standarderrortwo

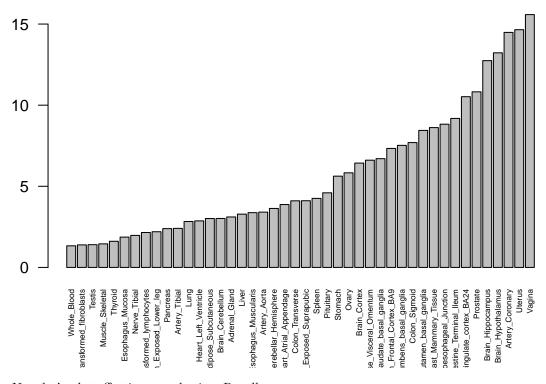
The aim of this document is to investigate the correlation of standard error and sample size, and to show how the presence of small sample sizes and large standard errors in biologically 'unique' tissues drives incompatibilities between the fold-size sharing heatmap and significance sharing heatmap.

Look at the ordering of Sample Size and see how it is almost identical to that of standard error, though no sample sizes differ by more than about 4 fold.

Now we look at the median posterior variances:

```
#marginal.var=read.table("../../Dropbox/Aug12/Aug13withEDmarginal.var.txt")[,-1]
marginal.var=read.table("../../Dropbox/withzero/withzeromarginal.var.txt")[,-1]
median.mar.var=apply(marginal.var,2,median)
barplot(sort(1/median.mar.var,decreasing=F),cex.names=0.5,main="Effective Sample Size: 1/MedianMarginal")
```

Effective Sample Size: 1/MedianMarginalVariance



Now let's plot effective sample size. Recall:

$$n_{jeff} = \frac{s_j^2}{\tilde{s}_j^2}$$

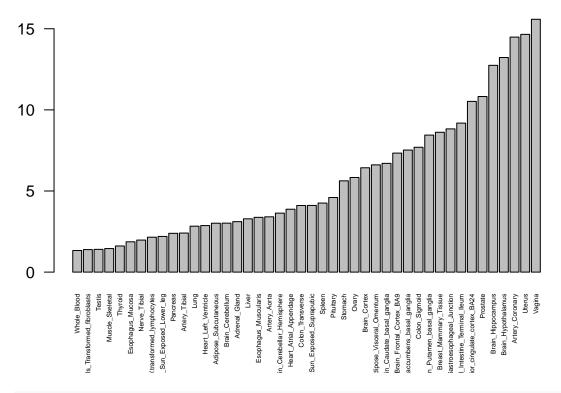
```
original.var=as.matrix(standard.error.from.z)^2
#original.var=(standard.error.from.z/standard.error.from.z)^2
size=as.matrix(exp.sort)
post.var=as.matrix(marginal.var)*standard.error.from.z^2
njeffective=size*original.var/post.var
```

```
gtex.colors=read.table('../Data/GTExColors.txt', sep = '\t', comment.char = '')[-missing.tissues,2]
missing.tissues=c(7,8,19,20,24,25,31,34,37)

##ask why some of the original variancres are smaller than posterior variances, even though calculation
###15093 44
increase=njeffective/size

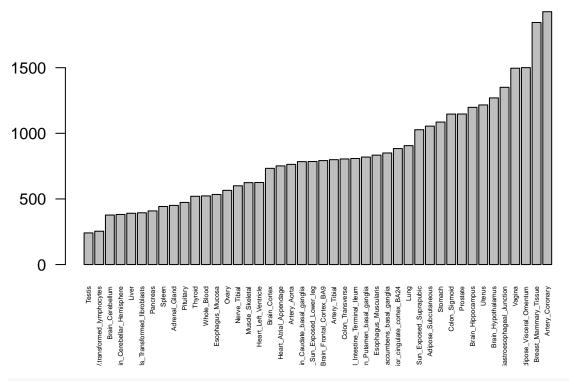
barplot(sort(apply(increase,2,median),decreasing=F),las=2,cex.names=0.4)
title("Median(Nj_effective/Nj_original)")
```

Median(Nj_effective/Nj_original)



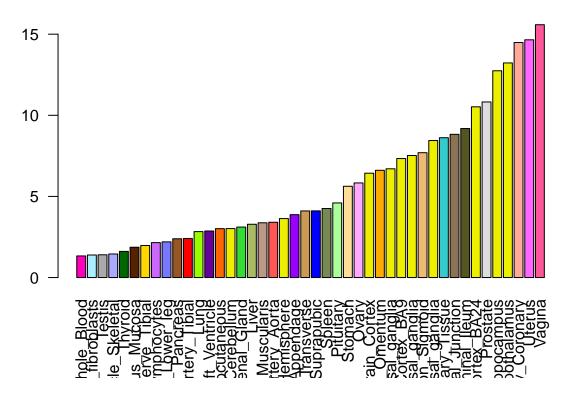
barplot(sort(apply(njeffective,2,median),decreasing=F),cex.names=0.4,las=2)
title("MedianNj_effective")

