## ### Exercise 1: Styling a Basic Webpage

\*\*Task:\*\* Create a basic webpage with a header, main content, and footer. Style it using CSS to apply background colors, font styles, and padding.

```
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    body {
      font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
    }
    header, footer {
      background-color: #4CAF50;
      color: white;
      text-align: center;
      padding: 10px;
    }
    main {
      padding: 20px;
      background-color: #f9f9f9;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <header>
```

```
<h1>My Website</h1>
  </header>
  <main>
    Welcome to my website. Here is some content.
  </main>
  <footer>
    Footer Information
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
***
### Exercise 2: Using Advanced Selectors
**Task:** Style a list of items with different colors for odd and even items
using nth-child selectors.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    ul li:nth-child(odd) {
     background-color: #eee;
    }
    ul li:nth-child(even) {
     background-color: #ccc;
```

```
}
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 ul>
   Item 1
   Item 2
   Item 3
   Item 4
   Item 5
 </body>
</html>
•
### Exercise 3: Media Queries for Responsive Design
**Task:** Create a responsive layout that changes the background color of
the main content area based on the screen width.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <style>
   main {
     padding: 20px;
```

```
}
    @media (max-width: 600px) {
     main {
       background-color: lightblue;
     }
    }
    @media (min-width: 601px) {
     main {
       background-color: lightgreen;
     }
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <main>
    Resize the browser window to see the background color
change.
  </main>
</body>
</html>
***
### Exercise 4: Flexbox Layout
**Task:** Create a flexbox layout with a header, main content, and sidebar.
**Solution:**
```html
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <style>
    .container {
      display: flex;
    }
   header, main, aside {
      padding: 20px;
     margin: 10px;
   }
    header {
     background-color: #4CAF50;
     color: white;
    }
    main {
     flex: 2;
     background-color: #f1f1f1;
    }
    aside {
     flex: 1;
     background-color: #ccc;
    }
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <header>
```

```
<h1>Flexbox Layout</h1>
  </header>
  <div class="container">
    <main>
     Main Content
   </main>
    <aside>
     Sidebar
   </aside>
 </div>
</body>
</html>
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### Exercise 5: Using Google Fonts
**Task:** Use Google Fonts to style the text on a webpage.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  link
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Roboto:wght@400;700&d
isplay=swap" rel="stylesheet">
  <style>
   body {
     font-family: 'Roboto', sans-serif;
```

```
}
   h1 {
     font-weight: 700;
    }
    p {
     font-weight: 400;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Google Fonts Example</h1>
  This is a paragraph styled with the Roboto font.
</body>
</html>
***
### Exercise 6: CSS Transitions
**Task:** Create a button that changes its background color smoothly when
hovered over.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
   .btn {
```

```
background-color: #4CAF50;
      color: white;
     padding: 10px 20px;
     border: none;
     transition: background-color 0.5s;
    }
    .btn:hover {
     background-color: #45a049;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <button class="btn">Hover Me</button>
</body>
</html>
...
### Exercise 7: Keyframe Animations
**Task:** Create a bouncing ball animation using CSS keyframes.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    @keyframes bounce {
```

```
0%, 100% {
        transform: translateY(0);
     }
      50% {
       transform: translateY(-100px);
     }
    }
    .ball {
     width: 50px;
     height: 50px;
     background-color: red;
      border-radius: 50%;
     position: absolute;
     top: 50%;
     left: 50%;
      margin-top: -25px;
      margin-left: -25px;
      animation: bounce 2s infinite;
    }
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <div class="ball"></div>
</body>
</html>
```

```
### Exercise 8: CSS Variables
```

\*\*Task:\*\* Use CSS variables to define and use theme colors in a webpage.

```
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    :root {
      --primary-color: #4CAF50;
      --secondary-color: #f1f1f1;
    }
    body {
      background-color: var(--secondary-color);
      color: var(--primary-color);
    }
    header {
      background-color: var(--primary-color);
      color: white;
      padding: 10px;
      text-align: center;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <header>
```

```
<h1>CSS Variables</h1>
  </header>
  This is a paragraph using CSS variables for theme colors.
</body>
</html>
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### Exercise 9: CSS Grid Layout
**Task:** Create a simple grid layout with three columns and two rows.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    .grid-container {
      display: grid;
      grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr 1fr;
      gap: 10px;
    }
    .grid-item {
      background-color: #4CAF50;
      color: white;
      padding: 20px;
      text-align: center;
    }
```

```
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="grid-container">
    <div class="grid-item">1</div>
    <div class="grid-item">2</div>
    <div class="grid-item">3</div>
    <div class="grid-item">4</div>
    <div class="grid-item">5</div>
    <div class="grid-item">6</div>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
***
### Exercise 10: BEM Methodology
**Task:** Create a simple webpage and use the BEM methodology to style
it.
**Solution:**
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    .header_title {
      font-size: 24px;
```

```
color: #333;
   }
   .button--primary {
     background-color: #4CAF50;
     color: white;
     padding: 10px 20px;
     border: none;
   }
   .button--secondary {
     background-color: #ccc;
     color: #333;
     padding: 10px 20px;
     border: none;
   }
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <header>
   <h1 class="header_title">BEM Methodology</h1>
 </header>
 <button class="button--primary">Primary Button
 <button class="button--secondary">Secondary Button</button>
</body>
</html>
```