

BUSINESS CASE 1: HOTEL CUSTOMER SEGMENTATION

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Presentation Structure

1. Business Understanding

2. Data Understanding

3. Data Preparation

4. Modeling

5. Evaluation

6. Deployment

7. Conclusions



1. Business understanding

Background & Context

- Lisbon, Portugal
- Hotel industry
- Competitive environment
- Growth of potential customers

Business Problem

• Outdated customer segmentation

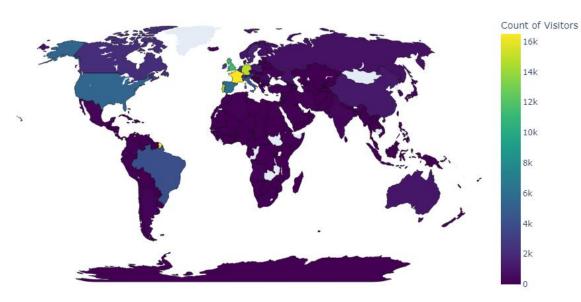






Our Costumers – Who are they?

Visual Representation of Nationality of Customers



- FRA: 15%
- **DEU: 13%**
- **PRT: 13%**

16k

14k

12k

10k

8k

GBR: 10%

[45, 55] Years: 25%

[35, 45] Years: 20%

[55, 65] Years : 18%

[25, 35] Years: 18%

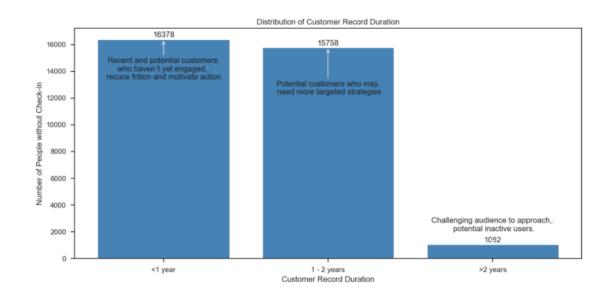
[65, 100] Years: 14%

[18, 25] Years: 6%



Bivariate EDA:

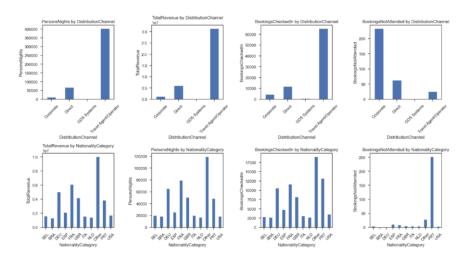
Potential Costumers





Bivariate EDA:

- Distribution Channel vs BookingsNotAttended
- Nationality vs BookingsCheckedIn/BookingsNotAttended





Bivariate EDA:

Old Segmentation – Why it's no longer serving us?

- Competitive landscape demands detailed segment insights beyond sales origin.
- Segments should reveal client and market characteristics to inform strategy alignment.
- Current data shows reliance on Travel Agents and Operators as primary channels.
- Old segmentation is outdated, heavily skewed towards a non-specific 'Other' category.
- "Complimentary" segment.



3. Data Preparation

Data treatment:

- Drop duplicates;
- Remove inconsistent da ta;
- Outliers remove;
- Missing Values;
- Variable Selection.

Enconding & Normalization:

- Label Encode;
- MinMax Scaler.



Feature Engineering:

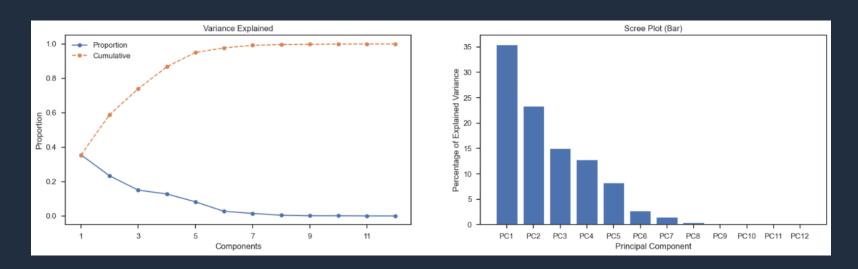
- BookingSuccessRate;
- TotalSpecialRequests;
- RevenuePerPersonNight;
- TotalRevenue;
- SpendingPerBooking;
- BookingsNotAttended;
- Age Group.

PCA

- Applying PCA;
- Elbow method;
- Check correlation.

3. Principal Components Analysis

Principal Components = 5



Threshold of 0.95 (cumulative explained variance of at least 95% of the data variance)

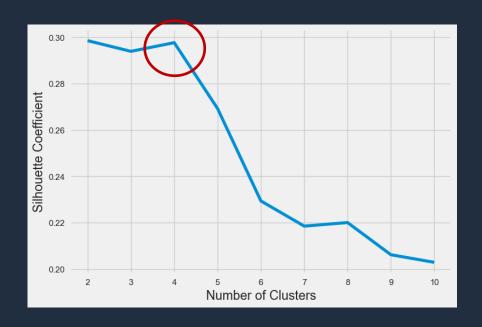
Achieved better results with four components (PCA_Component_1, PCA_Component_2, PCA_Component_3, and PCA_Component_5), as PCA_Component_4 overlaps in role with PCA_Component_3, primarily explaining age variance.

