

## WEEKLY EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SUMMARY

# COVID-19 cases with Lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or S-Gene Target Failure (SGTF) in Ontario: October 31, 2021 to December 11, 2021

Published: December 17, 2021

This report provides a focused analysis on confirmed COVID-19 cases with the variant of concern (VOC) lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or, if lineage information is unavailable, S-Gene Target Failure (SGTF) detected (a marker for the Omicron variant). This report includes the most current information available from Public Health Case and Contact Management Solution (CCM) for all public health units (PHUs) in Ontario as of December 15, 2021.

For more information about whole genome sequencing, please see the Public Health Ontario's (PHO) SARS CoV-2 Whole Genome Sequencing in Ontario Report. Please visit the interactive Ontario COVID-19 Data Tool to explore other recent COVID-19 data by public health unit, age group, sex, and trends over time. A Daily Epidemiological Summary, a Weekly Epidemiological Summary, as well as additional Enhanced Epidemiological Reports are also available on the Public Health Ontario webpage, COVID-19 Data and Surveillance.

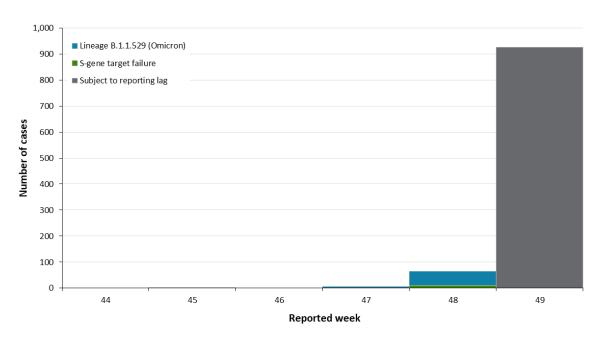
## Highlights

- As of December 11, 2021, Ontario has reported a total of 146 COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron), and 852 cases which had S-Gene Target Failure detected (SGTF), resulting in 998 total omicron/SGTF cases.
- Omicron/SGTF cases have been confirmed in 24/34 public health units and 6/7 geographic regions in the province.
- Approximately 57.1% of Omicron/SGTF cases are females and 50.6% are between 20 and 30 years of age.
- Of the Omicron/SGTF cases reported, 85.0% of cases are symptomatic, 1.7% of cases are considered re-infections and 0.3% of cases reported at least one medical comorbidity.
- Across vaccination status, 26.3% of Omicron/SGTF cases were reported as unvaccinated and 70.6% were reported as breakthrough cases.
- 5.9% of the Omicron/SGTF cases reported a travel exposure as the likely source of acquisition. A likely acquisition of close contact of a confirmed case was reported in 45.7% of cases and outbreak-associated was reported in 17.8% of cases.

- A total of 0 fatalities have been reported among Omicron/SGTF cases (case fatality: 0.0%). Only 5 hospitalizations (0.5%) have been reported among the Omicron/SGTF cases.
- Since October 31 (week 44), there have been 27 outbreaks with Omicron or SGTF reported as the outbreak lineage or mutation, respectively.

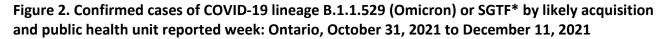
The term public health unit reported date in this document refers to the date local public health units were first notified of the case. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports. Thus comparisons of case counts by public health unit reported date may not align with daily 'new' cases publicly reported by the province for the same time period, which reflects the difference in cumulative counts between one day and the next.

