# **!!! TITLE**

# USING CLUSTERING TO IDENTIFY 3 MILLION NEW ASTEROIDS

PREPARED BY

MATT HOLMAN PAUL BLANKLEY RYAN JANSSEN

CS182 - ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

**30 NOVEMBER 2017** 

# MILLIONS OF MISSING ASTEROIDS! CONNECTING PARTIAL ASTEROID TRACKLETS

Mandate from Congress: >90% of potentially hazardous asteroids must be tracked

Currently, we have **170m observations** of known asteroids

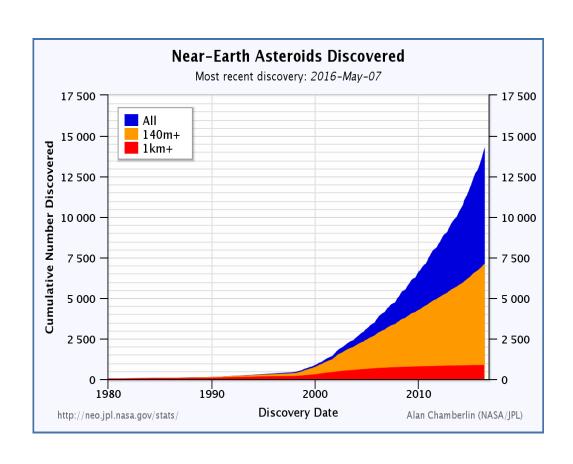
#### NATIONAL NEAR-EARTH OBJECT PREPAREDNESS STRATEGY

PRODUCT OF THE
INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP FOR DETECTING AND
MITIGATING THE IMPACT OF EARTH-BOUND NEAREARTH OBJECTS (NEOS) (DAMIEN)
OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL



DECEMBER 2016

# MILLIONS OF MISSING ASTEROIDS!



However, some observations cannot be matched into an asteroid.

There are currently:

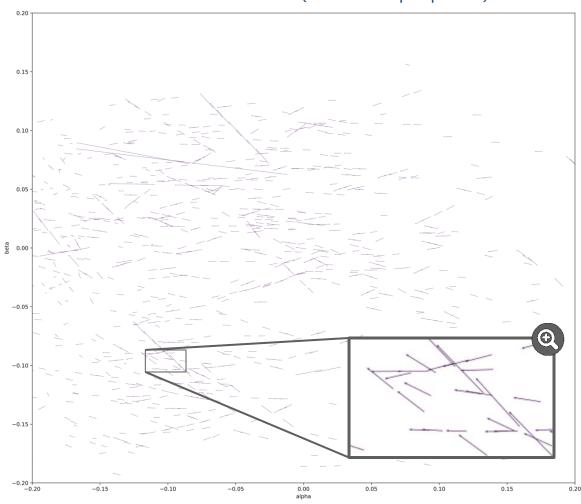
- 14 million unmatched tracklets,
- ~3 million total asteroids.

Growing quickly as telescope resolution increases

# A HARD PROBLEM...

- High asteroid density makes clustering difficult
- From Earth, asteroids trajectories are highly non-linear
- Missing data (cannot tell asteroid movement/velocity in the z direction)
- Sparse observations can be months or years apart
- Brute force is impossible with 14m observations

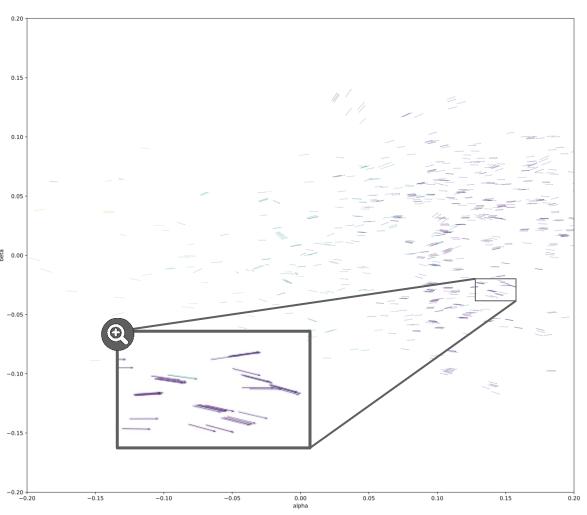
#### Partial asteroid tracklets (from Earth's perspective)

