

## Network Notes

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# Chapter 1

## The Network Protocol

### 1.1 Overview

Loconet is a peer to peer distributed network system on which all devices can monitor the network data flow. The network is event driven by different devices in time, and is not polled by a centralised controller in normal operation. The normal network state is idle, with no data traffic unless a device has information to send. With no traffic flow, the network is quiet.

The network data is sent in asynchronous format using 1 start bit, 8 data bits and 1 stop bit. The 8 bit data is transmitted least significant bit first. The bit times are 60.0  $\mu$ S or 16,660 baud +/- 1.5%. A computer can connect to a Digitrax USB interface at higher baud rates and the device will make the necessary conversion. Bytes may be transmitted back-to-back, with a start bit immediately following the stop bit of the previous character.

Any message that has format or framing errors, data errors or is a fragment caused by noise glitches and does not completely follow the message format will be ignored by all receivers, and a new opcode will be scanned for re-synchronisation.

The **Busy** message is included to allow the command station to keep the network active whilst it is performing a task that requires a response, and entails a significant processing delay, i.e. it can ensure no new requests are started until it has responded to the last message. The **Busy** message should be simply stripped and ignored.

If a device disconnects from the network and so does not access or reference a slot within the

system purge time, the command station will force the un-accessed slot to common status so other system devices can use the slot. The typical purge time of a command station is about 200 seconds. A good “ping” or slot update activity is about every 100 seconds, i.e. if a user makes no change to a throttle/slot within 100 seconds, the throttle/device should automatically send another speed update at the current speed to reset the purge timeout for that slot.

## 1.2 Message Format

All the network communications are via multi-byte messages. The command station is defined as the device that is maintaining the refresh stack for DCC packet generation and is actively generating the DCC track data. Refresh of information is typically only performed for mobile decoders. Stationary type decoders are not refreshed and individual immediate commands are sent out to the track as requested.

The command station is only privileged in respect to performing the task of maintaining the locomotive refresh stack and generating DCC packets. In this way other network transactions may occur that the command station does not need to be involved with or understand, as long as they follow the message protocol and timing requirements. i.e. other devices may have a dialog on the network without disturbing or involving the command station. Devices on the network monitor the messages, check for format and data integrity and parse good messages to decode if action is required in the context. Devices such as throttles, input sensors, computer interfaces and control panels may generate the network messages without needing prompting or polling by a central controller.

Devices frequently will be added and removed from an operating the network. The devices and protocol are tolerant of electrical and data transients. The format chosen gives a good degree of data integrity, guaranteed quick network-state synchronisation, high data throughput, good distribution of access to many competing devices and low event latency. Also, the devices may be operated without need for unique ID or other requirements that can make network administration awkward.

The data bytes on the network are defined as 8 bit data with the most significant bit as an opcode flag bit. If the most significant bit, d7, is 1 then the 7 least significant bits are interpreted as a network opcode. The opcode byte may only occur once in a valid message and is the first byte of a message. The opcode does not necessarily uniquely identify a message type. Sometimes the opcode must be used in combination of other bits or bytes in the message. All the remaining bytes in the message must have a most significant bit of 0, including the last checksum byte. The checksum is the 1’s complement of the byte wise exclusive or of all the bytes in the message, except the checksum itself. To validate



data accuracy, all the bytes in a correctly formatted message are exclusive or'ed. If this resulting byte value is 0xFF, then the message data is accepted as good.

The opcodes may be examined to determine message length and if subsequent response message is required. Data bits d6 and d5 encode the message length. The message length includes the opcode and the checksum bytes. The bit d3 = 1 implies that a follow-on message or reply is expected. For variable byte messages The byte following the opcode in the message is a 7 bit byte count.

<u>d7</u>	<u>d6</u>	<u>d5</u>	<u>d4</u>	<u>d3</u>	<u>d2</u>	<u>d1</u>	<u>d0</u>	
1	0	0	E	D	C	B	A	2 byte message
1	0	1	E	D	C	B	A	4 byte message
1	1	0	E	D	C	B	A	6 byte message
1	1	1	E	D	C	B	A	Variable length message.

The A,B,C,D,E are bits available to encode 32 opcodes per message length.

## 1.3 Refresh Slots

The command station's refresh stack is used to control the locomotives. The refresh stack is an array of read/write refresh slots. There are two protocols for manipulating the refresh slots. Protocol 1 allows up to 120 locomotive slots and each slot contains 10 bytes of data relating to the locomotive. Protocol 2 allows up to 960 locomotive slots and each slot contains 15 bytes of data relating to the locomotive. Not all command stations implement both protocols. A command station may also not implement the maximum number of locomotive slots for the protocols it supports. Where a command station implements both protocols messages from both protocols can be freely mixed. The user should check the TRK status bits to determine if protocol 1 and/or 2 are supported. In this document message mnemonics that are suffixed "P1" belong to protocol 1 and those suffixed "P2" belong to protocol 2. The slot number is a principal component of the protocol and is similar to a file handle. In addition to the locomotive slots there are slots reserved for system and command station control. These slots are numbered 120 to 127 (0x78 to 0x7F) and are encoded differently from the locomotive slots. Slot 123 (0x7B) is allocated to the fast clock. Slot 124 (0x7C) is allocated for read/write access to the programming track and slot 127 (0x7F) contains the command station configuration settings. Protocol 1 uses a single 7 bit number to identify a slot. Protocol 2 uses a 3 bit number to identify the page or bank of slots and a 7 bit number to identify the slot within the page or bank. Within the protocol 2 page slots numbered 0x00 to 0x77 are locomotive slots and slots numbered 0x78 to 0x7F are system slots.

## 1.4 Getting Started

To request a mobile or locomotive decoder task in the refresh stack, a throttle device requests a slot for the locomotive address by sending either the **getLocoSlotDataSAdr** or **getLocoSlotDataLAdr** commands. Which one depends on what type of decoder address you are using - short 2 digit or long 4 digit. The command station responds with **LocoSlotData** response that contains this locomotive address and all of its state information. If the address is currently not in any slot, the command station will load this new locomotive address into a new slot (speed=0, direction forwards, functions off and 128 step mode) and return this as a **LocoSlotData** response. If no inactive slots are free to load the new locomotive address, the response will be the **Ack** with a fail response code of 0x00.

The throttle/computer must then examine the slot data bytes to work out how to process the command station response. If the slot status 1 byte shows the slot to be “common” or “idle” the throttle may change the slot to “in use” by performing a null move instruction on this slot (see **MoveSlots**). This activation mechanism is used to guarantee proper slot usage interlocking in a multi-user asynchronous environment.

If the slot return information shows the locomotive requested is “in use” or up-consisted (i.e. the SL\_CONUP, bit 6 of slot status 1 = 1) the user should not use the slot. Any up-consisted locomotives must be unlinked before usage. Always process the result from the **LinkSlots** and **UnlinkSlots** commands, since the command station reserves the right to change the reply slot number and can reject the linking tasks under several circumstances. Verify the reply slot number and the link UP/DN bits in slot status 1 are as you expected.

The throttle will then be able to update speed, direction and function information. Whenever slot information is changed in an active slot, the slot is flagged to be updated as the next DCC packet sent to the track. If the slot is part of linked consist slots the whole consist chain is updated consecutively.

If a throttle is disconnected from the the Network, upon reconnection (if the throttle retains the slot state from before disconnection) it will request the full status of the slot it was previously using. If the reported status and speed, function data etc., from the command station exactly matches the remembered slot state the throttle will continue using the slot. If the slot data does not match, the throttle will assume the slot was purged free by the system and will go through the setup log on procedure again.

With this procedure the throttle does not need to have a unique ID number. Slot addresses do not imply they contain any particular locomotive address. The system can be mapped such that the slot address matches the locomotive address within, if the user directly reads and writes to slots without using the command station to allocate locomotive addresses.

## 1.5 Messages

The following information is provided for each of the messages:

Description:

Description of the message's function.

Protocol:

Which protocol the message belongs to. Only messages that relate to refresh slots belong to a protocol.

Group:

Which message size group the message belongs to.

Opcode:

The opcode mnemonic. This is the Digitrax assigned mnemonic when known.

Type:

The message type - broadcast, command, response, or message.

Encoding:

How the message is encoded byte by byte.

Response:

The response expected from a command message, if applicable.

Signature:

The bits and bytes that must be tested to determine the message's unique type.

Notes:

Any notes.

### 1.5.1 Ack

Description:

This message provides a response code from a command.

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_LONG\_ACK

Type:

Response

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<LOPC>

Opcode of the command that this message is a response to with the most significant bit set to 0.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ACK1>

Response code.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB4

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.2 Busy

### Description:

The **Busy** broadcast message allows the command station to keep the network active whilst it is performing a task that requires a response, and entails a significant processing delay, i.e. it can ensure no new requests are started until it has responded to the last message. The **Busy** message should be simply stripped and ignored.

### Group:

2-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_BUSY

### Type:

Broadcast

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x81
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7E
Checksum.

### Response:

None

### Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x81

### Notes:

None.

### 1.5.3 CfgSlotDataP1

Description:

This response provides the current command station configuration slot data. It is sent by the command station in response to the **GetCfgSlotDataP1** command.

Protocol:

1

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SL\_RD\_DATA

Type:

Response

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE7
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0E
Message length (14 bytes).

OST1 to OST6 encode the command station's option switch table. The narrative is based upon information in the the DCS210 and DCS240 user manuals. A bit value of 1 means that the switch is closed and a value of 0 means that a switch is thrown. OpSw 8, OpSw 16, OpSw 24, OpSw 32 and OpSw 40 cannot be read due to bit 7 being cleared in the message format. The manual shows these switches as defaulting to thrown, i.e. 0, and are flagged in all cases except OpSw 40 as "do not change".

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F
Configuration slot number.

Byte 3:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<OST1>
Option switch table byte 1.

