

U. S. Willing To Talk Atom Ban With Reds

'Hattie' Kills 60, Damage Heavy In British Honduras

BELIZE, British Honduras, Nov. 1 (UPI)—Government authorities reported at least 60, possibly more, persons died in the blasts of wind and water from Hurricane Hattie. Some of the dead still are in the streets of Belize.

The casualties include 25 in Belize, capital of this Central American British colony, and 23 in Stann Creek, to the south of the city. Reports of deaths at Caye Caulker range up to 40.

A newsman-photographer team of UP International from Miami flew to the Belize Airport this morning and Gov. Colin Thornley authorized transmission of the first eye-witness news report over the emergency radio transmitter set up here.

THE "EYE" of Hurricane Hattie, attended by wind gusts up to 200 miles an hour and 10-foot tidal waves that rolled into Belize, passed through Stann Creek about 7:30 Tuesday morning.

Only three or four houses are left standing in Stann

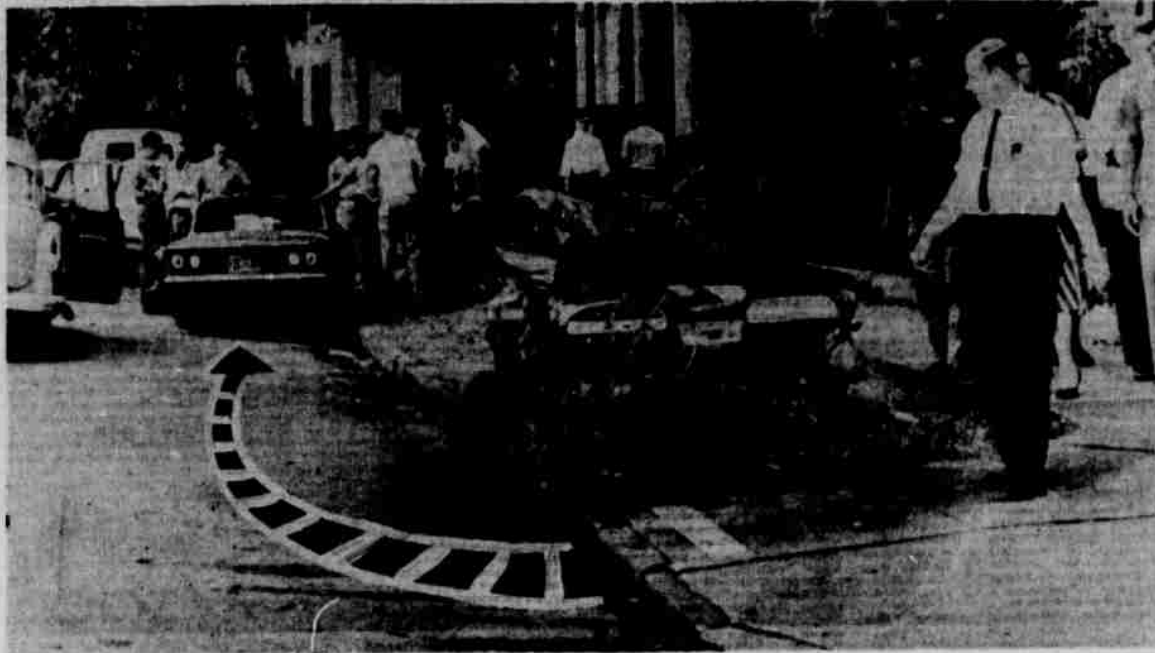
Creek. In Belize, 70 to 80% of the buildings are damaged. Authorities here estimated 10,000 to 15,000 persons were left homeless by the hurricane's destruction.

Earlier, Governor Thornley broadcast a radio appeal for aid and troops.

PUBLIC disorders and looting were feared in the wake of the worst tropical storm in 30 years.

An intercepted radio message, apparently from the managers of a bank, indicated that many of Belize's streets remained under water hours after the hurricane tore across the Central American mainland.

Two U. S. Navy destroyers arrived at Belize on a mercy mission, and the Aircraft Carrier Antietam was ordered to steam there from Pensacola, Fla. Aid also began arriving from Mexico and Great Britain.