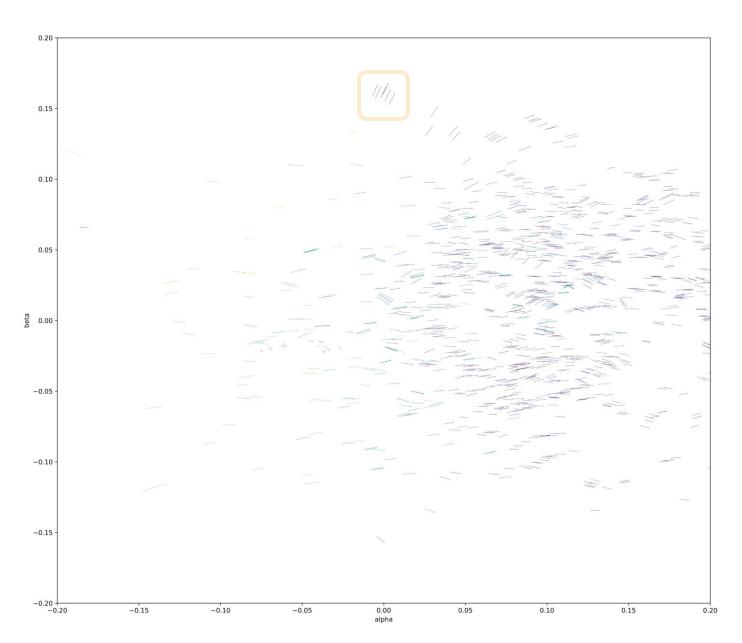


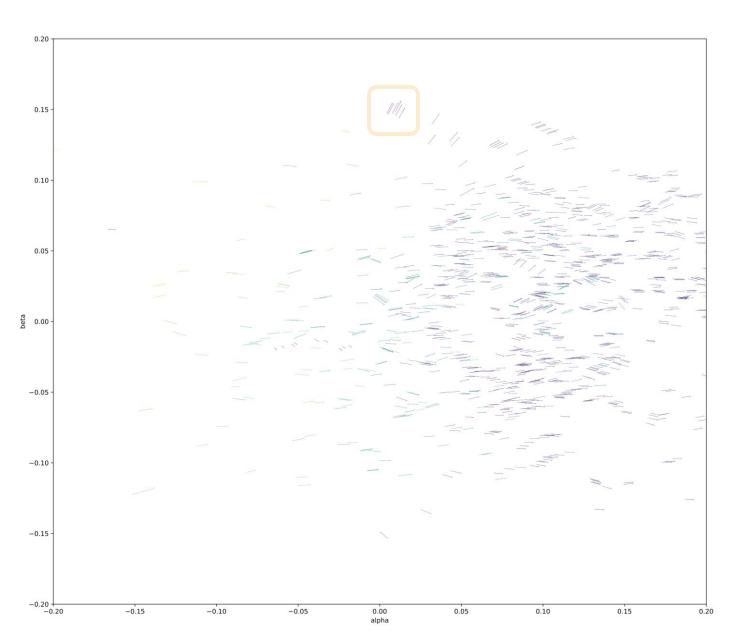
# PROPOSED SOLUTION

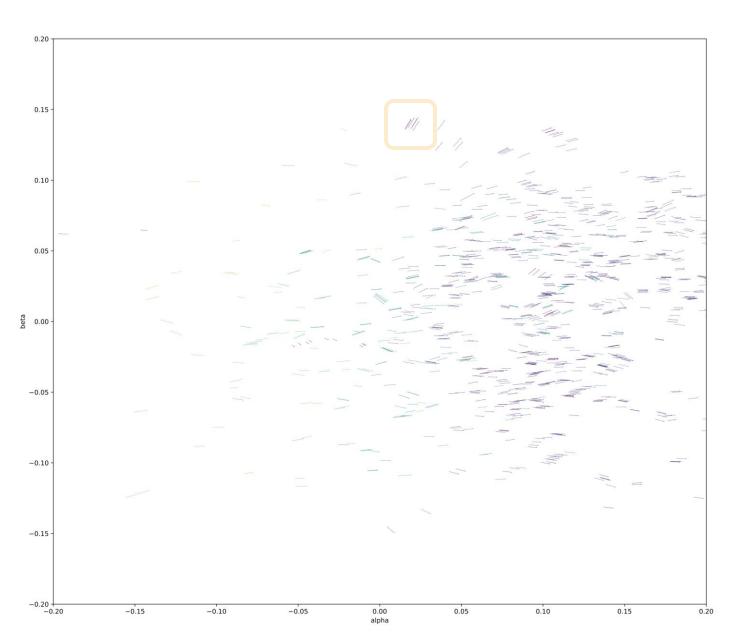
- When we apply a heliocentric transformer, the trajectories become clear!