<u>Bit</u>	<u>Switch #</u>	<u>Default</u>	<u>Effect on system operation</u>
d6	OpSw 07	t	do not change
d5	OpSw 06	t	t = check for decoder before programming c = program without checking for device
d4	OpSw 05	t	do not change
d3	OpSw 04	t	do not change
d2	OpSw 03	t	t = command station's booster normal c = command station's booster is auto reversing
d1	OpSw 02	t	t = command station mode c = booster only mode.
d0	OpSw 01	t	do not change.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<OST2>	Option switch table byte 2.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--------	-----------------------------

<u>Bit</u>	<u>Switch #</u>	<u>Default</u>	<u>Effect on system operation</u>
d6	OpSw 15	t	t = purging will not change loco speed c = purging will force a loco to 0 speed
d5	OpSw 14	t	t = loco address purging enabled c = loco address purging disabled
d4	OpSw 13	t	t = loco address purge time 200 seconds c = loco address purge time 600 seconds
d3	OpSw 12	t	do not change
d2	OpSw 11	t	do not change
d1	OpSw 10	c	do not change
d0	OpSw 09	c	do not change

Byte 5:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<OST3>	Option switch table byte 3.
<u>Bit</u>	<u>Switch #</u>	<u>Default</u>	<u>Effect on system operation</u>						
d6	OpSw 23	t	SW23						
d5	OpSw 22	c	SW22						
d4	OpSw 21	c	SW21						
d3	OpSw 20	t	t = enable address 0x00 or analog stretching for conventional locos . c = disable address 0x00 or analog stretching for conventional locos						
d2	OpSw 19	t	do not change						
d1	OpSw 18	t	t = normal command station booster short circuit shutdown time c = extended command station booster short circuit shutdown time						
d0	OpSw 17	t	t = automatic advanced decode (FX) consists are enabled c = automatic advanced decode (FX) consists are disabled						

<u>SW21</u>	<u>SW22</u>	<u>SW23</u>	<u>Global system default type for new locos</u>
t	t	t	28 step mode
t	t	c	reserved
t	c	t	14 step mode
t	c	c	reserved
c	t	t	reserved
c	t	c	reserved
c	c	t	128 step mode
c	c	c	128 step FX mode





Byte 8:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<OST5>

Option switch table byte 5.

<u>Bit</u>	<u>Switch #</u>	<u>Default</u>	<u>Effect on system operation</u>
d6	OpSw 39	t	c = clear all internal memory states, including OpSw 36 and 37
d5	OpSw 38	t	t = loco reset button activates OpSw 39 c = loco reset activates slot zero
d4	OpSw 37	t	c = clears all routes
d3	OpSw 36	t	c = clears all mobile decoder info and consists
d2	OpSw 35	t	t = enables loco reset buttone c = disable loco reset button
d1	OpSw 34	t	t = disallow track to power up to run state, if set to run prior to power up c = allow track to power up to run state, if set to run prior to power up
d0	OpSw 33	c	t = track power off at power on c = allow track power to restore to prior state at power on

Byte 9:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<OST6>	Option switch table byte 6.
<u>Bit</u>	<u>Switch #</u>	<u>Default</u>	<u>Effect on system operation</u>						
d6	OpSw 47	t	t = normal program track setting c = program track is brake generator when not programming. Braking is DCC set to speed 0 (not emergency stop) for address 0, light on, broadcast to all addresses.						
d5	OpSw 46	t	do not change						
d4	OpSw 45	t	t = enable reply for switch state request c = disable reply for switch state request						
d3	OpSw 44	t	do not change (DCS210)						
	OpSw 44	t	maximum slots to 400 (DCS240) and enable protocol 2 support						
	OpSw 44	c	maximum slots to 120 (DCS240) and disable protocol 2 support						
d2	OpSw 43	t	t = enable the Network update of command station's track status c = disable the Network update of command station's track status						
d1	OpSw 42	t	t = enable 2 short beeps when loco address purged c = disable 2 short beeps when loco address purged						
d0	OpSw 41	t	t = diagnostic click disabled c = diagnostic click when valid the Network commands incoming and routes being output						

Byte 10:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	Unknown.
d6								
d5								
d4								
d3								
d2								
d1								
d0								

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CSM>	Product code.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---------------

<u>Product Code</u>	<u>Model</u>
0x1B	DCS210
0x1C	DCS240

Byte 12:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	Unknown.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----------

d6  
d5  
d4  
d3  
d2  
d1  
d0

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0xE7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0x0E
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0x7F
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 7:

0	×	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.4 ConsistDirF0F4

#### Description:

This command sets the consist element's direction and function F0 to F4 states.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_CONSIST\_FUNC

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0xB6	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SLOT#>	Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--

Byte 2:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<DIRF>	Consist element's direction and function F0 to F4 states.
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	--------	---

d5     Direction: 1 means forward and 0 means backwards.

d4     F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d3     F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d2     F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d1     F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d0     F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

#### Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB6

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 2:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.5 GetBrdOpSw

Description:

Get board option switch setting.

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_BRD\_OPSW (unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD0

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	0	0	0	1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

The bit d0 is the most significant bit of the board id.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<BIDL>

Least significant 7 bits of the board id.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<BTYP>

Board type code.

<u>Board</u>	<u>Type Code</u>
PM4	0x70.
BDL16	0x71.
SE8C	0x72.
DS64	0x73.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Byte and bit number.

The high nibble encodes the byte number, and the low nibble the bit number. The byte number is calculated as  $(OpSw\# - 1) \gg 3$  and the bit number is  $(OpSw\# - 1) - \text{byte number} \times 8$ .

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

**Ack** :- \*\*\* SHOULD NOT BE A RESPONSE \*\*\*

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0xD0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 1:

0	1	1	0	0	0	1	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

\*\*\* THIS HAS NOT BEEN TESTED \*\*\*



### 1.5.6 GetCfgSlotDataP1

#### Description:

This command requests the configuration slot data. The command station responds with a **CfgSlotDataP1** message.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_RQ\_SL\_DATA

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0xBB	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0x7F	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

#### Response:

#### **CfgSlotDataP1**

#### Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0xBB	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.7 GetInterfaceData

#### Description:

This command is sent by a computer to request an **InterfaceData** response from the attached network interface device.

#### Group:

2-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_BUSY

#### Type:

Command

#### Applicable Hardware:

Digitrax PR4 and DCS240.

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x81
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7E
Checksum.

#### Response:

Interface device returns an **InterfaceData** response.

#### Signature:

None - the command is intercepted by the interface and is not passed on to the network.

#### Notes:

None.

### 1.5.8 GetLocoSlotDataLAdrP1

#### Description:

This command requests the slot number for the selected locomotive address. If the locomotive is found in the slot table then the command station returns an **LocoSlotDataP1** response with the slot information. If it is not found then the command station will put the locomotive into a free slot and then return an **LocoSlotDataP1** response with the slot information. If there are no free slots then the command station returns an **Ack** containing a response code of 0x00.

The command station will generate NMRA 14 bit or long address packets for the locomotive. The address must be in the range 128 to 9983.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_ADR

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBF

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR2>

Address high 7 bits.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR>

Address low 7 bits.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP1** if success, otherwise

**Ack**

<LOPC>	<ACK1>	Meaning
0x3F	0x00	No free slot, command failed.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xBF

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 not equal to 0

Notes:

This command is not supported by the Digitrax DT200 command station.

---

### 1.5.9 GetLocoSlotDataLAdrP2

#### Description:

This command requests the slot number for the selected locomotive address. If the locomotive is found in the slot table then the command station returns an **LocoSlotDataP2** response with the slot information. If it is not found then the command station will put the locomotive into a free slot and then return an **LocoSlotDataV2** response with the slot information. If there are no free slots then the command station returns an **Ack** containing a response code of 0x00.

The command station will generate NMRA 14 bit or long address packets for the locomotive. The address must be in the range 128 to 9983.

#### Protocol:

2

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_ADR\_P2 (unofficial mnemonic)

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBE

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR2>

Address high 7 bits.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR>

Address low 7 bits.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP2** if success, otherwise

**Ack.**

<u>&lt;LOPC&gt;</u>	<u>&lt;ACK1&gt;</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x3E	0x00	No free slot, command failed.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBE

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

not equal to 0

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.10 GetLocoSlotDataP1

#### Description:

This command requests the locomotive slot data for the specified slot number. The command station responds with a **LocoSlotDataP1** response.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_RQ\_SL\_DATA

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBB

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	d0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

0x00

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

#### Response:

#### **LocoSlotDataP1**

#### Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBB



Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	less than 0x78
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----------------

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	d0	0x00
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	------

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.11 GetLocoSlotDataP2

Description:

This command requests the locomotive slot data for the specified slot number. The command station responds with a **LocoSlotDataP2** response.

Protocol:

2

Group:

4-Byte Message

Direction: → Switch

Opcode:

OPC\_RQ\_SL\_DATA

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBB

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 2:

0	1	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7. The bit d3 does something but its function is not yet known.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP2**

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xBB

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 less than 0x78

Byte 2:

0	1	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.12 GetLocoSlotDataSAdrP1

#### Description:

This command requests the slot number for the selected locomotive address. If the locomotive is found in the slot table then the command station returns an **LocoSlotDataP1** response with the slot information. If it is not found then the command station will put the locomotive into a free slot and then return an **LocoSlotDataP1** response with the slot information. If there are no free slots then the command station returns an **Ack** containing a response code of 0x00.

The command station will generate NMRA 7 bit or short address packets for the locomotive. The address has the range 0 to 127. The analog locomotive is selected with address 0.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_ADR

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBF
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR>
Short address in the range 0 to 127.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP1** if success, otherwise

**Ack**

<LOPC>	<ACK1>	Meaning
0x3F	0x00	No free slot, command failed.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0xBF
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.13 GetLocoSlotDataSAdrP2

#### Description:

This command requests the slot number for the selected locomotive address. If the locomotive is found in the slot table then the command station returns an **LocoSlotDataP2** response with the slot information. If it is not found then the command station will put the locomotive into a free slot and then return an **LocoSlotDataP2** response with the slot information. If there are no free slots then the command station returns an **Ack** containing a response code of 0x00.

The command station will generate NMRA 7 bit or short address packets for the locomotive. The address has the range 0 to 127. The analog locomotive is selected with address 0.

#### Protocol:

2

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_ADR\_P2 (unofficial mnemonic)

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBE
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR>
Short address in the range 0 to 127.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP2** if success, otherwise

**Ack**

<LOPC>	<ACK1>	Meaning
0x3E	0x00	No free slot, command failed.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0xBE
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.14 IMMPacket

Description:

Send n-byte DCC immediate packet.

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_IMM\_PACKET

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xED

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0B

Message length (11 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Byte 3:

0	d6	d5	d4	0	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	---	----	----	----

<REPS>

Number of immediate bytes and repeat count.

d6 N2. Number of immediate bytes.

d5 N1. Number of immediate bytes.

d4 N0. Number of immediate bytes.

d2 R2. Repeat count.

d1 R1. Repeat count.

d0 R0. Repeat count.

Byte 4:

0	0	1	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

<DHII>

High bits of IM1 to IM5.



d4 IM5.7. High bit.  
 d3 IM4.7. High bit.  
 d2 IM3.7. High bit.  
 d1 IM2.7. High bit.  
 d0 IM1.7. High bit.

