

**Lab 6: Pattern Mining****Part I****1. Load, analyze and prepare categorical, real-valued and transactional data**

- a. Load vote, marketing, zoo, supermarket, ionosphere, page\_blocks and dermatology datasets
- b. vote, marketing and zoo datasets either have integer or nominal attributes:
  - i. denormalize them to produce binary data (without discretization)
  - ii. produce a transactional dataset from the denormalized data
  - iii. analyze their properties: visualize data, compute item frequencies
- c. Map supermarket into a transactional dataset and analyze item distributions
- d. Prepare the real-valued ionosphere and page\_blocks datasets:
  - i. Discretize them using:
    1. equal-width discretization
    2. equal-frequency discretization
    3. [optional] cutting-off breakpoints of a Gaussian distribution after attribute normalization
  - ii. Compare differences depending on the applied discretization strategy and number of symbols (suggested: 3 and 5)
- e. Map the dermatology dataset (composed of both categorical and numeric attributes) into a transactional dataset using previous principles

**2. Perform pattern mining on transactional data**

- a. Discover the set of frequent itemsets on the vote, marketing, zoo and dermatology data by iteratively decreasing the support threshold until a reasonable number of patterns are produced
- b. Identify the set of closed itemsets from the outputted patterns
- c. Discover the set of rules using vote, marketing, zoo and dermatology data using multiple confidence thresholds (suggested 70% and 90%)
- d. Critically analyze the produced results according to:
  - i. the number and interestingness criteria (inc. confidence and lift) of the discovered rules
  - ii. the time required to discover the rules

- a. Analyze the supermarket dataset:
  - i. how the discovered association rules vary with the inputted support and confidence thresholds?
  - ii. can support and confidence be dynamically parameterized? How?
- e. Mine the real-valued ionosphere and page\_blocks datasets:
  - i. Analyze the differences associated with the outputted association rules in accordance with the discretization strategy and number of symbols

### 3. Evaluating patterns

Select the association rules produced by two of the listed datasets and retrieve indicators of interestingness, such as  $\chi^2$ (chiSquared), support, confidence, conviction, cosine, coverage, leverage, lift, and odds-ratio for the selected association rules. Critically analyze the gathered rules.

## Part II

### 4. Load and analyze sequential databases

- a. Load example, sign, FIFA, and msnbc sequence databases
- b. Analyze their properties: sequence length and frequency of items

### 5. Sequential pattern mining

- a. apply a sequential pattern mining algorithm (e.g. CSPADE in R and PrefixSpan in Python) to discover sequential patterns in example, sign, FIFA, and msnbc databases by incrementally decreasing the support until a tractable number of sequential patterns are discovered
- b. analyze the pattern and coverage transactions of the produced patterns
- c. identify the closed sequences (sequences that are not subsequence of any other outputted sequence)
- d. advanced aspects
  - i. generate association sequence rules of varying confidence (use R)
  - ii. select top-k relevant sequences (use Python)

## Part III

**6. Pencil-and-paper** exercise. Consider the following dataset where  $a_{ij} \in [-1,1]$

$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	$y_4$	$y_5$
0.9	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	A
-0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	B
0.6	0.6	-0.1	-0.1	A
0.6	-0.7	-0.2	-0.1	C
-0.2	0.2	-0.7	-0.4	A

- a. Map the above dataset into two transactional datasets:
  - i. discretize numeric attributes using 4 equal-width intervals
  - ii. rediscretize rows along  $y_1$ - $y_5$  attributes using 2 bins of equal-frequency
- b. Given the 2<sup>nd</sup> transactional dataset, apply the Apriori algorithm:
  - i. extract frequent itemsets with support 0.60
  - ii. generate association rules with confidence 0.60
  - iii. select 2 rules and critically compare their confidence, lift and conviction

**Bonus:** show results from **exercises 3** and **5.a** to have your mark

**Resources** (packages):

- ARM/FIM
  - o R: arules
  - o Python: dplyr, mlxtend.frequent\_patterns, orangecontrib.associate, pymining
- SPM
  - o R: arulesSequences
  - o Python: pymining, prefixspan