- Similar to applying the kernel trick in 3-dimensional space
- Can then set a 'focal distance' by inferring z-distance

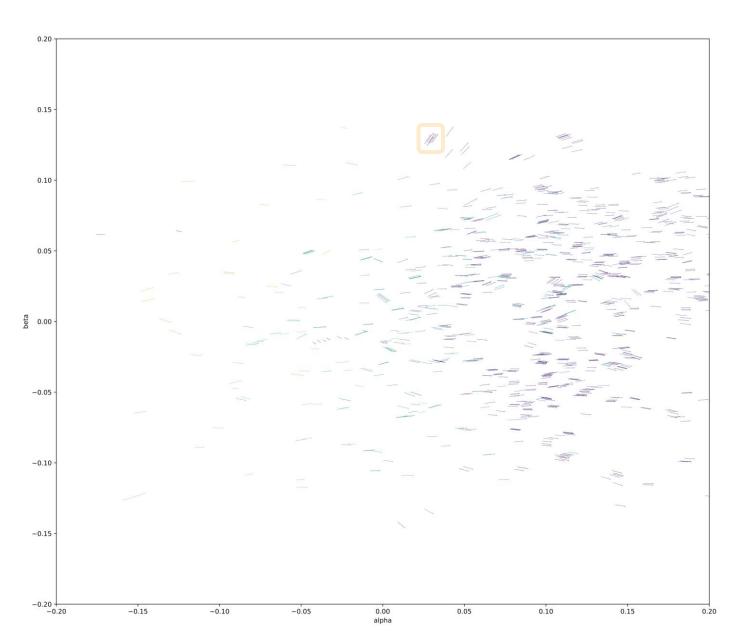
#### Partial asteroid tracklets (from the Sun's perspective)