Byte 5:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IM1> Data item 1 low 7 bits.

Byte 6:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IM2> Data item 2 low 7 bits.

Byte 7:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IM3> Data item 3 low 7 bits.

Byte 8:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IM4> Data item 4 low 7 bits.

Byte 9:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IM5> Data item 5 low 7 bits.

Byte 10:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK> Checksum.

Response:

**Ack.**

<u>&lt;LOPC&gt;</u>	<u>&lt;ACK1&gt;</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x7D	0x7F	Command OK, if command station.
0x7E	<lim address>	Command OK, if limited master.
0x7D	0x00	Internal buffer busy or full.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xED

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0B

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 3:

0	×	×	×	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 4:

0	0	1	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.15 InterfaceData

---

Description:

This is sent by an interface device in response to a **getInterfaceData** command.

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

Type:

Response

Applicable Hardware:

Digitrax PR4 and DCS240.

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Message length (16 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x22

Byte 3:

0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x22

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x01

Byte 5:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<D1>

Serial Number low byte low 7 bits.

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D2&gt;

Serial Number high byte low 7 bits.

Byte 8:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D3&gt;

It contains a value but the meaning is unknown.

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D4&gt;

Unknown - set to zero for PR4 and DCS240.

Byte 10:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;PXCT2&gt;

Unknown - set to zero for PR4 and DCS240.

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D5&gt;

Maybe hardware version.

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D6&gt;

Software version.

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D7&gt;

Maybe hardware version.

Byte 14:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D8&gt;

Product code.

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

None

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Byte 2:

0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0x22
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 3:

0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0x22
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0x01
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 5:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Notes:

PR4 #1

```

<D0> 0xe5 OPCODE
<D1> 0x10 LENGTH
<D2> 0x22 SRC
<D3> 0x22 DSTL
<D4> 0x01 DSTH
<D5> 0x00 PXCT1 <- I would have expected b4 = 1
<D6> 0x08 Serial Number Low Byte
<D7> 0x07 Serial Number High Byte - Actual serial number 0x0788
<D8> 0x16
<D9> 0x00
<D10> 0x00 PXCT2
<D11> 0x00
<D12> 0x00
<D13> 0x00
<D14> 0x24 Product Code for PR4
<D15> 0x36 CHSUM

```

PR4 #2

```

<D0> 0xe5 OPCODE OPC_PEER_XFER
<D1> 0x10 LENGTH
<D2> 0x22 SRC

```

<D3> 0x22 DSTL  
<D4> 0x01 DSTH  
<D5> 0x00 PXCT1  
<D6> 0x57 Serial Number Low Byte  
<D7> 0x13 Serial Number High Byte - Actual serial number 0x1357  
<D8> 0x16  
<D9> 0x00  
<D10> 0x00 PXCT2  
<D11> 0x00  
<D12> 0x00  
<D13> 0x00  
<D14> 0x24 Product Code for PR4  
<D15> 0x7d CHKSUM

DCS240

<D0> 0xe5 OPCODE  
<D1> 0x10 Length  
<D2> 0x22 SRC  
<D3> 0x22 DSTL  
<D4> 0x01 DSTH  
<D5> 0x00 PXCT1 <- I would have expected b4 to be 1  
<D6> 0x2b Serial Number Low Byte  
<D7> 0x0a Serial Number High Byte - Actual serial number 0x0aab  
<D8> 0x14  
<D9> 0x00  
<D10> 0x00 PXCT2  
<D11> 0x01 Hardware Version?  
<D12> 0x03 Software Version  
<D13> 0x01 Hardware Version?  
<D14> 0x1c Product Code for DCS240  
<D15> 0x21

---

### 1.5.16 IPLDataLoad

#### Description:

This command loads firmware data into a device that supports IPL. D1 is the lowest addressed byte and D8 is the highest addressed byte.

#### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Message length (16 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

<PXCT1>

Download code 0x40 and high bits of D1 to D4.

d3     D4.7. High bit  
d2     D3.7. High bit  
d1     D2.7. High bit  
d0     D1.7. High bit

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D1&gt;

Data Byte 1. Low 7 bits.

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D2&gt;

Data Byte 2. Low 7 bits.

Byte 8:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D3&gt;

Data Byte 3. Low 7 bits.

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D4&gt;

Data Byte 4. Low 7 bits.

Byte 10:

0	0	1	0	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;PXCT2&gt;

Data type code 0x20 and high bits for D5 to D8.

d3     D8.7. High bit

d2     D7.7. High bit

d1     D6.7. High bit

d0     D5.7. High bit

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D5&gt;

Data Byte 5. Low 7 bits.

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D6&gt;

Data Byte 6. Low 7 bits.

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D7&gt;

Data Byte 7. Low 7 bits.

Byte 14:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D8&gt;

Data Byte 8. Low 7 bits.

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

None

Signature:

Byte 0:



1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x10

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 10:

0	0	1	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:None.

---

### 1.5.17 IPLDevData

#### Description:

An IPL capable device sends this response in response to an **IPLDiscover** broadcast message.

\*\*\* THIS NEEDS CHECKING \*\*\*

#### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

#### Type:

Response

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x14

Message length (20 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0F

Byte 3:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

<PXCT1>

d3     D4.7. High bit

d2     D3.7. High bit

d1     D2.7. High bit

d0     D1.7. High bit

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<D1>

Product code low 7 bits.

<u>Product Code</u>	<u>Device</u>
0x01	LNRP
0x04	UT4
0x0C	WTL12
0x14	DB210 Opto
0x15	DB210
0x16	DB220
0x1A	DCS210+
0x1B	DCS210
0x1C	DCS240
0x23	PR3
0x24	PR4
0x2A	DT402
0x32	DT500
0x33	DCS51
0x34	DCS52
0x3E	DT602
0x51	BXPA1
0x58	BXP88
0x5C	UR92
0x63	LNWI

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D2&gt;

Hardware version 2 low 7 bits.

<u>D2</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x00	Slave all
0x18	Slave RF24

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D3&gt;

Data item 3. Low 7 bits.

Byte 8:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

&lt;D4&gt;

Software Version Number low 7 bits.

d6    version number bit 3  
 d5    version number bit 2.  
 d4    version number bit 1  
 d3    version number bit 0  
 d2    subversion number bit 2  
 d1    subversion number bit 1  
 d0    subversion number bit 0

e.g. 0x09 decodes as version 1.1.

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

 <PXCT2>    High bits of D5 to D8.
 
  

d3    D8.7. High bit  
 d2    D7.7. High bit  
 d1    D6.7. High bit  
 d0    D5.7. High bit

Byte 10:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 <D5>    Data item 5. Low 7 bits.
 

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 <D6>    Serial number low byte low 7 bits.
 

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 <D7>    Serial number high byte low 7 bits.
 

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 <D8>    Data item 8. Low 7 bits.
 

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 <PXCT3>    High bits for D9 to D12.
 
  

d3    D12.7. High bit  
 d2    D11.7. High bit  
 d1    D10.7. High bit  
 d0    D9.7. High bit

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 <D9>    Data item 9. Low 7 bits.
 

Byte 16:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D10>	Data item 10. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---------------------------

Byte 17:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D11>	Data item 11. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---------------------------

Byte 18:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D12>	Data item 8. Low 12 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---------------------------

Byte 19:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

None.

Notes:

These came from DigiPLII:

e5 14 0f 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 08

e5 14 0f 10 00 24 00 00 00 02 00 08 07 00 00 00 00 38

e5 14 0f 10 00 24 00 00 00 00 00 57 13 00 00 00 00 71

e5 14 0f 10 00 1b 00 00 03 02 00 54 10 00 00 00 00 4f

PR4 with serial number 0x0788 ver 0

PR4 with serial 0x1357 ver 0

DCS210 with SN 0x10D4 ver 0.3

DCS240 with SN 0x0AAB ver 0.3

---

### 1.5.18 IPLDiscover

#### Description:

This broadcast message requests IPL capable devices to report their IPL information. The devices each respond with a **IPLDevData** response.

#### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

#### Type:

Broadcast

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x14
Message length (20 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0F

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x08

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 5:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 6:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 7:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 11:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x01

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 13:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 15:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 16:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 17:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 18:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 19:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>   Checksum.
Response:**IPLDevData**Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x14

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x0F

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x08

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 5:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 6:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 7:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 11:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x01

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 13:



0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 15:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 16:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 17:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 18:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00Notes:None.

---

### 1.5.19 IPLEndLoad

Description:

This command ends a device firmware update.

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Message length (16 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x40

Download code.

Byte 6:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 7:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 10:

0	1	0	0	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x40
End load type code.

Byte 11:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 13:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x00

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.
Response:

None

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x40

Byte 6:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 7:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 10:

0	1	0	0	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x40

Byte 11:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 13:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.20 IPLSetAddr

### Description:

This command sets the address of where to load the next block of firmware data.

### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

OPC\_PEER\_XFER opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Message length (16 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

<PXCT1>

Download code 0x40 and high bits of D1 to D4.

d3     D4.7. High bit  
d2     D3.7. High bit  
d1     D2.7. High bit  
d0     D1.7. High bit

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D1&gt;

Address High Byte. Low 7 bits.

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D2&gt;

Address Mid Byte. Low 7 bits.

Byte 8:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D3&gt;

Address Low Byte. Low 7 bits.

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D4&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 10:

0	0	0	1	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;PXCT2&gt;

Address type code 0x10 and high bits for D5 to D8.

d3     D8.7. High bit

d2     D7.7. High bit

d1     D6.7. High bit

d0     D5.7. High bit

Byte 11:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D5&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D6&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 13:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D7&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D8&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

None

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x10

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 9:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 10:

0	0	0	1	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 11:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 13:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00Notes:None.

---

### 1.5.21 IPLSetupBL2

Description:

This command initiates a firmware update for a device that supports IPL Bootloader 2 protocol.

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Message length (16 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7F

Broadcast id.

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

<PXCT1>

Download code 0x40 and high bits of D1 to D4.

d3    D4.7. High bit  
d2    D3.7. High bit  
d1    D2.7. High bit  
d0    D1.7. High bit



Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D1&gt;

Manufacturer code. Low 7 bits.

<u>Code</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>
0x00	Digitrax

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D2&gt;

Product code. Low 7 bits.

Byte 8:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D3&gt;

Hardware version. Low 7 bits.

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D4&gt;

Software version. Low 7 bits.

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;PXCT2&gt;

Setup download type code 0x00 and high bits for D5 to D8.

d3	D8.7. High bit
d2	D7.7. High bit
d1	D6.7. High bit
d0	D5.7. High bit

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D5&gt;

Options. Low 7 bits.