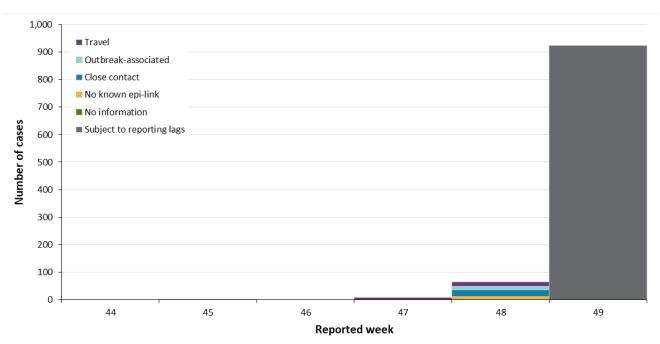
### Case Characteristics



Note: Week 44 refers to October 31 to November 6, 2021 and week 49 refers to December 5 to 11, 2021. See Table 1A in Appendix A for a list of the weeks and corresponding start and end dates. Reported week is the week the case was reported, not the week that the VOC was identified. Details on testing for variants of concern are in the Technical Notes. Interpret the VOC trends with caution due to the varying time required to complete testing and/or genomic analysis following the initial positive test for SARS-CoV-2. The grey bar represents days where data may change as a result of lags in case identification, reporting and/or data entry (for COVID-19 cases), and additionally, as a result of lags in sequencing (for COVID-19 variants of concern cases).

\*Cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time. If a VOC is identified through genomic analysis, cases initially classified as a mutation may be updated and moved to the appropriate lineage (e.g. B.1.1.529).





Note: Week 44 refers to October 31 to November 6, 2021 and week 49 refers to December 5 to 11, 2021. See <u>Table 1A</u> in Appendix A for a list of the weeks and corresponding start and end dates. Reported week is based on the week the case was reported, not the week that the VOC was identified. Details on testing for variants of concern are in the <u>Technical Notes</u>. Interpret the VOC trends with caution due to the varying time required to complete testing and/or genomic analysis following the initial positive test for SARS-CoV-2. The grey bar represents days where data may change as a result of lags in case identification, reporting and/or data entry (for COVID-19 cases), and additionally, as a result of lags in sequencing (for COVID-19 variants of concern cases).

\*Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

Table 1. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases of B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* by sex and age group: Ontario

Sex and Age Group (Years)	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Cumulative percentage
Sex: Male	424	42.5%
Sex: Female	570	57.1%
Ages: 0-4	18	1.8%
Ages: 5-11	103	10.3%
Ages: 12-19	182	18.2%

Sex and Age Group (Years)	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Cumulative percentage
Ages: 20-39	505	50.6%
Ages: 40-59	159	15.9%
Ages: 60-79	29	2.9%
Ages: 80 and over	2	0.2%
Total	998	100.0%

Note: Not all cases have a reported sex or age. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and/or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals (i.e., sex, age group) differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Data Source: CCM

Table 2. Confirmed cases of B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* by symptom status: Ontario

Symptom status	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Cumulative percentage
Symptomatic	848	85.0%
Asymptomatic	93	9.3%
Unknown**	57	5.7%
Total	998	100.0%

**N**ote: \*Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

<sup>\*\*</sup>No symptom data was recorded in CCM including specifying that the case was asymptomatic.

Table 3: Summary of reinfection cases of B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\*: Ontario

Reinfection	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of all cases
Number of reinfection cases	17	1.7%

Note: Cases identified as reinfections meeting the Ministry of Health: Case Definition – Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) as indicated by public health units selecting the reinfection checkbox.

Data Source: CCM

Table 4: Summary of comorbidities of B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* cases: Ontario

Comorbidity	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of all cases
Any medical comorbidity reported	3	0.3%
No medical comorbidities reported**	995	99.7%

Note: Information for how cases are grouped within each category is available in the Technical Notes.

Data Source: CCM

### **Vaccine Status**

Table 5. Summary of confirmed cases of COVID-19 lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* by vaccine status: Ontario

Vaccine status	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of all cases
Unvaccinated	262	26.3%
Partially vaccinated	14	1.4%
Breakthrough	705	70.6%

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

<sup>\*\*</sup>May include cases that have a medical co-morbidity, but the information was not recorded in CCM

Vaccine status	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of all cases
Post-dose 3	9	0.9%
Unknown**	8	0.8%

Note: Vaccine category definitions are included in the **Technical Notes**.

