

Algorithms in the Nashlib set in various programming languages – Part 2

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11/01/2021

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Abstract

Algorithms 10 and 13-15 from the book Nash (1979) are implemented in a variety of programming languages including Fortran, BASIC, Pascal, Python and R. These concern the eigensolutions of a real, symmetric matrix and its generalization to include a symmetric positive-definite metric.

Overview of this document

This section is repeated for each of the parts of Nashlib documentation.

A companion document **Overview of Nashlib and its Implementations** describes the process and computing environments for the implementation of Nashlib algorithms. This document gives comments and/or details relating to implementations of the algorithms themselves.

Note that some discussion of the reasoning behind certain choices in algorithms or implementations are given in the Overview document.

Algorithm 10 – Inverse iteration via Gaussian elimination

The purpose of this algorithm is to find a single eigensolution of a matrix A via inverse iteration. That is, we want solutions (e, x) of

$$Ax = ex$$

The programs do not require a symmetric matrix, which leaves open the possibility that a solution may not exist in the unsymmetric case.

Fortran

The Algorithm 10 code:

```
      SUBROUTINE A10GII(W,NW,N,N2,X,Y,SHIFT,EPS,LIMIT,EV,IPR)
C  ALGORITHM 10
C  J.C. NASH    JULY 1978, FEBRUARY 1980, APRIL 1989
C  INVERSE ITERATION VIA GAUSS ELIMINATION
C  SOLVES EIGENPROBLEM  $A \cdot X = EV \cdot B \cdot X$  FOR EIGENSOLUTION (EX,X)
C  VECTOR NORMALISED SO LARGEST ELEMENT IS 1.0
C  W=WORKING ARRAY HAVING INITIALLY A IN COLUMNS 1 TO N
C                                     B IN COLUMNS N+1 TO 2*N=N2
C  NW=FIRST DIMENSION OF W
C  N=ORDER OF PROBLEM
C  N2=2*N = NO. OF COLUMNS IN W
C  X = INITIAL GUESS FOR EIGENVECTOR - SHOULD NOT BE NULL
C  Y = WORKING VECTOR
C  X & Y OF LENGTH N AT LEAST
C  SHIFT = SHIFT TO TRANSFORM PROBLEM TO ONE WITH EV CLOSEST TO SHIFT
C  WITH EV CLOSEST TO SHIFT
C  EPS=MACHINE PRECISION--SMALLEST NUMBER S.T. 1.0+EPS.GT.1.0
C  LIMIT=UPPER BOUND TO NUMBER OF ITERATIONS
C  = ON OUTPUT THE NUMBER OF ITERATIONS USED
C  EV=EIGENVALUE CALCULATED
C  IPR=PRINT CHANNEL. IPR=0 SUPPRESSES PRINTING.
C  STEP 0
      INTEGER N,N2,NW,LIMIT,COUNT,I,J,JN,K,N1,I1
      REAL W(NW,N2),X(N),Y(N),EPS,SHIFT,EV,S,T,P
C  SAFETY CHECK
      IF(N2.NE.2*N)STOP
C  STEP 1
      T=0.0
      DO 10 I=1,N
        Y(I)=0.0
        S=0.0
        DO 5 J=1,N
          JN=J+N
          W(I,J)=W(I,J)-SHIFT*W(I,JN)
          S=S+ABS(W(I,J))
        5  CONTINUE
        IF(T.LT.S)T=S
      10  CONTINUE
      T=T*EPS
C  STEP 2
      N1=N-1
```

```

        DO 100 I=1,N1
C   STEP 3
        S=ABS(W(I,I))
        K=I
        I1=I+1
        DO 20 J=I1,N
            IF(ABS(W(J,I)).LE.S)GOTO 20
            S=ABS(W(J,I))
            K=J
20    CONTINUE
        IF(S.GT.0.0)GOTO 30
C   STEP 4
        W(I,I)=T
        GOTO 100
C   STEP 5
30    IF(K.EQ.I)GOTO 50
C   STEP 6
        DO 40 J=I,N2
            S=W(I,J)
            W(I,J)=W(K,J)
            W(K,J)=S
40    CONTINUE
C   STEP 7
50    DO 80 J=I1,N
            S=W(J,I)/W(I,I)
            DO 70 K=I,N2
                W(J,K)=W(J,K)-S*W(I,K)
70    CONTINUE
80    CONTINUE
C   STEP 8
100   CONTINUE
C   STEP 9
        IF(ABS(W(N,N)).EQ.0.0)W(N,N)=T
C   STEP 10
        COUNT=0
C   STEP 11
110   COUNT=COUNT+1
        M=N
        S=X(N)
        X(N)=Y(N)
        Y(N)=S/W(N,N)
        P=ABS(Y(N))
C   STEP 12
        DO 130 JN=1,N1
            I=N-JN
            S=X(I)
            X(I)=Y(I)
            I1=I+1
            DO 120 J=I1,N
                S=S-W(I,J)*Y(J)
120    CONTINUE
            Y(I)=S/W(I,I)
            IF(ABS(Y(I)).LE.P)GOTO 130

```

```

        P=ABS(Y(I))
        M=I
130  CONTINUE
C  STEP 13
        EV=SHIFT+X(M)/Y(M)
C  STEP 14
        P=Y(M)
        M=0
        DO 140 I=1,N
            Y(I)=Y(I)/P
            IF(FLOAT(N)+Y(I).EQ.FLOAT(N)+X(I))M=M+1
140  CONTINUE
        IF(IPR.GT.0)WRITE(IPR,960)COUNT,EV,M
960  FORMAT(14H ITERATION NO.,I4,14H    APPROX. EV=,1PE16.8,5X,I4,
        *27H VECTOR ELEMENTS TEST EQUAL)
C  STEP 15
        IF(M.EQ.N)GOTO 200
        IF(COUNT.GT.LIMIT)GOTO 200
C  STEP 16
        DO 160 I=1,N
            S=0.0
            DO 150 J=1,N
                JN=J+N
                S=S+W(I,JN)*Y(J)
150  CONTINUE
            X(I)=S
160  CONTINUE
C  STEP 17
        GOTO 110
200  LIMIT=COUNT
        RETURN
        END

```

Example output

We illustrate by finding a single eigensolution of the Hilbert segments of order 5 and 10. ?? Do we want to swap in the Frank matrix (the computations are generally easier)?

```

## #!/bin/bash
gfortran ../fortran/d10.f
mv ./a.out ../fortran/d10.run
../fortran/d10.run

```

```

## ORDER= 5
## USING SHIFT OF 0.000000
## CONVERGED TO EV= 3.29019417E-06 IN 5 ITERATIONS
## X( 1)= -0.80475118E-02
## X( 2)= 0.15210588E+00
## X( 3)= -0.65976608E+00
## X( 4)= 0.10000000E+01
## X( 5)= -0.49041715E+00
## RESIDUAL( 1)= -0.74505806E-08
## RESIDUAL( 2)= 0.00000000E+00
## RESIDUAL( 3)= -0.74505806E-08
## RESIDUAL( 4)= -0.37252903E-08

```

```

## RESIDUAL( 5)= -0.37252903E-08
## ORDER= 10
## USING SHIFT OF 0.000000
## CONVERGED TO EV= 1.26338462E-09 IN 101 ITERATIONS
## X( 1)= 0.50510102E-05
## X( 2)= -0.61139709E-03
## X( 3)= 0.65672603E-02
## X( 4)= -0.65278080E-02
## X( 5)= -0.94817474E-01
## X( 6)= 0.25418818E+00
## X( 7)= 0.62985711E-01
## X( 8)= -0.86295480E+00
## X( 9)= 0.10000000E+01
## X( 10)= -0.35897413E+00
## RESIDUAL( 1)= 0.00000000E+00
## RESIDUAL( 2)= 0.00000000E+00
## RESIDUAL( 3)= -0.18626451E-08
## RESIDUAL( 4)= -0.11175871E-07
## RESIDUAL( 5)= -0.37252903E-08
## RESIDUAL( 6)= 0.18626451E-08
## RESIDUAL( 7)= -0.18626451E-08
## RESIDUAL( 8)= -0.18626451E-08
## RESIDUAL( 9)= -0.37252903E-08
## RESIDUAL( 10)= 0.37252903E-08

```

BASIC

Listing

```

5 DIM A(10, 20),X(10),Y(10)
10 PRINT "GII JULY 25 77 ALG 10"
20 PRINT "GAUSS ELIMINATION FOR INVERSE ITERATION"
30 PRINT "ORDER=",
40 READ N
50 PRINT N
55 IF N <= 0 THEN QUIT : REM BWBASIC VARIANT
60 GOSUB 1500: REM BUILD OR INPUT MATRIX
70 GOSUB 2000: REM PUT METRIC IN RIGHT HALF OF A
75 GOSUB 1000: REM INITIAL GUESS TO VECTOR
80 LET K9=0 : REM SHIFT OF 0 FOR THIS EXAMPLE
90 PRINT "SHIFT=",K9
95 LET E9=K9
100 REM PRINT
105 LET T2=N: REM FACTOR FOR CONVERGENCE TEST
110 LET T1=0: REM STEP 1
120 FOR I=1 TO N
130 LET Q=0
140 FOR J=1 TO N
150 LET A(I,J)=A(I,J)-K9*A(I,J+N)
160 LET S=S+ABS(A(I,J))
170 NEXT J
180 IF T1>=S THEN GOTO 200
190 LET T1=S
200 NEXT I