Three Youths Lived Through This Crash

This late-model compact automobile split in half when it rammed a utility pole in New Orleans yesterday. The front of the car rests against a tree, right, while the other half of the car came to rest about 40 feet away, left. James Lott, 16, one of three youths injured, was termed in critical condition.—AP Wirephoto.

Decision Made Despite Russian Tests, UN Told

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Nov. 1 (UPI)—Arthur H. Dean, speaking with President Kennedy's "complete approval," said today that despite Russia's unprecedented nuclear explosions the United States is prepared to negotiate immediately with the Soviet Union on a treaty banning such tests.

Mr. Dean, chief U. S. negotiator on nuclear matters, told the General Assembly's Main Political Committee:

"The foreign policy of the United States is formulated by the President of the United States and with President's Kennedy's complete approval I state:

"Despite the Soviet series of tests, the United Kingdom and the United States are still prepared to sign immediately or to negotiate a nuclear test ban treaty right away or in the very near future.

"I submit that there is nothing 'iffy' about this statement.

"I call upon my Soviet colleague to respond and not to divert the committee.

"If the Soviet Union will negotiate and sign such a nuclear test ban treaty, we would like to make it clear that we will call upon all other nations to sign it."

Mr. Dean said a nuclear test ban treaty would be "a valuable first step along the road to general disarmament, a useful means

for gaining experience in the operation of international control machinery, an effective means to stop radioactive fallout and an important factor, we hope, in lowering East-West tensions."

On the other hand, an uncontrolled, uncontrolled moratorium, such as proposed by India and five other countries, he said, "will accomplish none of these objectives."

Reiterating U. S. opposition to a renewed moratorium without an ironclad treaty, Mr. Dean said:

"Are we not entitled today to look to our own self-defense and the defense of the free world? Are we to stand by helplessly while the Soviet Union improves its own military security? I ask you in all seriousness, will this assembly guarantee to the United States and the United Kingdom that their security will suffer no harm from this already broken moratorium?"

"The United States is against a moratorium because the Soviets have indicated by their own actions that they will not observe one. If this (moratorium) resolution is adopted, the United States must, in view of this Soviet offensive and disregard for its word, solemnly but most respectfully inform this committee that the United States reserves the right to take all steps necessary in its own defense and that of the free world against this calculated inhumanity of Communism."

(Related Editorial On Page 4)

Troops For Vietnam Are Weighed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—U. S. officials said today that Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor is bringing back from South Vietnam a call for aid apparently broad enough to include the use of U. S. troops in that Communist-beset country if it should become necessary.

Lincoln White, State Department press officer, declined to comment on a New York Herald Tribune dispatch from Saigon, by Joseph Alsop, saying President Ngo Dinh Diem had made a request for combat units during the visit of President Kennedy's military adviser.

High U. S. sources, however, said it would not be accurate to say that South Vietnam had asked specifically for troops.

On the other hand, these officials said, the Ngo Dinh Diem government has indicated it would like U. S. assistance in every field that would help it maintain the independence of South Vietnam. Such terms would not exclude combat forces in a situation of need.

Mr. White did say that "the possible need for additional outside aid, including combat units or

troops, has been under consideration in Vietnam and here, in view of the growing size and threat of Communist attacks in Vietnam."

He added that on the basis of General Taylor's

report to Mr. Kennedy upon his return here at the end of this week, "we shall be in a better position to review and to consider what course of action may be best to help Vietnam maintain its independence and improve the welfare of the Vietnamese people."

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But There's Big 'If'—

Heirs To Million, Michigan Couple Told

MUSKEGON, Mich., Nov. 1 (AP)—Big, easygoing Edward Hooker and his wife, Dorothy, went to their regular jobs today with this philosophy:

"You know, we still have to live until all this happens—if it happens."

"All this" was word from a New York attorney that Mr. Hooker has come into a million-dollar inheritance from holdings in Belfast, Ireland, and "somewhere in West Germany."

Mr. Hooker, 68, is a retired steel construction "boomer" and power company employee. His wife works as a restaurant cook to augment her husband's present income as Wolf Lake, Mich., justice of the peace and operator of a small home appliance repair shop.