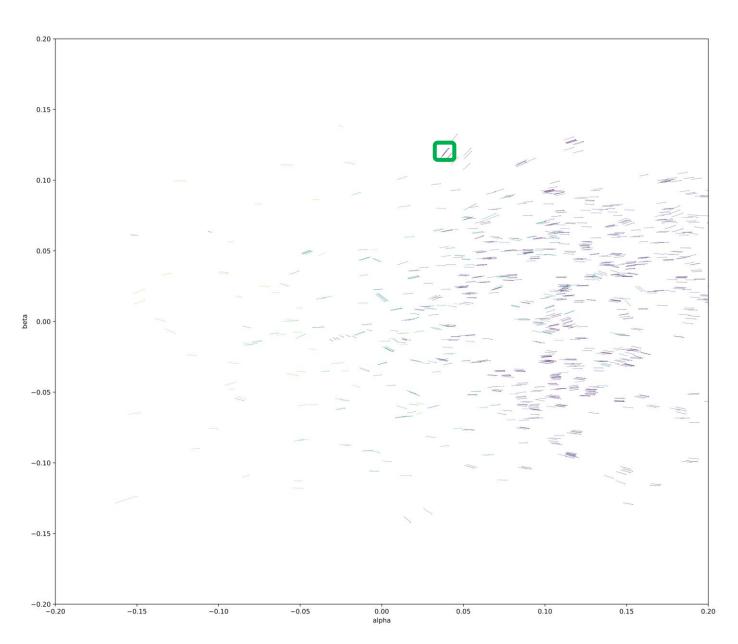


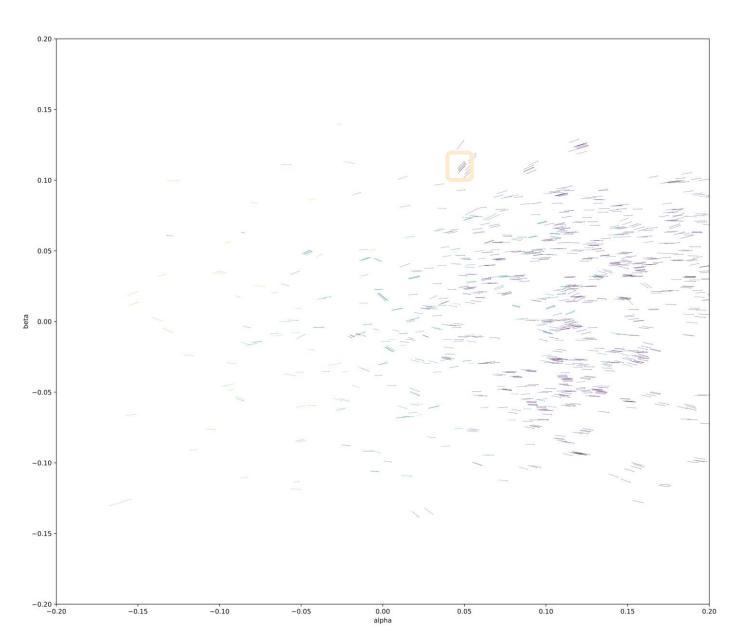


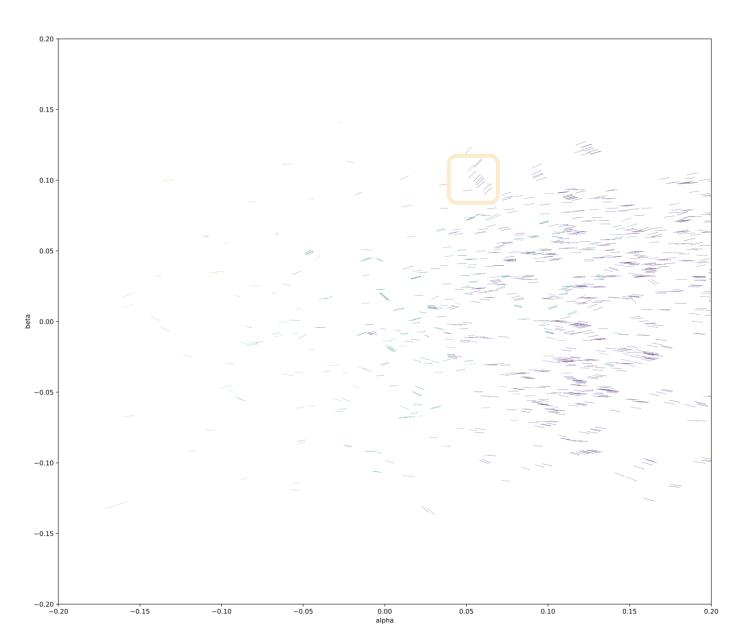






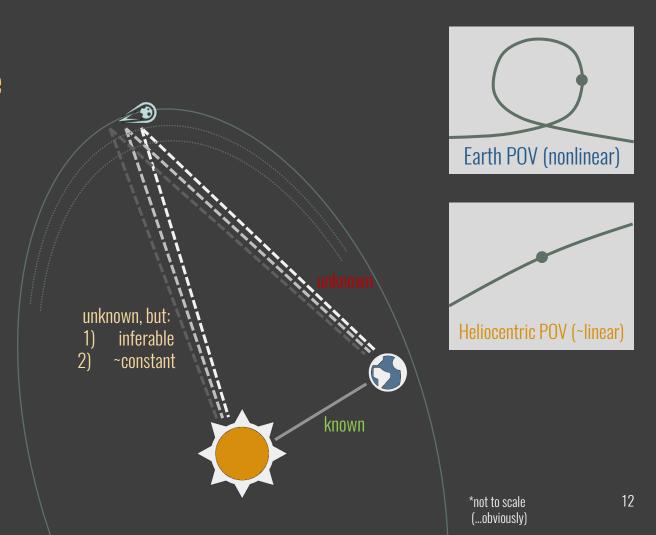






# CORE INTUITION WHY DOES HELIOCENTRICITY WORK?

- Heliocentric transform allows us to infer a constant distance from the sun
- Also helps us compare asteroid tracklets linearly, and in common time
- Enables clustering over small radii



# **OUR METHODOLOGY**

- 1 DIVIDE SKY INTO !!! PLANES AND 300 TIME SLICES
- 2. ASSERT THE (UNKNOWN) Z-DISTANCE FROM THE SUN

Running full sky in a single cluster is computationally intractable [O(n log n)]

# **OUR METHODOLOGY**

- 1 DIVIDE SKY INTO !!! PLANES AND 300 TIME SLICES
- 2. ASSERT THE (UNKNOWN) Z-DISTANCE FROM THE SUN
- 3. ITERATE OVER Z-VELOCITIES, SOLVE OTHER MOTION PARAMS
