True/False MCQs on TypeScript

TypeScript is developed and maintained by Microsoft.
- True
- False
Answer: True
2. TypeScript is a superset of JavaScript.
- True
- False
Answer: True
3. TypeScript can run directly in the browser without any compilation.
- True
- False
Answer: False
4. TypeScript supports optional static typing.
- True
- False
Answer: True
5. TypeScript code needs to be compiled into JavaScript code before execution.
- True
- False
Answer: True

6. The file extension for TypeScript files is .js.

- True
- False
Answer: False
7. Type Carint augmente modules, elegans, and interferes
7. TypeScript supports modules, classes, and interfaces.
- True
- False
Answer: True
8. TypeScript does not support arrow functions.
- True
- False
Answer: False
9. TypeScript provides built-in support for async/await.
- True
- False
Answer: True
10. TypeScript does not support destructuring assignments.
- True
- False
Answer: False
Allswei. False
11. TypeScript supports ES6 features and beyond.
- True
- False
Answer: True

12. You can use JavaScript libraries in TypeScript.
- True
- False
Answer: True
13. TypeScript can only be used for front-end development.
- True
- False
Answer: False
14. TypeScript has a strict null checking mode.
- True
- False
Answer: True
15. TypeScript interfaces can extend classes.
- True
- False
Answer: True
16. TypeScript does not allow function overloading.
- True
- False
Answer: False
17. TypeScript decorators are a feature of the language.
- True
- False

Answer: True
18. The 'any' type in TypeScript allows for any type of value to be assigned to a variable
- True
- False
Answer: True
19. TypeScript has a type inference system.
- True
- False
Answer: True
20. TypeScript does not support generics.
- True
- False
Answer: False
21. TypeScript allows you to define custom types using type aliases.
- True
- False
Answer: True
22. TypeScript's 'readonly' modifier prevents reassignment of a property.
- True
- False
Answer: True

23. TypeScript has support for union and intersection types.

- True
- False
Answer: True
24. In TypeScript, interfaces can have optional properties.
- True
- False
Answer: True
25. TypeScript supports multiple inheritance.
- True
- False
Answer: False
Allower. False
26. TypeScript provides a 'protected' access modifier for class members.
- True
- False
Answer: True
27. TypeScript enums are a way to define a set of named constants.
- True
- False
Answer: True
28. TypeScript does not support the concept of namespaces.
- True
- False
Answer: False

29. TypeScript's 'unknown' type is safer than the 'any' type.
- True
- False
Answer: True
30. TypeScript supports abstract classes.
- True
- False
Answer: True
31. TypeScript does not have built-in support for JSX.
- True
- False
Answer: False
32. TypeScript allows method overloading.
- True
- False
Answer: True
33. TypeScript can be used with Node.js.
- True
- False
Answer: True
34. TypeScript supports default parameters in functions.
- True
- False

Answer: True
35. TypeScript does not have support for rest parameters.
- True
- False
Answer: False
36. TypeScript does not support the spread operator.
- True
- False
Answer: False
37. TypeScript classes can implement multiple interfaces.
- True
- False
Answer: True
38. TypeScript does not support method chaining.
- True
- False
Answer: False
39. TypeScript's 'never' type represents the type of values that never occur.
- True
- False
Answer: True

40. TypeScript does not allow defining function types.

- True
- False
Answer: False
41. TypeScript allows for the use of JavaScript's built-in data structures like Map and Set.
- True
- False
Answer: True
42. TypeScript has a utility type called 'Partial'.
- True
- False
Answer: True
43. TypeScript does not support string interpolation.
- True
- False
Answer: False
44. TypeScript does not support the async/await syntax introduced in ES2017.
- True
- False
Answer: False
45. TypeScript provides a 'readonly' modifier for array elements.
- True
- False
Answer: True