They thought the news was a Halloween prank.

Mrs. Hooker was contacted by telephone at her job. The caller identified himself as "a Mr. Berson,

an attorney from New York." He said he had come to their home, found its occupants away and traced her through the Egelson Township, Mich., supervisor's office.

Finally, she was convinced that it was "all on the up and up." The attorney said he was returning to New York after the call.

Mr. Hooker says his mother always told him "there was money in the family and my brother and I would come into it." The brother since has died.



\$1 Million Due Them, Michigan Pair Heirs

but call from 'attorney' is mysterious and the other about \$200,000. The attorney told Mrs. Hooker they would get the necessary papers within a week and would have to go to New York to complete the negotiations.

Every Vote A Year

'Tougher' Smut Code Is Enacted

A new and tougher ordinance against dissemination of obscene material was enacted yesterday by City Council.

An emergency clause was attached making it effective immediately. The vote was unanimous.

The ordinance will replace an ordinance held unconstitutional by the Ohio Supreme Court. The new code subjects violators to a fine of \$1000 or one year in jail or both.

This is a much stiffer penalty than provided in the old ordinance—a fine of \$500, or six months in jail, or both, for a first offense, and a fine of \$1000 or six months in jail, or both, for second and subsequent violations.

In addition to a heavier penalty, the new ordinance also makes knowledge of content of obscene material a requirement for conviction. The old ordinance did not, and it was because of this that it was knocked out by the high court.

JAMES FARRELL, city solicitor, has been directed

by Council's Law Committee to draw up a companion ordinance which would deal only with possession of obscene material with intent to disseminate.

Both the ordinance that was passed and the companion piece are worded so that they do not conflict with state laws, Mr. Farrell said.

But he is not so sure that the ordinance enacted can withstand court tests on constitutionality.

This is because of an Ohio Supreme Court decision holding that a city by ordinance cannot make an act a misdemeanor that is a felony according to state statute.

PRIOR TO Council's final action on the new ordinance yesterday a flood of mail in support of it was received. Belatedly, a deluge of postcards opposing the ordinance came in. The opponents charged that the ordinance would control thought and adult reading and would be an "infringement of our liberties."

A-Test Victim

HIROSHIMA, Japan, Nov. 2 (Thursday) (AP)—Police said today that a man who survived the atomic bombing of Hiroshima in World War II committed suicide because he was depressed by the current Soviet nuclear tests.

The man, Morimune Ichikawa, 34, hanged himself in a warehouse two days ago. Police said that since the start of the Soviet tests September 1 he had expressed protest by staging one-man sit down strikes.

'Picket For Peace'

Determined Lady Defies Police Arrest At Square

BY MARGARET JOSTEN
Of The Enquirer Staff

A determined little woman in a red hat successfully defied police to arrest her for protesting nuclear testing without the proper permit.

Mrs. Ethel Morris, 3608 Duluth Ave., one of a nationwide corps of feminine peace strikers, arrived on Fountain Square at 4 p. m. with a large poster urging "U. S. A. Don't Test" and "U. S. S. R. Stop Testing."

