```
### 1. **Create and Delete Directory**
 - **Task**: Write a program that creates a directory
at a specified path and then deletes it after
confirmation from the user.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
 private void btnCreateDir_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
 {
 string path = txtDirPath.Text;
 if (!Directory.Exists(path))
 {
 Directory.CreateDirectory(path);
 MessageBox.Show("Directory Created!");
 }
 else
 {
 MessageBox.Show("Directory Already
Exists!");
```

```
private void btnDeleteDir_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
 {
 string path = txtDirPath.Text;
 if (Directory.Exists(path))
 Directory.Delete(path);
 MessageBox.Show("Directory Deleted!");
 }
 else
 MessageBox.Show("Directory Not Found!");
 }
```

### 2. \*\*List All Files in a Directory\*\*

```
- **Task**: Create an application that lists all files
in a specified directory.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
  private void btnListFiles_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
  {
     string path = txtDirPath.Text;
     if (Directory.Exists(path))
     {
       lstFiles.Items.Clear();
       string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(path);
       foreach (var file in files)
       {
         lstFiles.Items.Add(Path.GetFileName(file));
       }
     }
     else
     {
       MessageBox.Show("Directory Not Found!");
```

```
### 3. **Create and Write to a Text File**
 - **Task**: Develop a program that creates a text
file in a specified directory and writes user input to
it.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
 private void btnWriteFile_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
 string path = Path.Combine(txtDirPath.Text,
"example.txt");
 File.WriteAllText(path, txtContent.Text);
 MessageBox.Show("File Created and Written!");
 }
4. **Copy and Move Files**
```

```
- **Task**: Implement functionality to copy and
move files between directories.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
  private void btnCopyFile_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
  {
    string sourcePath = txtSourcePath.Text;
    string destPath = txtDestPath.Text;
    if (File.Exists(sourcePath))
    {
      File.Copy(sourcePath, destPath);
      MessageBox.Show("File Copied!");
    }
    else
    {
      MessageBox.Show("Source File Not Found!");
    }
  }
```

```
private void btnMoveFile_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
  {
    string sourcePath = txtSourcePath.Text;
    string destPath = txtDestPath.Text;
    if (File.Exists(sourcePath))
    {
      File.Move(sourcePath, destPath);
      MessageBox.Show("File Moved!");
    }
    else
    {
      MessageBox.Show("Source File Not Found!");
    }
### 5. **Read a Text File**
```

- **Task**: Create an application that reads the

contents of a text file and displays it in a text box.

```
- **Solution**:
  ```csharp
 private void btnReadFile_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
 {
 string path = txtFilePath.Text;
 if (File.Exists(path))
 {
 txtFileContents.Text = File.ReadAllText(path);
 }
 else
 {
 MessageBox.Show("File Not Found!");
 }
```

### 6. \*\*Create a Directory Tree Viewer\*\*

- \*\*Task\*\*: Build a program that recursively lists all directories and files within a specified directory in a tree view control.

```
- **Solution**:
  ```csharp
  private void btnLoadTree_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
  {
    string path = txtDirPath.Text;
    treeView1.Nodes.Clear();
    if (Directory.Exists(path))
    {
      TreeNode rootNode = new
TreeNode(Path.GetFileName(path));
      treeView1.Nodes.Add(rootNode);
      LoadDirectory(path, rootNode);
    }
    else
      MessageBox.Show("Directory Not Found!");
    }
```

```
}
  private void LoadDirectory(string path, TreeNode
node)
  {
    string[] subDirs =
Directory.GetDirectories(path);
    foreach (var dir in subDirs)
      TreeNode dirNode = new
TreeNode(Path.GetFileName(dir));
      node.Nodes.Add(dirNode);
      LoadDirectory(dir, dirNode);
    }
    string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(path);
    foreach (var file in files)
    {
      node.Nodes.Add(new
TreeNode(Path.GetFileName(file)));
```

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### 7. **File Information Viewer**
 - **Task**: Create an application that displays
detailed information about a selected file (size,
creation date, etc.).
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
 private void btnGetFileInfo_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
 {
 string path = txtFilePath.Text;
 if (File.Exists(path))
 {
 FileInfo fileInfo = new FileInfo(path);
 lblFileInfo.Text = $"File Size: {fileInfo.Length}
bytes\n" +
 $"Created:
{fileInfo.CreationTime}\n" +
 $"Last Accessed:
{fileInfo.LastAccessTime}\n" +
```

```
$"Last Modified:
{fileInfo.LastWriteTime}";
 }
 else
 {
 MessageBox.Show("File Not Found!");
 }
8. **Path Manipulation**
 - **Task**: Write a program that manipulates paths
to extract file name, extension, and directory name
from a given path.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
  private void btnManipulatePath_Click(object
sender, EventArgs e)
  {
    string path = txtFilePath.Text;
```

```
lblFileName.Text = $"File Name:
{Path.GetFileName(path)}";
    lblFileExtension.Text = $"File Extension:
{Path.GetExtension(path)}";
    lblDirectoryName.Text = $"Directory Name:
{Path.GetDirectoryName(path)}";
  }
  ...
### 9. **Working with MemoryStream**
 - **Task**: Create an application that writes data to
a 'MemoryStream' and then reads it back to display
in a text box.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
 private void btnWriteMemory_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
 {
 string text = txtInput.Text;
 using (MemoryStream memoryStream = new
MemoryStream())
```

```
{
 StreamWriter writer = new
StreamWriter(memoryStream);
 writer.Write(text);
 writer.Flush();
 memoryStream.Position = 0;
 StreamReader reader = new
StreamReader(memoryStream);
 txtOutput.Text = reader.ReadToEnd();
 }
10. **Convert Image to Byte Array and Back
Using MemoryStream**
 - **Task**: Write a program that loads an image,
converts it to a byte array using `MemoryStream`,
and then displays the image again.
 - **Solution**:
  ```csharp
```

```
private void btnLoadImage_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
  {
    OpenFileDialog openFileDialog = new
OpenFileDialog();
    if (openFileDialog.ShowDialog() ==
DialogResult.OK)
    {
      byte∏ imageBytes;
      using (MemoryStream memoryStream = new
MemoryStream())
        Image image =
Image.FromFile(openFileDialog.FileName);
        image.Save(memoryStream,
image.RawFormat);
        imageBytes = memoryStream.ToArray();
      }
      using (MemoryStream memoryStream = new
MemoryStream(imageBytes))
      {
```

```
pictureBox1.Image =
Image.FromStream(memoryStream);
}
}
}
...
```