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&& JÉSSICA PARENTE
(CDV LAB)

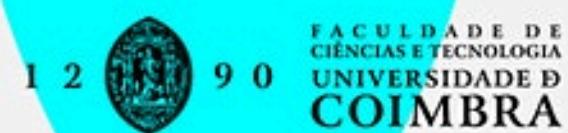
08.12.2021
11H00

DEI – FCTUC
(ROOM E4.1)
&& REMOTE

WORKSHOP PROCESSING FOR ANDROID

PROCESSING
COMMUNITY
DAY
2021
COIMBRA

MORE INFO
[@pcdcoimbra](http://pcdcoimbra.dei.uc.pt)
pcdcoimbra.dei.uc.pt



PROCESSING FOR ANDROID

ANDROID MODE

A **programming mode** for Processing that adds all the options needed to **run Processing sketches on Android devices** and also in the **emulator**.

<https://android.processing.org/>

CONS

- Creating **android apps** easily, creating live wallpapers, watch faces, and VR/AR apps.
- Running **Processing sketches** on **Android devices**, smartphones, tablets, smartwatches.
- Using **Android hardware** to **retrieve data**, for instance **sensor data**.
- Exporting the sketch as a **signed package**.

IN THE WORKSHOP WE WILL

- Explore the use of the **Android hardware, read sensor data, use different types of touches and the camera.**
- Use **ke:tai**, an extensive library to Processing that gives you **straight-forward access to android hardware.**