- 4. CLUSTER BASED ON 6 PARAMS: X/Y/Z POSITION, X/Y/Z VELOCITY

4 of our 6 motion parameters are known, and 1 is relatively constant

Model is linear in the parameters

### **OUR METHODOLOGY**

TUNE CLUSTERING HYPERPARAMETERS OVER KNOWN TRAINING SET (THANKS TO MINOR PLANET CENTER!)

### TRAIN CLUSTER RADIUS/WEIGHTING

- 1. DIVIDE SKY INTO !!! PLANES AND 300 TIME SLICES
- 2. ASSERT THE (UNKNOWN) Z-DISTANCE FROM THE SUN
- 3. ITERATE OVER Z-VELOCITIES, SOLVE OTHER X/Y MOTION PARAMS
- 4 CLUSTER BASED ON 6 PARAMS: X/Y/Z POSITION, X/Y/Z VELOCITY

We tune two hyper-parameters:

- 1) OPTIMAL **CLUSTER RADIUS**
- 2) **WEIGHTING** OF VELOCITY VS. POSITION

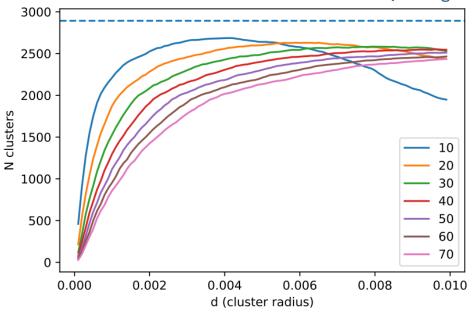
### TUNING PERFORMANCE OPTIMAL CLUSTER

US: 0.005-0.010AU

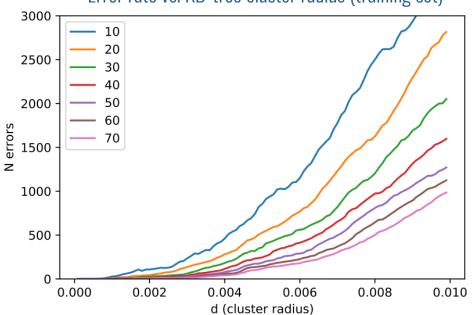
Selected KD-tree clustering for optimal speed (!!!)

