- 1. \*\*HTML5 is the latest version of Hypertext Markup Language.\*\*
  - True
- 2. \*\*The `<article>` tag is used to define independent, self-contained content in HTML5.\*\*
  - True
- 3. \*\*The `<section>` tag in HTML5 is used to group content into sections.\*\*
  - True
- 4. \*\*HTML5 introduced the `<video>` element to embed video content.\*\*
  - True
- 5. \*\*The `<canvas>` element in HTML5 is used to draw graphics on the fly via scripting (usually JavaScript).\*\*
  - True

- 6. \*\*The `<nav>` tag in HTML5 is used to define navigation links.\*\*
  - True
- 7. \*\*The `<header>` and `<footer>` tags in HTML5 are used to define header and footer sections of a document.\*\*
  - True
- 8. \*\*The `<figure>` and `<figcaption>` elements are used in HTML5 to group media content and its caption.\*\*
  - True
- 9. \*\*HTML5 does not support the `<audio>` element to embed sound content.\*\*
  - False
- 10. \*\*The `<mark>` tag in HTML5 is used to highlight text.\*\*
  - True

- 11. \*\*HTML5 supports inline SVG graphics using the `<svg>` tag.\*\*
  - True
- 12. \*\*The `<b>` and `<i>` tags are deprecated in HTML5.\*\*
  - False
- 13. \*\*HTML5 supports native form validation using the `required` attribute.\*\*
  - True
- 14. \*\*The `<aside>` element in HTML5 is used to define content aside from the content it is placed in.\*\*
  - True
- 15. \*\*The `<main>` tag is used to specify the main content of a document in HTML5.\*\*
  - True

- 16. \*\*HTML5 does not support the `<datalist>` element for providing a list of predefined options to an input field.\*\*
  - False
- 17. \*\*The `cprogress>` element in HTML5 is used to display the progress of a task.\*\*
  - True
- 18. \*\*HTML5 introduced the `placeholder` attribute for input fields to provide a hint to the user.\*\*
  - True
- 19. \*\*The `<time>` element in HTML5 is used to define a specific time or a date.\*\*
  - True
- 20. \*\*The `<output>` element is used in HTML5 to represent the result of a calculation.\*\*
  - True

- 21. \*\*HTML5 does not support the `autofocus` attribute for form elements.\*\*
  - False
- 22. \*\*The `contenteditable` attribute in HTML5 allows elements to be editable by the user.\*\*
  - True
- 23. \*\*The `<details>` and `<summary>` elements are used in HTML5 to create a disclosure widget.\*\*
  - True
- 24. \*\*The `<meter>` element in HTML5 is used to represent a scalar measurement within a known range.\*\*
  - True
- 25. \*\*The `pattern` attribute in HTML5 is used to specify a regular expression for input validation.\*\*
  - True

- 26. \*\*HTML5 does not support the `draggable` attribute to enable drag-and-drop functionality.\*\*
  - False
- 27. \*\*The `<wbr>` element in HTML5 is used to specify a line break opportunity.\*\*
  - True
- 28. \*\*HTML5 introduced the `localStorage` and `sessionStorage` APIs for storing data on the client-side.\*\*
  - True
- 29. \*\*The `required` attribute in HTML5 is used to specify that an input field must be filled out before submitting the form.\*\*
  - True
- 30. \*\*HTML5 deprecated the `<frame>` and `<frameset>` elements.\*\*
  - True

- 31. \*\*The `<dialog>` element in HTML5 is used to define a dialog box or a subwindow.\*\*
  - True
- 32. \*\*HTML5 supports the `novalidate` attribute on forms to disable native validation.\*\*
  - True
- 33. \*\*The `data-\*` attributes in HTML5 are used to store custom data.\*\*
  - True
- 34. \*\*The `spellcheck` attribute in HTML5 is used to enable or disable spelling and grammar checking.\*\*
  - True
- 35. \*\*HTML5 removed support for the `<bli>k>` element.\*\*
  - True

36. \*\*The `<bdi>` element in HTML5 is used to isolate a part of text that might be formatted in a different direction from other text outside it.\*\*

- True

37. \*\*HTML5 allows the `autocomplete` attribute to be used on form elements to specify whether a form should have autocomplete enabled or not.\*\*

- True

38. \*\*The `<ruby>`, `<rt>`, and `<rp>` elements in HTML5 are used for displaying ruby annotations.\*\*

- True

39. \*\*HTML5 supports the use of the `download` attribute on anchor elements (`<a>`) to specify that the target will be downloaded when a user clicks on the hyperlink.\*\*

- True

40. \*\*The `<bdo>` element in HTML5 is used to override the current text direction.\*\*

- True

- 41. \*\*The `hidden` attribute in HTML5 is used to hide elements that are no longer relevant.\*\*
  - True
- 42. \*\*The `contextmenu` attribute in HTML5 specifies a context menu for an element.\*\*
  - True
- 43. \*\*HTML5 removed the `type` attribute from the `<script>` tag.\*\*
  - False
- 44. \*\*The `<template>` element in HTML5 is used to declare a fragment of HTML that can be cloned and inserted into the document later.\*\*
  - True
- 45. \*\*HTML5 does not support the `form` attribute on input elements to associate them with forms.\*\*
  - False

46. \*\*The `<track>` element in HTML5 is used to specify text tracks for media elements (`<video>` and `<audio>`).\*\*

- True

47. \*\*HTML5 allows the use of the `autoplay` attribute on media elements to specify that the media should start playing as soon as it is ready.\*\*

- True

48. \*\*The `<menu>` element in HTML5 is used to represent a list of commands.\*\*

- True

49. \*\*HTML5 deprecated the use of the `center` attribute for aligning text.\*\*

- True

50. \*\*The `<hgroup>` element in HTML5 is used to group a set of `<h1>-<h6>` elements when a heading has multiple levels.\*\*

- True