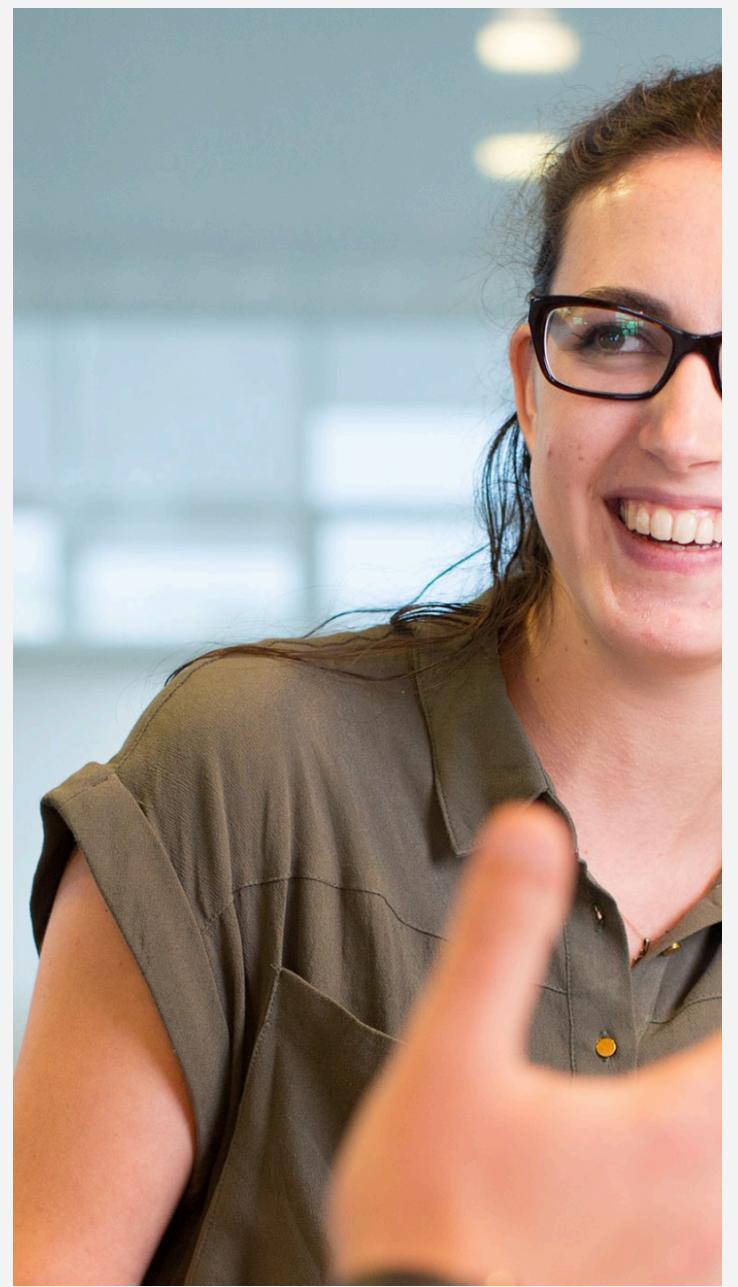
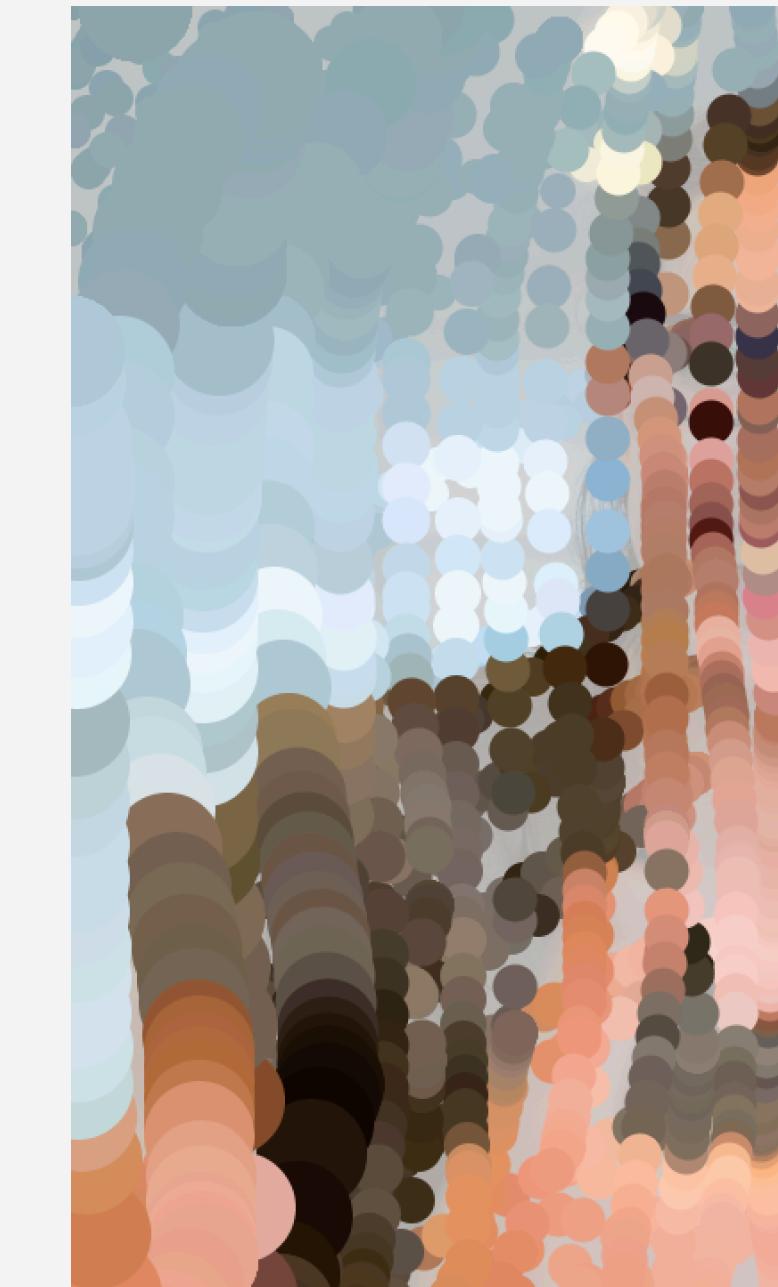
