# Group 04 Exercice 01

December 1, 2020

#### 1 Exercice 01:

lenth is : 7 average is: 9.0

The following exercice requires some understanding in the following subjects: - understand the notion of variable and data-types - read the user inputs - understand conditions in python

```
[]: ## 1. Review:

### 1.a. Create two variables `time` and `distance` with the following values

→ "6.89" and "16.7" .

#Compute the speed and save it in a variable called `speed` and print then the

→ speed.
```

```
[5]: # declare the two variables time and distance
   time = 6.89
   distance = 16.7
   speed = distance / time
   print('The speed is', speed, 'mile/hour')
```

The speed is 2.423802612481858 mile/hour

1.0.1 1.b. Create a list called special\_lst with the following values: [12,8,9,13,11,10]. Compute the average value of all the value of the list with index and save it to a variable called avg\_special\_lst.

```
[46]: tiger = 'cat'
      tiger is 'cat'
[46]: True
[47]: lion = tiger
      lion is 'cat'
[47]: True
[48]: kitty = lion
      kitty is 'cat'
[48]: True
[49]: cheetah = 'cat'
      cheetah is lion
[49]: True
[50]: cheetah != tiger
      cheetah is kitty
[50]: True
[51]: cheetah is tiger
[51]: True
[53]: owl = 'bird'
      cheetah is 'bird'
[53]: False
[54]: tiger is owl
[54]: False
[55]: tiger is lion and tiger is kitty
[55]: True
[59]: tiger is cheetah and tiger is not owl
[59]: True
```

## 1.0.2 1.c. Given the following variables:

```
tiger = 'cat'
lion = 'cat'
kitty = 'cat'
cheetah = 'cat'
hyena = 'dog'
wolf = 'dog'
husky = 'dog'
owl = 'bird'
pigeon = 'bird'
duck = 'bird'
```

Write the following statements in Boolean and print the answer:

```
ex: is_tiger_a_cat = (tiger == 'cat') # true because 'true equals true' is true.
tiger_is_not_a_dog
a_duck_is_not_a_cat
a_piegon_is_neither_a_cat_nor_a_dog
a_wolf_is_a_bird
a_duck_is_a_pigeon
owl_is_a_duck_or_a_cheetah
husky_is_a_bird_or_duck_is_a_cat
owl_is_a_duck_and_hyena_is_a_wolf
```

## 1.1 2. Conditions

1.1.1 2.a. Ask the user for an input (as Integer), save it to a variable called user\_number and print if the entered number is an *odd* or an *even* number.

```
[62]: # Scenario examples: # user inpt: 3 # response: 3 it is an odd number #__

# user input: 14 # response: 14 is an even number #__

# get the user_number # check if user_number is even.

user_number = int(input())

test_user_number = user_number % 2

if test_user_number == 0:

    print ('it is an even number.')
```

```
else:
    print ('it is an odd number')
print ('Please check if the number is even.')
```

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it is an even number.
Please check if the number is even.

1.1.2 2.b. Ask the user for 3 integer inputs val\_1, val\_2 and val\_3. Create also a variable val\_min. And then whith the help of if (elif, else) statement ,make the variable val\_minget the *minimum value* of the val\_1, val\_2 and val\_3 (without using any other method or function, ONLY with IF and ELIF)

```
[19]: |# for example ilf val_1 = 3, val_2 = 4 and val_3 = 7 then val_min should be 3
      val 1 = int(input())
      val_2 = int(input())
      val 3 = int(input())
      if val_1 >= val_2:
          if val_2 >= val_3:
              print('val_min is', val_3)
          else:
              print('val_min is', val_2)
      elif val_1 <= val_2:</pre>
          if val_1 >= val_3:
              print('val_min is', val_3)
          else:
              print('val_min is', val_1)
      else:
          print('keine Ahnung!')
     1
     1
     val_min is 1
 []:
```

1.1.3 2.b. Ask the user for an input (Integer), save it to a variable called user\_number and print if the entered number is a negative or a positive number

```
[1]: # ask for the number
user_number = int(input())
if user_number >= 0:
    print('The number is a positive number.')
else:
    print('The number is a negativ number.')
```

-3

The number is a negativ number.

#### 1.1.4 2.c. We want to securise a pressurized cabins:

The max pressure is: pMax = 2.3, and the max area is aMax = 7.41. Ask the user for the actual pression and area - if both, the area and the pression are higher than the pMax and aMax, then write: "stop immediately" - if the pressure is higher than the pMax, then write: "Please, add more area!" - if the area is higher the aMax, then write: "Please, lower the area!" - else, write: "everything is fine!"

```
[2]: # declare the pMax=2.3 and aMax=7.41 # ask for the actual area and volume
    p = int(input('Pressure:'))
    a = int(input('Area:'))
    pMax = 2.3
    aMax = 7.41
    if p>pMax and a>aMax :
        print("Stop immediately")
    elif p> pMax :
        print("Please, add more area!")
    elif a> aMax :
        print("Please, lower the area!")
    else :
        print("Everything is fine!")
```

Pressure: 2 Area: 7

Everything is fine!

[]: