

Madrid | November 30 - December 1, 2018 {**code**motion}

Introducción a Docker y Kubernetes

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[illegible]

Pablo Chico De Guzman

- Focused on container industry.
- Docker Madrid Meetup - 3.500 members.
- 4 years working @Docker.
- www.okteto.com
CTO & Cofounder.
Maximizing developer productivity for Kubernetes based applications.

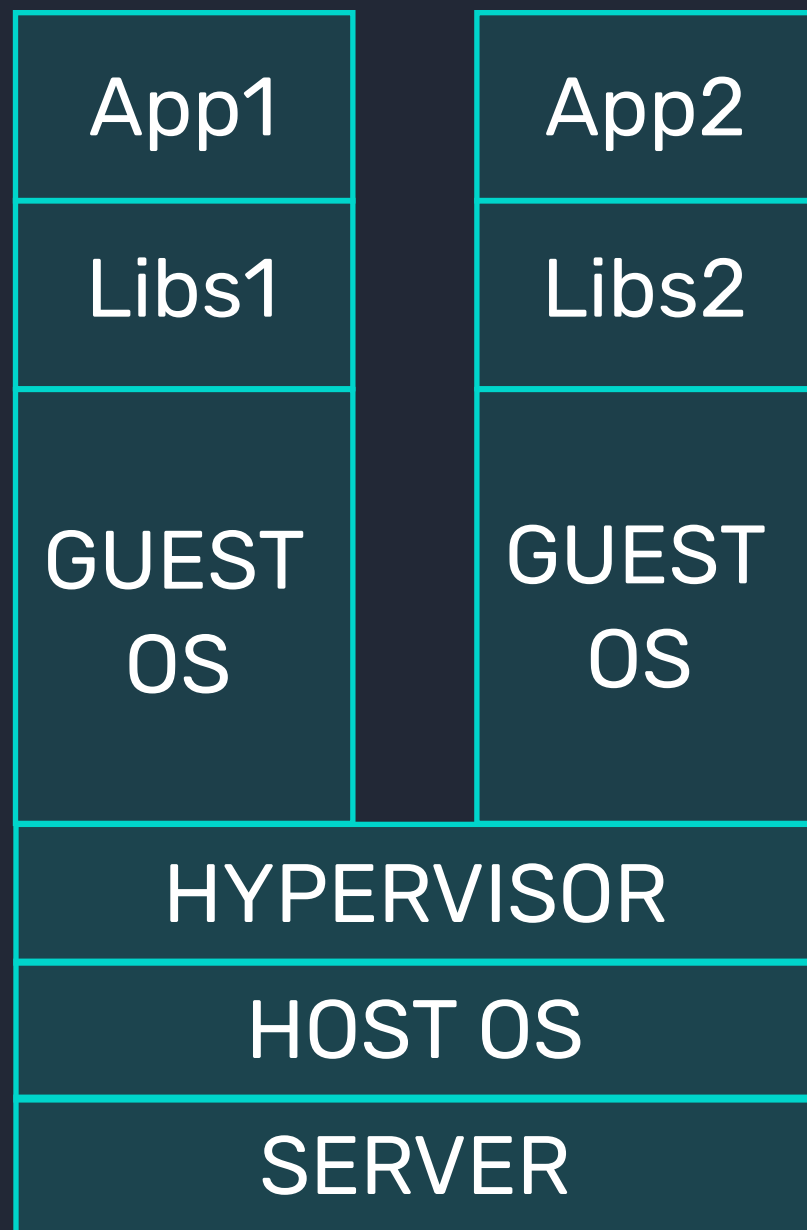


What Is a Container?

