored function to return the amount to be paid and

SQL> REM update the same, for the given receipt number.

SQL> create or replace function discountfun(cp IN products.price%type, dis OUT products.price%type, dp OUT products.price%type) return products.price%type is

```

2 sp products.price%type;
3 begin

```



```

4 dis := 0;
5 dp := 0;
6 if cp>10 and cp<25 then
7 dis := (5*cp)/100.00;
8 dp := 5;
9 else
10 if cp>25 and cp<50 then
11 dis := (10*cp)/100.00;
12 dp := 10;
13 else
14 if cp>50 then
15 dis := (20*cp)/100.00;
16 dp := 20;
17 end if;
18 end if;
19 end if;
20 sp := cp -dis;
21 return sp;
22 end;
23 /

```

Function created.

SQL> declare

```

2 sel receipts.rno%type;
3 billdate receipts.r_date%type;
4 custlname customers.lname%type;
5 custfname customers.fname%type;
6 cursor c1 is select p.food,p.flavor,sum(p.price)
7 from products p join item_list i on i.item=p.pid
8 where i.rno = sel
9 group by p.food,p.flavor;
10 cp products.price%type;
11 d products.price%type;
12 dp products.price%type;
13 sp products.price%type;
14 counts integer;
15 food_sel products.food%type;
16 flavor_sel products.flavor%type;
17 lprice products.price%type;
18 begin
19 sel := &receipt;
20 select sum(p.price) into cp from products p join item_list i on p.pid = i.item
21 where i.rno = sel;
22 select count(count(*)) into counts from products p join item_list i on p.pid = i.item
23 where i.rno = sel
24 group by p.food,p.flavor;
25 open c1;
26 select c.lname,c.fname,r.r_date into custfname,custlname,billdate from receipts r join
customers c on c.cid = r.cid
27 where r.rno=sel;

```

```

28
29
30 dbms_output.put_line('Customer name: '||custfname||' '||custlname);
31 dbms_output.put_line('Receipt No.: '||sel);
32 dbms_output.put_line('Receipt date: '||billdate);
33 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
34 dbms_output.put_line('SNO FOOD      FLAVOR      PRICE');
35 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
36 for a in 1..counts loop
37     fetch c1 into food_sel,flavor_sel,lprice;
38     dbms_output.put_line(' '||a||' '||flavor_sel||' '||food_sel||' '||lprice);
39 end loop;
40 sp := discountfun(cp,d,dp);
41 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
42 dbms_output.put_line('Total = $ '||cp);
43 dbms_output.put_line('Discount ('||dp||'% ) = $ '||d);
44 dbms_output.put_line('Grand Total = $ '||sp);
45 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
46 dbms_output.put_line('Upto 20% discount available!');
47 dbms_output.put_line('*****');
48 end;
49 /

```

Enter value for receipt: 13355

old 19: sel := &receipt;

new 19: sel := 13355;

Customer name: TOUSSAND SHARRON

Receipt No.: 13355

Receipt date: 19-OCT-07

SNO	FOOD	FLAVOR	PRICE

1	Napoleon	Cake	13.49
---	----------	------	-------

2	Opera	Cake	15.95
---	-------	------	-------

3	Lemon	Cookie	.79
---	-------	--------	-----

Total = \$ 30.23

Discount (10%) = \$ 3.02

Grand Total = \$ 27.21

Upto 20% discount available!

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>

SQL> spool off