Samsung Research

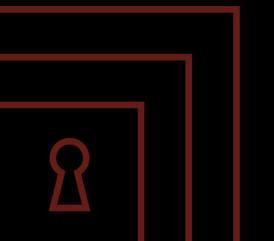
SSTF 2021 | Hacker's Playground

Tutorial Guide

SQLi 101

Web

PWN









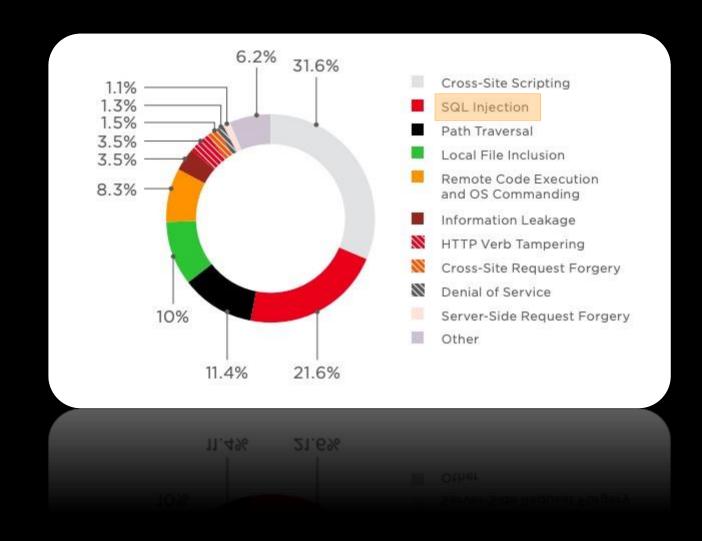
SQL Injection?

SQL(Structured Query Language) injection is a **code injection** technique, used to attack data-driven applications, in which malicious **SQL statements are inserted** into an entry field for execution (e.g. to dump the database contents to the attacker).

SQL injection must exploit a security vulnerability in an application's software, for example, when user input is either incorrectly filtered for string literal escape characters embedded in SQL statements or user input is not strongly typed and unexpectedly executed.

Old, but steady





Introduction to the SQL



✓ SELECT statement

- Used to select(retrieve) records from a database.
- Syntax: SELECT col1, col2, ... FROM table_ name;

✓ WHERE clause

- Used to filter records in the SQL statements.
- Syntax: WHILE condition
- Logical operators such like AND, OR, etc. are available

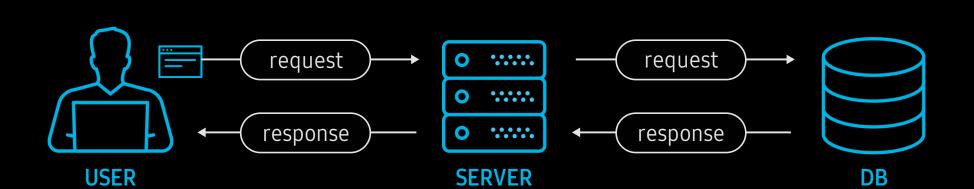
'users' table

idx	id	pw
1	James	sosecure
2	Mike	mysecretpwd
3	Smith	mrmrssmith

Example

SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='Mike' AND pw='mysecretpwd'";