```

```

205 LET T1=T1*1.0E-7: REM NS 8 DIGIT BASIC
210 FOR I=1 TO N-1: REM STEP 2
218 LET S=ABS(A(I,I)): REM STEP 3
226 LET K=I
234 FOR J=I+1 TO N
242 IF ABS(A(J,I))<=S THEN GOTO 266
250 LET S=ABS(A(J,I))
258 LET K=J
266 NEXT J
274 IF S>0 THEN GOTO 298: REM STEP 4
282 LET A(I,I)=T1
290 GOTO 394
298 IF K=I THEN GOTO 346: REM STEP 5
306 FOR J=I TO 2*N: REM STEP 6
314 LET S=A(I,J)
322 LET A(I,J)=A(K,J)
330 LET A(K,J)=S
338 NEXT J
346 FOR J=I+1 TO N: REM STEP 7
354 LET S=A(J,I)/A(I,I)
362 FOR K=I TO 2*N
370 LET A(J,K)=A(J,K)-S*A(I,K)
378 NEXT K
386 NEXT J
394 NEXT I: REM STEP 8
402 IF ABS(A(N,N))>0 THEN GOTO 420: REM STEP 9
410 LET A(N,N)=T1
420 LET I9=0: REM STEP 10
430 LET I9=I9+1: REM STEP 11
440 LET M=N
445 LET S=X(N)
450 LET X(N)=Y(N)
455 LET Y(N)=S/A(N,N)
460 LET P=ABS(Y(N))
470 FOR I=(N-1) TO 1 STEP -1: REM STEP 12
480 LET S=X(I)
485 LET X(I)=Y(I)
490 FOR J=I+1 TO N
500 LET S=S-A(I,J)*Y(J)
510 NEXT J
520 LET Y(I)=S/A(I,I)
530 IF ABS(Y(I))<=P THEN GOTO 560
540 LET M=I
550 LET P=ABS(Y(I))
560 NEXT I
570 LET E8=K9+X(M)/Y(M): REM STEP 13
580 REM PRINT "APPROX EV=",E8
600 LET P=Y(M): REM STEP 14
610 LET M=0
620 FOR I=1 TO N
630 LET Y(I)=Y(I)/P
635 IF T2+Y(I)<>T2+X(I) THEN GOTO 640
636 LET M=M+1

```

```

640 NEXT I
644 IF M=N THEN GOTO 730: REM STEP 15 -- CONVERGENCE TEST
645 IF I9>100 THEN GOTO 730: REM LIMIT SET AT 100
650 FOR I=1 TO N: REM STEP 16
660 LET S=0
670 FOR J=1 TO N
680 LET S=S+A(I,J+N)*Y(J)
690 NEXT J
700 LET X(I)=S
710 NEXT I
720 GOTO 430: REM STEP 17
725 REM STEP 18 -- END AND RESIDUALS
730 PRINT "CONVERGED TO EV=",E8," IN ",I9," ITNS"
735 PRINT M," EQUAL CPNTS IN VECTOR BETWEEN ITERATIONS"
740 GOSUB 1500: REM GET MATRIX AGAIN
750 GOSUB 2000: REM GET METRIC AGAIN
755 LET S=0: REM COMPUTE VECTOR INNER PRODUCT
760 FOR I=1 TO N
770 FOR J=1 TO N
780 LET S=S+Y(I)*A(I,J+N)*Y(J)
790 NEXT J
800 NEXT I
810 LET S=1/SQR(S)
815 PRINT "VECTOR"
820 FOR I=1 TO N
830 LET Y(I)=Y(I)*S: REM VECTOR NORMALIZATION
840 PRINT Y(I);
845 IF I=5*INT(I/5) THEN PRINT
850 NEXT I
855 PRINT
860 PRINT "RESIDUALS"
870 FOR I=1 TO N
880 LET S=0
890 FOR J=1 TO N: REM MATRIX * VECTOR - VALUE * METRIC * VECTOR
900 LET S=S+(A(I,J)-E8*A(I,J+N))*Y(J)
910 NEXT J
920 PRINT S;
925 IF 5*INT(I/5)=I THEN PRINT
930 NEXT I
940 PRINT
950 GOTO 40 : REM NEXT TRY
960 DATA 5, 10, -1
1000 REM INITIAL X
1010 FOR I=1 TO N
1020 LET X(I)=1: REM MAY BE A POOR CHOICE
1030 NEXT I
1040 RETURN
1500 REM A IN FOR FRANK MATRIX
1505 PRINT "FRANK MATRIX"
1510 FOR I=1 TO N
1520 FOR J=1 TO I
1530 A(I,J)=J
1540 A(J,I)=J

```



```

1550 NEXT J
1560 NEXT I
1570 RETURN
2000 REM UNIT B IN RIGHT HALF OF MATRIX
2010 FOR I=1 TO N
2020 FOR J=1 TO N
2030 A(I,J+N)=0
2040 NEXT J
2050 A(I,I+N)=1
2060 NEXT I
2070 RETURN

```

Example output

In this case we use the Frank matrix for our test.

```

bwbasic ../BASIC/a10.bas >../BASIC/a10.out
# echo "done"

```

Bywater BASIC Interpreter/Shell, version 2.20 patch level 2

Copyright (c) 1993, Ted A. Campbell

Copyright (c) 1995-1997, Jon B. Volkoff

```

GII JULY 25 77 ALG 10
GAUSS ELIMINATION FOR INVERSE ITERATION
ORDER=
 5
FRANK MATRIX
SHIFT= 0
CONVERGED TO EV= 0.2715541 IN 101 ITNS
 1 EQUAL CPNTS IN VECTOR BETWEEN ITERATIONS
FRANK MATRIX
VECTOR
 0.3260187 -0.5485287 0.5968848 -0.4557341 0.1698911

RESIDUALS
-0 0 -0 -0 0

 10
FRANK MATRIX
SHIFT= 0
CONVERGED TO EV= 0.2556738 IN 101 ITNS
 1 EQUAL CPNTS IN VECTOR BETWEEN ITERATIONS
FRANK MATRIX
VECTOR
 0.1281224 -0.2449948 0.3403202 -0.405639 0.4350771
-0.4258922 0.3787616 -0.2977698 0.1900823 -0.0653188

RESIDUALS
-0.0000087 0.0000141 -0.0000143 0.000009 -0
-0.0000097 0.0000166 -0.0000183 0.0000141 -0.0000053

```

Pascal

Listing

```

procedure gii(nRow : integer;
              var A : rmatrix;
              var Y : rvector;
              var shift : real;
              var itcount: integer);

var
  i, itlimit, j, m, msame, nRHS :integer;
  ev, s, t, tol : real;
  X : rvector;

begin
  itlimit:=itcount;
  nRHS:=nRow;
  tol:=Calceps;
  s:=0.0;
  for i:=1 to nRow do
    begin
      X[i]:=Y[i];
      Y[i]:=0.0;
      for j:=1 to nRow do
        begin
          A[i,j]:=A[i,j]-shift*A[i,j+nRow];
          s:=s+abs(A[i,j]);
        end;
      end;
    tol:=tol*s;
    gelim(nRow, nRHS, A, tol);
    itcount:=0;
    msame :=0;
    while (msame<nRow) and (itcount<itlimit) do
      begin
        itcount:=itcount+1;
        m:=nRow; s:=X[nRow];
        X[nRow]:=Y[nRow];
        if abs(A[nRow,nRow])<tol then Y[nRow]:=s/tol
          else Y[nRow]:=s/A[nRow,nRow];
        t:=abs(Y[nRow]);
        for i:=(nRow-1) downto 1 do
          begin
            s:=X[i]; X[i]:=Y[i];
            for j:=(i+1) to nRow do
              begin
                s:=s-A[i,j]*Y[j];
              end;
            if abs(A[i,i])<tol then Y[i]:=s/tol else Y[i]:=s/A[i,i];
            if abs(Y[i])>t then

```

```

begin
    m:=i; t:=abs(Y[i]);
end;
end;
ev:=shift+X[m]/Y[m];
(*   writeln('Iteration ',itcount,' approx. ev=',ev);*)

t:=Y[m]; msame:=0;
for i:=1 to nRow do
begin
    Y[i]:=Y[i]/t;
    if reltest+Y[i] = reltest+X[i] then msame:=msame+1;

end;

if msame<nRow then
begin
    for i:=1 to nRow do
    begin
        s:=0.0;
        for j:=1 to nRow do s:=s+A[i,j+nRow]*Y[j];
        X[i]:=s;
    end;
end;
end;
if itcount>=itlimit then itcount:=-itcount;
shift:=ev;
end;

```

Example output

```

fpc ../Pascal2021/dr10.pas
# copy to run file
mv ../Pascal2021/dr10 ../Pascal2021/dr10.run
../Pascal2021/dr10.run <../Pascal2021/dr10p.in >../Pascal2021/dr10p.out

```

```

## Free Pascal Compiler version 3.0.4+dfsg-23 [2019/11/25] for x86_64
## Copyright (c) 1993-2017 by Florian Klaempfl and others
## Target OS: Linux for x86-64
## Compiling ../Pascal2021/dr10.pas
## Linking ../Pascal2021/dr10
## /usr/bin/ld.bfd: warning: link.res contains output sections; did you forget -T?
## 402 lines compiled, 0.1 sec

```

```

order of problem (n) = 5
Provide the A matrix
A matrix
  1.00000    1.00000    1.00000    1.00000    1.00000
  1.00000    2.00000    2.00000    2.00000    2.00000
  1.00000    2.00000    3.00000    3.00000    3.00000
  1.00000    2.00000    3.00000    4.00000    4.00000
  1.00000    2.00000    3.00000    4.00000    5.00000
B matrix set to unit matrix
B matrix