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D6&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D7&gt;

Number of blocks to erase 7. Low 7 bits.

This is calculated as  $\text{INT}(0.5 + (\text{Last Address} - \text{First Address}) / \text{Erase Blk Size})$ .

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;D8&gt;

Reserved always 0x00. Low 7 bits.

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

None

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x10

Byte 2:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 3:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 4:

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x7F

Byte 5:

0	1	0	0	d3	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 12:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Byte 14:

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x00

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.22 LinkSlotsP1

### Description:

This command links slot SL1 to slot SL2. The command station sets SL\_CONUP/DN flags appropriately. If the command was successful then a **LocoSlotDataP1** response will be returned. An invalid link will return a **Ack** with a response code of 0x00.

### Protocol:

1

### Group:

4-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_LINK\_SLOTS

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0xB9	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SL1>	Slot number in the range 0x01 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SL2>	Slot number in the range 0x01 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

### Response:

**LocoSlotDataP1**

or

**Ack**

<u>&lt;LOPC&gt;</u>	<u>&lt;ACK1&gt;</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x39	0x00	Invalid link, link failed.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0xB9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	in the range 0x01 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----------------------------

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	in the range 0x01 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----------------------------

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.23 LinkSlotsP2

#### Description:

This command links slot SL1 to slot SL2. The command station sets SL\_CONUP/DN flags appropriately. If the command was successful then a **LocoSlotDataP2** response will be returned. An invalid link will return a **Ack** with a response code of 0x00.

#### Protocol:

2

#### Group:

6-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial Mnemonic)

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0xD4	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	1	1	1	d2	d1	d0	<SL1P>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the SL1 slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	--------	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SL1#>	Slot number SL1 in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--

Byte 3:

0	1	0	0	0	d2	d1	d0	<SL2P>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the SL2 slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	--------	---

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SL2#>	Slot number SL2 in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP2** or **Ack**.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	1	1	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	0	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.24 LocoBinStateP2

### Description:

This command sets the locomotive's binary states with addresses in the range 1 to 32767. The address of 0 is a broadcast command and will set or reset all binary states.

### Protocol:

2?

### Group:

6-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7. The bit d4 contains the function state where 1 means on and 0 means off. The bit d3 contains the high bit of the binary state address (bit 14).

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<BSA0>

Binary state address bits 0 to 6.

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<BSA1>

Binary state address bits 7 to 13.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	0	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

\*\*\* THIS HAS NOT BEEN TESTED \*\*\*

---



**1.5.25 LocoDirF0F4P1**Description:

This function sets the locomotive's direction and function F0 to F4 states.

Protocol:

1

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_DIRF

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0xA1	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SLOT#>	Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--

Byte 2:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<DIRF>	Locomotive's direction and state of functions F0 to F4.
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	--------	---

d5     Direction: 1 means forward and 0 means backwards.

d4     F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d3     F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d2     F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d1     F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d0     F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xA1

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 less than 0x78

Byte 2:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.26 LocoDirF0F4P2

### Description:

This command sets the locomotive's direction and function F0 to F4 states.

### Protocol:

2

### Group:

6-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0xD4	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0	<SLOTP>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	---------	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SLOT#>	Slot number.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--------------

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0x06	Subcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	----------

Byte 4:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	Direction and function states.	
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	--------------------------------	--

- d5 Direction: 1 means forward and 0 means backwards.
- d4 F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d3 F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d2 F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d1 F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d0 F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x06

Byte 4:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.27 LocoF0F6P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F0 to F6 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D5\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Function states.

d6 F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.28 LocoF5F8P1**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F5 to F8 states.

Protocol:

1

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_SND

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xA2
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>
Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

<SND>
Locomotive's function F5 to F8 states.

d3     F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d2     F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d1     F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d0     F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.
Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xA2

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---



**1.5.29 LocoF7F13P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F7 to F13 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D5\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	1	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Function states.

d6 F13 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F12 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F11 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F10 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F9 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	1	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.30 LocoF5F11P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F5 to F11 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0xD4	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0	<SLOTP>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	---------	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SLOT#>	Slot number.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--------------

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0x07	Subcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	----------

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0		Function states.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--	------------------

d6 F11 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F10 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F9 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x07

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.31 LocoF12F20F28P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F12, F20, and F28 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number.

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x05

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Function states.

d2     F28 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d1     F20 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

d0     F12 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x05

Byte 4:

0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.32 LocoF13F19P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F13 to F19 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number.

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x08

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Function states.

d6 F19 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F18 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F17 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F16 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F15 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F14 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F13 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>      Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x08

Notes:

None.

---



**1.5.33 LocoF14F20P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F14 to F20 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D5\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Function states.

d6 F20 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F19 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F18 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F17 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F16 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F15 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F14 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.34 LocoF21F27P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F21 to F27 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number.

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x09

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Function states.

d6 F27 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F26 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F25 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F24 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F23 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F22 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F21 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x09

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.35 LocoF21F28P2**Description:

This command sets the locomotive's function F21 to F28 states.

Protocol:

2

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_D5\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7. d4 and d3 encode the F28 state where 0b10 means on and 0b01 means off.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Function states.

d6 F27 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d5 F26 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d4 F25 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d3 F24 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d2 F23 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d1 F22 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.  
 d0 F21 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>
Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Byte 1:

0	0	1	d4	d3	×	×	×
---	---	---	----	----	---	---	---

d4 and d3 can be 0b10 or 0b01

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.36 LocoSlotDataP1

---

Description:

This response provides the data for a specific locomotive slot.

Protocol:

1

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SL\_RD\_DATA

Type:

Response

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE7

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0E

Message length (14 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77. Slot 0x00 is the dispatch special slot.

Byte 3:

d7	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<STAT1>

Slot status 1.

<u>d7</u>	<u>d6</u>	
0	0	Free, no consist linking.
0	1	Consist sub-member.
1	0	Consist top-member.
1	1	Consist Mid-Consist member.

Note: d7 is set to 0 in the message by the command station and so may not correctly reflect the actual setting in the slot table.

<u>d5</u>	<u>d4</u>	
0	0	Free slot, no valid data. Not refreshed.
0	1	Common. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.
1	0	Idle. Locomotive address in this slot. Not refreshed.
1	1	In Use. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.

  

<u>d3</u>	
0	No slot consist linked into this slot.
1	Slot consist linked into this slot.

  

<u>d2</u>	<u>d1</u>	<u>d0</u>	
0	0	0	28 step decoder. 3-byte packet regular mode
0	0	1	28 step decoder. Generate trinary packets for this mobile address
0	1	0	14 step decoder.
0	1	1	128 step decoder.
1	0	0	28 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting
1	0	1	reserved
1	1	0	reserved
1	1	1	128 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR>	If <ADR2> is 0 then this contains the NMRA short address. If <ADR2> is greater than 0 then this contains the low 7 bits of the NMRA long address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SPD>	Speed in the range 0x00 to 0x7F. 0x00 means inertial stop and 0x01 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--

Byte 6:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<DIRF>	Locomotive direction and state of functions F0 to F4.
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	--------	---



- d5 Direction: 1 means forward and 0 means backwards.
- d4 F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d3 F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d2 F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d1 F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d0 F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 7:

0	d6	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0	<TRK>	Global system track status.
---	----	---	---	----	----	----	----	-------	-----------------------------

- d6 1 means this command station implements protocol 2 messages. This can be turned off on the DCS240 by setting the OpSw 44 to be closed.
- d3 1 means the programming track is busy.
- d2 1 means this command station implements protocol 1 messages and 0 means the command station is a DT200.
- d1 0 means the track is paused, broadcast an emergency stop.
- d0 1 means the DCC packets are on in the command station and the track power is on.

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	0	d0	<SS2>	Slot status 2.
---	---	---	---	----	----	---	----	-------	----------------

- d3 1 means expansion in ID1/2, 0 means encoded alias.
- d2 1 means expansion ID1/2 is not ID usage.
- d0 1 means this slot has suppressed advanced consist.

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR2>	If <ADR2> is greater than 0 then this contains the high 7 bits of the NMRA long address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SND>	Function F5 to F8 states.
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	-------	---------------------------

- d3 F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d2 F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d1 F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d0 F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ID1>	7-bit ls ID code written by throttle when STAT2.4 = 1.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ID2>

7-bit ms ID code written by throttle when STAT2.4 = 1.

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE7

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0E

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78.

Byte 6:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 7:

0	×	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	×	×	0	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.37 LocoSlotDataP2

#### Description:

This response provides data for a specific locomotive slot.

#### Protocol:

2

#### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_SL\_RD\_DATA\_P2 (Unofficial mnemonic)

#### Type:

Response

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0xE6	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0x15	Message length (21 bytes).
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	----------------------------

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	d2	d1	d0	<SLOTP#>	Slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----------	---

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SLOTL#>	Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----------	--

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<STAT1>	Slot status 1.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---------	----------------

<u>d7</u>	<u>d6</u>	
0	0	Free, no consist linking.
0	1	Consist sub-member.
1	0	Consist top-member.
1	1	Consist Mid-Consist member.

Note: d7 is set to 0 in the message by the command station and so may not correctly reflect the actual setting in the slot table.

<u>d5</u>	<u>d4</u>	
0	0	Free slot, no valid data. Not refreshed.
0	1	Common. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.
1	0	Idle. Locomotive address in this slot. Not refreshed.
1	1	In Use. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.

<u>d3</u>	
0	No slot consist linked into this slot.
1	Slot consist linked into this slot.

<u>d2</u>	<u>d1</u>	<u>d0</u>	
0	0	0	28 step decoder. 3-byte packet regular mode
0	0	1	28 step decoder. Generate trinary packets for this mobile address
0	1	0	14 step decoder.
0	1	1	128 step decoder.
1	0	0	28 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting
1	0	1	reserved
1	1	0	reserved
1	1	1	128 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR>	Low address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--------------

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR2>	High address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	---------------

Byte 7:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<TRK>	Global system track status.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	-----------------------------

- d6 1 means this command station implements protocol 2 messages. This can be turned off on the DCS240 by setting the OpSw 44 to be closed.
- d5 Reserved. Set to 0.
- d4 Reserved. Set to 0.
- d3 1 means the programming track is busy.
- d2 1 means this command station implements protocol 1 messages. 0 means the command station is a DT200.
- d1 0 means the track is paused, broadcast an emergency stop.
- d0 1 means the DCC packets are on in the command station and track power is on.

