## Assignment No.

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Program:
;Assignment
;Title: Write X86/64 ALP to accept a string and to display its
;Student Name - Aviraj Popat Kale
; PRN number : 122B1B123
; Perform Date :
;-----section data-----
section .data
   msg db 10,10,"Enter the string: "; Define a message to
prompt the user to enter a string
   msq len equ $-msq; Calculate the length of the message
         db
               10,10, "The length of string is: "; Define a
message to display the length of the string
   smsg len equ $-smsg; Calculate the length of the message
;-----bss section------
Section .bss
   string resb 50; Allocate space in memory to store the input
string (50 bytes)
   stringl equ $-string; Calculate the length of the string
   count resb 1; Allocate space in memory to store the count of
characters in the string
   char ans resb 2; Allocate space in memory to store the ASCII
representation of the count
;-----
%macro Print 2
   mov rax, 1; Load the system call number for write (1) into rax
   mov rdi, 1; Load file descriptor for stdout (1) into rdi
   mov rsi, %1; Load the address of the message to be printed into
rsi
       rdx, %2; Load the length of the message into rdx
   syscall; Invoke the kernel to perform the write operation
%endmacro
%macro Read
   mov rax, 0; Load the system call number for read (0) into rax
   mov rdi, 0; Load file descriptor for stdin (0) into rdi
   mov rsi, %1; Load the buffer address to store input into rsi
   mov rdx, %2; Load the maximum number of bytes to read into rdx
   syscall; Invoke the kernel to perform the read operation
%endmacro
%macro Exit
   mov rax, 60; Load the system call number for exit (60) into rax
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syscall; Invoke the kernel to terminate the program
%endmacro
;-----code section------
section .text
   global start
start:
   Print msg, msg len; Print the message prompting the user to enter
a string
   Read string, stringl; Read the input string from the user
   mov [count], rax; Store the length of the input string
   Print smsq, smsg len; Print the message indicating the length of
the string
       rax, [count]; Load the length of the string into rax
   mov
   call
         Display; Call the Display subroutine to display the length
in ASCII
   Exit; Terminate the program
;-----
Display:
        rbx,16; Set divisor to 16 for hexadecimal conversion
   mov
        rcx,2; Set number of digits to 2 for displaying byte value
        rsi, char ans+1; Load the address of the last byte in
   mov
char ans buffer into rsi
cnt:
       rdx,0; Clear rdx (as in div instruction rdx:rax/rbx)
   mov
   div rbx; Divide rax by rbx (divisor)
   cmp
         dl, 09h; Check if remainder (dl) is less than or equal to 9
   jbe
         add30; Jump if less than or equal to 9
   add
        dl, 07h; Adjust remainder for hexadecimal conversion
add30:
   add
         dl, 30h; Convert remainder to ASCII character
         [rsi],dl; Store ASCII character in buffer
   mov
   dec
       rsi; Move pointer to previous byte in buffer
   dec
        rcx; Decrement digit count
         cnt; Repeat until all digits are processed
   jnz
   Print char ans, 2; Print the ASCII representation of the count
   ret
;-----
Output:
Enter the string: Aviraj
The length of string is: 06
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mov rdi, 0; Load the exit status (0) into rdi