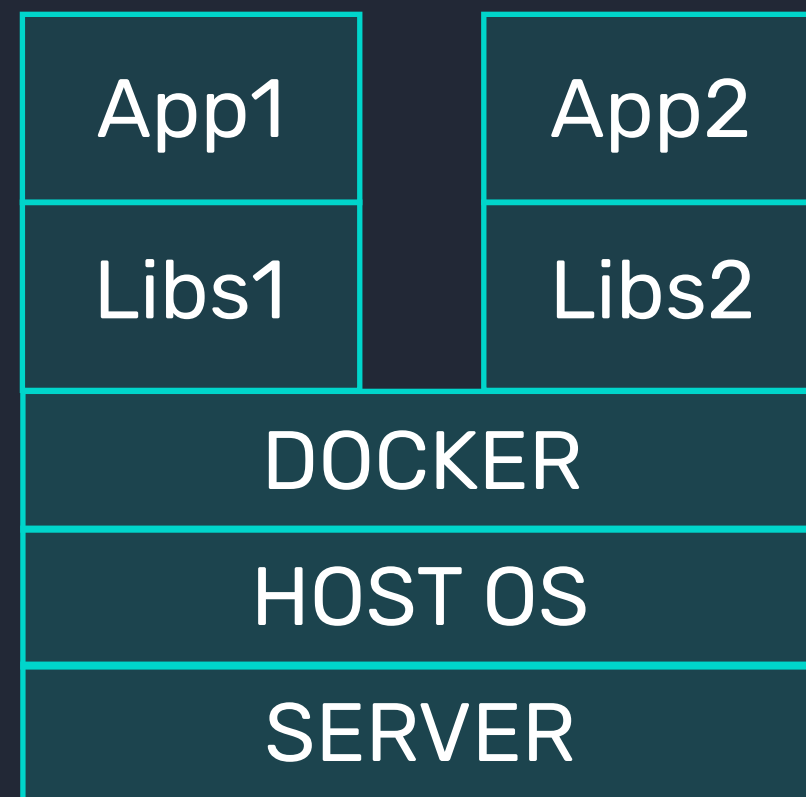
What Is A Container?

- Simplicity for LXC containers (developers are lazy).
- Portable process.
- Dependency management.
- Easy of distributions.
- Lightweight.

What Is A Container?