Byte 8:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SPD>	Speed in the range 0x00 to 0x7F. 0x00 means inertial stop and 0x01 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	--

Byte 9:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	Functions.
d6	F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off							
d5	F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off							
d4	F12 state: 1 means on and 0 means off							
d3								
d2								
d1	F20 state: 1 means on and 0 means off							
d0								

Byte 10:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	Direction.
d6								
d5	Direction: 1 means forwards and 0 means backwards							
d4								
d3								
d2								
d1								
d0								

Byte 11:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Functions.

d6 F11 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d5 F10 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d4 F9 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d3  
d2  
d1  
d0

Byte 12:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Functions.

d6 F19 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d5 F18 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d4 F17 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d3 F16 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d2 F15 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d1 F14 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d0 F13 state: 1 means on and 0 means off

Byte 13:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Functions.

d6 F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d5 F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d4 F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d3 F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d2 F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d1 F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d0 F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off

Byte 14:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Unknown.

d6  
d5  
d4  
d3  
d2  
d1  
d0

Byte 15:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Unknown.

d6

d5

d4

d3

d2

d1

d0

Byte 16:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Consist slot page number.

d6

d5

d4

d3

d2     Consist slot page b2

d1     Consist slot page b1

d0     Consist slot page b0

Byte 17:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Consist slot number in the range  
0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 18:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Throttle id low bits.

Byte 19:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Throttle id high bits.

Byte 20:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xE6

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0x15

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 7:

0	×	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:None.

---



### 1.5.38 LocoSpdP1

#### Description:

This command sets the locomotive's speed in the range 0 to 127. 0 means inertial stop and 1 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_SPD

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xA0

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SPD>

Locomotive speed in the range 0 to 127.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

#### Response:

None.

#### Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xA0

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.39 LocoSpdP2

\*\*\* THIS WAS SENT BY iTrain NEEDS TESTING \*\*\*

#### Description:

This function sets the locomotive's speed in the range 0 to 127. 0 means inertial stop and 1 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.

#### Protocol:

2

#### Group:

6-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x04

Subcode.

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SPD>

Locomotive speed in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x04

Notes:

None.

## 1.5.40 LocoSpdDirP2

### Description:

This function sets the locomotive's speed in the range 0 to 127 and direction. 0 means inertial stop and 1 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.

### Protocol:

2

### Group:

6-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_D5\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0xD5	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SLOTP>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7. Bit d3 contains the direction where 1 means forwards and 0 means backwards.
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	---------	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SLOT#>	Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0x6D	Subcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	----------

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SPD>	Locomotive speed in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x6D

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.41 MoveSlotsP1

#### Description:

Move slots.

<u>SRC</u>	<u>DEST</u>	<u>Action</u>
0	×	Dispatch get. Return <b>LocoSlotDataP1</b> of dispatch slot.
SRC	0	Dispatch put. Mark slot as dispatch.
SRC	SRC	Null move. SRC is set to in use.
SRC	DEST	Move slot data from SRC to DEST if not in use. Clear SRC.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_MOVE\_SLOTS

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0xBA	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SRC>	Source slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<DEST>	Destination slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

#### Response:

**LocoSlotDataP1**

or

**Ack.**

<u>&lt;LOPC&gt;</u>	<u>&lt;ACK1&gt;</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x3A	0x00	Illegal move.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xBA

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Notes:

None.

---



## 1.5.42 MoveSlotsP2

### Description:

Move slots.

<u>SRC</u>	<u>DEST</u>	<u>Action</u>
0	×	Dispatch get. Return <b>LocoSlotDataP2</b> of dispatch slot.
SRC	0	Dispatch put. Mark slot as dispatch.
SRC	SRC	Null move. SRC is set to in use.
SRC	DEST	Move slot data from SRC to DEST if not in use. Clear SRC.

### Protocol:

2

### Group:

6-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial Mnemonic)

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0xD4	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	1	1	1	d2	d1	d0	<SRCP>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the source slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	--------	--

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SRC>	Source slot number.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---------------------

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	d2	d1	d0	<DESTP>	Bits d2 to d0 contain the destination slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	---------	---

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;DEST&gt;

Destination slot number.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:**LocoSlotDataP2** or **Ack**.

\*\*\* NEED TO CONFIRM ERROR CODE \*\*\*

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	1	1	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 3:

0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

### 1.5.43 PeerXfer16

#### Description:

This command sends the 8 bytes of data from one device to another peer to peer. This message takes many forms and so what is presented here is a generic description. The specific forms are included elsewhere as detailed messages in their own right.

<u>SRC</u>	<u>DSTL</u>	<u>DSTH</u>	Comments
0x00			Source is command station.
Don't Care	0x00	0x00	Broadcast Message.
0x70 to 0x7E			Reserved.
0x7F	0x00	0x00	Broadcast throttle message transfer.
0x7F	ID1	ID2	Throttle message transfer. ID1 and ID2 encode ID.

#### Protocol:

1

#### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER

#### Type:

Message

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0xE5	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0x10	Message length (16 bytes).
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	----------------------------

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SRC>	Source id in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--------------------------------------

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<DSTL>	Destination id low in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	---

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<DSTH>	Destination id high in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--

Byte 5:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<PXCT1>	Address type code and high bits of D1 to D4.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---------	--

d6	XC2. Address type code.
d5	XC1. Address type code.
d4	XC0. Address type code.
d3	D4.7. High bit
d2	D3.7. High bit
d1	D2.7. High bit
d0	D1.7. High bit

<u>XC2</u>	<u>XC1</u>	<u>XC0</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0	0	0	7 bit peer to peer addresses.
0	0	1	reserved.
0	1	0	reserved.
0	1	1	reserved.
1	0	0	IPL download.
1	0	1	reserved.
1	1	0	reserved.
1	1	1	reserved.

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D1>	Data item 1. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D2>	Data item 2. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 8:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D3>	Data item 3. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D4>	Data item 4. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 10:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<PXCT2>	Data type code and high bits for D5 to D8.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--

d6 XC5. Data type code.  
d5 XC4. Data type code.  
d4 XC3. Data type code.  
d3 D8.7. High bit  
d2 D7.7. High bit  
d1 D6.7. High bit  
d0 D5.7. High bit

<u>XC5</u>	<u>XC4</u>	<u>XC3</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0	0	0	ANSI text string. IPL download setup subcode.
0	0	1	IPL download address subcode.
0	1	0	IPL download send data subcode.
0	1	1	IPL download verify data subcode.
1	0	0	IPL download end of operation subcode.
1	0	1	reserved.
1	1	0	reserved.
1	1	1	reserved.

Options flags

```

private static final int DO_NOT_CHECK_SOFTWARE_VERSION = 0x00;
private static final int CHECK_SOFTWARE_VERSION_LESS = 0x04;

private static final int DO_NOT_CHECK_HARDWARE_VERSION = 0x00;
private static final int REQUIRE_HARDWARE_VERSION_EXACT_MATCH = 0x01;
private static final int ACCEPT_LATER_HARDWARE_VERSIONS = 0x03;

```

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D5>	Data item 5. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D6>	Data item 6. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D7>	Data item 7. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 14:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D8>	Data item 8. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>   Checksum.

Response:

None

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x10

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.44 PwrOff

---

### Description:

This command turns the track power off.

### Group:

2-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_GPOFF

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x82

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7D

Checksum.

### Response:

None.

### Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x82

### Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.45 PwrOn

Description:

This command turns the track power on.

Group:

2-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_GPON

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0x83	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0x7C	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	-----------

Response:

After power on the command station sends an **getCfgSlotDataP1** message. It also sends a sequence of OPC\_SW\_REQ messages with the following values of SW1 and SW2:

<u>SW1</u>	<u>SW2</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
0x78	0x27	
0x79	0x27	
0x7A	0x27	
0x7B	0x27	
0x78	0x07	Interrogate all PM4 inputs?
0x79	0x07	Interrogate all BDL16 input reports?
0x7A	0x07	Interrogate all SE8 input reports?
0x7B	0x07	Interrogate all DS64 input reports.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0x83
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------



Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.46 Reset

Description:

This broadcast message is sent by a command station when its “Loco Reset” button has been pressed. Software should reload any locally cached slot data from the command station.

Group:

2-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_LOCO\_RESET

Type:

Broadcast

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x8A

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x75

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x8A

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.47 SensRepGenIn**Description:

General sensor input report.

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_INPUT\_REP

Type:

Message

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB2

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IN1>

Sensor address A7 to A1.

d6     A7.

d5     A6.

d4     A5.

d3     A4.

d2     A3.

d1     A2.

d0     A1.

Byte 2:

0	1	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

<IN2>

Sensor address A11 to A8, A0 and sensor input state.

d5     A0.

d4     Input state: 1 means sensor input  $\geq 6V$ , and 0 means sensor input = 0V.

d3     A11.

d2     A10.

d1     A9.

d0     A8.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB2

Byte 2:

0	1	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.48 SensRepTurnIn**Description:

Turnout sensor input report.

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SW\_REP

Type:

Message

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB1

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<SN1>

Sensor address A7 to A1.

d6     A7.

d5     A6.

d4     A5.

d3     A4.

d2     A3.

d1     A2.

d0     A1.

Byte 2:

0	1	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

<SN2>

Sensor address A11 to A8, A0 and sensor state.

d5     A0.

d4     Input sensor state, 1 means sensor  $\geq$  6V, 0 means sensor = 0V.

d3     A11.

d2     A10.

d1     A9.

d0     A8.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB1

Byte 2:

0	1	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.49 SensRepTurnOut**Description:

Turnout sensor output report.

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SW\_REP

Type:

Message

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB1

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<SN1>

Sensor address A6 to A0.

d6     A6.

d5     A5.

d4     A4.

d3     A3.

d2     A2.

d1     A1.

d0     A0.

Byte 2:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

<SN2>

Sensor address A10 to A7 and sensor state.

d5     0 means closed output line is off and 1 means the closed output line is on.

d4     0 means thrown output line is off and 1 means the thrown output line is on.

d3     A10.

d2     A9.

d1     A8.

d0     A7.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB1

Byte 2:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---



### 1.5.50 SetBrdOpSw

#### Description:

Set board OpSw.

#### Group:

6-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_BRD\_OPSW (Unofficial mnemonic)

#### Type:

Broadcast

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD0

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	0	0	1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

The bit d0 is the most significant bit of the board id.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<BIDL>

Least significant 7 bits of the board id.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<BTYP>

Board type code.

<u>Board</u>	<u>Type Code</u>
PM4	0x70.
BDL16	0x71.
SE8C	0x72.
DS64	0x73.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Byte and bit number.