```

```

1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000
shift=? 0.0000000000000000E+000
alg05.pas -- Gauss elimination with partial pivoting
Gauss elimination complete -- determinant = 2.4000000000000000E+001

Not converged. Approximate eigenvalue= 2.7155412933904033E-001 after 100 iterations
Eigenvector
0.54620 -0.91899 1.00000 -0.76352 0.28463
Rayleigh quotient = 2.7155412933882112E-001 sumsquared err= 0.000000000
shift=? 1.0000000000000001E+032
order of problem (n) = 10
Provide the A matrix
A matrix
1.00000  1.00000  1.00000  1.00000  1.00000  1.00000  1.00000
1.00000  1.00000  1.00000
1.00000  2.00000  2.00000  2.00000  2.00000  2.00000  2.00000
2.00000  2.00000  2.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  3.00000  3.00000  3.00000  3.00000
3.00000  3.00000  3.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  4.00000  4.00000  4.00000
4.00000  4.00000  4.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  5.00000  5.00000
5.00000  5.00000  5.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  6.00000  6.00000
6.00000  6.00000  6.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  6.00000  7.00000
7.00000  7.00000  7.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  6.00000  7.00000
8.00000  8.00000  8.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  6.00000  7.00000
8.00000  9.00000  9.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  6.00000  7.00000
8.00000  9.00000  10.00000
B matrix set to unit matrix
B matrix
1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000

```

```

0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
1.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  1.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  1.00000
shift=? 0.0000000000000000E+000
alg05.pas -- Gauss elimination with partial pivoting
Gauss elimination complete -- determinant = 3.628800000000000E+005

Not converged. Approximate eigenvalue= 2.5567344134720177E-001 after 100 iterations
Eigenvector
0.29440 -0.56298 0.78208 -0.93226 1.00000 -0.97898 0.87071
-0.68457 0.43702 -0.15018
Rayleigh quotient = 2.5567965533013154E-001 sumsquared err= 0.000000009
shift=? 1.0000000000000001E+032
order of problem (n) = 0

```

Algorithm 13

Fortran

Listing - Algorithm 13

```
      SUBROUTINE A13ESV(N,A,NA,EPS,H,ISWP,IPR,Z)
C  ALGORITHM 13 EIGENPROBLEM OF A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX VIA SVD
C  J.C. NASH    JULY 1978, FEBRUARY 1980, APRIL 1989
C  N           = ORDER OF PROBLEM
C  A           = ARRAY CONTAINING MATRIX FOR WHICH EIGENVALUES ARE TO BE
C               COMPUTED. RETURNS EIGENVECTORS AS COLUMNS
C  NA          = FIRST DIMENSION OF A
C  EPS         = MACHINE PRECISION
C  H           = A NUMBER LARGER THAN ANY POSSIBLE EIGENVALUE. CHANGED
C               DURING EXECUTION. DO NOT ENTER AS A CONSTANT
C  ISWP        = LIMIT ON SWEEPS (INPUT). SWEEPS USED (OUTPUT).
C  IPR         = PRINT CHANNEL. IPR.GT.0 FOR PRINTING.
C  Z           = EIGENVALUES (OUTPUT)
C  STEP 0
      INTEGER N,NA,ISWP,IPR,LISWP,I,J,COUNT,N1,J1
      REAL A(NA,N),EPS,H,V,Z(N),P,Q,R,S,C
      LISWP=ISWP
      ISWP=0
      N1=N-1
C  STEP 1
      DO 5 I=1,N
        V=A(I,I)
        DO 3 J=1,N
          IF(J.EQ.I)GOTO 3
          V=V-ABS(A(I,J))
        3  CONTINUE
        IF(V.LT.H)H=V
      5  CONTINUE
      IF(H.LE.EPS)GOTO 6
      H=0.0
      GOTO 30
      6  H=H-SQRT(EPS)
C  STEP 2
      DO 15 I=1,N
        A(I,I)=A(I,I)-H
      15  CONTINUE
C  STEP 3
      30  COUNT=0
C  CHECK FOR ORDER 1 PROBLEMS AND SKIP WORK
      IF(N.EQ.1)GOTO 160
      ISWP=ISWP+1
      IF(ISWP.GT.LISWP)GOTO 160
C  STEP 4
      DO 140 J=1,N1
C  STEP 5
        J1=J+1
        DO 130 K=J1,N
C  STEP 6
```

```

        P=0.0
        Q=0.0
        R=0.0
        DO 65 I=1,N
            P=P+A(I,J)*A(I,K)
            Q=Q+A(I,J)**2
            R=R+A(I,K)**2
65      CONTINUE
C   STEP 7
        IF(1.0.LT.1.0+ABS(P/SQRT(Q*R)))GOTO 80
        IF(Q.LT.R)GOTO 80
        COUNT=COUNT+1
        GOTO 130
80      Q=Q-R
C   STEP 8
        V=SQRT(4.0*P*P+Q*Q)
        IF(V.EQ.0.0)GOTO 130
C   STEP 9
        IF(Q.LT.0.0)GOTO 110
C   STEP 10
        C=SQRT((V+Q)/(2.0*V))
        S=P/(V*C)
        GOTO 120
C   STEP 11
110      S=SQRT((V-Q)/(2.0*V))
        IF(P.LT.0.0)S=-S
        C=P/(V*S)
C   STEP 12
120      DO 125 I=1,N
            V=A(I,J)
            A(I,J)=V*C+A(I,K)*S
            A(I,K)=-V*S+A(I,K)*C
125      CONTINUE
C   STEP 13
130      CONTINUE
C   STEP 14
140      CONTINUE
C   STEP 15
        IF(IPR.GT.0)WRITE(IPR,970)ISWP,COUNT
970      FORMAT( 9H AT SWEEP,I4,2X,I4,18H ROTATIONS SKIPPED)
        IF(COUNT.LT.N*(N-1)/2)GOTO 30
C   STEP 16
160      DO 168 J=1,N
            S=0.0
            DO 162 I=1,N
                S=S+A(I,J)**2
162      CONTINUE
            S=SQRT(S)
            DO 164 I=1,N
                A(I,J)=A(I,J)/S
164      CONTINUE
            R=S+H
            Z(J)=R

```

```

168 CONTINUE
C STEP 17
170 RETURN
END

```

Example output

```

## #!/bin/bash
gfortran ../fortran/dr13.f
mv ./a.out ../fortran/dr13.run
../fortran/dr13.run < ../fortran/dr13.in

## ORDER N= 2
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 1 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## CONVERGED IN 3 SWEEPS
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 1.47663954E-07 POSN 1 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 0.00000000E+00 POSN 0 0
## EIGENVALUE 1= 2.61803412E+00
## 0.52573115E+00 0.85065079E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 3.81966025E-01
## -0.85065079E+00 0.52573115E+00
## ORDER N= 4
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 1 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 6 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## CONVERGED IN 4 SWEEPS
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 6.81894505E-07 POSN 3 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 4.60000820E-08 POSN 1 3
## EIGENVALUE 1= 8.29086018E+00
## 0.22801343E+00 0.42852512E+00 0.57735032E+00 0.65653849E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 1.00000048E+00
## -0.57735056E+00 -0.57735002E+00 0.66493286E-07 0.57735020E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 4.26022291E-01
## 0.65653813E+00 -0.22801332E+00 -0.57735056E+00 0.42852539E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 2.83118486E-01
## -0.42852521E+00 0.65653872E+00 -0.57735002E+00 0.22801307E+00
## ORDER N= 4
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 1 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 6 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## CONVERGED IN 4 SWEEPS
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 6.81894505E-07 POSN 3 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 4.60000820E-08 POSN 1 3
## EIGENVALUE 1= 8.29086018E+00
## 0.22801343E+00 0.42852512E+00 0.57735032E+00 0.65653849E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 1.00000048E+00
## -0.57735056E+00 -0.57735002E+00 0.66493286E-07 0.57735020E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 4.26022291E-01
## 0.65653813E+00 -0.22801332E+00 -0.57735056E+00 0.42852539E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 2.83118486E-01

```



```

## -0.42852521E+00 0.65653872E+00 -0.57735002E+00 0.22801307E+00
## ORDER N= 10
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 32 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 5 44 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 6 42 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 7 45 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## CONVERGED IN 7 SWEEPS
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 2.39280362E-05 POSN 9 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 6.23372785E-08 POSN 6 10
## EIGENVALUE 1= 4.47660294E+01
## 0.65047376E-01 0.12864168E+00 0.18936241E+00 0.24585304E+00 0.29685175E+00
## 0.34121934E+00 0.37796459E+00 0.40626666E+00 0.42549327E+00 0.43521538E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 5.04890442E+00
## -0.18936226E+00 -0.34121895E+00 -0.42549327E+00 -0.42549345E+00 -0.34121940E+00
## -0.18936238E+00 -0.18430426E-06 0.18936227E+00 0.34121925E+00 0.42549381E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 1.87301636E+00
## 0.29685244E+00 0.43521363E+00 0.34121892E+00 0.65048993E-01 -0.24585134E+00
## -0.42549297E+00 -0.37796640E+00 -0.12864257E+00 0.18936226E+00 0.40626761E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 9.99992371E-01
## -0.37796077E+00 -0.37796682E+00 -0.31607331E-05 0.37796402E+00 0.37796602E+00
## 0.20208058E-05 -0.37796175E+00 -0.37796679E+00 -0.16900430E-05 0.37796503E+00
## EIGENVALUE 5= 6.43104553E-01
## 0.42549762E+00 0.18936004E+00 -0.34121791E+00 -0.34121671E+00 0.18935442E+00
## 0.42549407E+00 0.89485920E-05 -0.42549804E+00 -0.18936114E+00 0.34121749E+00
## EIGENVALUE 6= 4.65229034E-01
## -0.43522137E+00 0.65052554E-01 0.42549083E+00 -0.12863764E+00 -0.40626609E+00
## 0.18935713E+00 0.37796399E+00 -0.24584912E+00 -0.34122151E+00 0.29685244E+00
## EIGENVALUE 7= 3.66199493E-01
## 0.40627682E+00 -0.29686981E+00 -0.18934317E+00 0.43520308E+00 -0.12863609E+00
## -0.34122577E+00 0.37796903E+00 0.65047354E-01 -0.42548791E+00 0.24584727E+00
## EIGENVALUE 8= 3.07968140E-01
## -0.34119982E+00 0.42547908E+00 -0.18935996E+00 -0.18936360E+00 0.42549238E+00
## -0.34120587E+00 -0.21800142E-04 0.34124032E+00 -0.42551416E+00 0.18937302E+00
## EIGENVALUE 9= 2.73780823E-01
## 0.24583328E+00 -0.40622735E+00 0.42543337E+00 -0.29676920E+00 0.64941816E-01
## 0.18947297E+00 -0.37804705E+00 0.43525901E+00 -0.34123680E+00 0.12864587E+00
## EIGENVALUE 10= 2.55672455E-01
## -0.12867406E+00 0.24592136E+00 -0.34131119E+00 0.40634301E+00 -0.43523723E+00
## 0.42545170E+00 -0.37787846E+00 0.29675686E+00 -0.18929419E+00 0.65023489E-01
## ORDER N= 1
## CONVERGED IN 0 SWEEPS
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 0.00000000E+00 POSN 1 1
## EIGENVALUE 1= 1.00000000E+00
## 0.10000000E+01
## ORDER N= 0