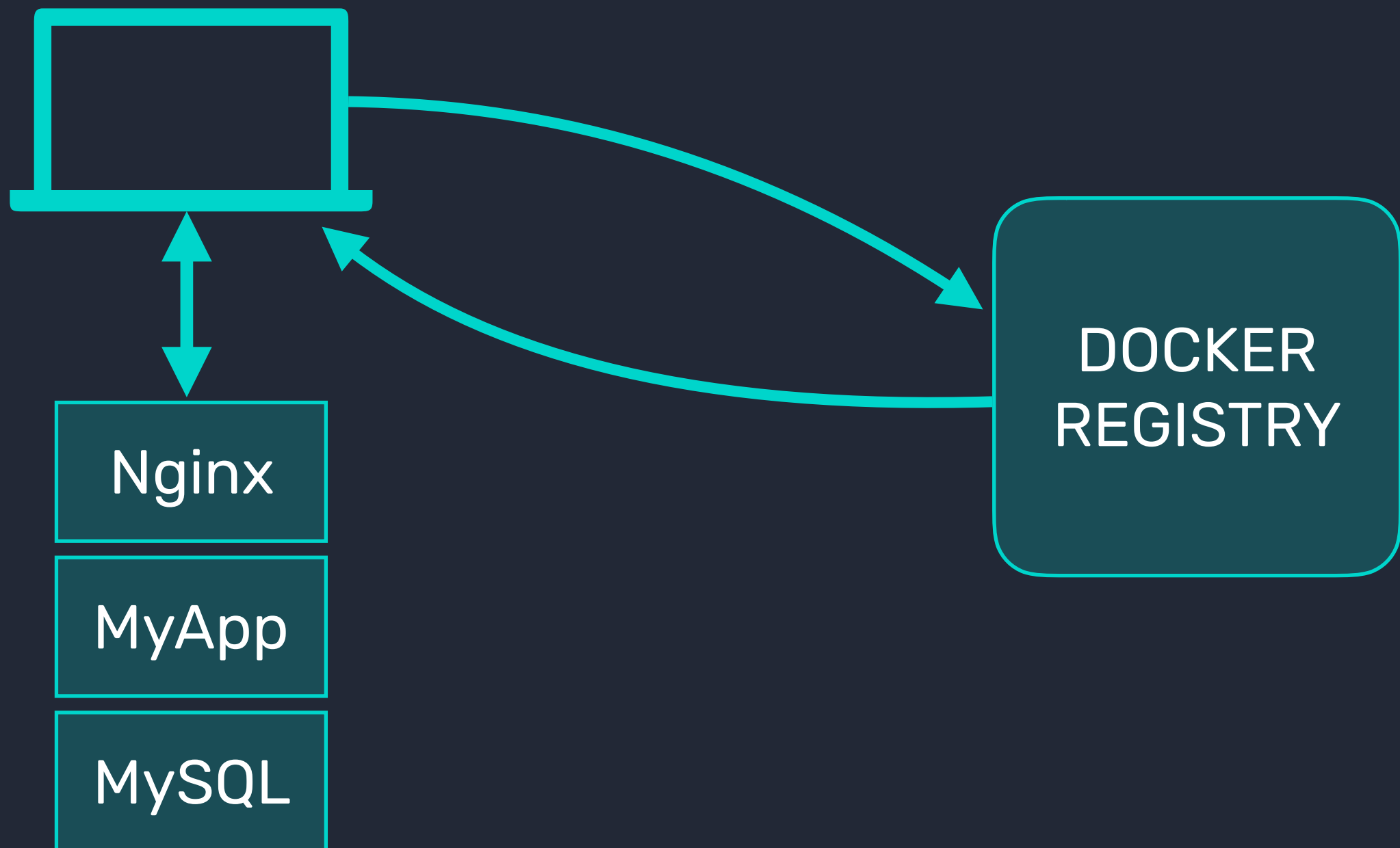
VMs



Docker

Why Are Containers Successful?

Why Are Containers Successful?



How to Deploy Containers?