Data Source: CCM, COVaxON

## Exposure

Table 6. Summary of confirmed lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* cases likely source of acquisition: Ontario

Exposure	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Cumulative percentage
Travel	59	5.9%
Outbreak-associated	178	17.8%
Close contact of a confirmed case	456	45.7%
No known epidemiological link	206	20.6%
Information missing or unknown	99	9.9%
Total	998	100.0%

Note: Information for how cases are grouped within each category is available in the Technical Notes.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Vaccination status may be unknown for cases reported to CCM after COVaxON data was extracted and linked to CCM data on December 13, 2021.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

# Severity

Table 7. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* by severity and outcome: Ontario

Severity	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of all cases
Ever hospitalized	5	0.5%
Ever in intensive care unit (ICU)	0	0.0%
Fatal outcome	0	0.0%

Note: The determination of severity and outcome indicators are described in the <u>Technical Notes</u>. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and/or updated and may result in totals differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Data Source: CCM

# Geography

Table 8. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases of B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* by public health unit and region: Ontario

Public Health Unit and Region	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of cumulative cases
Northwestern Health Unit	0	0.0%
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	6	0.6%
TOTAL NORTH WEST	6	0.6%
Algoma Public Health	0	0.0%
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	0	0.0%
Porcupine Health Unit	0	0.0%
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	0	0.0%
Timiskaming Health Unit	0	0.0%
TOTAL NORTH EAST	0	0.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

Public Health Unit and Region	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of cumulative cases
Ottawa Public Health	154	15.4%
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	8	0.8%
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	1	0.1%
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	363	36.4%
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	7	0.7%
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	1	0.1%
TOTAL EASTERN	534	53.5%
Durham Region Health Department	41	4.1%
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	0	0.0%
Peel Public Health	71	7.1%
Peterborough Public Health	1	0.1%
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	13	1.3%
York Region Public Health	34	3.4%
TOTAL CENTRAL EAST	160	16.0%
Toronto Public Health	112	11.2%
TOTAL TORONTO	112	11.2%
Chatham-Kent Public Health	0	0.0%
Grey Bruce Health Unit	4	0.4%
Huron Perth Public Health	1	0.1%
Lambton Public Health	1	0.1%
Middlesex-London Health Unit	12	1.2%
Southwestern Public Health	0	0.0%
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	1	0.1%

Public Health Unit and Region	Cumulative case count up to December 11, 2021	Percentage of cumulative cases
TOTAL SOUTH WEST	19	1.9%
Brant County Health Unit	7	0.7%
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	25	2.5%
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	0	0.0%
Halton Region Public Health	78	7.8%
Niagara Region Public Health	3	0.3%
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	24	2.4%
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	30	3.0%
TOTAL CENTRAL WEST	167	16.7%
TOTAL ONTARIO	998	100.0%

Note: Details on testing for variants of concern are in the <u>Technical Notes</u>. Interpret the VOC trends with caution due to the varying time required to complete testing and/or genomic analysis following the initial positive test for SARS-CoV-2.

## **Outbreaks**

Table 9. Number of public health unit declared COVID-19 lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* outbreaks by setting type: Ontario

Setting Type	Reported week 49 (December 5 to December 11)	Number of ongoing outbreaks	Cumulative number of outbreaks reported to December 11
Congregate Care	0	0	0
Long-term care homes	0	0	0
Retirement homes	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	0
Congregate Living	3	3	3

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis as well as cases with S-gene target failure without lineage information identified by PCR assay and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

Setting Type	Reported week 49 (December 5 to December 11)	Number of ongoing outbreaks	Cumulative number of outbreaks reported to December 11
Correctional facility	0	0	0
Shelter	0	0	0
Group Home/supportive housing	2	2	2
Short-term accommodations	0	0	0
Congregate other	1	1	1
Education and Childcare	10	11	11
Child care	0	0	0
Camp – Day	0	0	0
Camp – Overnight	0	0	0
Camp – Unspecified	0	0	0
School – Elementary	7	7	7
School – Elementary/secondary	0	0	0
School – Secondary	2	2	2
School – Post-secondary	1	2	2
Other settings	13	13	13
Bar/restaurant/nightclub	2	2	2
Medical/health services	1	1	1
Personal service settings	0	0	0
Recreational fitness	3	3	3
Retail	1	1	1
Other recreation/community	1	1	1
Workplace – Farm	0	0	0