The high nibble encodes the byte number, and the low nibble the bit number. The byte number is calculated as  $(\text{OpSw\#} - 1) \gg 3$  and the bit number is  $(\text{OpSw\#} - 1) - \text{byte number} \times 8$ .

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

**Ack**

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD0

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	0	0	1	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

### 1.5.51 SetIdleState

---

**Description:**

This command sets the network to “idle” state. The command station broadcasts an emergency stop.

**Group:**

2-Byte Message

**Opcode:**

OPC\_IDLE

**Type:**

Command

**Encoding:**

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x85

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7A

Checksum.

**Response:**

None

**Signature:**

Byte 0:

1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x85

**Notes:**

None.

---

### 1.5.52 SetLocoSlotDataP1

Description:

This command sets the locomotive slot data for the specified slot.

Protocol:

1

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_WR\_SL\_DATA

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xEF

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0E

Message length (14 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77. Slot 0x00 is the dispatch special slot.

Byte 3:

d7	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<STAT1>

Slot status 1.

<u>d7</u>	<u>d6</u>	
0	0	Free, no consist linking.
0	1	Consist sub-member.
1	0	Consist top-member.
1	1	Consist Mid-Consist member.

Note: d7 is set to 0 in the message by the command station and so may not correctly reflect the actual setting in the slot table.

<u>d5</u>	<u>d4</u>	
0	0	Free slot, no valid data. Not refreshed.
0	1	Common. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.
1	0	Idle. Locomotive address in this slot. Not refreshed.
1	1	In Use. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.

<u>d3</u>	
0	No slot consist linked into this slot.
1	Slot consist linked into this slot.

<u>d2</u>	<u>d1</u>	<u>d0</u>	
0	0	0	28 step decoder. 3-byte packet regular mode
0	0	1	28 step decoder. Generate trinary packets for this mobile address
0	1	0	14 step decoder.
0	1	1	128 step decoder.
1	0	0	28 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting
1	0	1	reserved
1	1	0	reserved
1	1	1	128 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR>	If <ADR2> is 0 then this contains the NMRA short address. If <ADR2> is greater than 0 then this contains the low 7 bits of the NMRA long address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SPD>	Speed in the range 0x00 to 0x7F. 0x00 means inertial stop and 0x01 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--

Byte 6:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<DIRF>	Locomotive direction and state of functions F0 to F4.
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	--------	---

- d5 Direction: 1 means forward and 0 means backwards.
- d4 F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d3 F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d2 F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d1 F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d0 F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 7:

0	d6	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0	<TRK>	Global system track status.
---	----	---	---	----	----	----	----	-------	-----------------------------

- d6 1 means this command station implements protocol 2 messages. This can be turned off on the DCS240 by setting the OpSw 44 to be closed.
- d3 1 means the programming track is busy.
- d2 1 means this command station implements protocol 1 messages and 0 means the command station is a DT200.
- d1 0 means the track is paused, broadcast an emergency stop.
- d0 1 means the DCC packets are on in the command station and the track power is on.

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	0	d0	<SS2>	Slot status 2.
---	---	---	---	----	----	---	----	-------	----------------

- d3 1 means expansion in ID1/2, 0 means encoded alias.
- d2 1 means expansion ID1/2 is not ID usage.
- d0 1 means this slot has suppressed advanced consist.

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR2>	If <ADR2> is greater than 0 then this contains the high 7 bits of the NMRA long address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SND>	Function F5 to F8 states.
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	-------	---------------------------

- d3 F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d2 F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d1 F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.
- d0 F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off.

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ID1>	7-bit ls ID code written by throttle when STAT2.4 = 1.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;ID2&gt;

7-bit ms ID code written by throttle when STAT2.4 = 1.

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt; Checksum.

Response:**Ack**Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xEF

Byte 1:

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x0E

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 6:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 7:

0	×	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 8:

0	0	0	0	×	×	0	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 10:

0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

### 1.5.53 SetLocoSlotDataP2

Description:

This command sets the locomotive slot data for the specified slot number.

Protocol:

2

Group:

Variable-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_WR\_SL\_DATA\_P2 (Unofficial mnemonic)

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xEE

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x15

Message length (21 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SLOTP#>

Slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOTL#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 4:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<STAT1>

Slot status 1.

<u>d7</u>	<u>d6</u>	
0	0	Free, no consist linking.
0	1	Consist sub-member.
1	0	Consist top-member.
1	1	Consist Mid-Consist member.



Note: d7 is set to 0 in the message by the command station and so may not correctly reflect the actual setting in the slot table.

<u>d5</u>	<u>d4</u>	
0	0	Free slot, no valid data. Not refreshed.
0	1	Common. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.
1	0	Idle. Locomotive address in this slot. Not refreshed.
1	1	In Use. Locomotive address in this slot. Refreshed.

<u>d3</u>	
0	No slot consist linked into this slot.
1	Slot consist linked into this slot.

<u>d2</u>	<u>d1</u>	<u>d0</u>	
0	0	0	28 step decoder. 3-byte packet regular mode
0	0	1	28 step decoder. Generate trinary packets for this mobile address
0	1	0	14 step decoder.
0	1	1	128 step decoder.
1	0	0	28 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting
1	0	1	reserved
1	1	0	reserved
1	1	1	128 step decoder. Allow advanced consisting

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR>	Low address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--------------

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ADR2>	High address.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	---------------

Byte 7:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<TRK>	Global system track status.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	-----------------------------

- d6 1 means this command station implements protocol 2 messages. This can be turned off on the DCS240 by setting the OpSw 44 to be closed.
- d5 Reserved. Set to 0.
- d4 Reserved. Set to 0.
- d3 1 means the programming track is busy.
- d2 1 means this command station implements protocol 1 messages. 0 means the command station is a DT200.
- d1 0 means the track is paused, broadcast an emergency stop.
- d0 1 means the DCC packets are on in the command station and track power is on.

Byte 8:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SPD>	Speed in the range 0x00 to 0x7F. 0x00 means inertial stop and 0x01 means emergency stop. Other values mean increasing speed.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	--

Byte 9:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0		Functions.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--	------------

- d6 F8 state: 1 means on and 0 means off
- d5 F0 state: 1 means on and 0 means off
- d4 F12 state: 1 means on and 0 means off
- d3
- d2
- d1 F20 state: 1 means on and 0 means off
- d0

Byte 10:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0		Direction.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--	------------

- d6
- d5 Direction: 1 means forwards and 0 means backwards
- d4
- d3
- d2
- d1
- d0

Byte 11:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Functions.

d6 F11 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d5 F10 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d4 F9 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d3  
d2  
d1  
d0

Byte 12:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Functions.

d6 F19 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d5 F18 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d4 F17 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d3 F16 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d2 F15 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d1 F14 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d0 F13 state: 1 means on and 0 means off

Byte 13:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Functions.

d6 F7 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d5 F6 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d4 F5 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d3 F4 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d2 F3 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d1 F2 state: 1 means on and 0 means off  
d0 F1 state: 1 means on and 0 means off

Byte 14:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Unknown.

d6  
d5  
d4  
d3  
d2  
d1  
d0

Byte 15:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Unknown.

d6

d5

d4

d3

d2

d1

d0

Byte 16:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Consist slot page number.

d6

d5

d4

d3

d2      Consist slot page b2

d1      Consist slot page b1

d0      Consist slot page b0

Byte 17:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Consist slot number in the range  
0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 18:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Throttle id low bits.

Byte 19:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Throttle id high bits.

Byte 20:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;      Checksum.

Response:**Ack**

<LOPC>	<ACK1>	Meaning
0x6E	0x7F	Command OK.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0xEE
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0x15
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

\*\*\* THERE SHOULD BE MORE ONCE ALL THE BYTES ARE DETERMINED \*\*\*

Notes:

None.

### 1.5.54 SetLocoSlotStat1

Description:

This command sets the locomotive slot status 1 values for the specified slot number.

Protocol:

1

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SLOT\_STAT1

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB5

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SLOT#>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 2:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<STAT1>

Slot status 1.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB5

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	less than 0x78
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----------------

Notes:

None.

---

### 1.5.55 SetSwWithAck

#### Description:

This command sets a specified switch to a specified state. The switch responds with an **Ack**.

#### Group:

4-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_SW\_ACK

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0xBD	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SW1>	Switch address A6 to A0.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	--------------------------

d6     A6.

d5     A5.

d4     A4.

d3     A3.

d2     A2.

d1     A1.

d0     A0.

Byte 2:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SW2>	Switch address A10 to A7 and switch control bits.
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	---

d5     Direction.    1 means closed/green, and 0 means thrown/red.

d4     Output. 1 means on, and 0 means off.

d3     A10.

d2     A9.

d1     A8.

d0     A7.



Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

### Ack

<u>&lt;LOPC&gt;</u>	<u>&lt;ACK1&gt;</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x3D	0x00	FIFO is full, command rejected.
0x3D	0x7F	Command accepted.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0xBD
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 2:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

None.

---

**1.5.56 OPC\_SV\_PROG**

Operation: Program system variables.

Group: Variable-Byte Message

Direction: device → device

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xE5
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x14
Message length (20 bytes).

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SRC>
Source id in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SV\_CMD>
Specifies the SV access type.

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<DSTH>
Destination id high in the range 0x00 to 0x7F.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<HOST>
Device host identifier.

This should be 0x00 for discover devices broadcast.

<u>Host Id</u>	<u>Device</u>
0x01	LNRP
0x04	UT4
0x0C	WTL12
0x14	DB210 Opto
0x15	DB210
0x16	DB220
0x1A	DCS210+
0x1B	DCS210
0x1C	DCS240
0x23	PR3
0x24	PR4
0x2A	DT402
0x32	DT500
0x33	DCS51
0x34	DCS52
0x3E	DT602
0x51	BXPA1
0x58	BXP88
0x5C	UR92
0x63	LNWI

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Hardware version.

<u>Host Id</u>	<u>Device</u>
0x00	Slave all
0x18	Slave RF24

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Reserved.

Byte 8:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Software Version Number.

d6	version number bit 3
d5	version number bit 2.
d4	version number bit 1
d3	version number bit 0
d2	subversion number bit 2
d1	subversion number bit 1
d0	subversion number bit 0

e.g. 0x09 decodes as version 1.1.

This is set to 0x00 for discover devices broadcast message.

