```
********************
*******************
***
*** Demonstration of the Astree static analyzer
                                            ***
***
            http://www.astree.ens.fr/
                                            ***
***
                                            ***
*******************
*******************
************
* Astree is SOUND hence reports ALL potential *
* runtime errors
*************
*** example [CC76]:
cat -n dichotomy-error.c
    1
       /* dichotomy-error.c */
    2
       int main () {
    3
          int lwb, upb, m, R[100], X;
    4
          lwb = 1; upb = 100;
    5
          while (lwb <= upb) {
             m = (upb + lwb) / 2;
    6
    7
             if (X == R[m]) {
    8
               upb = m; lwb = m+1; 
    9
             else if (X < R[m]) {
   10
               upb = m - 1; }
   11
             else {
   12
               lwb = m + 1;  }
   13
           _ASTREE_log_vars((m));
   14
   15
       }
*** static analysis by Astree:
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:17 (GMT+2)
dichotomy-error.c:7.15-19::[call#main@2:loop@5>=4:]: WARN: invalid
dereference: dereferencing 4 byte(s) at offset(s) [4;400] may
overflow the variable R of byte-size 400
dichotomy-error.c:7.15-19::[call#main@2:loop@5>=4:]: WARN: invalid
dereference: dereferencing 4 byte(s) at offset(s) [4;400] may
overflow the variable R of byte-size 400
dichotomy-error.c:9.19-23::[call#main@2:loop@5>=4:]: WARN: invalid
dereference: dereferencing 4 byte(s) at offset(s) [4;400] may
overflow the variable R of byte-size 400
dichotomy-error.c:9.19-23::[call#main@2:loop@5>=4:]: WARN: invalid
dereference: dereferencing 4 byte(s) at offset(s) [4;400] may
overflow the variable R of byte-size 400
*** (the two errors are reported two times
    each because of partitioning.)
```

```
* Astree is INCOMPLETE hence may report false alarms *
******************
*** example:
cat -n fausse-alarme.c
       /* fausse-alarme.c */
    2
        void main()
    3
    4
          int x, y;
          if ((-4681 < y) \&\& (y < 4681) \&\& (x < 32767) \&\& (-32767 <
x) \&\& ((7*y*y - 1) == x*x)) {
            y = 1 / x;
    6
    7
          };
        }
    8
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main fausse-alarme.c |& egrep "(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:22 (GMT+2)
fausse-alarme.c:6.9-14::[call#main@2:]: WARN: integer division by
zero [-32766, 32766]
****************
* Astree is based upon classical abstract domains *
* such as intervals...
*****************
*** example:
cat -n dichotomy.c
        /* dichotomy.c */
        int main () {
    3
           int lwb, upb, m, R[100], X;
    4
           lwb = 0; upb = 99;
    5
          while (lwb <= upb) {
    6
             m = (upb + lwb) / 2;
    7
             if (X == R[m]) {
    8
                upb = m; lwb = m+1; }
    9
             else if (X < R[m]) {
    10
                upb = m - 1; }
             else {
    11
    12
                lwb = m + 1; }
    13
           }
            _ASTREE_log_vars((m));
    14
    15
*** correction (difference with the erroneous version):
1c1
< /* dichotomy-error.c */
> /* dichotomy.c */
```

```
4c4
     lwb = 1; upb = 100;
<
     lwb = 0; upb = 99;
>
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --no-relational dichotomy.c |& egrep
"(launched)|(m in )"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:33 (GMT+2)
direct = <integers (intv+cong+bitfield+set): m in [0, 99] >
*** (scale up to many global variables!)
***********
* Astree uses weakly relational abstract *
* domains such as octagons...