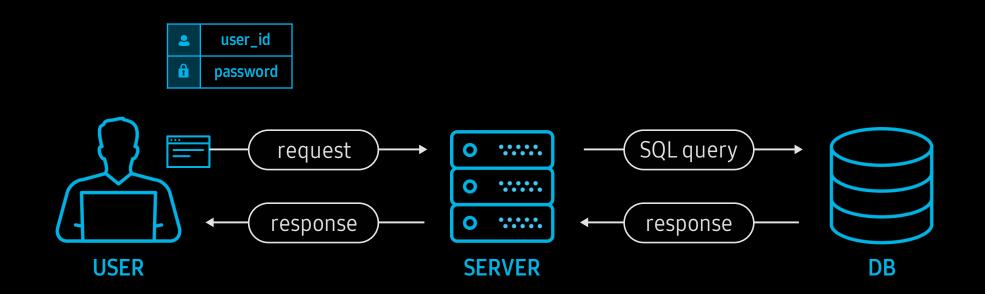
Simple Use Case



with general login-form

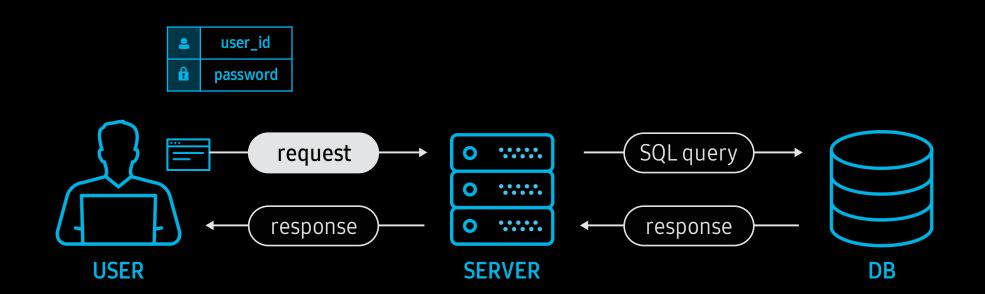


Server Implementation



\$query = "SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='{\$_GET['id']}' AND pw='{\$_GET['pw']}'";

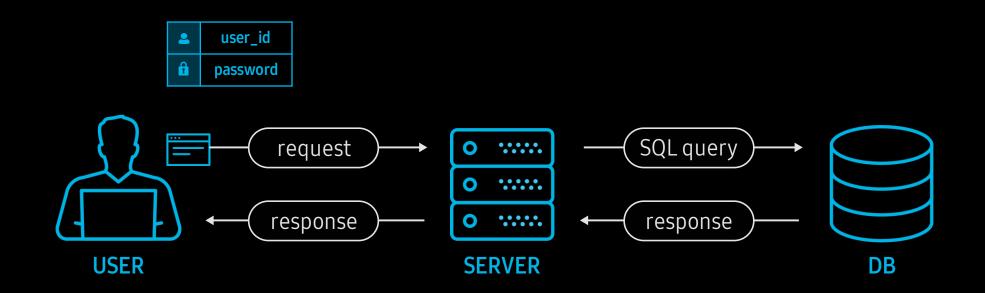
Login Request



https://server/login?id=user_id&pw=password

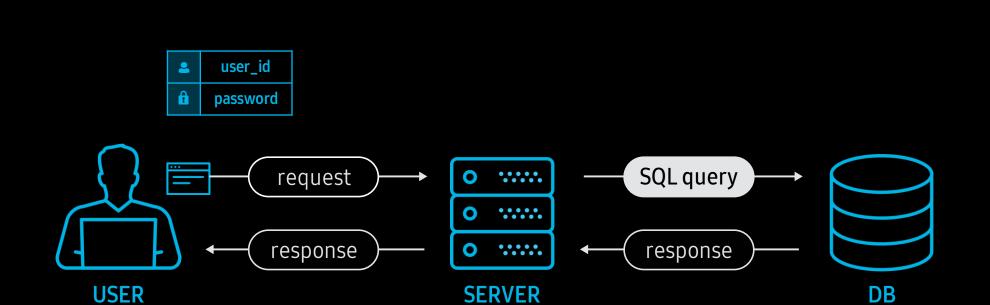
Query Construction





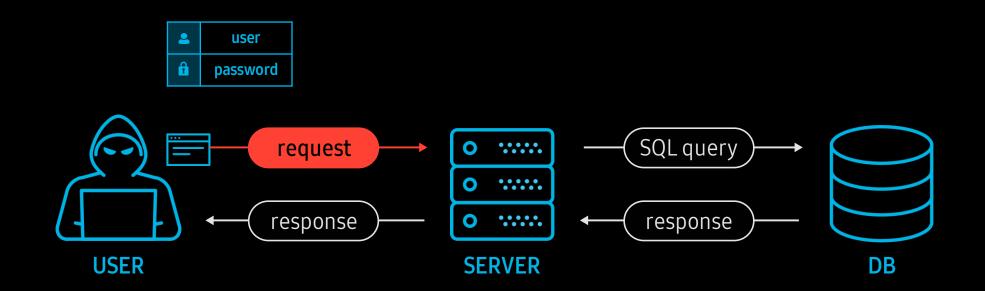
\$query = "SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='user_id' AND pw='password'";