Byte 9:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<PXCT1>	Address type code and high bits of D1 to D4.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---------	--

d6	XC2. Address type code.
d5	XC1. Address type code.
d4	XC0. Address type code.
d3	D4.7. High bit
d2	D3.7. High bit
d1	D2.7. High bit
d0	D1.7. High bit

<u>XC2</u>	<u>XC1</u>	<u>XC0</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0	0	0	7 bit peer to peer addresses.
0	0	1	reserved.
0	1	0	reserved.
0	1	1	reserved.
1	0	0	reserved.
1	0	1	reserved.
1	1	0	reserved.
1	1	1	reserved.

Byte 10:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D1>	Data item 1. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 11:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D2>	Data item 2. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

This should be 0x01 for a discover devices broadcast message.

Byte 12:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D3>	Data item 3. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 13:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D4>	Data item 4. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 14:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<PXCT2>	Data type code and high bits for D5 to D8.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--

d6	XC5. Data type code.
d5	XC4. Data type code.
d4	XC3. Data type code.
d3	D8.7. High bit
d2	D7.7. High bit
d1	D6.7. High bit
d0	D5.7. High bit

<u>XC5</u>	<u>XC4</u>	<u>XC3</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0	0	0	ANSI text string.
0	0	1	reserved.
0	1	0	reserved.
0	1	1	reserved.
1	0	0	reserved.
1	0	1	reserved.
1	1	0	reserved.
1	1	1	reserved.

Byte 15:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D5>	Data item 5. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 16:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D6>	Data item 6. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 17:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D7>	Data item 7. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 18:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<D8>	Data item 8. Low 7 bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	--------------------------

Byte 19:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Description:

This command sends the data from one device to another peer to peer.

<u>SRC</u>	<u>DSTL</u>	<u>DSTH</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0x0F	0x08	0x00	Discover devices broadcast message.
0x0F	0x10	0x00	Discover device response.

Response:

OPC\_PEER\_XFER\_20 for discover devices.

Notes:

The discover response decoded peer transfer message encodes as follows:

D1 IPL Version Number  
 D2 Serial Number - low byte  
 D3 Serial Number - high byte  
 D4  
 D5 Serial Number 2 - low byte  
 D6 Serial Number 2 - high byte  
 D7  
 D8

The IPL version number is encoded as follows:

d6 version number bit 3  
 d5 version number bit 2.  
 d4 version number bit 1  
 d3 version number bit 0  
 d2 subversion number bit 2  
 d1 subversion number bit 1  
 d0 subversion number bit 0

e.g. 0x09 decodes as version 1.1.

These came from DigiPLII:

message Length = 20 e5 14 0f 10 00 24 00 00 00 02 00 08 07 00 00 00 00 00 38

message Length = 20 e5 14 0f 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 08

message Length = 20 e5 14 0f 10 00 24 00 00 00 00 00 57 13 00 00 00 00 00 71

message Length = 20 e5 14 0f 10 00 1b 00 00 03 02 00 54 10 00 00 00 00 00 4f

It reports PR4 with serial number 0x0788 ver 0 PR4 with serial 0x1357 ver 0 DCS240 with SN 0x0AAB ver 0.3 DCS210 with SN 0x10D4 ver 0.3

---

**1.5.57 SwReq**Description:

Command a turnout controller to a specified state. \*\*\* CHECK THIS \*\*\*

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SW\_REQ

Type:

Command

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB0
Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

<SW1>
Switch address A6 to A0.

d6     A6.

d5     A5.

d4     A4.

d3     A3.

d2     A2.

d1     A1.

d0     A0.

Byte 2:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

<SW2>
Switch address A10 to A7 and switch control bits.

d5     Direction.    1 means closed/green, and 0 means thrown/red.

d4     Output. 1 means on, and 0 means off.

d3     A10.

d2     A9.

d1     A8.

d0     A7.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

**Ack** if command failed, otherwise no response.

<u>&lt;LOPC&gt;</u>	<u>&lt;ACK1&gt;</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
0x30	0x00	Command failed.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0xB0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------

Byte 2:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

The on power on the command station sends a sequence of OPC\_SW\_REQ messages with the following values of SW1 and SW2:

<u>SW1</u>	<u>SW2</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
0x78	0x27	
0x79	0x27	
0x7A	0x27	
0x7B	0x27	
0x78	0x07	Interrogate all PM4 inputs?
0x79	0x07	Interrogate all BDL16 input reports?
0x7A	0x07	Interrogate all SE8 input reports?
0x7B	0x07	Interrogate all DS64 input reports.

---



**1.5.58 SwState**Description:

Request state of switch. \*\*\* NEED TO CHECK \*\*\*

Group:

4-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_SW\_STATE

Type:

Message?

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0xBC	Opcode.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------	---------

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<SW1>	Switch address A6 to A0.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	--------------------------

Byte 2:

0	0	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<SW2>	Switch address A10 to A7 and switch control bits.
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	---

d5 Direction. 1 means closed/green, and 0 means thrown/red.

d4 Output. 1 means on, and 0 means off.

d3 A10.

d2 A9.

d1 A8.

d0 A7.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<CHK>	Checksum.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	-----------

Response:

**Ack**

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xBC

Byte 2:

0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes:

This needs to be tested to see what the real purpose is.

---

### 1.5.59 TransRep

Description:

Transponder input report.

Group:

6-Byte Message

Opcode:

OPC\_TRANS\_REP

Type:

Broadcast

Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD0

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A value of 0x20 means the positive detection of a transponder, 0x00 means no longer detected.

Byte 2:

0	0	0	0	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ZONE#>

Zone indicator (0x0 = A, 0x2 = B, 0x4 = C, 0x6 = D).

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR>

Locomotive address low bits.

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<ADR2>

Locomotive address high bits.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

Response:

None.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 0xD0.

\*\*\* THERE SHOULD BE MORE \*\*\*

Notes:

None.

---

## 1.5.60 UnlinkSlotsP1

### Description:

This command unlinks slot SL1 from slot SL2.

### Protocol:

1

### Group:

Variable-Byte Message

### Opcode:

OPC\_UNLINK\_SLOTS

### Type:

Command

### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB8

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SL1>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SL2>

Slot number in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<CHK>

Checksum.

### Response:

Returns **LocoSlotDataP1** or **Ack**

### Signature:

Byte 0:

1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xB8

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Notes:None.

---

### 1.5.61 UnlinkSlotsP2

#### Description:

This command unlinks slot SL1 from a consist. The command station sets SL\_CONUP/DN flags appropriately. If the command was successful then a **LocoSlotDataP2** response will be returned. An invalid link will return a **Ack** with a response code of 0x00.

#### Protocol:

2

#### Group:

6-Byte Message

#### Opcode:

OPC\_D4\_GROUP (Unofficial mnemonic)

#### Type:

Command

#### Encoding:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Opcode.

Byte 1:

0	0	1	1	1	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SL1P>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the SL1 slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7.

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<SL1#>

Slot number SL1 in the range 0x00 to 0x77.

Byte 3:

0	1	0	1	0	d2	d1	d0
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

<SL1P>

Bits d2 to d0 contain the SL1 slot page number in the range 0x0 to 0x7. This is the same value as byte 1.

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;SL1#&gt;

Slot number SL1 in the range 0x00 to 0x77. This is the same value as byte 2.

Byte 5:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

&lt;CHK&gt;

Checksum.

Response:

**LocoSlotDataP2** or **Ack**.

Signature:

Byte 0:

1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0xD4

Byte 1:

0	0	1	1	1	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Byte 3:

0	1	0	1	0	×	×	×
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

less than 0x78

Notes:

None.

---



## Chapter 2

# Fast Clock

### 2.1 Summary

The command station provides a system fast clock and parameters are stored in slot #123 (0x7B). Use OPC\_WR\_SL\_DATA to write new clock information, The current slot information can be read using OPC\_RQ\_SL\_DATA. This will return an OPC\_SL\_RD\_DATA message containing the fast clock information. This message is called the “sync”. Other throttles will update to this sync. Note that all attached display devices keep a current clock calculation based on this sync read value, i.e. devices must not continuously poll the clock slot to generate time, but use this merely to restore sync and follow current rate etc. The clock slot is typically “pinged” or read every 70 to 100 seconds, by a single user, so all attached devices can synchronise any phase drifts. Upon seeing a sync read, all devices should reset their local sub-minute phase counter and invalidate the sync update ping generator.

### 2.2 Slot #123 Encoding

Byte 0:

0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0x7B

Slot number.

Byte 1:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<RATE>	Clock rate. 0x00 means freeze clock, 0x01 means 1:1 rate, 0x0A means 10:1, etc. The maximum value 0x7F means 128:1.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	---

Byte 2:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<FRACL>	Sub-minute counter low bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	------------------------------

Byte 3:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<FRACH>	Sub-minute counter high bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	-------------------------------

The implementation and meaning of FRACL and FRACH depend upon the specific clock generator. These values should not be used externally. These values are reset when a valid sync message is seen.

That said, the following timing was derived for the DCS240.

Get:

$\text{maxTick} = 0\text{xBFF}$

$\text{ticks} = \text{maxTick} - (0\text{x3FFF} - ((\text{<FRACL>} \& 0\text{x7F}) - ((\text{<FRACH>} \& 0\text{x7F}) << 7)))$

$\text{seconds} = 60.0 * \text{ticks} / (\text{maxTick} + 1)$

Set:

$\text{temp} = \text{ticks} - \text{maxTick} + 0\text{x3FFF}$

$\text{<FRACL>} = \text{temp} \& 0\text{x7F}$

$\text{<FRACH>} = (\text{temp} >> 7) \& 0\text{x7F}$

Byte 4:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<MINS>	Fast clock minutes. This is encoded.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	--------------------------------------

Get:

$\text{temp} = ((255 - \text{<MINS>}) \& 0\text{x7F}) \bmod 60$

$\text{minutes} = (60 - \text{temp}) \bmod 60$

Set:

$\text{<MINS>} = (255 - (60 - \text{minutes})) \& 0\text{x7F}$

Byte 5:

0	d6	d5	d4	d3	d2	d1	d0	<TRK>	Global system track status.
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	-----------------------------

d6 Reserved. Set to 0.

d5 Reserved. Set to 0.

d4 Reserved. Set to 0.

d3 1 means the programming track is busy.

d2 1 means this master implements the Network version 1.1 capability, 0 means the master is a DT200.

d1 0 means the track is paused, broadcast an emergency stop.

d0 1 means the DCC packets are on in the master, global power up.