Setting Type	Reported week 49 (December 5 to December 11)	Number of ongoing outbreaks	Cumulative number of outbreaks reported to December 11
Workplace - Food processing	0	0	0
Other types of workplaces	3	3	3
Other	0	0	0
Unknown	2	2	2
Total number of outbreaks	26	27	27

Note: Reported week is based on the outbreak reported date, and if unavailable, the date the public health unit created the outbreak. Ongoing outbreaks are those that are reported in CCM as 'Open' and without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded. Interpret information for the most recent week with caution due to reporting lags. Outbreak categories are mutually exclusive. Retail includes settings such as grocery stores, pharmacies, malls, etc. Other types of workplaces include settings such as offices as well as warehousing, shipping and distribution, manufacturing facilities, mines and construction sites, etc. Other recreation/community includes settings such as entertainment and event venues, gatherings (e.g., weddings), religious facilities, etc. Medical/health services refer to settings such as doctor's office or clinic, wellness clinics, etc., and excludes categories listed in the congregate care setting group.

Table 10. Confirmed cases of COVID-19\* associated with COVID-19 lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF outbreaks by setting type and public health unit reported week: Ontario

Cases associated with the outbreak setting type	Reported week 48 (November 28 to December 4)	Reported week 49 (December 5 to December 11)	Cumulative number of cases
Congregate Care	0	0	0
Long-term care homes	0	0	0
Retirement homes	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	0
Congregate Living	0	20	20
Correctional facility	0	0	0
Shelter	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks with outbreak lineage field reported as 'lineage B.1.1.529' as well as outbreaks where the outbreak mutation field reported 'S-gene target failure'. Ongoing re-classification of settings for reported outbreaks can result in outbreak counts that may differ from previously reported counts. Outbreaks in settings outside of Ontario are excluded from all outbreak counts.

Cases associated with the outbreak setting type	Reported week 48 (November 28 to December 4)	Reported week 49 (December 5 to December 11)	Cumulative number of cases
Group Home/supportive housing	0	18	18
Short-term accommodations	0	0	0
Congregate other	0	2	2
Education and Childcare	2	29	31
Child care	0	0	0
Camp – Day	0	0	0
Camp – Overnight	0	0	0
Camp – Unspecified	0	0	0
School – Elementary	0	25	25
School – Elementary/secondary	0	0	0
School – Secondary	1	3	4
School – Post-secondary	1	1	2
Other settings	5	75	80
Bar/restaurant/nightclub	0	11	11
Medical/health services	0	3	3
Personal service settings	0	0	0
Recreational fitness	0	28	28
Retail	0	4	4
Other recreation/community	0	5	5
Workplace – Farm	0	0	0
Workplace - Food processing	0	0	0
Other types of workplaces	5	17	22
Other	0	0	0

Cases associated with the outbreak setting type	Reported week 48 (November 28 to December 4)	Reported week 49 (December 5 to December 11)	Cumulative number of cases
Unknown	0	7	7
Total number of cases	7	124	131

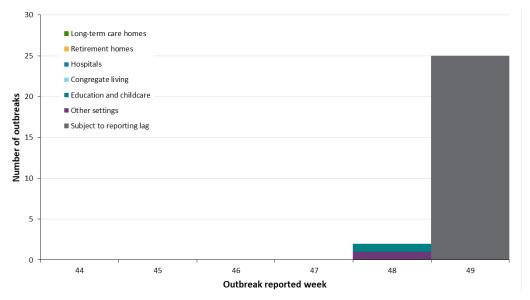
Note: Interpret case counts for the most recent week with caution due to reporting lags. Outbreak categories are mutually exclusive. Retail includes settings such as grocery stores, pharmacies, malls, etc. Other types of workplaces include settings such as offices as well as warehousing, shipping and distribution, manufacturing facilities, mines, and construction sites, etc. Other recreation/community includes settings such as entertainment and event venues, gatherings (e.g., weddings), religious facilities, etc. Medical/health services refer to settings such as doctor's office or clinic, wellness clinics, etc., and excludes categories listed in the congregate care setting group.