Actual Query



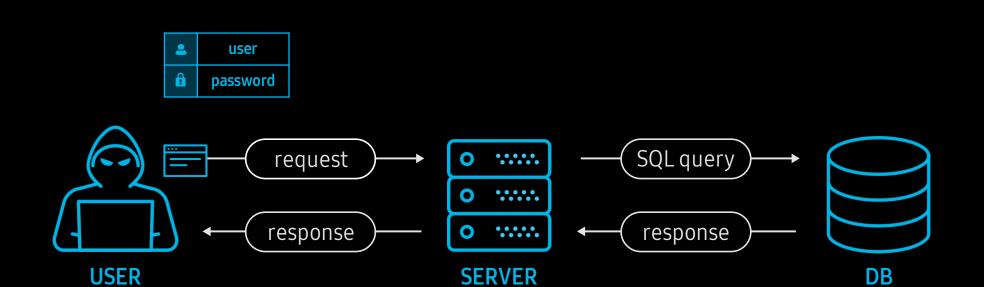
SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='user_id' AND pw='password'

Malicious Request



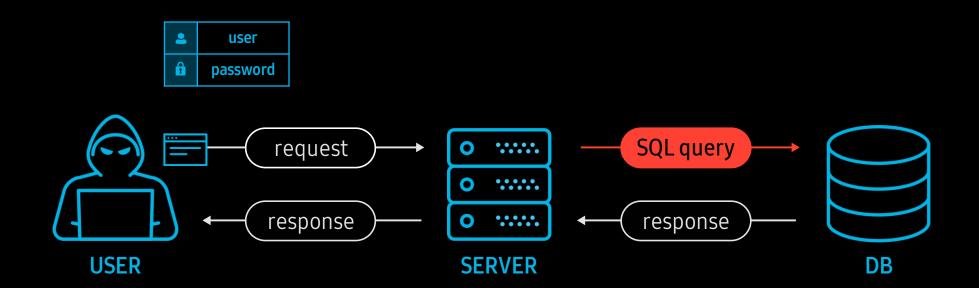
https://server/login?id=admin' OR '1'='1&pw=whatever

Query Construction



\$query = "SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='admin' OR '1'='1' AND pw='whatever'";

Actual Query



SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='admin' OR '1'='1' AND pw='whatever'

True for Always False
'admin' record

Let's solve SQLi quiz!







- ✓ Just try: Replay hacker's attack in the previous description.
- ▼ The server is running at
 - http://sqli101.sstf.site/step1.php



Solution for Quiz #1

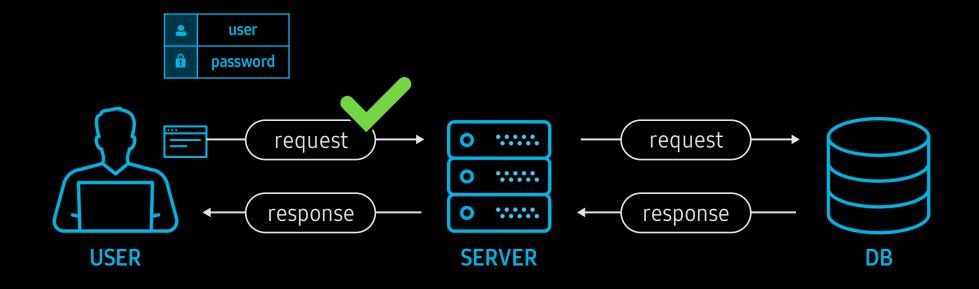


✓ You could login as 'admin' like a hacker!









- **★** Strong input validation
- Use of parameterized queries or stored procedures
- ✓ Use of custom error pages
- **Y**...

Let's practice

Solve the tutorial challenge

Challenge Definition





"OR" is now allowed.

Removing unnecessary parts

✓ What we want

- SELECT * FROM users WHERE id='admin'
- Nothing after WHERE clause.

Comment out

- '--' or '##' indicates comment in SQL.
- SQL statements after '--' or '#' are regarded as comments, and not be processed.
- We can insert '--' or '#' into the SQL statement to nullify unnecessary clauses.

Not so complex at all







SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE id='admin' -- ' AND pw='whatever' Actual SQL statement Commented out