MedianNj_effective

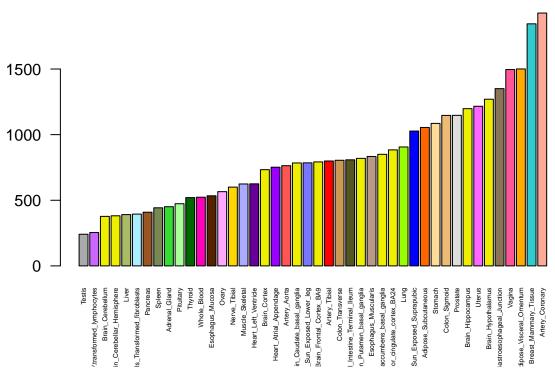


barplot(sort(apply(increase,2,median),decreasing=F),las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[order(apply(incr
title("Median(Nj_effective/Nj_original)")

Median(Nj_effective/Nj_original)



MedianNj_effective

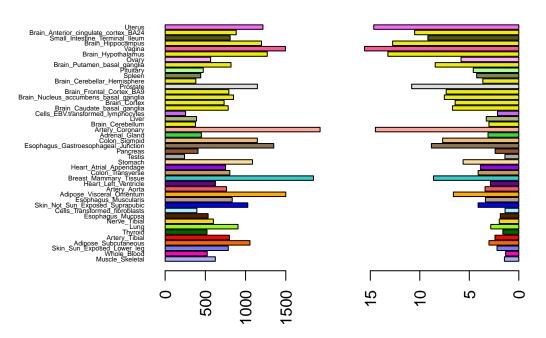


Let's plot again with order by original sample size:

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
samplesize=apply(size,2,function(x){unique(x)})
sampleorder=order(samplesize,decreasing = T)
median.nj.effective=apply(njeffective,2,median)
median.nj.increase=apply(increase,2,median)

par(mar=c(5.1,8,4.1,0.1))
barplot(median.nj.effective[sampleorder],cex.names=0.4,las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[sampleorder])
title("MedianNj_effective",cex.main=0.8)
par(mar=c(5.1,2,4.1,6))
barplot(median.nj.increase[sampleorder],cex.names=0.4,las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[sampleorder]),title("Median(Nj_effective/Nj_original)",cex.main=0.8)
```

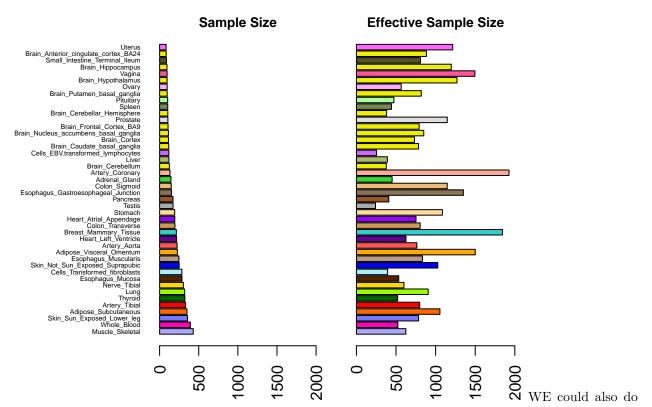
MedianNj_effective Median(Nj_effective/Nj_original)



```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
samplesize=apply(size,2,function(x){unique(x)})
sampleorder=order(samplesize,decreasing = T)
median.nj.effective=apply(njeffective,2,median)
median.nj.increase=apply(increase,2,median)

par(mar=c(5.1,8,1.1,0.1))
barplot(samplesize[sampleorder],cex.names=0.4,las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[sampleorder]),horiz = title("Sample Size",cex.main=0.8)

par(mar=c(5.1,2,1.1,6))
barplot(median.nj.effective[sampleorder],cex.names=0.4,las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[sampleorder]))
title("Effective Sample Size",cex.main=0.8)
```

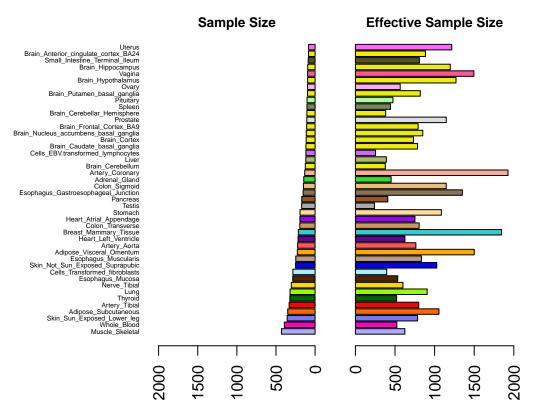


back to back

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
samplesize=apply(size,2,function(x){unique(x)})
sampleorder=order(samplesize,decreasing = T)
median.nj.effective=apply(njeffective,2,median)
median.nj.increase=apply(increase,2,median)

par(mar=c(5.1,8,1.1,0.1))
barplot(samplesize[sampleorder],cex.names=0.4,las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[sampleorder]),horiz = title("Sample Size",cex.main=0.8)

par(mar=c(5.1,2,1.1,6))
barplot(median.nj.effective[sampleorder],cex.names=0.4,las=2,col=as.character(gtex.colors[sampleorder]))
title("Effective Sample Size",cex.main=0.8)
```



To figure out average increase across tissues:

mean(apply(increase,2,median))

[1] 5.693741