\*Includes all cases linked to outbreaks where the outbreak lineage field is lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or outbreak mutation field is S-gene Target Failure regardless of the case's lineage or mutation information (i.e., outbreak associated cases may include cases identified as lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron), other COVID-19 lineages and cases without a lineage recorded in CCM).

Ongoing re-classification of settings for reported outbreaks can result in case counts that may differ from previously reported counts. Cases associated with outbreaks outside of Ontario are excluded from case counts in this table.

Data Source: CCM

Figure 3. Public health unit declared COVID-19 lineage B.1.1.529 (Omicron) or SGTF\* outbreaks by outbreak setting type and public health unit reported week: Ontario



Note: If public health unit outbreak reported date is unavailable, the date the public health unit created the outbreak is used. Week 44 refers to October 31 to November 6, 2021 and week 49 refers to December 5 to 11, 2021. See <u>Table 1A</u> in Appendix A for a list of the weeks and corresponding start and end dates. Congregate living include group homes, shelters, correctional facilities, etc. Other settings include outbreaks within workplaces, restaurants, recreation etc.

\*Includes all confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks with outbreak lineage field reported as 'lineage B.1.1.529' as well as outbreaks where the outbreak mutation field reported 'S-gene target failure'.

#### **Technical Notes**

#### **Data Sources**

- The data for this report were based on information successfully extracted from the Public Health Case and Contact Management Solution (CCM) for all PHUs by PHO as of **December 15, 2021 at 1 p.m**.
- COVID-19 vaccination data were based on information successfully extracted from the Ontario
  Ministry of Health's COVaxON application as of December 13, 2021 at approximately 7 a.m.
  COVaxON data was subsequently linked to COVID-19 case data based on information
  successfully extracted from the Public Health Case and Contact Management Solution (CCM) for
  all PHUs by PHO as of December 13, 2021 at 1 p.m.
- CCM and COVaxON are dynamic disease reporting systems, which allow ongoing updates to data
  previously entered. As a result, data extracted from CCM and COVaxON represent a snapshot at
  the time of extraction and may differ from previous or subsequent reports.

#### **Data Caveats**

- The data represent case and vaccination information reported to public health units and recorded in CCM or COVaxON. As a result, all counts will be subject to varying degrees of underreporting due to a variety of factors, such as disease awareness and medical care seeking behaviours, which may depend on severity of illness, clinical practice, changes in laboratory testing, and reporting behaviours.
- Lags in CCM data entry due to weekend staffing may result in lower case counts than would otherwise be recorded.
- Only cases meeting the confirmed case classification as listed in the Ministry of Health: Case Definition Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) are included in the report counts from CCM.
- Cases of confirmed reinfection, as defined in the provincial case definitions, are counted as unique investigations. Reinfection cases include cases for persons (CCM clients) with two or more confirmed case investigations where the case investigations after the first one have the reinfection checkbox marked as 'Yes'.
- Case classification information may be updated for individuals with a positive result issued from a point-of-care assay.
- Reported date is the date the case was reported to the public health unit.
- Reported weeks were created to align with the Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) influenza surveillance weeks.
- Symptomatic cases were defined as those with symptom information (e.g. cough) reported.
- Asymptomatic cases were defined as those where asymptomatic was reported as 'yes' and no symptom information (e.g. cough) was reported.
- 'Any medical comorbidity reported' includes cases where at least one of the following medical risk factors in CCM were reported as 'Yes': Anemia or hemoglobinopathy, Asthma, Chronic

obstructive pulmonary disease, Cardiovascular disease, Cancer, Diabetes, Immunocompromised, Liver disease, Neurologic disorder, Obesity, Postpartum, Pregnant, Renal disease, Tuberculosis, Chronic illness/underlying medical condition, Other.