```

BASIC

Listing

```
10 PRINT "A13 EIGENSOLUTIONS OF A SYMMETRIC MATRIX VIA SVD"
20 LET N9=20
30 DIM A(N9,N9),V(N9,N9),B(N9,N9),D(N9),Z(N9)
40 PRINT "ORDER OF MATRIX: ";
50 READ N
55 PRINT N
60 IF (N <= 0) THEN QUIT
70 LET M=N
80 GOSUB 1500: REM BUILD FRANK MATRIX N BY N
100 GOSUB 3000
110 FOR I=1 TO N
120   PRINT "EV(";I;")=";D(I);"      RQ=";Z(I)
130   FOR J=1 TO N
140     PRINT V(J,I);" ";
150   NEXT J
155   PRINT
160 NEXT I
170 PRINT
200 GOTO 40
300 DATA 2, 4, 10, 1, 0
1500 REM PREPARE FRANK MATRIX IN A
1510 FOR I=1 TO M
1530 FOR J=1 TO N
1540 IF (I <= J) THEN LET A(I,J)=I ELSE LET A(I,J)=J
1545 LET B(I,J)=A(I,J)
1550 NEXT J
1560 NEXT I
1570 RETURN
3000 PRINT "SMEV.NJ ALG 13 DEC 7 78"
3002 LET E1=1E-7
3004 IF (N > 1) THEN GOTO 3020
3006 LET D(1)=A(1,1)
3008 LET V(1,1)=1
3010 LET Z(1)=D(1)
3012 RETURN
3014 REM END SPECIAL CASE N=1
3018 REM DIM A(N,N),V(N,N),B(N,N) (FOR RAYLEIGH QUOTIENT)
3020 LET H=1E+38: REM BIG NUMBER
3025 FOR I=1 TO N
3030   LET V1=A(I,I)
3035   FOR J=1 TO N
3040     LET B(I,J)=A(I,J)
3045     IF I=J THEN GOTO 3055
3050     LET V1=V1-ABS(A(I,J))
3055   NEXT J
3060   IF V1>=H THEN GOTO 3070
3065   LET H=V1
3070 NEXT I
3075 IF H<E1 THEN GOTO 3090
3080 LET H=0
```

```

3085 GOTO 3120
3090 LET H=H-SQR(E1)
3095 FOR I=1 TO N
3100   LET A(I,I)=A(I,I)-H
3105 NEXT I
3110 PRINT
3115 PRINT "SCALING BY SUBTRACTION OF",H
3120 LET I9=0
3125 LET N2=N*(N-1)/2
3130 LET N1=N-1
3135 LET N9=N2
3140 LET I9=I9+1
3145 LET N9=0
3150 IF I9<=30 THEN GOTO 3170
3155 PRINT
3160 PRINT "NON-",
3165 GOTO 3355
3170 FOR J=1 TO N1
3175   LET J1=J+1
3180   FOR K=J1 TO N
3185     LET P=0
3190     LET R=0
3195     LET Q=0
3200     FOR I=1 TO N
3205       LET P=P+A(I,J)*A(I,K)
3210       LET Q=Q+A(I,J)*A(I,J)
3215       LET R=R+A(I,K)*A(I,K)
3220     NEXT I
3225     IF 1+ABS(P/SQR(Q*R))>1 THEN GOTO 3235
3230     IF Q>=R THEN GOTO 3320
3235     LET Q=Q-R
3240     LET V1=SQR(4*P*P+Q*Q)
3245     IF V1=0 THEN GOTO 3320
3250     IF Q<0 THEN GOTO 3270
3255     LET C=SQR((V1+Q)/(2*V1))
3260     LET S=P/(V1*C)
3265     GOTO 3290
3270     LET S=SQR((V1-Q)/(2*V1))
3275     IF P>0 THEN GOTO 3285
3280     LET S=-S
3285     LET C=P/(V1*S)
3290     FOR I=1 TO N
3295       LET V1=A(I,J)
3300       LET A(I,J)=V1*C+A(I,K)*S
3305       LET A(I,K)=-V1*S+A(I,K)*C
3310     NEXT I
3315     GOTO 3325
3320     LET N9=N9+1
3325   NEXT K
3330 NEXT J
3335 IF N9=N2 THEN GOTO 3350
3340 PRINT "SWEEP",I9," ",N9,"SMALL P"
3345 GOTO 3140

```

```

3350 PRINT
3355 PRINT "CONVERGENCE AT SWEEP",I9
3360 LET V1=0
3365 LET C=0
3370 FOR J=1 TO N
3375   LET Q=0
3380   FOR I=1 TO N
3385     LET Q=Q+A(I,J)^2
3390   NEXT I
3395   LET Q=SQR(Q)
3400   FOR I=1 TO N
3405     LET V(I,J)=A(I,J)/Q
3410   NEXT I
3415   LET Q=Q+H
3420   GOSUB 3440
3425   LET D(J)=Q
3430 NEXT J
3435 RETURN
3440 LET Q=0
3445 FOR I=1 TO N
3450   FOR K=1 TO N
3455     LET Q=Q+V(I,J)*B(I,K)*V(K,J)
3460   NEXT K
3465 NEXT I
3470 LET Z(J)=Q
3475 RETURN

```

Example output

```

bwbasic ../BASIC/a13.bas >../BASIC/a13.out
# echo "done"

Bywater BASIC Interpreter/Shell, version 2.20 patch level 2

Copyright (c) 1993, Ted A. Campbell

Copyright (c) 1995-1997, Jon B. Volkoff

A13 EIGENSOLUTIONS OF A SYMMETRIC MATRIX VIA SVD
ORDER OF MATRIX: 2
SMEV.NJ ALG 13 DEC 7 78

SCALING BY SUBTRACTION OF -0.0003162
SWEEP      1              0          SMALL P

CONVERGENCE AT SWEEP      2
EV( 1)= 2.6180340    RQ= 2.6180340
  0.5257311  0.8506508
EV( 2)= 0.381966    RQ= 0.381966
 -0.8506508  0.5257311

ORDER OF MATRIX: 4
SMEV.NJ ALG 13 DEC 7 78

```

SCALING BY SUBTRACTION OF -3.0003162

SWEEP	1	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	2	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	3	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	4	1	SMALL P

CONVERGENCE AT SWEEP 5

EV(1)= 8.2908594 RQ= 8.2908594
0.2280134 0.428525 0.5773503 0.6565385
EV(2)= 1 RQ= 1
-0.5773503 -0.5773503 0 0.5773503
EV(3)= 0.426022 RQ= 0.426022
0.6565385 -0.2280134 -0.5773503 0.428525
EV(4)= 0.2831186 RQ= 0.2831186
-0.428525 0.6565385 -0.5773503 0.2280134

ORDER OF MATRIX: 10

SMEV.NJ ALG 13 DEC 7 78

SCALING BY SUBTRACTION OF -36.0003162

SWEEP	1	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	2	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	3	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	4	0	SMALL P
SWEEP	5	25	SMALL P

CONVERGENCE AT SWEEP 6

EV(1)= 44.7660687 RQ= 44.7660687
0.0650474 0.1286417 0.1893624 0.245853 0.2968517 0.3412192 0.3779645 0.
4062666 0.4254934 0.4352154
EV(2)= 5.0489173 RQ= 5.0489173
-0.1893624 -0.3412192 -0.4254934 -0.4254934 -0.3412192 -0.1893624 -0 0.
1893624 0.3412192 0.4254934
EV(3)= 1.873023 RQ= 1.873023
0.2968517 0.4352154 0.3412192 0.0650474 -0.245853 -0.4254934 -0.3779645
-0.1286417 0.1893624 0.4062666
EV(4)= 1 RQ= 1
-0.3779645 -0.3779645 -0 0.3779645 0.3779645 0 -0.3779645 -0.3779645 0
0.3779645
EV(5)= 0.6431041 RQ= 0.6431041
0.4254934 0.1893624 -0.3412192 -0.3412192 0.1893624 0.4254934 0 -0.4254
934 -0.1893624 0.3412192
EV(6)= 0.465233 RQ= 0.465233
-0.4352154 0.0650474 0.4254934 -0.1286417 -0.4062666 0.1893624 0.3779645
-0.245853 -0.3412192 0.2968517
EV(7)= 0.3662089 RQ= 0.3662089
0.4062666 -0.2968517 -0.1893624 0.4352154 -0.1286417 -0.3412192 0.377964
5 0.0650474 -0.4254934 0.245853
EV(8)= 0.3079785 RQ= 0.3079785
-0.3412192 0.4254934 -0.1893624 -0.1893624 0.4254934 -0.3412192 -0 0.34
12192 -0.4254934 0.1893624
EV(9)= 0.2737868 RQ= 0.2737868
0.245853 -0.4062666 0.4254934 -0.2968517 0.0650474 0.1893624 -0.3779645

```

0.4352154 -0.3412192 0.1286417
EV( 10)= 0.2556796    RQ= 0.2556796
-0.1286417 0.245853 -0.3412192 0.4062666 -0.4352154 0.4254934 -0.3779645
0.2968517 -0.1893624 0.0650474

ORDER OF MATRIX: 1
SMEV.NJ ALG 13 DEC 7 78
EV( 1)= 1    RQ= 1
1

ORDER OF MATRIX: 0