Some Examples

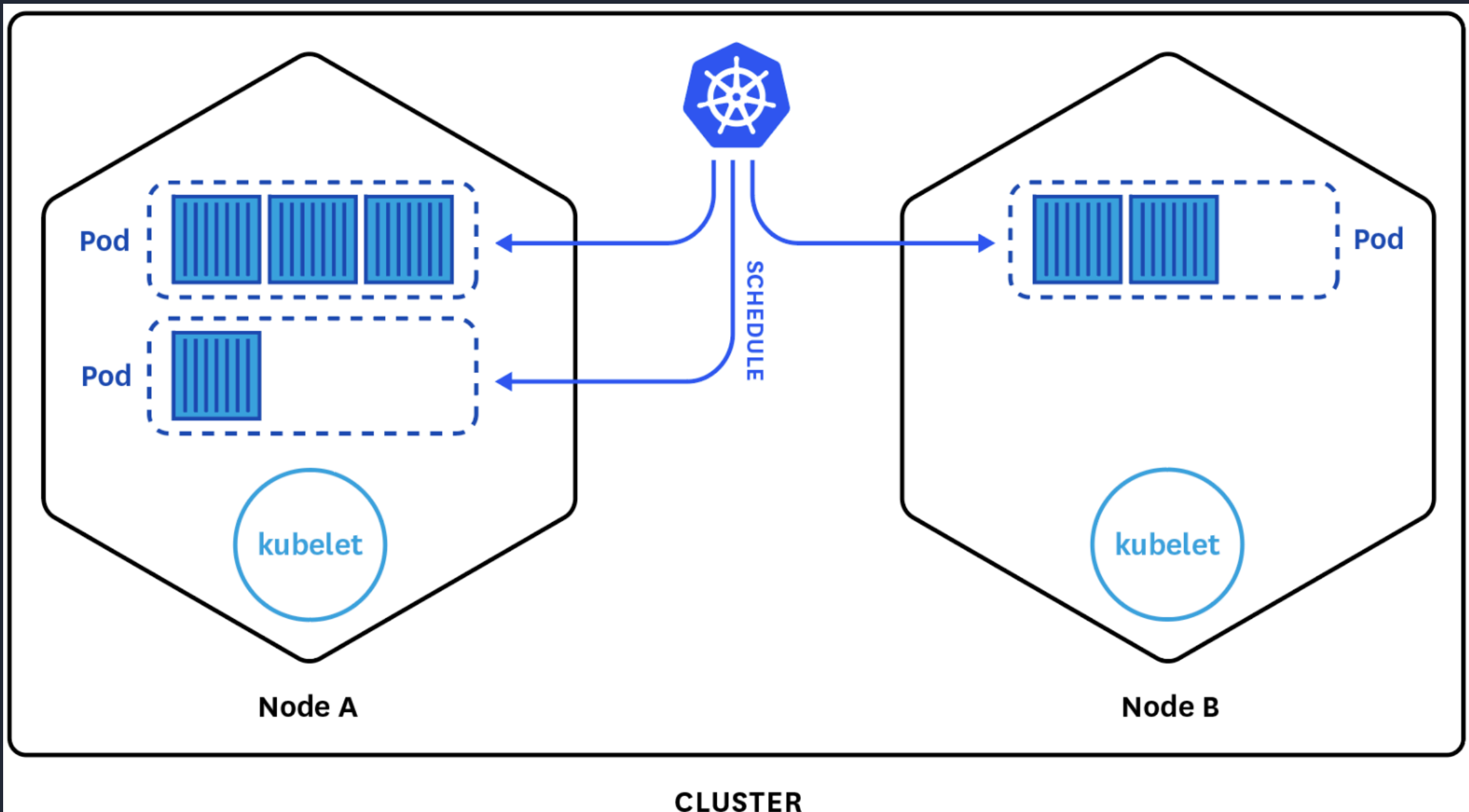
- Scripting, Ansible, Terraform...
- Docker Swarm.
- Mesosphere.
- ECS / AWS Fargate.
- Kubernetes.