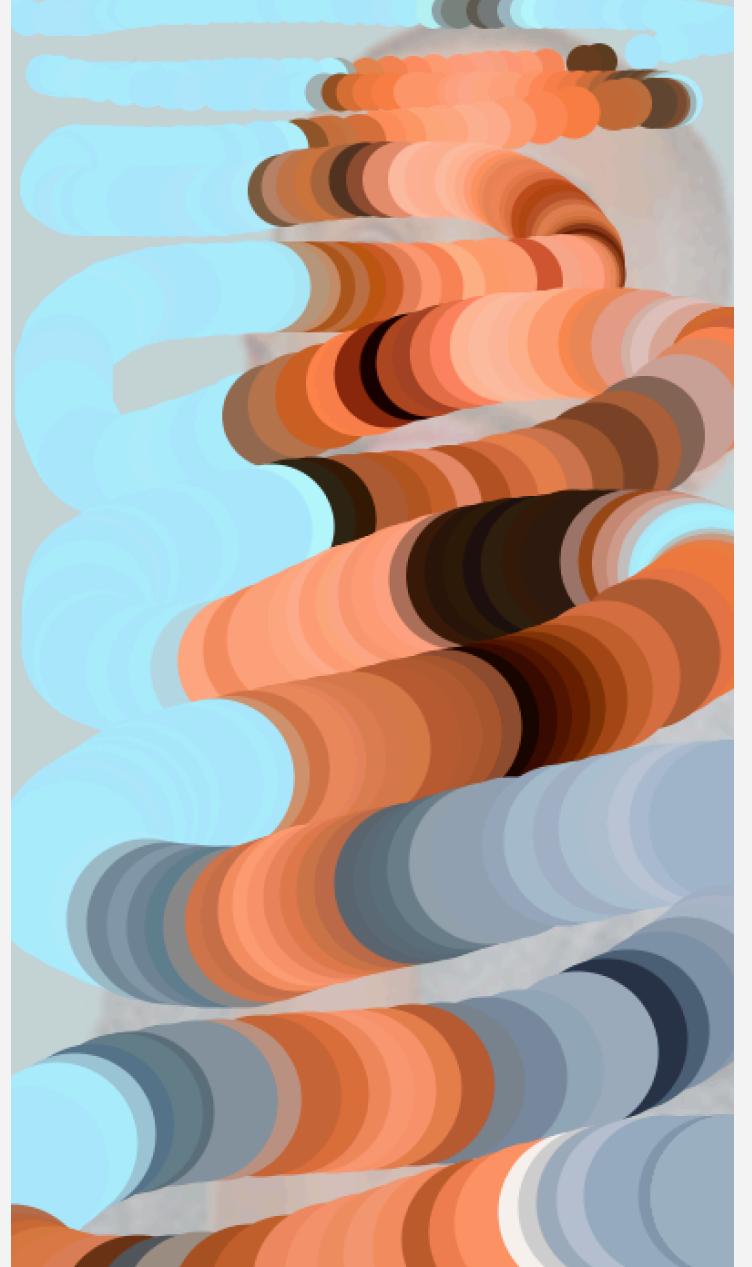
<http://ketai.org/>

