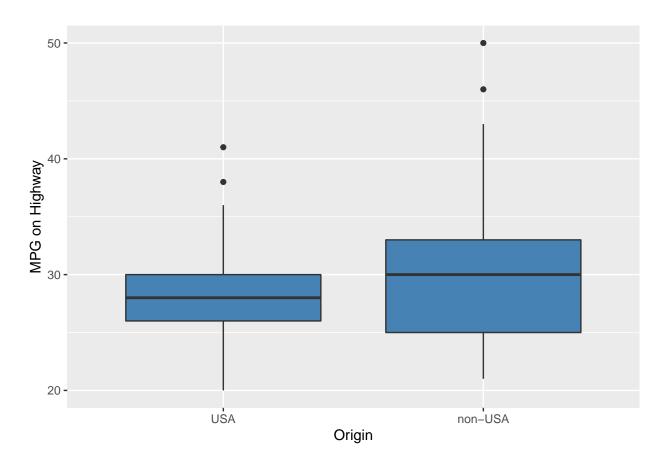
# Workshop 3.1 Solutions - Data Science Certification

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We'll begin by loading all the packages we might need.

```
library(MASS)
library(plyr)
library(reshape) # You may need to install this one first!
## Attaching package: 'reshape'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##
       rename, round_any
library(ggplot2)
require(moonBook)
## Loading required package: moonBook
require(webr)
## Loading required package: webr
Check Means of each group
aggregate(MPG.highway ~ Origin, data=Cars93, FUN= function(x) {
  c(mean=mean(x), sd=sd(x))
} )
##
      Origin MPG.highway.mean MPG.highway.sd
## 1
        USA
                   28.145833
                                   4.151337
## 2 non-USA
                   30.088889
                                    6.247990
```

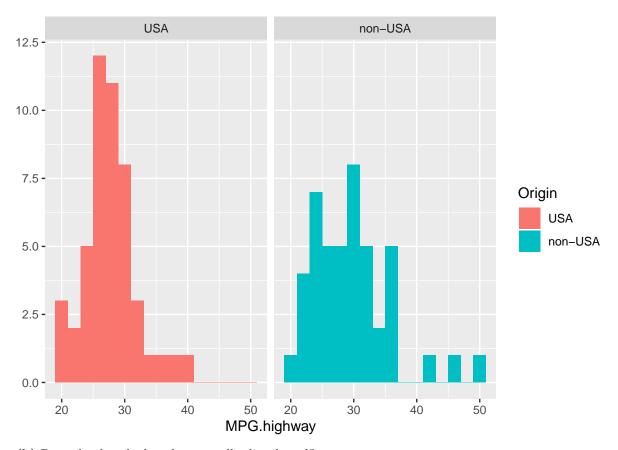
#### Check Box Plot



# Is the data normal?

(a) Construct histograms of MPG.highway, one plot for each Origin category.

```
qplot(x = MPG.highway, data = Cars93, facets = ~Origin, geom = "histogram", fill = Origin, binwidth = 2
```



(b) Does the data look to be normally distributed?

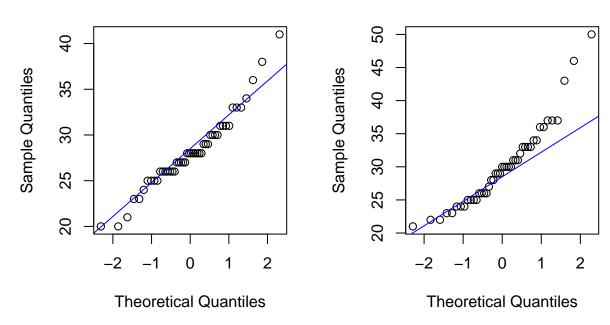
The histograms don't really look normally distributed, so we might be better off using the non-parametric test.

(c) Construct qqplots of MPG.highway, one plot for each Origin category. Overlay a line on each plot using with qqline() function.

```
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
# USA cars
with(Cars93, qqnorm(MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"]))
with(Cars93, qqline(MPG.highway, col = "blue"))
# Foreign cars
with(Cars93, qqnorm(MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"]))
with(Cars93, qqline(MPG.highway, col = "blue"))
```

### Normal Q-Q Plot

### Normal Q-Q Plot



(d) Does the data look to be normally distributed?

The non-USA MPG.highway data looks very far from normally distributed.

#### Testing means between two groups

(a) Using the Cars93 data and the t.test() function, run a t-test to see if average MPG.highway is different between US and non-US vehicles.

Try doing this both using the formula style input and the x, y style input.

```
# Formula version
mpg.t.test <- t.test(MPG.highway ~ Origin, data = Cars93)</pre>
mpg.t.test
##
    Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: MPG.highway by Origin
## t = -1.7545, df = 75.802, p-value = 0.08339
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
    -4.1489029 0.2627918
## sample estimates:
##
       mean in group USA mean in group non-USA
##
                28.14583
                                       30.08889
```

## x, y version

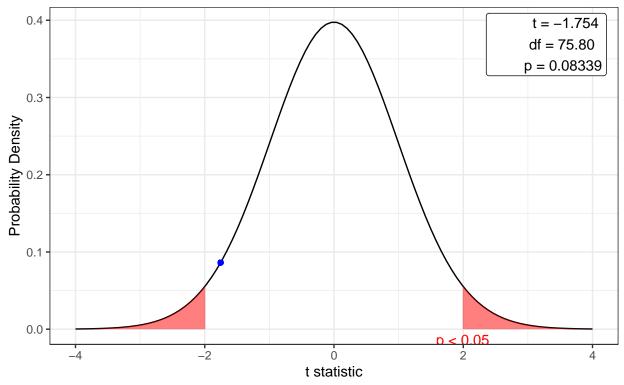
```
with(Cars93, t.test(x = MPG.highway[Origin == "USA"], y = MPG.highway[Origin == "non-USA"], alternative
```

#### Plot t-test

```
#install.packages("devtools")
#devtools::install_github("cardiomoon/webr")
plot(mpg.t.test)
```

# Welch Two Sample t-test

alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0



(b) What is the confidence interval for the difference?

```
## [1] -4.1489029 0.2627918
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95
```

mpg.t.test\$conf.int

### If it is not normal distribution, we can use Wilcox Test

```
wilcox <- wilcox.test(MPG.highway ~ Origin, exact = FALSE, data=Cars93)
wilcox

##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: MPG.highway by Origin
## W = 910, p-value = 0.1912
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0</pre>
```