Kubernetes

- Borg, Google.
- Declarative.
- Fault tolerance.
- Service Discovery.
- Networking.
- Scales to 5000 nodes.
- Multi Cloud.
- Community.
- Ecosystem.

ORCHESTRATORS

Kubernetes



How To Run Kubernetes

- Docker for Mac, Minikube, microk8s.
- Kops / Rancher.
- AKS, EKS, GKE, Digital Ocean.
- Cloud Foundry / Openshift.

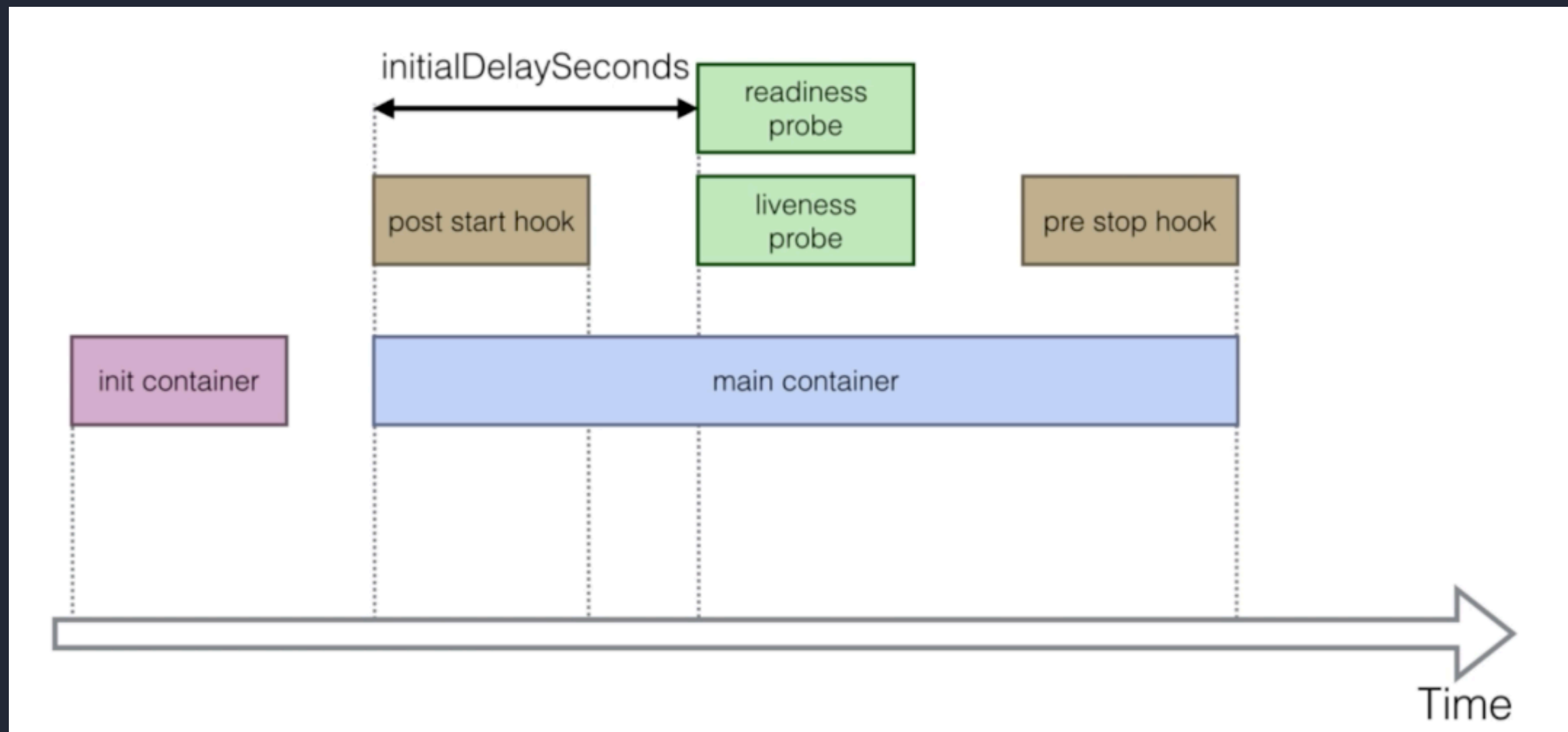
Working With Kubernetes

Pods

- Containers delayed as a unit.
- Localhost.
- Shared volumes.
- Sidecars.

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: pod
5  spec:
6    containers:
7      - name: nginx
8        image: nginx:1.7.9
9        ports:
10       - containerPort: 80
```

Pod Lifecycle



Replica Sets

- Stateless.
- Scale pods.
- Fault tolerance.

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
  name: replica-set
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
    matchExpressions:
      - {key: app, operator: In, values: [nginx]}
  template:
    metadata:
      name: nginx
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: nginx:1.7.9
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
```


Deployments

- Pods + Replica sets.
- Upgrades.
- Rollbacks / History.

```
1  apiVersion: apps/v1
2  kind: Deployment
3  metadata:
4    name: deployment
5    labels:
6      app: nginx
7  spec:
8    replicas: 3
9    selector:
10     matchLabels:
11       app: nginx
12   template:
13     metadata:
14       labels:
15         app: nginx
16     spec:
17       containers:
18         - name: nginx
19           image: nginx:1.7.9
20           ports:
21             - containerPort: 80
```

Services

- Pods IPs are not reliable.
- Static endpoint.
- Load balancer.

```
kind: Service
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
  name: service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: nginx
  ports:
    - port: 80
      nodePort: 30080
```

Namespaces

- Virtual clusters
- Unique names per namespace.
- Useful for Teams.
- Same networking.
- Quotas.