```

Pascal

Listing – Algorithm 13

```

Procedure evsvd(n: integer; var A,V : rmatrix; initev: boolean;
               W : wmatrix; var Z: rvector);

var
  i, j: integer;
  shift, t : real ;

begin
  writeln('alg13.pas -- symmetric matrix eigensolutions via svd');
  shift:=0.0;
  for i:=1 to n do
    begin
      t:=A[i,i];
      for j:=1 to n do
        if i<>j then t:=t-abs(A[i,j]);
        if t<shift then shift:=t;
      end;
      shift:=-shift;
      if shift<0.0 then shift:=0.0;
      writeln('Adding a shift of ',shift,' to diagonal of matrix. ');
      for i:=1 to n do
        begin
          for j:=1 to n do
            begin
              W[i,j]:=A[i,j];
              if i=j then W[i,i]:=A[i,i]+shift;
              if initev then
                begin
                  if i=j then W[i+n,i]:=0.0
                  else
                    begin
                      W[i+n,j]:=0.0;
                    end;
                end;
            end;
          end;
        end;
      if (n > 1) then

```

```

    NashSVD(n, n, W, Z)
else
begin { order 1 matrix }
    Z[1] := A[1,1]*A[1,1];
    W[2,1] := 1.0; {Eigenvector!}
end;
for i:=1 to n do
begin
    Z[i] := sqrt(Z[i])-shift;
    for j:=1 to n do
        V[i,j] := W[n+i,j];
    end;
end;
end;

```

Example output

```

fpc ../Pascal2021/dr13.pas
# copy to run file
mv ../Pascal2021/dr13 ../Pascal2021/dr13.run
../Pascal2021/dr13.run <../Pascal2021/dr13p.in >../Pascal2021/dr13p.out

## Free Pascal Compiler version 3.0.4+dfsg-23 [2019/11/25] for x86_64
## Copyright (c) 1993-2017 by Florian Klaempfl and others
## Target OS: Linux for x86-64
## Compiling ../Pascal2021/dr13.pas
## Linking ../Pascal2021/dr13
## /usr/bin/ld.bfd: warning: link.res contains output sections; did you forget -T?
## 326 lines compiled, 0.1 sec

Order of problem (n): Initial matrix of order 2
    1.00000    1.00000
    1.00000    2.00000
Calling evsvd
alg13.pas -- symmetric matrix eigensolutions via svd
Adding a shift of -0.0000000000000000E+000 to diagonal of matrix.
alg01.pas -- NashSVD
End of Sweep #1- no. of rotations performed =1
End of Sweep #2- no. of rotations performed =0

Eigenvalue 1 = 2.6180339887498945E+000
    0.5257311  0.8506508
Residuals
    1.11E-016  4.44E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 2.0954117794933126E-031

Eigenvalue 2 = 3.8196601125010510E-001
   -0.8506508  0.5257311
Residuals
    0.00E+000  0.00E+000
Sum of squared residuals = 0.0000000000000000E+000
Order of problem (n): Initial matrix of order 4
    1.00000    1.00000    1.00000    1.00000
    1.00000    2.00000    2.00000    2.00000
    1.00000    2.00000    3.00000    3.00000

```

```

1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000
Calling evsvd
alg13.pas -- symmetric matrix eigensolutions via svd
Adding a shift of 3.000000000000000E+000 to diagonal of matrix.
alg01.pas -- NashSVD
End of Sweep #1- no. of rotations performed =6
End of Sweep #2- no. of rotations performed =6
End of Sweep #3- no. of rotations performed =6
End of Sweep #4- no. of rotations performed =4
End of Sweep #5- no. of rotations performed =0

Eigenvalue 1 = 8.2908593693815913E+000
0.2280134 0.4285251 0.5773503 0.6565385
Residuals
-1.22E-015 2.22E-016 -1.55E-015 -2.22E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 8.8870111353804611E-030

Eigenvalue 2 = 1.0000000000000009E+000
-0.5773503 -0.5773503 0.0000000 0.5773503
Residuals
6.66E-016 4.44E-016 -2.22E-016 -4.44E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 8.8746851837363828E-031

Eigenvalue 3 = 4.2602204776046149E-001
0.6565385 -0.2280134 -0.5773503 0.4285251
Residuals
2.78E-016 -1.11E-016 2.22E-016 6.66E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 5.8240121518270012E-031

Eigenvalue 4 = 2.8311858285794766E-001
-0.4285251 0.6565385 -0.5773503 0.2280134
Residuals
-3.89E-016 8.88E-016 -1.11E-016 5.55E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 1.2603285556070071E-030
Order of problem (n): Initial matrix of order 10
1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
1.00000 2.00000 2.00000 2.00000 2.00000 2.00000 2.00000
2.00000 2.00000 2.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 3.00000 3.00000 3.00000 3.00000
3.00000 3.00000 3.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000 4.00000 4.00000 4.00000
4.00000 4.00000 4.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000 5.00000 5.00000 5.00000
5.00000 5.00000 5.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000 5.00000 6.00000 6.00000
6.00000 6.00000 6.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000 5.00000 6.00000 7.00000
7.00000 7.00000 7.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000 5.00000 6.00000 7.00000
8.00000 8.00000 8.00000
1.00000 2.00000 3.00000 4.00000 5.00000 6.00000 7.00000
8.00000 9.00000 9.00000

```



```

1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000  6.00000  7.00000
8.00000  9.00000  10.00000
Calling evsvd
alg13.pas -- symmetric matrix eigensolutions via svd
Adding a shift of 3.600000000000000E+001 to diagonal of matrix.
alg01.pas -- NashSVD
End of Sweep #1- no. of rotations performed =45
End of Sweep #2- no. of rotations performed =45
End of Sweep #3- no. of rotations performed =45
End of Sweep #4- no. of rotations performed =45
End of Sweep #5- no. of rotations performed =16
End of Sweep #6- no. of rotations performed =0

Eigenvalue 1 = 4.4766068652715035E+001
0.0650474 0.1286417 0.1893624 0.2458530 0.2968517 0.3412192 0.3779645
0.4062666 0.4254934 0.4352154
Residuals
4.61E-015 3.89E-015 1.11E-015 6.00E-015 9.77E-015 4.00E-015 8.88E-016
1.33E-015 -7.99E-015 1.78E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 2.5454630888977219E-028

Eigenvalue 2 = 5.0489173395222977E+000
-0.1893624 -0.3412192 -0.4254934 -0.4254934 -0.3412192 -0.1893624 -0.0000000
0.1893624 0.3412192 0.4254934
Residuals
-2.05E-015 -7.66E-015 -5.33E-015 1.55E-015 -4.44E-015 -3.55E-015 -8.88E-016
2.22E-015 1.78E-015 1.78E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 1.3809071775652032E-028

Eigenvalue 3 = 1.8730230604248987E+000
0.2968517 0.4352154 0.3412192 0.0650474 -0.2458530 -0.4254934 -0.3779645
-0.1286417 0.1893624 0.4062666
Residuals
9.55E-015 7.55E-015 3.11E-015 -2.66E-015 0.00E+000 -5.33E-015 -9.33E-015
8.88E-016 -8.88E-016 -8.88E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 2.8265872310200379E-028

Eigenvalue 4 = 9.999999999999289E-001
-0.3779645 -0.3779645 -0.0000000 0.3779645 0.3779645 0.0000000 -0.3779645
-0.3779645 -0.0000000 0.3779645
Residuals
-6.61E-015 -4.88E-015 -2.44E-015 2.66E-015 1.78E-015 8.88E-016 -4.44E-015
4.44E-016 8.88E-016 -1.33E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 1.0699234175851075E-028

Eigenvalue 5 = 6.4310413210777284E-001
0.4254934 0.1893624 -0.3412192 -0.3412192 0.1893624 0.4254934 -0.0000000
-0.4254934 -0.1893624 0.3412192
Residuals
8.55E-015 1.18E-014 -6.88E-015 -1.33E-015 3.11E-015 7.11E-015 4.44E-015
-7.99E-015 -8.88E-016 5.33E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 4.3368860859689532E-028

