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### ### 1. **\*\*Reading from and Writing to a File using FileStream\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Create a program that reads a text file using `FileStream` and writes its content to another file.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```
``csharp
private void ReadAndWriteFile()
{
    using (FileStream fsRead = new
FileStream("input.txt", FileMode.Open))
        using (FileStream fsWrite = new
FileStream("output.txt", FileMode.Create))
        {
            int data;
            while ((data = fsRead.ReadByte()) != -1)
            {
                fsWrite.WriteByte((byte)data);
            }
        }
}
```

```
}  
...
```

### ### 2. **\*\*Reading and Writing Binary Data\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Use `BinaryWriter` to write some primitive data types to a binary file and then use `BinaryReader` to read the data back.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```
``csharp  
private void WriteBinaryData()  
{  
    using (BinaryWriter writer = new  
BinaryWriter(File.Open("data.bin",  
FileMode.Create)))  
    {  
        writer.Write(1.25);  
        writer.Write(42);  
        writer.Write("Hello World");  
    }  
}  
  
private void ReadBinaryData()
```

```

{
    using (BinaryReader reader = new
BinaryReader(File.Open("data.bin",
FileMode.Open)))
    {
        double a = reader.ReadDouble();
        int b = reader.ReadInt32();
        string c = reader.ReadString();
        MessageBox.Show($"{a}, {b}, {c}");
    }
}
```

```

### ### 3. **\*\*Copying a File using Standard IO Streams\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Create a program that copies a file using ``FileStream`` and ``BufferedStream`` to improve performance.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```

```csharp
private void CopyFile()
{

```

```

        using (FileStream source = new
FileStream("source.txt", FileMode.Open))

        using (FileStream destination = new
FileStream("destination.txt", FileMode.Create))

        using (BufferedStream buffer = new
BufferedStream(destination))
        {
            source.CopyTo(buffer);
        }
    }
    ...

```

#### ### 4. **\*\*Reading from Standard Input and Writing to Standard Output\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Write a C# console application that reads a line of text from the console and writes it back in uppercase.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```

``csharp
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Enter a line of text:");
}

```

```

        string input = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.WriteLine("Uppercase: " +
input.ToUpper());
    }
    ...

```

### ### 5. **\*\*Reading and Writing Text Files using StreamReader and StreamWriter\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Use `StreamReader` to read the contents of a text file and `StreamWriter` to write the reversed contents to another file.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```

```csharp
private void ReverseTextFile()
{
    using (StreamReader reader = new
StreamReader("input.txt"))
        using (StreamWriter writer = new
StreamWriter("output.txt"))
        {
            string content = reader.ReadToEnd();
            char[] charArray = content.ToCharArray();

```

```

        Array.Reverse(charArray);
        writer.Write(charArray);
    }
}
```

```

### ### 6. **\*\*Counting Words in a Text File using TextReader\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Create a program that reads a text file using `TextReader` and counts the number of words in the file.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```

```csharp
private void CountWordsInFile()
{
    using (TextReader reader = new
StreamReader("input.txt"))
    {
        string content = reader.ReadToEnd();
        int wordCount = content.Split(' ', '\n',
'\r').Length;
    }
}
```

```

```
        MessageBox.Show($"Word Count:
{wordCount}");
    }
}
...
```

### ### 7. **\*\*Writing a Log File using TextWriter\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Write a log entry to a text file using `TextWriter` each time an event (e.g., button click) occurs.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```
``csharp
private void LogEvent(string message)
{
    using (TextWriter writer = new
StreamWriter("log.txt", true))
    {
        writer.WriteLine($"{DateTime.Now}:
{message}");
    }
}
```

```
private void btnClick_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
{
    LogEvent("Button was clicked.");
}
...

```

### ### 8. **\*\*Creating a Custom Stream Class\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Implement a custom stream that counts the number of bytes read or written and use it in a file copy operation.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```
```csharp
public class CountingStream : Stream
{
    private Stream _innerStream;
    public long BytesRead { get; private set; }
    public long BytesWritten { get; private set; }

    public CountingStream(Stream innerStream)
    {

```



```
    _innerStream = innerStream;  
}
```

```
    public override int Read(byte[] buffer, int offset,  
int count)  
    {  
        int bytesRead = _innerStream.Read(buffer,  
offset, count);  
        BytesRead += bytesRead;  
        return bytesRead;  
    }
```

```
    public override void Write(byte[] buffer, int  
offset, int count)  
    {  
        _innerStream.Write(buffer, offset, count);  
        BytesWritten += count;  
    }
```

```
    // Other required Stream methods would  
    delegate to _innerStream...
```

```
    public override bool CanRead =>
_innerStream.CanRead;

    public override bool CanSeek =>
_innerStream.CanSeek;

    public override bool CanWrite =>
_innerStream.CanWrite;

    public override long Length =>
_innerStream.Length;


    public override long Position
    {
        get => _innerStream.Position;
        set => _innerStream.Position = value;
    }


    public override void Flush() =>
_innerStream.Flush();

    public override long Seek(long offset,
SeekOrigin origin) => _innerStream.Seek(offset,
origin);

    public override void SetLength(long value) =>
_innerStream.SetLength(value);
}
```

...

### ### 9. **\*\*Handling End-of-File (EOF) in StreamReader\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Create a program that reads a file line by line using `StreamReader` until the end of the file is reached.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```
``csharp
private void ReadUntilEOF()
{
    using (StreamReader reader = new
StreamReader("input.txt"))
    {
        string line;
        while ((line = reader.ReadLine()) != null)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(line);
        }
    }
}
``
```

### ### 10. **\*\*Serializing and Deserializing Objects using FileStream\*\***

- **\*\*Task\*\***: Serialize an object to a binary file using `BinaryWriter` and deserialize it using `BinaryReader`.

- **\*\*Solution\*\***:

```
``csharp
[Serializable]
public class Person
{
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public int Age { get; set; }
}

private void SerializePerson(Person person)
{
    using (FileStream fs = new
FileStream("person.dat", FileMode.Create))
        using (BinaryWriter writer = new
BinaryWriter(fs))
    {
```

```
        writer.Write(person.Name);
        writer.Write(person.Age);
    }
}
```

```
private Person DeserializePerson()
{
    using (FileStream fs = new
FileStream("person.dat", FileMode.Open))
        using (BinaryReader reader = new
BinaryReader(fs))
        {
            string name = reader.ReadString();
            int age = reader.ReadInt32();
            return new Person { Name = name, Age = age
};
        }
}
'''
```

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