Also had good results with agglomerative clustering

#### Total clusters detected vs. KD-tree cluster radius (training set)

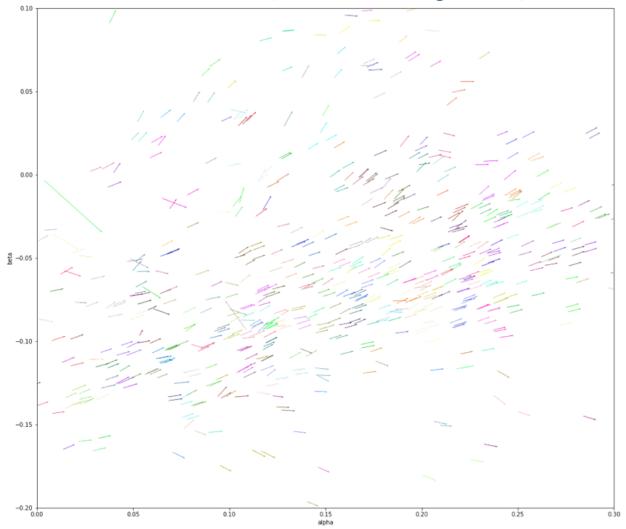


#### Error rate vs. KD-tree cluster radius (training set)



# CLUSTERING RESULTS 90% OF ASTEROIDS DETECTED WITH ZERO ERROR!

### Identified Asteroids (common colors = a single asteroid)



**!!! COPY HERE?** 

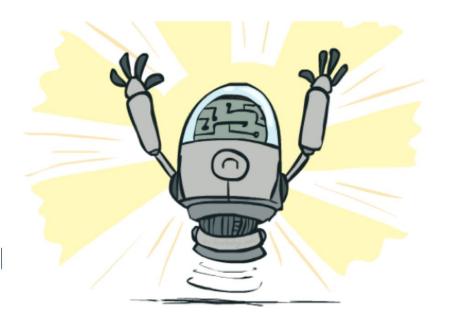
### CONCLUSIONS

**Conclusion**: Successful tracklet matching using the heliocentric transform and KD-Trees

Also able to do so in just **O(n log n)** time, a scalable solution!!

**Limitations**: possible improvement in a more accurate clustering method

**Next Steps**: Run the algorithm over all 14m partial observations!



**Thanks To**: The Minor Planet Center for training data, Scott and Brian for project support!

CIC

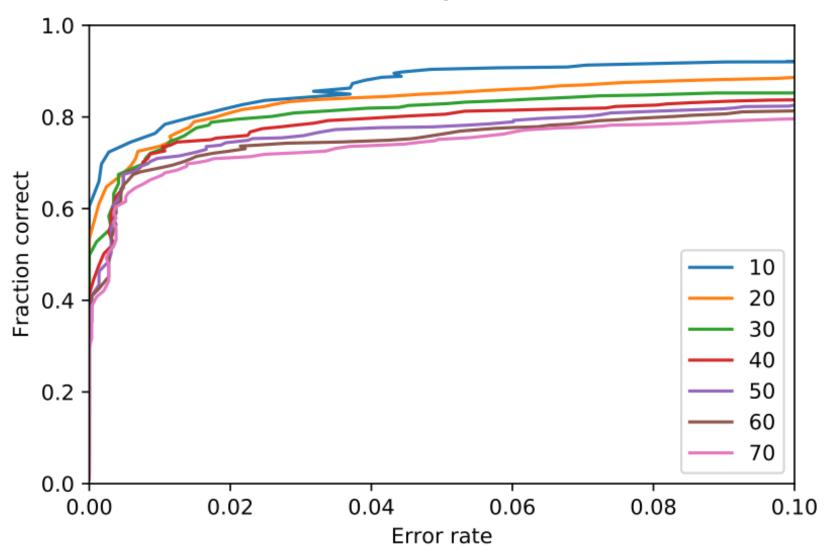
0

I COIN I PLAY

### **APPENDIX/SUPPORTING SLIDES**

IF I HAD MORE TIME I WOULD WRITE A SHORTER LETTER. BLAISE PASCAL

### Training AUC



### Agglomerative Clustering Dendogram (Truncated)