************
*** example:
cat -n octagon.c
        /* octagon.c */
     1
     2
        void main()
     3
     4
          int X, Y, Z;
     5
          X = 10;
     6
          Y = 100;
     7
          while (X \ge 0) {
    8
            X--;
    9
            Y--;
    10
          };
           _ASTREE_assert((X <= Y));
    11
    12
*** static analysis by Astree (1 -- WITHOUT octagons):
astree octagon.c --no-octagon --exec-fn main |& egrep "(launched)|
(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:48 (GMT+2)
octagon.c:9.4-7::[call#main@2:loop@7>=4:]: WARN: signed int
arithmetic range [-2147483649, 2147483646] not included in
[-2147483648, 2147483647]
octagon.c:11.19-25::[call#main@2:]: WARN: assert failure
*** static analysis by Astree (2 -- WITH octagons):
astree octagon.c --exec-fn main |& egrep "(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:51 (GMT+2)
*** (does not scale up to too many variables,
*** --> packs of variables!)
```

```
*************
* Astree uses weakly relational abstract
* domains such as boolean decision trees... *
***********
*** example:
cat -n boolean.c
       /* boolean.c */
       typedef enum {F=0,T=1} BOOL;
       B00L B:
    4
       void main () {
    5
          unsigned int X, Y;
    6
          while (1) {
    7
             /* ... */
             B = (X == 0);
    8
    9
             /* ... */
   10
             if (!B) {
   11
               Y = 1 / X;
   12
   13
             /* ... */
          }
   14
   15
       }
*** static analysis by Astree (1 -- WITHOUT
   decision trees):
astree boolean.c --no-relational --exec-fn main |& egrep
"(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:55 (GMT+2)
boolean.c:11.13-18::[call#main@4:loop@6=1:]: WARN: integer division
by zero [0, 4294967295]
boolean.c:11.13-18::[call#main@4:loop@6=2:]: WARN: integer division
by zero [0, 4294967295]
boolean.c:11.13-18::[call#main@4:loop@6=3:]: WARN: integer division
by zero [0, 4294967295]
boolean.c:11.13-18::[call#main@4:loop@6>=4:]: WARN: integer division
by zero [0, 4294967295]
%
*** static analysis by Astree (2 -- WITH
   decision trees):
astree boolean.c --exec-fn main |& egrep "(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:03:56 (GMT+2)
************
* Astree uses computation trace abstractions *
* (describing sequences of states) not only *
* invariants (describing sets of states)
***********
*** example:
```

```
cat -n trace-partitioning.c
        /* trace-partitioning.c */
        void main() {
        float t[5] = \{-10.0, -10.0, 0.0, 10.0, 10.0\};
        float c[4] = \{0.0, 2.0, 2.0, 0.0\};
        float d[4] = \{-20.0, -20.0, 0.0, 20.0\};
     6
        float x, r;
     7
        int i = 0;
     8
        ASTREE known fact(((-100.0 <= x) && (x <= 100.0)));
    9
        while ((i < 3) \& (x >= t[i+1])) 
    10
        i = i + 1;
    11
        }
    12
        r = (x - t[i]) * c[i] + d[i];
        __ASTREE_log_vars((r));
    13
    14
*** static analysis by Astree (1 -- WITH
    partitioning):
astree --exec-fn main --no-trace --no-relational trace-
partitioning.c |& egrep "(launched)|(WARN)|(r in)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:02 (GMT+2)
/* Domains: Linearization, and Integer intervals, and Integer
congruences, and Integer finite sets, and Integer bitfields, and
Float intervals. */
direct = <float-interval: r in [-20., 20.] >
*** static analysis by Astree (2 -- WITHOUT
    partitioning):
astree --exec-fn main --no-partition --no-trace --no-relational
trace-partitioning.c |& egrep "(launched)|(WARN)|(r in)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:05 (GMT+2)
/* Domains: Linearization, and Integer intervals, and Integer
congruences, and Integer finite sets, and Integer bitfields, and
Float intervals. */
direct = <float-interval: r in [-240., 240.] >
***********
* Astree handles floats, not reals or *
* fixed point arithmetics
***********
*** example of computation error in floats:
      (x+a)-(x-a) \iff 2a! with float
cat -n float-float.c
     1
       /* float-float.c */
     2
        int main () {
        float x; float a, y, z, r1, r2;
     3
        a = 1.0;
```

```
x = 1125899973951488.0;
     6
       y = (x + a);
     7
       z = (x - a);
       r1 = y - z;
    8
        r2 = 2 * a;
    9
        printf("(x + a) - (x - a) = f^n, r1);
    11
        printf("2a
                                 = %f\n'', r2);
    12
*** compilation:
float-float.c: In function ,Äòmain,Äô:
