# **Decision Variables:**

Let CB be the Number of Collegiate Bags

Let MB be the Number of Mini Bags

Let PR be the Total Profit/Objective Function

# **Objective Function:**

The Maximize Profit be the PR (CB, MB)

=32CB+24MB

Non-Negativity:

 $0 \le CB \le 1000$ (Since we cannot have any negative Backpack)

 $0 \le MB \le 1200$ (Since we cannot have any negative Backpack)

# Constraints:

There are 2 Constraints that are present in the problem.

1) Nylon Constraint

CB<- requires 3 sqft Nylon

MB<- requires 2 sqft Nylon

 $3CB+2MB \le 5000$ 

2)Labour Constraint

35\*40=1400 Hours (Number of available Hours \* Number of hours each Labour works)

Mathematical Formulation:

Maximizing Profit PR (CB, MB) is equal to 32CB+24MB

Let CB=Number of Collegiate Bags

Let MB= Number of Mini Bags

Let PR=Total Profit/Objective Function

Total Nylon given=5000 Sqft

Total Labour hours that are required=35\*40=1400 hrs

Assume that

CB<- requires 3 sqft Nylon used by Collegiate

MB<- requires 2 sqft Nylon used by mini

3CB+2MB ≤ 5000

Which calculating labour costs of Collegiate:

Each labour unit takes around 45 minutes: 45/60= 3/4

Which calculating labour costs of Mini:

Each labour unit takes around 40 minutes:

40/60= 2/3

(3/4) CB+(2/3) MB  $\leq 1400$ 

2)

**Decision Variables:** 

Let PLANT SIZES<sub>ij</sub> be the number of units of plant sizes.

PLANT SIZES is the number of plant units

I be the number of plants (1,2,3)

J be number that holds the plant of sizes (Small(S), Medium(M), Large(L)).

#### M=Maximized value

Formulating the linear programming model:

**Objective Function:** 

M=420(PLANT SIZES<sub>1L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3L</sub>) +360(PLANT SIZES<sub>1M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3M</sub>) +300(PLANT SIZES<sub>1S</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2S</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3S</sub>)

# Constraints:

There are 3 Constraints that we can identify in this problem.

Sizes:

(PLANT SIZES<sub>1L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3S</sub>)

≤750 (plant 1)

(PLANT SIZES<sub>2L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3S</sub>)

≤900 (plant 2)

(PLANT SIZES<sub>1L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3S</sub>)

≤450 (plant 3)

Storage Units:

20 PLANT SIZES<sub>1L</sub>+15PLANT SIZES<sub>1M</sub>+12PLANT

 $SIZES_{1S} \le 13000$ 

20 PLANT SIZES<sub>2L</sub>+15PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+12PLANT

 $SIZES_{2S} \le 12000$ 

20 PLANT SIZES<sub>3L</sub>+15PLANT SIZES<sub>3M</sub>+12PLANT SIZES<sub>3S</sub>  $\leq$  5000

# Sales Forecast:

PLANT SIZES<sub>1L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>1M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>1S</sub> ≤

900

PLANT SIZES<sub>2L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2S</sub> ≤

1200

PLANT SIZES<sub>3L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3M</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3S</sub> ≤

750

Percentage that is required to avoid the Layoff:

((PLANT SIZES<sub>1L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>1M</sub>+PLANT

SIZES<sub>1S</sub>)/750) \*100

((PLANT SIZES<sub>2L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>2M</sub>+PLANT

SIZES<sub>2S</sub>)/900) \*100

((PLANT SIZES<sub>3L</sub>+PLANT SIZES<sub>3M</sub>+PLANT

SIZES<sub>3S</sub>)/450) \*100