IN THE WORKSHOP WE WILL

Develop an application that makes **a representation of a photograph composed with circles**. To do that, we will:

- Take a **picture** with the smartphone camera.
- Then, use the **accelerometer** to draw circles based on the color of the picture taken.

IN THE WORKSHOP EXAMPLES



IN THE WORKSHOP YOU NEED TO HAVE

- Processing 3 installed.
- An **Android smartphone** and a **cable** to connect to the computer or optionally run on an **emulator**.

<https://github.com/pdc-coimbra/workshop-2021-Processing-for-Android>

HANDS ON.

ANDROID MODE INSTALLATION

- **Open Processing.**
- In the upper right corner click on the **arrow** where it says Java (the default for Processing) and click on “**Add Mode**”.
- On the panel that appears, select **Android Mode** and install.
- Then, click again on the **arrow** in the upper right corner and select **Android**.

ANDROID MODE INSTALLATION

- Then, on the panel that appears, click on “**Download SDK automatically**”. Wait a few minutes.
- Then, you have to **accept the SDK license**.
- Then, click “**OK**” to the confirmation that the Android mode has been installed successfully in Processing.

#APP 0

```
import ketai.sensors.*;  
KetaiSensor sensor;  
  
void setup(){  
    sensor = new KetaiSensor(this);  
    println(sensor.list());  
}
```

#APP 1

```
import ketai.sensors.*;  
KetaiSensor sensor;  
float accelerometerX, accelerometerY, accelerometerZ, light;  
  
void setup(){  
    sensor = new KetaiSensor(this);  
    sensor.start();  
    orientation(PORTRAIT);  
    textAlign(CENTER, CENTER);  
    textSize(72);  
    fill(255, 0, 0); }
```

#APP 1

```
void draw(){
    float value = map(light, 0, 600, 0, 255);
    background(value);
    text("Accelerometer: \n" +
        "x: " + accelerometerX + "\n" +
        "y: " + accelerometerY + "\n" +
        "z: " + accelerometerZ + "\n" +
        "light: " + light, width/2, height/2);
}
```

#APP 1

```
void onAccelerometerEvent(float x, float y, float z){  
    accelerometerX = x;  
    accelerometerY = y;  
    accelerometerZ = z;  
}
```

```
void onLightEvent(float l){  
    light = l;  
}
```

#APP 2 BASIS

```
void setup(){  
    fullScreen();  
    orientation(LANDSCAPE);  
}
```

```
void draw(){  
}
```

#APP 2 CAMERA

```
import ketai.camera.*;  
KetaiCamera cam;  
  
void setup(){  
    (...)  
    cam = new KetaiCamera(this, width, height, 24);  
    cam.start();  
}
```

#APP 2 CAMERA

```
void draw(){
    if(cam.isStarted()){
        image(cam,0,0);
    }
}

void onCameraPreviewEvent(){
    cam.read();
}
```

CAMERA PERMISSION: ANDROID -> SKETCH PERMISSIONS -> CHECK “CAMERA” -> OK

#APP 2 SAVE CAMERA IMG

```
import ketai.ui.*;  
import android.view.MotionEvent;  
KetaiGesture gesture;  
PImage img;  
  
void setup(){  
    (...)  
    gesture = new KetaiGesture(this);  
}
```

#APP 2 SAVE CAMERA IMG

```
public boolean surfaceTouchEvent(MotionEvent event) {  
    return gesture.surfaceTouchEvent(event);}  
  
void onDoubleTap(float x, float y){  
    img = createImage(width,height,RGB);  
    img.copy(cam,0,0,width,height,0,0,width,height);  
    cam.stop();  
    background(255);  
    tint(255, 50);  
    image(img,0,0);  
}
```

#APP 2 ADD ACCELEROMETER

```
import ketai.sensors.*;  
KetaiSensor sensor;  
  
PVector accelerometer;  
PVector position;  
float ball_size = 20;  
  
void onAccelerometerEvent(float x, float y, float z, long time, int accuracy){  
    accelerometer.set(x, y, z);  
}
```

#APP 2 ADD ACCELEROMETER

```
void setup() {  
    (...)  
    position = new PVector(width/2, height/2);  
    sensor = new KetaiSensor(this);  
    sensor.start();  
    accelerometer = new PVector();  
}
```

#APP 2 ADD ACCELEROMETER

```
void draw(){
    if(cam.isStarted()){ image(cam,0,0);}
}else if (img != null){
    PVector rollDirection = new PVector(accelerometer.y * 2,
    accelerometer.x * 2);
    position.add(rollDirection);
    position.x = constrain(position.x, ball_size/2, width-(ball_size/2));
    position.y = constrain(position.y, ball_size/2, height-(ball_size/2));
    ellipse(position.x,position.y,ball_size,ball_size);
}
```

#APP 2 ADD PIXEL COLOUR

```
void draw(){
    if(cam.isStarted() ){ image(cam,0,0); }
    }else if (img != null){
        (...)

        img.loadPixels();
        int x = int(position.x);
        int y = int(position.y);
        int loc = x + y*img.width;
        fill(img.pixels[loc]);
        ellipse(position.x,position.y,ball_size,ball_size); }

void setup(){
    (...)

    noStroke();
}
```

#APP 2 CHANGE BALL SIZE

```
void onPinch(float x, float y, float d){  
    ball_size += d;  
    ball_size = constrain(ball_size, 10, 200);  
}
```

THANK YOU.

Submit your results, here:

<https://forms.gle/ge2gBzEQaKFvH4mD8>

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