float-float.c:10: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of
built-in function ,Äòprintf,Äô
*** execution:
(x + a) - (x - a) = 0.000000
                  = 2.000000
*** more precision can be better...
      (x+a)-(x-a) \iff 2a! with double
cat -n double-double.c
       /* double-double.c */
     1
        int main () {
        double x; double a, y, z, r1, r2;
       a = 1.0;
     5
       x = 1125899973951488.0;
     6
        y = (x + a);
     7
        z = (x - a);
     8
        r1 = y - z;
     9
        r2 = 2 * a;
        printf("(x + a) - (x - a) = f^n, r1);
    10
        printf("2a
                                 = %f\n", r2);
    11
    12
        }
*** compilation:
double-double.c: In function ,Äòmain,Äô:
double-double.c:10: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of
built-in function ,Äòprintf,Äô
*** execution:
(x + a) - (x - a) = 2.000000
                  = 2.000000
*** computations with different precisions...
*** can be really catastrophic!
     (x+a)-(x-a) \iff 2a! with double+float
cat -n double-float.c
     1 /* double-float.c */
```

```
int main () {
     3
        double x; float a, y, z, r1, r2;
        a = 1.0;
     5
        x = 1125899973951488.0;
        y = (x + a);
        z = (x - a);
     7
     8
        r1 = y - z;
        r2 = 2 * a;
     9
        printf("(x + a) - (x - a) = f^n, r1);
    10
                                 = %f\n", r2);
    11
        printf("2a
    12
        }
*** compilation:
double-float.c: In function ,Äòmain,Äô:
double-float.c:10: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of
built-in function ,Äòprintf,Äô
*** execution:
(x + a) - (x - a) = 134217728.000000
                 = 2.000000
*** testing is unlikely to make it!
      (x+a)-(x-a) \iff 2a! with double+float
***
cat -n double-float2.c
       /* double-float2.c */
     1
        int main () {
     3
       double x; float a, y, z, r1, r2;
        a = 1.0;
     4
     5
       x = 1125899973951487.0;
     6
        y = (x + a);
        z = (x - a);

r1 = y - z;
     7
     9
       r2 = 2 * a;
        printf("(x + a) - (x - a) = f^n, r1);
                                   = f\n'', r2);
        printf("2a
    11
    12
*** only one digit difference:
1c1
< /* double-float2.c */
> /* double-float.c */
5c5
< x = 1125899973951487.0;
> x = 1125899973951488.0;
*** compilation:
double-float2.c: In function ,Äòmain,Äô:
```

```
double-float2.c:10: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of
built-in function ,Äòprintf,Äô
*** execution:
(x + a) - (x - a) = 0.000000
                = 2.000000
*************
* Astree takes rounding errors into account... *
**************
*** example ((x+a)-(x-a) \iff 2a! in double+float):
cat -n double-float-analyze.c
      /* double-float-analyze.c */
       int main () {
       double x; float a, y, z, r1, r2;
       a = 1.0;
    5
       x = 1125899973951488.0;
      y = (x + a);
    6
    7
       z = (x - a);
    8
       r1 = y - z;
       r2 = 2 * a;
    9
   10
        __ASTREE_log_vars((r1, r2));
   11
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main double-float-analyze.c |& egrep "(launched)|
(r2 in )|(r1 in)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:23 (GMT+2)
direct = <float-interval: r1 in [-134217730., 134217730.], r2 in
{2.} >
*******************
* Astree takes into account the potential accumulation *
* of rounding errors over very long periods of time... *
****************
*** example:
cat -n bary.c
       /* bary.c */
    2
       typedef enum {FALSE = 0, TRUE = 1} BOOLEAN;
    3
       float INIT, C1, I;
       float RANDOM INPUT:
    5
       __ASTREE_volatile_input((RANDOM_INPUT [-1.,1.]));
    6
    7
       void bary () {
    8
         static float X,Y,Z;
    9
         if (C1>0.)