Byte 6:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<HRS>	Fast clock hours. This is encoded.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	------------------------------------

Get:

$$\text{temp} = ((256 - \text{<HRS>}) \& 0x7F) \bmod 24$$

$$\text{hours} = (24 - \text{temp}) \bmod 24$$

Set:

$$\text{<HRS>} = (256 - (24 - \text{hours})) \& 0x7F$$

Byte 7:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<DAYS>	Fast clock days. Number of 24 hour clock rolls.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------	---

Byte 8:

0	d6	0	0	0	0	0	0	<CNTRL>	The bit d6 indicates valid clock information. 1 means good and 0 means ignore.
---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------	--

Byte 9:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ID1>	Device ID low bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---------------------

Byte 10:

0	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	<ID2>	Device ID high bits.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	----------------------

ID1 and ID2 indicate the device that last set the clock. 0x00, 0x00 means that not set has happened. 0x7F, 0x7X are reserved for computer use.



## Chapter 3

# Updating Firmware

### 3.1 Bootloader Protocol 1

### 3.2 Bootloader Protocol 2

1. The IPL Setup message is sent twice to initiate the download.
2. Each block is sent,
3. The IPL End Operation message is sent.

A block consists of an IPL Address message following by 1 or more IPL Data messages.

### 3.3 Firmware Parameters

<u>PC</u>	<u>Device</u>	<u>DT</u>	<u>BV</u>	<u>HV</u>	<u>SV</u>	<u>CK</u>	<u>DL</u>	<u>OP</u>	<u>PB</u>	<u>EB</u>	<u>ED</u>	<u>DC</u>
0x01	LNRP	09OCT15	1	0	3	64	8	1	64	64	8	0x50
0x04	UT4											
0x06	UT6	05APR21	2	0	1	64	11	2	512	4096	40	0x2E
0x0C	WTL12											
0x14	DB210O	06MAR20	2	1	2	64	7	2	512	4096	25	0x08
0x15	DB210	06MAR20	2	1	2	64	7	2	512	4096	25	0x08
0x16	DB220	06MAR20	2	1	2	64	7	2	512	4096	25	0x08
0x1A	DCS210+											
0x1B	DCS210	06MAR20	2	1	3	64	5	2	256	2048	40	0x2C
0x1C	DCS240	06MAR20	2	1	3	64	5	2	256	2048	40	0x2C
0x23	PR3	12FEB14	1	0	8	64	5	1	-	1024	-	0x14
0x24	PR4	05JAN18	0	0	0	64	5	2	256	2048	60	0x1C
0x2A	DT402	10OCT16	1	0	17	64	15	1	64	64	15	0x73
0x2A	DT402	05AUG16	1	0	17	64	15	1	64	64	15	0x4B
0x32	DT500	10OCT16	1	0	1	64	15	1	64	64	15	0x0E
0x33	DCS51	06OCT14	1	0	5	64	12	1	-	-	-	0x0E
0x34	DCS52	17JUN21	2	0	1	64	11	2	512	4096	40	0x2C
0x3E	DT602	15JUL21	2	0	1	64	11	2	512	4096	40	0x30
0x51	BXPA1	18JUN21	2	0	1	64	6	2	512	4096	41	0x0A
0x58	BXP88	21OCT17	2	0	2	64	50	2	256	2048	100	0x18
0x5C	UR92	07DEC15	0	1	8	64	16	1	64	64	16	0x24
0x5D	UR93	30AUG21	2	0	0	64	5	2	512	4096	25	0x0A
0x63	LNWI	11MAR21	2	1	2	64	5	2	512	4096	25	0x12

<u>EBS</u>	<u>LNRP</u>	<u>DT402</u>	<u>DT500</u>	<u>DCS51</u>	<u>DCS52</u>
32	0x20	0x65	0x1B	-	0x00
64	0x50	0x73	0x0E	0x0E	0x00
128	0x28	0x3A	0x47	-	0x00
192	0x1B	0x7C	0x05	-	0x2B
256	0x14	0x5D	0x64	-	0x40
1024	0x05	0x18	0x19	-	0x30
2048	0x03	0x0C	0x0D	-	0x58
4096	0x02	0x06	0x07	-	0x2C
8192	0x01	0x03	0x04	-	0x16
16384	-	0x02	0x02	-	0x0B
32768	-	0x01	0x01	-	0x06
65536	-	-	-	-	0x03

## 3.4 DMF File Format

The manufacturer's DMF file format is a modified form of the Intel Hexadecimal Object File Format. Character encoding is ASCII. The file consists of multiple "records" each terminated by an ASCII linefeed character (0x0A). There are four types of record and they appear in the file in the following order:

1. Sync records
2. Parameter records
3. Data records
4. End of File record

### 3.4.1 Sync Records

Sync records are used to identify the file as a DMF file. There are six sync records each consisting of a single ASCII # character (0x23).

Example:

```
#
#
#
#
#
#
```

### 3.4.2 Parameter Records

PARAM MARK	PARAMETER NAME	NAME TERMINATOR	VALUE
! (0x21) <SPC> (0x20)	ASCII text	: (0x3A) <SPC> (0x20)	decimal value
2 bytes	variable bytes	2 byte	variable bytes

PARAMETER RECORD FORMAT

Parameter records start with a two byte PARAM MARK. This consists of the ASCII code for the exclamation mark (0x21) followed by the ASCII code for the space character (0x20). The PARAMETER NAME is next. The PARAMETER NAME is ASCII encoded text identifying the parameter. The PARAMETER NAME may include spaces. It is terminated by the NAME TERMINATOR which consists of the ASCII code for a colon

(0x3A) followed by the ASCII code for a space character (0x20). The last field is the VALUE field. This is a decimal numeric value encoded as ASCII text.

The following parameters have been identified and they are presented in the following order (it is not known if the order is significant):

1. Bootloader Version
2. Manufacturer Code
3. Product Code
4. Hardware Version
5. Software Version
6. Chunk Size
7. Delay
8. Options
9. First Address
10. Last Address
11. Prog Blk Size
12. Erase Blk Size
13. Erase Dly

Example:

```
! Bootloader Version: 2
! Manufacturer Code: 0
! Product Code: 88
! Hardware Version: 0
! Software Version: 2
! Chunk Size: 64
! Delay: 50
! Options: 2
! First Address: 24576
! Last Address: 73728
! Prog Blk Size: 256
! Erase Blk Size: 2048
! Erase Dly: 100
```



### 3.4.3 Data Records

RECORD MARK (:)	RECLLEN	LOAD OFFSET	RECTYP	DATA	CHKSUM
1 byte	2 bytes	6 bytes	2 bytes	n bytes	2 bytes

#### DATA RECORD FORMAT

The data record provides a set of hexadecimal digits that represent the ASCII code for data bytes that make up a portion of a memory image.

Each data record begins with a RECORD MARK field containing the ASCII code for the colon (:) character (0x3A).

Each record has a RECLLEN field which specifies the number of bytes of data which follows the RECTYP field of the record. Note that one data byte is represented by two ASCII characters. The maximum value of the RECLLEN field is hexadecimal “FF” or 255. Although the maximum is 255, the manufacturer seems to prefer 64.

Each record has a LOAD OFFSET field which specifies the 24-bit starting load offset of the data bytes.

The RECTYP field for data records is “00”.

Each record has a variable length DATA field, it consists of zero or more bytes encoded as pairs of hexadecimal digits.

Each record ends with a CHKSUM field that contains the ASCII hexadecimal representation of the two’s complement of the 8-bit bytes that result from converting each pair of ASCII hexadecimal digits to one byte of binary, from and including the RECLLEN field to and including the last byte of the DATA field. Therefore, the sum of all the ASCII pairs in a record after converting to binary, from the RECLLEN field up to and including the CHKSUM field, is zero.

The contents of the individual fields within the record are:

RECORD MARK	This field contains 0x3A, the encoding of the ASCII colon (:) character.
RECLen	The field contains two ASCII hexadecimal digits that specify the number of data bytes in the record. The maximum value is “FF” or 0x4646 (255 decimal).
LOAD OFFSET	This field contains six ASCII hexadecimal digits representing the address at which the first byte of the data is to be placed. Most significant digit is presented first.
RECTYP	This field contains 0x3030, the hexadecimal encoding of the ASCII characters “00”, which specifies the record type to be a data record.
DATA	This field contains pairs of ASCII hexadecimal digits, one pair for each data byte.
CHKSUM	This field contains the check sum on the RECLen, LOAD OFFSET, RECTYP, and DATA fields.

Example:

```
:400060000057AAC3880FAAC388559AC38855AAC388553AC38855AAC38855AAC3884A0
0C38855AAC38855AAC3882DFCC38861B8C3882DFCC38861B8C3882DFCC38861B8C3886D
```

### 3.4.4 End of File Record

RECORD MARK (:)	RECLen “00”	LOAD OFFSET “000000”	RECTYP “01”	CHKSUM “FF”
1 byte	2 bytes	6 bytes	2 bytes	2 bytes

#### END OF FILE RECORD FORMAT

The End of File Record specifies the end of the file.

The contents of the individual fields within the record are:

RECORD MARK	This field contains 0x3A, the encoding of the ASCII colon (:) character.
RECLEN	The field contains 0x3030, the hexadecimal encoding of the ASCII characters “00”. Since this record does not contain any DATA bytes, the length is zero.
LOAD OFFSET	This field contains 303030303030H, the hexadecimal encoding of the ASCII characters “000000”, since this field is not used for this record.
RECTYP	This field contains 0x3031, the hexadecimal encoding of the ASCII characters “01”, which specifies the record type to be an End of File Record.
CHKSUM	This field contains the check sum on the RECLEN, LOAD OFFSET, and RECTYP fields. Since all the fields are static, the check sum can also be calculated statically, and the value is 4646H, the hexadecimal encoding of the ASCII characters “FF”.

Example:

:0000000001FF



# Appendix A

## Reference Tables

	MSD	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
LSD		000	001	010	011	100	101	110	111
0	0000	NUL	DLE	SPC	0	@	P	‘	p
1	0000	SOH	DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q
2	0010	STX	DC2	”	2	B	R	b	r
3	0011	ETX	DC3	#	3	C	S	c	s
4	0100	EOT	DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t
5	0101	ENG	NAK	%	5	E	U	e	u
6	0110	ACK	SYN	&	6	F	V	f	v
7	0111	BEL	ETB	’	7	G	W	g	w
8	1000	BS	CAN	(	8	H	X	h	x
9	1001	HT	EM	)	9	I	Y	i	y
A	1010	LF	SUB	*	:	J	Z	j	z
B	1011	VT	ESC	+	;	K	[	k	{
C	1100	FF	FS	,	<	L	\	l	
D	1101	CR	GS	-	=	M	]	m	}
E	1110	SO	RS	.	>	N	^	n	~
F	1111	SI	US	/	?	O	_	o	DEL

TABLE A-1. ASCII Character Set (7-Bit Code)