```

```

Eigenvalue 6 = 4.6523308780856354E-001
-0.4352154 0.0650474 0.4254934 -0.1286417 -0.4062666 0.1893624 0.3779645
-0.2458530 -0.3412192 0.2968517
Residuals
-2.89E-015 -2.89E-015 1.55E-015 -6.22E-015 1.11E-015 3.11E-015 -1.33E-015
-3.11E-015 -1.33E-015 -7.99E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 1.4574205223958193E-028

Eigenvalue 7 = 3.6620887461579343E-001
0.4062666 -0.2968517 -0.1893624 0.4352154 -0.1286417 -0.3412192 0.3779645
0.0650474 -0.4254934 0.2458530
Residuals
3.69E-015 -2.83E-015 -1.08E-014 3.33E-016 -4.22E-015 -6.88E-015 -1.78E-015
-5.11E-015 -2.22E-015 -6.66E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 2.8144846872495085E-028

Eigenvalue 8 = 3.0797852836987971E-001
-0.3412192 0.4254934 -0.1893624 -0.1893624 0.4254934 -0.3412192 0.0000000
0.3412192 -0.4254934 0.1893624
Residuals
-5.61E-015 1.24E-014 -1.44E-015 -3.22E-015 1.39E-014 -3.77E-015 -1.33E-015
1.24E-014 -7.77E-015 7.77E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 6.8252800187545925E-028

Eigenvalue 9 = 2.7378676163923643E-001
0.2458530 -0.4062666 0.4254934 -0.2968517 0.0650474 0.1893624 -0.3779645
0.4352154 -0.3412192 0.1286417
Residuals
-5.30E-015 -5.55E-017 7.33E-015 -3.66E-015 -2.33E-015 -3.33E-015 -8.44E-015
6.00E-015 -1.78E-015 -1.11E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 2.2327613994072327E-028

Eigenvalue 10 = 2.5567956279643766E-001
-0.1286417 0.2458530 -0.3412192 0.4062666 -0.4352154 0.4254934 -0.3779645
0.2968517 -0.1893624 0.0650474
Residuals
1.18E-015 -2.25E-015 -1.67E-015 -5.00E-016 4.44E-015 -4.44E-016 -6.11E-016
9.99E-016 9.99E-016 2.66E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 3.8856984778973554E-029
Order of problem (n): Initial matrix of order 1
1.00000
Calling evsvd
alg13.pas -- symmetric matrix eigensolutions via svd
Adding a shift of -0.0000000000000000E+000 to diagonal of matrix.

Eigenvalue 1 = 1.0000000000000000E+000
1.0000000
Residuals
0.00E+000
Sum of squared residuals = 0.0000000000000000E+000
Order of problem (n):

```

Algorithm 14 – Jacobi symmetric matrix eigensolutions

Fortran

Listing – Algorithm 14

```
      SUBROUTINE A14JE(N,A,NA,V,NV,ISWP,IPR,SETV,COMV)
C  ALGORITHM 14  JACOBI EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS OF REAL SYMMETRIC
C  MATRIX
C  J.C. NASH    JULY 1978, FEBRUARY 1980, APRIL 1989
C  N           = ORDER OF PROBLEM
C  A           = ARRAY CONTAINING MATRIX  -- MUST BE SYMMETRIC
C  NA          = FIRST DIMENSION OF A
C  V           = ARRAY INTO WHICH VECTORS COMPUTED
C  NV          = FIRST DIMENSION OF V
C  ISWP        = SWEEP LIMIT (INPUT). SWEEP COUNT (OUTPUT)
C  IPR         = PRINT CHANNEL. PRINTING ONLY IF IPR.GT.0
C  SETV        = LOGICAL SWITCH TO SET V INITIALLY TO IDENTITY OF ORDER N.
C  COMV        = LOGICAL SWITCH. IF .TRUE. THEN VECTORS TO BE CALCULATED.
C  STEP 0
      LOGICAL SETV,COMV
      INTEGER N,NA,NV,IPR,ISWP,LISWP,M,I,J,K,N1,I1
      REAL A(NA,N),V(NV,N),P,Q,T,S,C,FACT
C  FACTOR USED IN TEST AT STEP 7
      FACT=100.0
      N1=N-1
      LISWP=ISWP
      ISWP=0
C  EIGENVALUES LEFT IN DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF A.
      IF(.NOT.COMV)GOTO 10
      IF(.NOT.SETV)GOTO 10
      DO 5 I=1,N
        DO 3 J=1,N
          V(I,J)=0.0
        3 CONTINUE
        V(I,I)=1.0
      5 CONTINUE
C  STEP 1
      10 ISWP=ISWP+1
      IF(ISWP.GT.LISWP)RETURN
      M=0
C  STEP 2
      IF(N.EQ.1)RETURN
      DO 160 I=1,N1
C  STEP 3
        I1=I+1
        DO 150 J=I1,N
C  STEP 4
          P=0.5*(A(I,J)+A(J,I))
          Q=A(I,I)-A(J,J)
          T=SQRT(4.0*P*P+Q*Q)
C  STEP 5
          IF(T.EQ.0.0)GOTO 110
C  STEP 6
```

```

      IF(Q.LT.0.0)GOTO 90
C  STEP 7
      IF(ABS(A(I,I)).LT.ABS(A(I,I))+FACT*ABS(P))GOTO 80
      IF(ABS(A(J,J)).EQ.ABS(A(J,J))+FACT*ABS(P))GOTO 110
C  STEP 8
      80 C=SQRT((T+Q)/(2.0*T))
        S=P/(T*C)
        GOTO 100
C  STEP 9
      90 S=SQRT((T-Q)/(2.0*T))
        IF(P.LT.0.0)S=-S
        C=P/(T*S)
C  STEP 10
      100 IF(1.0.LT.1.0+ABS(S))GOTO 120
C  STEP 11
      110 M=M+1
        GOTO 150
C  STEP 12
      120 DO 125 K=1,N
            Q=A(I,K)
            A(I,K)=C*Q+S*A(J,K)
            A(J,K)=-S*Q+C*A(J,K)
      125 CONTINUE
C  STEP 13
            DO 135 K=1,N
                Q=A(K,I)
                A(K,I)=C*Q+S*A(K,J)
                A(K,J)=-S*Q+C*A(K,J)
      135 CONTINUE
            IF(.NOT.COMV)GOTO 150
C  STEP 14
            DO 145 K=1,N
                Q=V(K,I)
                V(K,I)=C*Q+S*V(K,J)
                V(K,J)=-S*Q+C*V(K,J)
      145 CONTINUE
C  STEP 15
      150 CONTINUE
C  STEP 16
      160 CONTINUE
C  STEP 17
      IF(IPR.GT.0)WRITE(IPR,970)ISWP,M
      970 FORMAT( 9H AT SWEEP,I4,2X,I4,18H ROTATIONS SKIPPED)
      IF(M.LT.N*(N-1)/2)GOTO 10
      RETURN
      END

```

Example output

We use a Moler matrix of order 5 for our example.

```

## #!/bin/bash
gfortran ../fortran/dr14x.f
mv ./a.out ../fortran/dr14x.run

```

```
../fortran/dr14x.run < ../fortran/dr14xf.in
```

```
## ORDER N= 5
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 5 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 5 10 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 1.94251197E-06 POSN 5 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 1.31290079E-07 POSN 1 4
## EIGENVALUE 1= 7.48749733E+00
## 0.25565362E+00 -0.46588328E-01 -0.34034029E+00 -0.57207125E+00 -0.69955230E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 2.82893443E+00
## -0.32904369E+00 0.39694780E+00 0.64407372E+00 0.11421008E+00 -0.55343229E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 2.39646745E+00
## -0.25472125E+00 0.64247531E+00 -0.80822989E-01 -0.60026574E+00 0.39432341E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 2.27845073E+00
## -0.13645613E+00 0.49005497E+00 -0.64336860E+00 0.53373951E+00 -0.20597315E+00
## EIGENVALUE 5= 8.64616130E-03
## -0.86189818E+00 -0.43282032E+00 -0.22109205E+00 -0.12038983E+00 -0.80143943E-01
## ORDER N= 0
```

Pascal

Listing – Algorithm 14

```
Procedure evJacobi(n: integer;
                  var A,V : rmatrix;
                  initev: boolean);
var
  count, i, j, k, limit, skipped : integer;
  c, p, q, s, t : real;
  oki, okj, rotn : boolean;

begin
  writeln('alg14.pas -- eigensolutions of a real symmetric');
  writeln('          matrix via a Jacobi method');
  if initev then
    begin
      for i := 1 to n do
        begin
          for j := 1 to n do V[i,j] := 0.0;
          V[i,i] := 1.0;
        end;
      end;
      count := 0;
      limit := 30;
      skipped := 0;

      while (count<=limit) and (skipped<((n*(n-1)) div 2) ) do

        begin
          count := count+1;
          write('sweep ',count,' ');
```

```

skipped := 0;
for i := 1 to (n-1) do
begin
  for j := (i+1) to n do
  begin
    rotn := true;
    p := 0.5*(A[i,j]+A[j,i]);
    q := A[i,i]-A[j,j];
    t := sqrt(4.0*p*p+q*q);
    if t=0.0 then
    begin
      rotn := false;
    end
    else
    begin
      if q>=0.0 then
      begin
        oki := (abs(A[i,i])=abs(A[i,i])+100.0*abs(p));
        okj := (abs(A[j,j])=abs(A[j,j])+100.0*abs(p));
        if oki and okj then rotn := false
          else rotn := true;

        if rotn then
        begin
          c := sqrt((t+q)/(2.0*t)); s := p/(t*c);
        end;
      end
      else
      begin
        rotn := true;
        s := sqrt((t-q)/(2.0*t));
        if p<0.0 then s := -s;
        c := p/(t*s);
      end;
      if 1.0=(1.0+abs(s)) then rotn := false;
    end;
    if rotn then
    begin
      for k := 1 to n do
      begin
        q := A[i,k]; A[i,k] := c*q+s*A[j,k]; A[j,k] := -s*q+c*A[j,k];
      end;

      for k := 1 to n do
      begin
        q := A[k,i]; A[k,i] := c*q+s*A[k,j]; A[k,j] := -s*q+c*A[k,j];

        q := V[k,i]; V[k,i] := c*q+s*V[k,j]; V[k,j] := -s*q+c*V[k,j];
      end;
    end
  end
  else