- Medical co-morbidities are likely to be underreported in CCM.
  - The data are collected and recorded by public health units. Information was not linked to health administrative databases containing co-morbidity information.
  - Co-morbidity data may be self-reported by the cases or their proxies to the public health units and may not be confirmed or reported by a health care provider.
  - Cases categorized under 'no co-morbidity' likely include cases with an existing medical comorbidity but the information was either not collected, reported to public health units or recorded in CCM.
- Hospitalization includes all cases for which a hospital admission date was reported or hospitalization/ICU was reported as 'Yes' at the time of data extraction. It includes cases that have been discharged from hospital as well as cases that are currently hospitalized. Emergency room visits are not included in the number of reported hospitalizations.
- ICU admission includes all cases for which an ICU admission date was reported at the time of data extraction. It is a subset of the count of hospitalized cases. It includes cases that have been treated or that are currently being treated in an ICU.
- Orientation of case counts by geography is based on the permanent health unit. This is
  equivalent to the diagnosing health unit (DHU) in iPHIS. DHU refers to the case's public health
  unit of residence at the time of illness onset and not necessarily the location of exposure. Cases
  for which the DHU was reported as MOH (to signify a case that is not a resident of Ontario) have
  been excluded from the analyses.
- Male/Female information presented in this report are sourced from the Sex field in CCM and are intended to represent sex assigned at birth.
- Likely source of acquisition is determined by examining the epidemiologic link and epidemiologic link status fields in CCM. If no epidemiologic link is identified in those fields the risk factor fields are examined to determine whether a case travelled, was associated with a confirmed outbreak, was a contact of a case, had no known epidemiological link (sporadic community transmission) or was reported to have an unknown source/no information was reported. Some cases may have no information reported if the case is untraceable, was lost to follow-up or referred to FNIHB. Cases with multiple risk factors were assigned to a single likely acquisition source group which was determined hierarchically in the following order:
  - For cases with an episode date *on or after* April 1, 2020: Outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > travel > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown.
  - For cases with an episode date *before* April 1, 2020: Travel > outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown.

- Deaths are determined by using the outcome field in CCM. Any case marked 'Fatal' is included in the deaths data. The CCM field Type of Death is not used to further categorize the data.
  - If the date of death is missing the outcome date field is used as a proxy for cases marked as 'Fatal' in the outcome field.
- COVID-19 cases from CCM for which the Classification and/or Disposition was reported as ENTERED IN ERROR, DOES NOT MEET DEFINITION, IGNORE, DUPLICATE, or any variation on these values have been excluded. The provincial case count for COVID-19 may include some duplicate records, if these records were not identified and resolved.
- Ongoing outbreaks are those that are reported in CCM as 'Open' and without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded. Closed outbreaks are 'Closed' or have a 'Declared Over Date' recorded in CCM or where the outbreak start date (determined by the onset date of first case, or if missing the reported date, or if missing the created date) is more than 5 months from the current date, even for outbreaks where the outbreak status value selected in CCM is 'OPEN'.
- Outbreaks are declared by the local medical officer of health or their designate in accordance to the Health Protection and Promotion Act and criteria outlined in Ministry guidance documents.
- 'Cases associated with school outbreaks' includes cases that are linked to an outbreak, by school classification type (Elementary, Elementary/Secondary, Secondary, Post-Secondary), that met the definition of a school outbreak as per the Ministry of Health's: <u>COVID-19 Guidance</u>: <u>School Case, Contact and Outbreak Management</u>.
- School classification types are defined by the Ministry of Education.
  - Elementary/Secondary schools include public or private schools educating children in a combination of elementary and secondary grades (e.g., Kindergarten to Grade 8, Grades 9 to 12, and Kindergarten to Grade 12).
- Public Health Ontario conducts testing and genomic analyses for SARS-CoV-2 positive specimens
  using the criteria outlined in PHO's <u>SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 Virus) Variant of Concern (VoC) S</u>
  Screening and Genomic Sequencing for Surveillance.
  - As of December 6, 2021 all eligible COVID-19 PCR-positive specimens in Ontario will be screened for S-gene target failure (SGTF) as a marker for the Omicron variant.
- Lineage nomenclature is dynamic. PANGO lineage naming and assignment may change from previous reports as more samples are sequenced and analyzed.
- Variant status may be updated based on scientific evidence. Variants designated as a VOC in Canada is available on the Public Health Agency of Canada's <u>SARS-CoV-2 variants</u>: <u>National</u> <u>definitions</u>, <u>classifications</u> and <u>public health actions</u> webpage.
- The laboratory detection of a variant of concern is a multi-step process. Samples that test positive for SARS-CoV-2 and have a cycle threshold (Ct) value ≤30, may then undergo genomic analyses to identify the VOC lineage.
- Includes all confirmed COVID-19 cases with a lineage of B.1.1.529 (Omicron) identified by genomic analysis or if missing lineage information screened for and identified as having S-gene target failure (SGTF) and reported in CCM as of the extraction time.

