



← Back To Course Home

Grokking the System Design Interview

(/courses/grokking-the-system-design-interview)

13% completed



Search Course

Friends

(/courses/grokking-the-system-design-interview/B8rpM8E16LQ)

Designing Uber backend
(/courses/grokking-the-system-design-interview/YQVkj548NM)

Design Ticketmaster
(/courses/grokking-the-system-design-interview/YQyq6mBKq4n)

Checksum (New)

Let's learn about checksum and its usage.

We'll cover the following ^

- Background
- Solution

Background#

In a distributed system, while moving data between components, it is possible that the data fetched from a node may arrive corrupted. This corruption can occur because of faults in a storage device, network, software, etc. How can a distributed system ensure data integrity, so that the client receives an error instead of corrupt data?

Solution#

Calculate a checksum and store it with data.

To calculate a checksum, a cryptographic hash function like MD5, SHA-1, SHA-256, or SHA-512 is used. The hash function takes the input data and produces a string (containing letters and numbers) of fixed length; this string is called the checksum.

When a system is storing some data, it computes a checksum of the data and stores the checksum with the data. When a client retrieves data, it verifies that the data it received from the server matches the checksum stored. If not, then the client can opt to retrieve that data from another replica.

[< Back](#)


Heartbeat (New)


[Next >](#)

Contact Us



Mark as Completed

 Report
an Issue

 Ask a Question
(https://discuss.educative.io/tag/checksum-new__glossary-of-system-design-basics__grokking-the-system-design-interview)