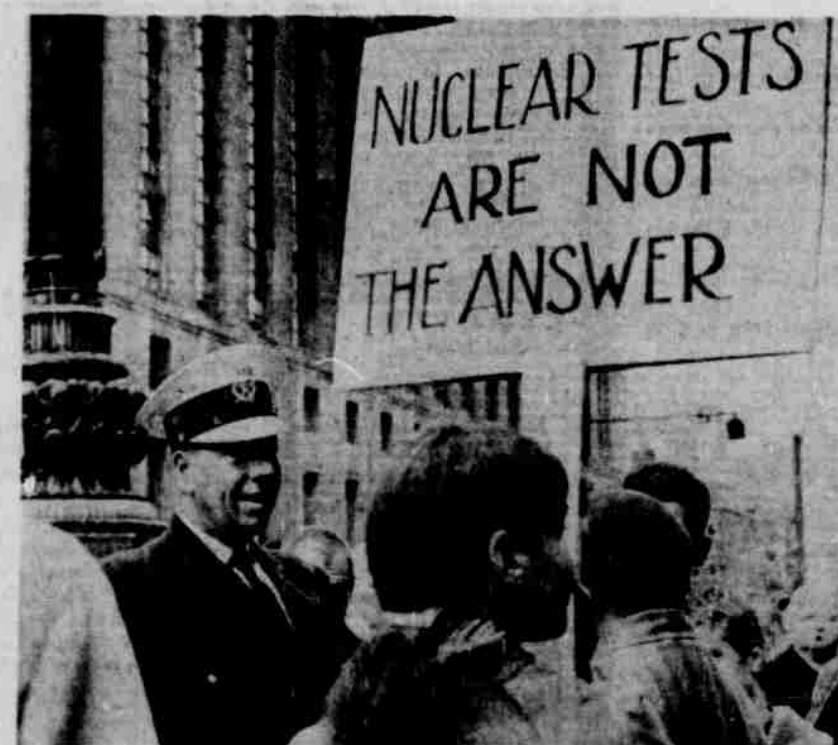
She was challenged almost immediately by Patrolman Herbert Brockschmidt, asking to see her permit to demonstrate on the Square.

Mrs. Morris told him she had no permit, that she had a moral right to express her opinion anywhere she liked in the city. She also told him he could arrest her if he liked.

Patrolman Brockschmidt walked away saying, "Mam, you'll have to take the consequences."

Mrs. Morris continued marching about the Square until 5 p. m., the time she had planned to leave. She was never arrested.

Later, Sgt. Frank R. Durlisch explained it was necessary to get a permit to demonstrate on the Square. However, he said nothing



Patrolman Brockschmidt Asks For Permit
Mrs. Morris (behind sign) had none, but marched anyhow

would be done unless the situation should get out of hand.

Mrs. Morris was joined in the march by her 12-year-old twins, Douglas and Diana, who also were carrying signs.

"Will you go to jail with me?" she asked the children while the situation was still in doubt. They chorused "yes" in answer.

Mrs. Morris said she had demonstrated before

against war and nuclear testing. Enquirer files show she took part in a "Peace March" from Sharon Woods to Fountain Square in 1958, and once demonstrated in behalf of Rev. Maurice McCrackin, who went to Fed-

eral prison rather than pay taxes for "war purposes."

Approximately 20 other Cincinnati women walked about carrying signs with such slogans as "Save the Children," "Let's End the Arms Race and Not the Human Race," "Please, No More Strontium 90."

But most of them queued up in front of Federal Building where it is all right to demonstrate without a permit. Mrs. Morris and her twins were the only ones to face up to arrest.

The story was the same throughout the nation. Hundreds of women, some of them pushing baby carriages, paraded in a score of U. S. cities.

Nuclear testing dominated the theme here, as elsewhere. In Washington, about 750 women, a few youngsters and a collie dog marched in front of the White House bearing signs urging peace and disarmament.

Mrs. Pauline Brokaw, 617 E. Mitchell Ave., organized the housewives' march in Cincinnati.

"Here are my reasons," she said, pointing to her four young children clamoring for more pamphlets to be distributed to passers-by.

The mimeographed pam-

phlets appealed to all governments—on behalf of the world's children—to end the nuclear arms race.

Mrs. Brokaw explained that she and about half of the Cincinnati participants were members of the Quaker faith.

"Quakers believe in doing constructive things, building hospitals, and providing medical help, rather than testing to make people sick," said Mrs. Brokaw.

Mrs. Morris said she was a member of the Unitarian Church. But she warned: "Unitarians are very much individualists. Don't ascribe my actions to Unitarianism."

Many of the women had participated in 1958 demonstrations when the United States was engaged in heavy testing.

They felt they got a better reception yesterday, possibly because many more people know of the evils of fall-out and Strontium 90.

Mrs. Marcy Kuhl, 424 E. Amity Rd., the mother of three young children, said some passersby had tried to infer the peace strikers were pro-Communist.

"I tried to explain that peace marchers just left Moscow after similar demonstrations there," she recalled.

Today's Weather

Mostly cloudy, windy and warmer, with occasional showers and possible thunderstorms today and tonight. Low 55, high near 70. Low tonight 60.

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