Further Reading

(Spitzer and Endicott 1978; Spitzer 1981; Spitzer and American Psychiatric Association. 1981; Bayer and Spitzer 1982; Zusne 1984; Nicolosi 1991; Nicolosi 1993; Sheehy, Chapman et al. 1997; Moor 2002; Scasta 2002; Drescher and Merlino 2007; Fryer 2008)

Bayer, R. and R. Spitzer (1982). "Edited Correspondence on the status of homosexuality in DSM-III." Journal of the History of Behavioral Sciences **18**(1): 32-52.

Bieber, I. (1962). Homosexuality: A Psychoanalytic Study. New York, Basic Books.

Drescher, J. and J. P. Merlino (2007). American psychiatry and homosexuality : an oral history. New York, Harrington Park Press.

Fryer, J. (2008). "Dr. Anonymous Speech." Retrieved 10/6/2008, 2008, from <http://www.oism.info/en/society/social_control/dr_anonymous_apa_speech_1972.htm>.

Moor, P. (2002). "The View from Irving Bieber's Couch: 'Heads I Win, Tails You Lose'." Journal of Gay & Lesbian Psychotherapy **5**(3/4): 25-36.

Nicolosi, J. (1991). Reparative Theraphy of Male Homosexuality. Jason Aronson, Inc., , Northvale, New Jersey.

Nicolosi, J. (1993). Healing Homosexuality: Case Stories of Reparative Therapy Northvale, NJ, Jason Aronson.

Scasta, D. L. (2002). "John E Fryer, MD, and the Dr. H. Anonymous Episode." Journal of Gay & Lesbian Psychotherapy **6**(4): 73-84.

Sheehy, N., A. J. Chapman, et al. (1997). Biographical dictionary of psychology. London ; New York, Routledge Reference.

Socarides, C. W. (1963). "Review of Homosexuality. A Psychoanalytic Study : By Irving Bieber, et al. New York: Basic Books, Inc. 1962. 358 pp." Psychoanalytic Quarterly **32**: 111-114.

Society of Medical, P. and I. Bieber (1962). Homosexuality; a psychoanalytic study. New York, Basic Books.

Spitzer, R. (1981). "The diagnostic status of homosexuality in DSM-III: a reformulation of the issues." American Journal of Psychiatry **138**: 210-215.

In 1973 homosexuality per se was removed from the DSM-II classification of mental disorders and replaced by the category Sexual Orientation Disturbance. This represented a compromise between the view that preferential homosexuality is invariably a mental disorder and the view that it is merely a normal sexual variant. While the 1973 DSM-II controversy was highly public, more recently a related but less public controversy involved what became the DSM-III category of Ego-dystonic Homosexuality. The author presents the DSM-III controversy and a reformulation of the issues involved in the diagnostic status of homosexuality. He argues that what is at issue is a value judgment about heterosexuality, rather than a factual dispute about homosexuality.

Spitzer, R. L. and American Psychiatric Association. (1981). DSM-III case book : a learning companion to the Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (third edition). Washington, D.C., American Psychiatric Association.

Spitzer, R. L. and J. Endicott (1978). Medical and Mental Disorder: Proposed Definition and Criteria. Critical Issues in Psychiatric Diagnosis. R. L. Spitzer and D. F. Klein. New York, Raven Press**:** 15-40.

Zusne, L. (1984). Biographical dictionary of psychology, Greenwood Press.

+ Gold, Ron ‘Three Stories of Gay Liberation’

(Bieber 1962; Society of Medical and Bieber 1962; Socarides 1963; Moor 2002)