```

```

        skipped := skipped+1;
    end;
end;
writeln(' ',skipped,' / ',n*(n-1) div 2,' rotations skipped');
end;
end;

```

Example output

```

fpc ../Pascal2021/dr14x.pas
# copy to run file
mv ../Pascal2021/dr14x ../Pascal2021/dr14x.run
../Pascal2021/dr14x.run <../Pascal2021/dr14xp.in >../Pascal2021/dr14xp.out

## Free Pascal Compiler version 3.0.4+dfsg-23 [2019/11/25] for x86_64
## Copyright (c) 1993-2017 by Florian Klaempfl and others
## Target OS: Linux for x86-64
## Compiling ../Pascal2021/dr14x.pas
## Linking ../Pascal2021/dr14x
## /usr/bin/ld.bfd: warning: link.res contains output sections; did you forget -T?
## 475 lines compiled, 0.1 sec

Order of problem (n) = 5
Matrixin.pas -- generate or input a real matrix 5 by 5
Enter type to generate 3
Type: 3) Moler
  1.00000  -1.00000  -1.00000  -1.00000  -1.00000
 -1.00000   2.00000   0.00000   0.00000   0.00000
 -1.00000   0.00000   3.00000   1.00000   1.00000
 -1.00000   0.00000   1.00000   4.00000   2.00000
 -1.00000   0.00000   1.00000   2.00000   5.00000
alg14.pas -- eigensolutions of a real symmetric
           matrix via a Jacobi method
sweep 1   0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 2   0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 3   0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 4   0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 5   7 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 6  10 / 10  rotations skipped
Eigenvalue 1 =  7.4874999307049812E+000
  0.2556536 -0.0465883 -0.3403404 -0.5720713 -0.6995524
Residuals
  2.00E-015 -2.08E-016 -1.11E-015 -3.77E-015 -4.44E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 1.9715552247697695E-029

Eigenvalue 2 =  2.8289347824203293E+000
 -0.3290435  0.3969474  0.6440739  0.1142105 -0.5534327
Residuals
 -8.88E-016  1.33E-015  1.11E-015  8.88E-016 -4.44E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 4.7824692379023841E-030

Eigenvalue 3 =  2.3964685319861365E+000
 -0.2547217  0.6424765 -0.0808234 -0.6002650  0.3943227
Residuals

```

```

-4.44E-016  6.66E-016  1.11E-016 -1.11E-015  0.00E+000
Sum of squared residuals = 1.8858706015439813E-030

Eigenvalue 4 = 2.2784504826045859E+000
-0.1364558  0.4900540 -0.6433686  0.5337402 -0.2059737
Residuals
-6.11E-016  1.11E-016  2.78E-016  9.99E-016 -2.22E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 1.5099290763995929E-030

Eigenvalue 5 = 8.6462722839592467E-003
-0.8618981 -0.4328202 -0.2210920 -0.1203898 -0.0801439
Residuals
-2.36E-016  2.22E-016  4.16E-017  2.50E-016  2.22E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 2.1840045569351255E-031

Order of problem (n) = 0

```

Algorithm 15 - Generalized symmetric eigenproblem

We aim to solve the generalized symmetric eigenproblem

$$Ax = eBx$$

for x and e , where symmetric matrices A and B and B is positive definite.

Fortran

Listing – Algorithm 15

```

      SUBROUTINE A15GSE(N,A,NA,B,NB,V,NV,FAIL,ISWP,IPR)
C   ALGORITHM 15 GENERALISED SYMMETRIC EIGENPROBLEM BY 2 APPLICATIONS
C   OF JACOBI ALGORITHM 14
C   J.C. NASH   JULY 1978, FEBRUARY 1980, APRIL 1989
C   N          = ORDER OF PROBLEM
C   A          = A MATRIX OF EIGENPROBLEM. DIAGONAL ELEMENTS BECOME
C   NA         = FIRST DIMENSION OF A
C   B          = B MATRIX OF EIGENPROBLEM, MUST BE POSITIVE DEFINITE
C   NB         = FIRST DIMENSION OF B
C   V          = VECTOR MATRIX. ON OUTPUT COLUMNS ARE EIGENVECTORS
C               EIGENVALUES
C   FAIL       = LOGICAL FLAG SET .TRUE. IF B NOT COMPUTATIONALLY
C               POSITIVE DEFINITE OR IF EITHER APPLICATION OF
C               ALGORITHM 14 TAKES MORE THAN ISWP SWEEPS
C   NV         = FIRST DIMENSION OF V
C   ISWP       = BOUND ON SWEEPS IN ALG. 14.
C   NA,NB,NV   ALL .GE. N
C   IPR        = PRINT CHANNEL. IPR.GT.0 FOR PRINTING
C   STEP 0
      LOGICAL FAIL,COMV,SETV
      INTEGER N,NA,NB,NV,STAGE,ISWP,LISWP,I,J,K,M,IPR
      REAL A(NA,N),B(NB,N),V(NV,N),S
      FAIL=.FALSE.

```



```

    STAGE=1
    SETV=.TRUE.
    COMV=.TRUE.
C  STEP 1  INTERCHANGE - NOT GENERALLY EFFICIENT
10  DO 16 I=1,N
    DO 14 J=1,N
        S=A(I,J)
        A(I,J)=B(I,J)
        B(I,J)=S
14  CONTINUE
16  CONTINUE
C  STEP 2
    LISWP=ISWP
    IF(IPR.GT.0)WRITE(IPR,964)STAGE
964  FORMAT( 6H STAGE,I3)
    CALL A14JE(N,A,NA,V,NV,LISWP,IPR,SETV,COMV)
    IF(LISWP.GE.ISWP)FAIL=.TRUE.
    IF(FAIL)RETURN
C  STEP 3
    IF(STAGE.EQ.2)GOTO 80
C  STEP 4
    STAGE=2
    SETV=.FALSE.
    DO 46 I=1,N
        IF(A(I,I).LE.0.0)FAIL=.TRUE.
        IF(FAIL)RETURN
        S=1.0/SQRT(A(I,I))
        DO 44 J=1,N
            V(J,I)=S*V(J,I)
44  CONTINUE
46  CONTINUE
C  STEP 5
    DO 56 I=1,N
        DO 54 J=1,N
            A(I,J)=B(I,J)
54  CONTINUE
56  CONTINUE
C  STEP 6
    DO 68 I=1,N
        DO 66 J=I,N
            S=0.0
            DO 64 K=1,N
                DO 62 M=1,N
                    S=S+V(K,I)*A(K,M)*V(M,J)
62  CONTINUE
64  CONTINUE
            B(I,J)=S
            B(J,I)=S
66  CONTINUE
68  CONTINUE
C  STEP 7
    GOTO 10
80  ISWP=0