- Interpret the VOC trends with caution due to the varying time required to complete genomic analysis following the initial positive test for SARS-CoV-2.
- Due to the nature of the genomic analysis, test results may be completed in batches.
- Data for calculating the cumulative case counts uses data from the Investigation Lineage and Investigation Mutation fields only. Changes to the VOC testing algorithm may impact counts and trends.
- If a VOC is identified through genomic analysis cases initially classified as a mutation may be updated and moved to the appropriate lineage (e.g.B.1.1.529)

#### Data Caveats and Methods: COVaxON

- Linking COVaxON and CCM data is dependent on availability of personal identifiers reported in both databases. For example, if a client was reported in both COVaxON and CCM, but personal identifiers (e.g. such as health card number, date of birth) were not available, then sufficient information would not have been available to identify the client and the client would not have been included in the linkage.
- Methods for processing COVaxON vaccine uptake data are described in the Technical Notes of the PHO surveillance report, <u>COVID-19 Vaccine Uptake and Program Impact in Ontario</u>.
- Cases that received one or more doses of a non-Health Canada authorized vaccine are excluded from post-vaccination case counts.
- The following definitions, were used to describe COVID-19 infection following vaccination. Note: These definitions are subject to change.
  - Unvaccinated case: Confirmed COVID-19 cases with no evidence of having received a valid COVID-19 vaccine dose following data linkage between CCM and COVAXON, as well as cases that are not yet protected from vaccination (0 to 13 days following the first dose of a Health Canada authorized COVID-19 vaccine) as this time period from vaccination is not sufficient to develop immunity, therefore these cases are not considered protected from vaccination.
  - Partially vaccinated case: Cases with a symptom onset date that was 14 or more days
    following the first dose of a 2-dose series of a Health Canada authorized COVID-19 vaccine
    or 0 to <14 days after receiving the second dose of a 2-dose Health Canada authorized
    COVID-19 vaccine series. This time period from vaccination may be sufficient to develop
    some degree of immunity, but these cases are not considered fully protected as they have
    not yet received the second dose or have only recently received the second dose.</li>
  - Breakthrough (i.e., fully vaccinated) case: Cases with a symptom onset date that was 14 or more days following receipt of the second dose of a 2-dose series of a Health Canada authorized COVID-19 vaccine, 14 or more days following the first dose of a Health Canada authorized COVID-19 vaccine product with a 1-dose schedule, or 0 to <14 days after receiving the third dose of a Health Canada authorized COVID-19 vaccine. These cases are considered fully protected from vaccination, however, as vaccine effectiveness is not 100%, it is expected that a small number of cases will occur among fully vaccinated individuals.</li>

- Post-dose 3 cases (i.e. cases following a third dose): Cases with a symptom onset date
  that was 14 or more days following the receipt of a third dose of a Health Canada
  authorized COVID-19 vaccine, following two doses of Health Canada authorized COVID-19
  vaccine products. The third dose is recommended to complete a primary series for select
  immunocompromised individuals and as a booster for waning immunity in select
  populations, including older adults.
- For additional information and technical notes related to COVID-19 infection following vaccination, please refer to PHO's <u>Confirmed Cases of COVID-19 Following Vaccination in Ontario</u>.

# Appendix A

Table 1A. Reported weeks and date ranges that align with the Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) influenza surveillance weeks

Reported Week	Start date	End date
44	31-Oct-21	06-Nov-21
45	07-Nov-21	13-Nov-21
46	14-Nov-21	20-Nov-21
47	21-Nov-21	27-Nov-21
48	28-Nov-21	04-Dec-21
49	05-Dec-21	11-Dec-21

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