Other Resources

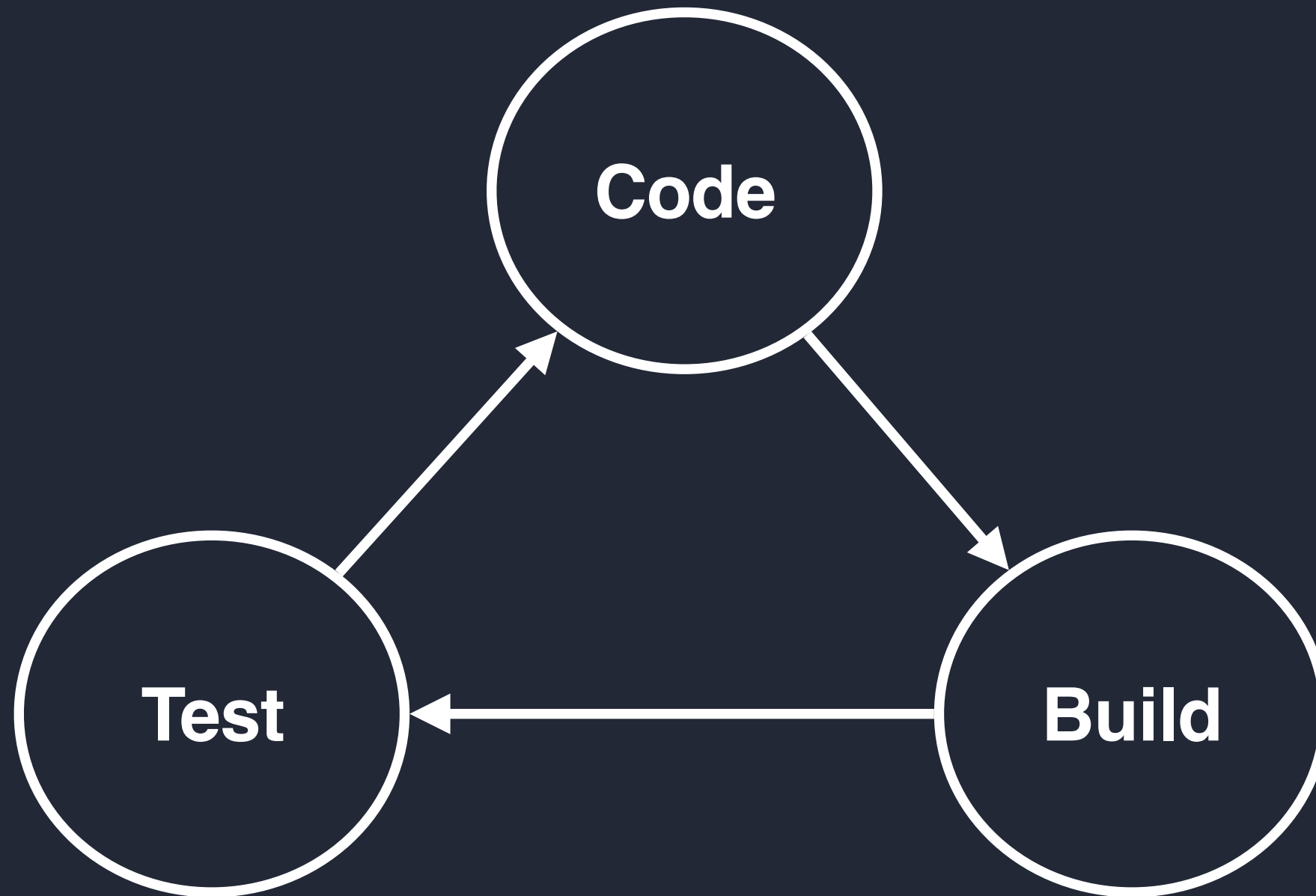
- Ingress Controllers.
- Volumes.
- Jobs.
- DaemonSets.
- StatefulSets.
- Secrets.
- Labels.
- Affinity.

Ecosystem

- Helm.
- Istio.
- Spinnaker.
- Open FaaS.
- Prometheus.