```

```
RETURN
END
```

Example output

This example uses the Frank matrix as B and a Unit matrix as matrix A . Essentially we get the eigensolutions of the inverse of the Frank matrix.

```
## #!/bin/bash
gfortran ../fortran/dr1415.f
mv ./a.out ../fortran/dr1415.run
../fortran/dr1415.run < ../fortran/dr1415f.in

## ORDER N= 5
## A = UNIT MATRIX
## B = FRANK MATRIX
## STAGE 1
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 9 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 5 10 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## STAGE 2
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 9 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 10 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 2.65677636E-06 POSN 4 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 1.49453115E-07 POSN 2 3
## EIGENVALUE 1= 3.68250632E+00
## -0.62562543E+00 0.10526186E+01 -0.11454134E+01 0.87454730E+00 -0.32601866E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 2.83082914E+00
## 0.92290354E+00 -0.76677585E+00 -0.28584322E+00 0.10042626E+01 -0.54852855E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 1.71537042E+00
## 0.78175271E+00 0.22251040E+00 -0.71841979E+00 -0.42699385E+00 0.59688485E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 6.90278590E-01
## -0.37863755E+00 -0.49590981E+00 -0.27086613E+00 0.14115055E+00 0.45573431E+00
## EIGENVALUE 5= 8.10140595E-02
## 0.48356060E-01 0.92794605E-01 0.12971547E+00 0.15612756E+00 0.16989112E+00
## ORDER N= 10
## A = UNIT MATRIX
## B = FRANK MATRIX
## STAGE 1
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 23 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 5 45 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## STAGE 2
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 35 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 45 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 7.95809774E-06 POSN 10 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 1.70029864E-07 POSN 1 3
## EIGENVALUE 1= 3.91114664E+00
## 0.25440717E+00 -0.48620966E+00 0.67481190E+00 -0.80345494E+00 0.86070871E+00
```

```

## -0.84148449E+00 0.74749005E+00 -0.58707643E+00 0.37449750E+00 -0.12864262E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 3.65247846E+00
## -0.46986169E+00 0.77643681E+00 -0.81318295E+00 0.56733066E+00 -0.12432010E+00
## -0.36189401E+00 0.72234160E+00 -0.83175814E+00 0.65211862E+00 -0.24585268E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 3.24698114E+00
## -0.61485553E+00 0.76671326E+00 -0.34122097E+00 -0.34121776E+00 0.76671290E+00
## -0.61485648E+00 0.70596684E-09 0.61485595E+00 -0.76671231E+00 0.34121889E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 2.73068285E+00
## -0.67134637E+00 0.49054128E+00 0.31291714E+00 -0.71918464E+00 0.21257788E+00
## 0.56385678E+00 -0.62457776E+00 -0.10748890E+00 0.70311815E+00 -0.40626636E+00
## EIGENVALUE 5= 2.14946055E+00
## 0.63807106E+00 -0.95366970E-01 -0.62381732E+00 0.18860267E+00 0.59562886E+00
## -0.27762464E+00 -0.55413532E+00 0.36044526E+00 0.50026351E+00 -0.43521550E+00
## EIGENVALUE 6= 1.55495822E+00
## -0.53058165E+00 -0.23613074E+00 0.42549348E+00 0.42549339E+00 -0.23613124E+00
## -0.53058165E+00 0.14518602E-06 0.53058153E+00 0.23613124E+00 -0.42549354E+00
## EIGENVALUE 7= 1.00000012E+00
## -0.37796488E+00 -0.37796432E+00 0.30240781E-06 0.37796441E+00 0.37796423E+00
## -0.16945556E-08 -0.37796435E+00 -0.37796468E+00 0.11743472E-06 0.37796459E+00
## EIGENVALUE 8= 5.33896327E-01
## -0.21690433E+00 -0.31800413E+00 -0.24932273E+00 -0.47528878E-01 0.17964047E+00
## 0.31090042E+00 0.27617189E+00 0.93996122E-01 -0.13836364E+00 -0.29685175E+00
## EIGENVALUE 9= 1.98062271E-01
## 0.84274180E-01 0.15185684E+00 0.18936239E+00 0.18936241E+00 0.15185687E+00
## 0.84274203E-01 -0.56293572E-07 -0.84274210E-01 -0.15185684E+00 -0.18936238E+00
## EIGENVALUE 10= 2.23383494E-02
## 0.97219953E-02 0.19226812E-01 0.28302142E-01 0.36745246E-01 0.44367522E-01
## 0.50998691E-01 0.56490630E-01 0.60720690E-01 0.63594334E-01 0.65047383E-01
## ORDER N= 4
## A = UNIT MATRIX
## B = FRANK MATRIX
## STAGE 1
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 1 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 4 6 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## STAGE 2
## AT SWEEP 1 0 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 2 5 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## AT SWEEP 3 6 ROTATIONS SKIPPED
## MAX. ABS. RESIDUAL= 9.88243642E-07 POSN 3 1
## MAX. ABS. INNER PRODUCT= 5.05645765E-08 POSN 1 3
## EIGENVALUE 1= 3.53208756E+00
## -0.80536371E+00 0.12338886E+01 -0.10850633E+01 0.42852503E+00
## EIGENVALUE 2= 2.34729719E+00
## -0.10058755E+01 0.34933683E+00 0.88455212E+00 -0.65653861E+00
## EIGENVALUE 3= 1.00000060E+00
## -0.57735038E+00 -0.57735050E+00 -0.25529275E-07 0.57735038E+00
## EIGENVALUE 4= 1.20614767E-01
## -0.79188228E-01 -0.14882518E+00 -0.20051166E+00 -0.22801344E+00
## ORDER N= 0
## Note: The following floating-point exceptions are signalling: IEEE_UNDERFLOW_FLAG IEEE_DENORMAL

```

Pascal

Listing

```
procedure genevJac( n : integer;
                  var A, B, V : rmatrix);

var
  i,j,k,m : integer;
  s : real;
  initev : boolean;

begin
  writeln('alg15.pas -- generalized symmetric matrix eigenproblem');
  initev := true;
  writeln('Eigensolutions of metric B');
  evJacobi(n, B, V, initev);

  for i := 1 to n do
  begin
    if B[i,i]<=0.0 then halt;
    s := 1.0/sqrt(B[i,i]);
    for j := 1 to n do V[j,i] := s * V[j,i];
  end;

  for i := 1 to n do
  begin
    for j := i to n do
    begin
      s := 0.0;
      for k := 1 to n do
        for m := 1 to n do
          s := s+V[k,i]*A[k,m]*V[m,j];
        B[i,j] := s; B[j,i] := s;
      end;
    end;
  end;

  initev := false;
  writeln('Eigensolutions of general problem');
  evJacobi( n, B, V, initev);
end;
```

Example output

```
fpc ../Pascal2021/dr15x.pas
# copy to run file
mv ../Pascal2021/dr15x ../Pascal2021/dr15x.run
../Pascal2021/dr15x.run <../Pascal2021/dr15xp.in >../Pascal2021/dr15xp.out
```

```
## Free Pascal Compiler version 3.0.4+dfsg-23 [2019/11/25] for x86_64
## Copyright (c) 1993-2017 by Florian Klaempfl and others
```

```

## Target OS: Linux for x86-64
## Compiling ../Pascal2021/dr15x.pas
## dr15x.pas(369,3) Note: Local variable "ch" not used
## dr15x.pas(490,7) Note: Local variable "k" not used
## dr15x.pas(491,1) Note: Local variable "s" not used
## dr15x.pas(491,4) Note: Local variable "s2" is assigned but never used
## dr15x.pas(493,4) Note: Local variable "Y" not used
## dr15x.pas(495,1) Note: Local variable "ch" not used
## Linking ../Pascal2021/dr15x
## /usr/bin/ld.bfd: warning: link.res contains output sections; did you forget -T?
## 550 lines compiled, 0.1 sec
## 6 note(s) issued

```

```

Order of matrices = 5
Provide matrix A
Matrixin.pas -- generate or input a real matrix 5 by 5
Enter type to generate 10
Type: 10) Unit

```

```

1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000  0.00000
0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  1.00000

```

```

Provide matrix B
Matrixin.pas -- generate or input a real matrix 5 by 5
Enter type to generate 4
Type: 4) Frank symmetric

```

```

1.00000  1.00000  1.00000  1.00000  1.00000
1.00000  2.00000  2.00000  2.00000  2.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  3.00000  3.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  4.00000
1.00000  2.00000  3.00000  4.00000  5.00000

```

```

alg15.pas -- generalized symmetric matrix eigenproblem
Eigensolutions of metric B

```

```

alg14.pas -- eigensolutions of a real symmetric
            matrix via a Jacobi method

```

```

sweep 1  0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 2  0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 3  0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 4  2 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 5 10 / 10  rotations skipped

```

```

Eigensolutions of general problem
alg14.pas -- eigensolutions of a real symmetric
            matrix via a Jacobi method

```

```

sweep 1  0 / 10  rotations skipped
sweep 2 10 / 10  rotations skipped

```

```

Eigenvalue 1 = 3.6825070656623593E+000
-0.6256253  1.0526189 -1.1454135  0.8745474 -0.3260187
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-4.44E-016  1.78E-015 -2.22E-015 -1.78E-015  0.00E+000
Sum of squared residuals = 1.1438483125704671E-029
Rayleigh quotient = 3.6825070656623629E+000
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals

```

```
-2.22E-016 -4.44E-016 -1.33E-015 -1.78E-015 8.88E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 5.9657605957339018E-030
```

```
Eigenvalue 2 = 2.8308300260037713E+000
0.9229035 -0.7667759 -0.2858430 1.0042629 -0.5485287
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-8.88E-016 -3.55E-015 -2.66E-015 -8.88E-016 -2.66E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 2.8398992587956425E-029
Rayleigh quotient = 2.8308300260037744E+000
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-1.55E-015 -2.66E-015 -1.78E-015 -3.55E-015 -1.78E-015
Sum of squared residuals = 2.8448296394532738E-029
```

```
Eigenvalue 3 = 1.7153703234534294E+000
-0.7817528 -0.2225101 0.7184199 0.4269937 -0.5968848
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-4.44E-016 -4.44E-016 0.00E+000 0.00E+000 -8.88E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 1.1832913578315177E-030
Rayleigh quotient = 1.7153703234534299E+000
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-2.22E-016 -4.44E-016 0.00E+000 -8.88E-016 0.00E+000
Sum of squared residuals = 1.0353799381025780E-030
```

```
Eigenvalue 4 = 6.9027853210942958E-001
0.3786376 0.4959098 0.2708661 -0.1411506 -0.4557341
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-1.11E-016 -2.22E-016 -4.44E-016 -1.11E-015 -8.88E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 2.2803010541544873E-030
Rayleigh quotient = 6.9027853210942991E-001
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-2.78E-016 -4.44E-016 -6.66E-016 -1.11E-015 -6.66E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 2.3943161068622116E-030
```

```
Eigenvalue 5 = 8.1014052771005290E-002
0.0483561 0.0927946 0.1297155 0.1561276 0.1698911
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-5.03E-017 -1.56E-016 -1.11E-016 -1.18E-016 -1.25E-016
Sum of squared residuals = 6.8746671218010005E-032
Rayleigh quotient = 8.1014052771005221E-002
Generalized matrix eigensolution residuals
-1.04E-017 -7.63E-017 -6.94E-018 2.08E-017 2.78E-017
Sum of squared residuals = 7.1861261049948738E-033
```

Cleanup of working files

The following script is included to remove files created during compilation or execution of the examples.

```
## remove object and run files
cd ../fortran/
echo `pwd`
rm *.o
rm *.run
rm *.out
```

```
cd ../Pascal2021/
echo `pwd`
rm *.o
rm *.run
rm *.out
cd ../BASIC
echo `pwd`
rm *.out
cd ../Documentation
## ?? others

## /j19z/j19store/versioned/Nash-Compact-Numerical-Methods/fortran
## rm: cannot remove '*.o': No such file or directory
## rm: cannot remove '*.out': No such file or directory
## /j19z/j19store/versioned/Nash-Compact-Numerical-Methods/Pascal2021
## /j19z/j19store/versioned/Nash-Compact-Numerical-Methods/BASIC
```

References

Nash, John C. 1979. *Compact Numerical Methods for Computers : Linear Algebra and Function Minimisation*. Book. Hilger: Bristol.