4. Modeling: K-Means

K = 4

For K = 4 The average silhouette_score is: 0.30

Optimal Clusters: Silhouette coefficient suggests 4 clusters, though score is suboptimal.

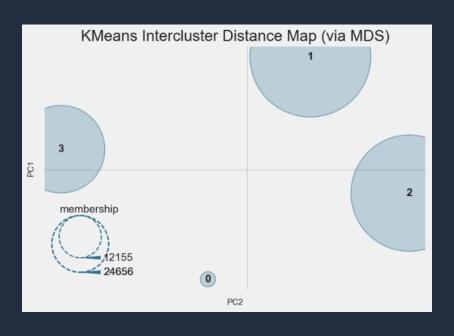


4. Modeling: K-Means

Cluster Sizes: Varied cluster sizes are expected, but imbalances like a smaller cluster (e.g., Cluster 0) may required attention for potential niche segments.

Average Centroid Distances: Lower distances imply tighter clusters, indicating high similarity among data points. Cluster 1 and 2 show the lowest distances, indicating cohesive clusters.

K = 4



5. Evaluation:

Cluster 0: Young Elite

Young;
Mostly European tourists;
Group travelers (or more nights);
Big spenders.

Cluster 1: Established Guests

Middle-aged; Long-term customers; Portuguese /locals; Standardized preferences.

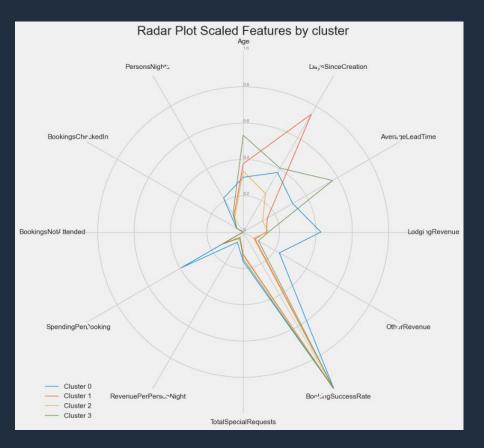
Cluster 2: New Corporate Clients

Middle-aged;
Portuguese /locals;
Recent customers;
Corporate-oriented
Short lead time.

Cluster 3: Experienced Planners

Elderly; Tourists (predominantly from Germany); Reliable; Advanced planners.

5. Evaluation:



4 Clusters

Results based on the mean of each variable per cluster

6. Deployment

Young Elite

- Web approach
- Create partnerships
- Booking price

Established Guests

- Discount on bookings in advance
- Outside advertisement
- Room adaptation

New Corporate Clients

- Aim for a second booking
- Partnership with companies

Experienced Planners

- Traditional advertisement
- Personalized customer service
- Loyalty benefits

6. Deployment

Smart Helper

Steps to help

- 1. Input customer information
- 2. Assign customers to clusters
- 3. Tailored marketing strategies

```
Enter value for Age: 35
Enter value for DaysSinceCreation: 500
Enter value for AverageLeadTime: 60
Enter value for LodgingRevenue: 800
Enter value for OtherRevenue: 100
Enter value for BookingsCheckedIn: 2
Enter value for PersonsNights: 8
Enter value for SRHighFloor: 0
Enter value for SRCrib: 0
Enter value for SRKingSizeBed: 1
Enter value for SRTwinBed: 0
Enter value for SRQuietRoom: 1
Enter value for BookingSuccessRate: 0.9
Enter value for TotalSpecialRequests: 2
Enter value for RevenuePerPersonNight: 100
Enter value for SpendingPerBooking: 900
Enter value for BookingsNotAttended: 0
Enter value for Origin North America: (0/1) 0
Enter value for Origin Other Europe: (0/1) 1
Enter value for Origin Others: (0/1) 0
Enter value for Origin Portugal: (0/1) 0
Enter value for Origin South America: (0/1) 0
Enter value for DistributionChannel Corporate: 0
Enter value for DistributionChannel Direct: 1
Enter value for DistributionChannel GDS Systems: 0
Enter value for DistributionChannel Travel Agent/Operator: 0
Cliente atribuído ao Cluster: 2
Marketing Strategies:
- Offer discounts on second bookings to encourage recurrence
- Establish direct deals with corporate clients' companies
- Highlight cultural diversity in marketing materials
- Offer multilingual customer support
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6. Conclusion

Limitations and Potential Improvements

- Implement a policy requiring the collection of age documentation and nationality for all customers – Help with missing values and Duplicates.
- Incorporate additional information: number of nights spent or the average duration of stay.
- Introduce time variables, such as the month of stays, to enable the analysis of seasonality trends.