**Docker and Kubernetes
Come With Their Own
Set of Problems**

Local Development Cycle



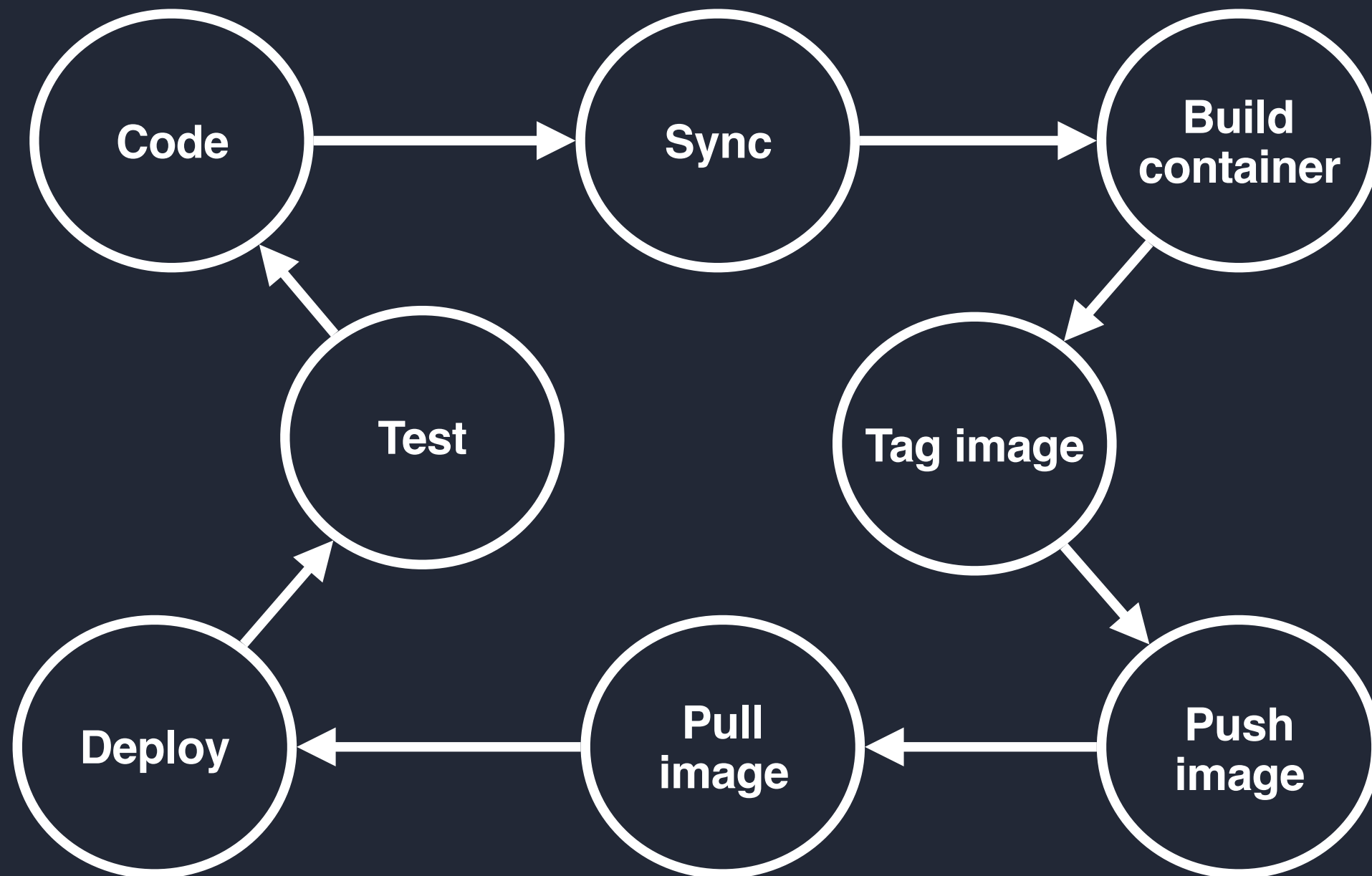
Develop Locally Without Kubernetes

- Fast.
- Programming language cache.
- Hot reloads.
- Integration is broken.
- Portability is broken.

Develop Locally Without Kubernetes



Kubernetes Development Cycle



Scaffold / Draft

- <https://github.com/GoogleContainerTools/skaffold>
- <https://github.com/Azure/draft>
- Automation for build/push/pull cycle.
- Works with build/redeploy.
- Automatic, but still slow.

Cloud Native Development

- Move your dev environment entirely to the cluster.
- No need for build/push/pull cycle.
- Uses programming language cache.
- Uses hot reloads.
- Kubernetes integrated from development.
- Telepresence/Eclipse Che/CND.
- More tomorrow at 15:10 in Room 2.