- ### 1. What is the primary purpose of Angular directives?
- a) To handle form submissions
- b) To manipulate the DOM
- c) To define data models
- d) To manage HTTP requests
- **Answer:** b) To manipulate the DOM
- ### 2. Which directive is used to conditionally include an element in the DOM in Angular?
- a) *ngSwitch
- b) *ngFor
- c) *ngIf
- d) *ngModel
- **Answer:** c) *ngIf
- ### 3. How do you apply the `ngClass` directive to an element?
- a) `[ngClass]="{'class-name': condition}"`
- b) `ngClass="class-name"`
- c) `*ngClass="{'class-name': condition}"`

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d) `[(ngClass)]="{'class-name': condition}"`
**Answer:** a) `[ngClass]="{'class-name':
condition}"`
```

4. Which directive is used to bind data to an HTML element's property?

- a) *ngIf
- b) *ngFor
- c) [ngModel]
- d) [ngStyle]
- **Answer:** d) [ngStyle]

5. The `ng-template` directive is primarily used for:

- a) Defining template reference variables
- b) Declaring inline templates
- c) Binding properties to HTML elements
- d) Applying styles dynamically
- **Answer:** b) Declaring inline templates

6. What does the `ng-container` directive do?

- a) Adds styles to the DOM
- b) Inserts a comment in the DOM
- c) Groups elements without adding extra DOM nodes
- d) Handles click events
- **Answer:** c) Groups elements without adding extra DOM nodes

7. How can you apply a structural directive to an element?

- a) By using brackets `[]`
- b) By using parentheses `()`
- c) By prefixing with an asterisk `*`
- d) By using double braces `{{ }}`
- **Answer:** c) By prefixing with an asterisk `*`

8. Which directive is used to repeat an element for each item in a collection?

- a) *ngIf
- b) *ngFor
- c) *ngSwitch
- d) *ngClass

Answer: b) *ngFor

9. The 'ngSwitch' directive requires which of the following to be used in conjunction?

- a) *ngSwitchDefault
- b) *ngIf
- c) *ngFor
- d) *ngModel

Answer: a) *ngSwitchDefault

10. How do you create a custom directive in Angular?

- a) Using the '@Pipe' decorator
- b) Using the `@Directive` decorator
- c) Using the `@Component` decorator
- d) Using the `@Injectable` decorator
- **Answer:** b) Using the `@Directive` decorator

11. Which lifecycle hook is specific to directives?

a) ngOnInit

- b) ngOnDestroy
- c) ngOnChanges
- d) ngOnStyleChange
- **Answer:** c) ngOnChanges

12. What is the correct syntax to apply `ngStyle` directive?

- a) `[ngStyle]="{'property': value}"`
- b) `ngStyle="property: value"`
- c) `*ngStyle="{'property': value}"`
- d) `[style]="{'property': value}"`
- **Answer:** a) `[ngStyle]="{'property': value}"`

13. Which of the following is NOT a structural directive?

- a) *ngIf
- b) *ngFor
- c) *ngSwitch
- d) [ngStyle]
- **Answer:** d) [ngStyle]

- ### 14. What is the primary function of attribute directives?
- a) To modify the structure of the DOM
- b) To create reusable components
- c) To change the appearance or behavior of a DOM element
- d) To handle user input
- **Answer:** c) To change the appearance or behavior of a DOM element
- ### 15. How can you pass an input to a custom directive?
- a) Using `@Output`
- b) Using `@Input`
- c) Using `@Directive`
- d) Using `@Component`
- **Answer:** b) Using `@Input`
- ### 16. The `ngModel` directive is used for:
- a) Two-way data binding
- b) Event handling
- c) Applying styles

- d) Conditional rendering
- **Answer:** a) Two-way data binding

17. Which of the following is true about `ngFor` directive?

- a) It can only be used with arrays.
- b) It creates a new scope for each item.
- c) It does not support index tracking.
- d) It cannot be used with 'trackBy'.
- **Answer:** b) It creates a new scope for each item.

18. How do you apply multiple classes conditionally using `ngClass`?

- a) `[ngClass]="{'class1 class2': condition}"`
- b) `[ngClass]="{'class1': condition1, 'class2': condition2}"`
- c) `[ngClass]="['class1', 'class2']"`
- d) `ngClass="{'class1': condition1, 'class2':
 condition2}"`
- **Answer:** b) `[ngClass]="{'class1': condition1, 'class2': condition2}"`

- ### 19. What is the purpose of the `ng-content` directive?
- a) To project content into Angular components
- b) To add styles dynamically
- c) To bind properties
- d) To handle user events
- **Answer:** a) To project content into Angular components
- ### 20. How do you access an element in a directive using `ElementRef`?
- a) Through the 'Renderer'
- b) By injecting `ElementRef` in the directive's constructor
- c) Using `@HostListener`
- d) Through `@ViewChild`
- **Answer:** b) By injecting `ElementRef` in the directive's constructor