CS16 Midterm Exam 2 E02, 10W, Phill Conrad, UC Santa Barbara Tuesday, 03/02/2010

Name:						
Umail Address:			@ umail.ucsb.edu			
Circle Lab section:	3PM	4PM	5PM			
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Please write your name **only** on this page. That allows me to grade your exams without knowing whose exam I am grading.

This exam is **closed book**, **closed notes**, **closed mouth**, **cell phone off**, except for:

- You are permitted **one sheet of paper** (max size 8.5x11") on which to write notes
- These sheets will be collected with the exam, and might not be returned
- Please write your name on your notes sheet

There are 100 points worth of questions on the exam, and you have 75 minutes to complete the exam.

A hint for allocating your time:

- if a question is worth 10 points, spend no more than 5 minutes on it
- if a question is worth 20 points, spend no more than 10 minutes on it
- etc.

This will leave you 25 minutes to go back and check your paper, and/or finish anything you didn't finish the first time around.

1. (10 pts) Write the definition of a C function initTsunamiRpt() according to the description in the comment below.

Assume that the struct definition given is available to you.

To get full credit:

- FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS IN THE COMMENT BELOW EXACTLY in terms of choice of variable names.
- Write **ONLY the function definition**—for this question, I do NOT want a complete C program, so do NOT include any extraneous stuff such as #include <stdio.h> or a main function.

```
struct TsunamiRpt {
  int hr; // hour according to 24 hour clock, 0=midnight, 23 = 11pm
  int min; // minutes between 0-60
  double waveHt; // wave height in meters
};
// The function initTsunamiRpt should take these parameters:
     trPtr: a pointer to a struct Tsunami
//
     hour: the hour the Tsunami hit (an integer)
//
     minute: the minute the Tsunami hit (an integer)
//
     height: the weight of the Tsunami wave, in meters (a double)
//
// It should initialize the respective members of the struct
      with the values passed into the function
// The function doesn't return anything.
```

2. Here is a portion of a main program that would use the initTsunamiRpt() function you defined in the previous problem.

This program takes the hour, minute, and wave height of a tsunami as command line parameters, initializes a struct TsunamiRpt called tr, and then prints out the values in that struct.

Your job is simple: supply exactly two missing lines of code:

- a. (5 pts) The function prototype for initTsunamiRpt(), at the place indicated below
- b. (5 pts) A function call to initTsunamiRpt(), as the place indicated below

```
Exam problem for CS16 Midterm 2, Winter 2010
// tsunamiRpt.c
// P. Conrad, CS Dept, UC Santa Barbara
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h> // for atof
struct TsunamiRpt
 int hr;
 int min;
 double waveHt;
// (a) Add function prototype for initTsunamiRpt here
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 // declare variables
  struct TsunamiRpt tr;
 int hour, min;
 double height;
  // check arguments
  if (argc!=4)
      printf("Usage: ./tsunamiRpt hour min height\n"); return 1;
  // convert cmd lind args
  hour=atoi(argv[1]); min=atoi(argv[2]); height=atof(argv[3]);
  // (b) call initTsunamiRpt to initialize the tr variable
  // passing in the values that were converted from the command line
  // In a real program, additional code would go here to use the
  // struct TsunamiRpt variable tr in some way---sending it over the internet,
  // adding it to a database, or doing some calculation on it, for example...
  printf("The tsunami arrived at %02i:%02i with height %lf meters\n",
         tr.hr, tr.min, tr.waveHt);
  return 0;
// The function definition from question 1 would go here,
// or it could be compiled in a separate file---you DON'T need to
// rewrite it here on this exam though!
```

3. (30 pts) For each of the conversions below, give the correct answer.

Convert	From	То	Your answer
001 110	Binary	Octal	
37	Base 10	Base 2	
31	Base 8	Binary	
0110 0101 0100 1111	Hex	Binary	
0001 1000	Binary	Decimal	
F4D3	Hex	Base 2	

4. (50 pts) Together with this exam, there is a program (on a separate <u>handout</u>).

Assuming each of the expressions below appeared in this program, indicate the type they would have, **or** write **error** if the expression is not valid, e.g.

- dereferencing something with * or -> that isn't a pointer
- o a reference to a struct member that doesn't exist (e.g. d. foo where there is no member foo inside d)

The first one is done for you as an example.

Hints--for full credit:

- don't write pointer to character; instead, write char *
- don't write address of int; instead, write int *
- o don't write address of int * or address of pointer to int, instead write int **

Expression	Туре	Expression	Туре
a	int	i.d	
*a		i->y	
*b		&(j->y)	
b		*(j->x)	
&b		(*j).x	
*C		(*j)->x	
&d		g->center	
е		g.center	
*f		g.center.x	
e->m		h->center	
&(f->d)		h->center.x	
(*f).y		h->center->y	
(*f)->y		&(h->center.x)	

End of Exam

Total Points: 100

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CS16 Midterm Exam 2, Winter 2010 Extra Handout

Program for question about types

```
// types.c Code for exam question, 11/15/2009
// P. Conrad for CS16, 09F, UCSB
#include <stdio.h>
struct Point {
  double x;
  double y;
struct Date {
 int d;
  int m;
 int y;
struct Circle {
  struct Point center;
 double radius;
};
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int a;
 int *b;
  double c;
  double *d;
  struct Date e;
  struct Date *f;
  struct Point i;
  struct Point *j;
  struct Circle g;
  struct Circle *h;
  // Program does no useful work
  // It is just the basis of a homework assignment about types
  // Pretend there is useful code here, and then
  // answer questions about the types of various expressions
  // as if they appeared right here.
  return 0;
```