           {Z = Y; Y = X;}
   10
```

```
11
          if (INIT>0.)
    12
            {
    13
              X=I;
    14
              Y=I;
    15
              Z=I;
             }
    16
    17
          else
             {X = 0.50000001 * X + 0.30000001*Y + 0.20000001*Z ;};
    18
    19
          __ASTREE_log_vars((X,Y,Z));
    20
    21
        }
    22
    23
        void main () {
    24
         INIT = 1.;
    25
          C1 = RANDOM_INPUT;
          I = RANDOM_INPUT;
    26
    27
          while (1) {
    28
            bary();
    29
            INIT = RANDOM_INPUT;
    30
            C1 = RANDOM_INPUT;
    31
            I = RANDOM_INPUT;
    32
             __ASTREE_wait_for_clock(());
         }
    33
    34
*** configuration file (10 hours at 1/100th s):
cat -n bary10.config
       __ASTREE_max_clock((3600000));
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --config-sem bary10.config bary.c | & grep "Z
in" | tail -n 1
   Y in [-1.7111294, 1.7111294], Z in [-1.7111294, 1.7111294] >
*** configuration file (100 hours at 1/100th s):
cat -n bary100.config
        __ASTREE_max_clock((36000000));
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --config-sem bary100.config bary.c | & grep "Z
in" | tail -n 1
   Z in [-215.1928, 215.1928] >
*** configuration file (1000 hours at 1/100th s):
cat -n bary1000.config
```

```
1
        ASTREE max clock((360000000));
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --config-sem bary1000.config bary.c | & grep
"Z in" | tail -n 1
   Z in [-2.1294955e+23, 2.1294955e+23] >
*** (note that the analysis time is (almost)
     independent of the execution time.)
******************
* Astree knows about basic numerical computations... *
******************
*** example (rounding computations):
cat -n moda_dur_3.c
     1
        /* entree */
     2
        double X;
     3
        __ASTREE_volatile_input((X [-186.,186.]));
     4
     5
        /* sortie */
     6
        double RESULTAT;
     7
     8
        void N()
    9
        {
    10
          int tronc_entier;
    11
          double
entree, diametre, min, rapport, troncature, plancher, multiple_inf, reste, r
este_abs,multiple_sup,plus_proche;
    12
          int BPO;
    13
          min = 0:
          diametre = 1.;
    14
    15
          /* au choix: nouvelle entree ou retroaction */
    16
    17
          if (BP0) entree = X;
                  entree = RESULTAT;
    18
          else
    19
    20
          /* calcul du rapport de entree - min / diametre, puis de
sa troncature */
   21
          min = 0;
    22
          diametre = 1.;
    23
          rapport = (entree - min) / diametre;
    24
          tronc_entier = (int) rapport;
    25
          troncature = (double) tronc_entier;
    26
          /* calcul de la valeur plancher de ce rapport */
    27
   28
          if (rapport<0) plancher = troncature - 1;</pre>
   29
                         plancher = troncature;
   30
    31
          /* calcul du reste de l'entree */
```

```
32
           reste = entree - (diametre * plancher);
    33
    34
           /* calcul du multiple inferieur a l'entree*/
    35
          multiple inf = entree - reste;
    36
    37
           /* calcul du multiple superieur a l'entree*/
    38
          multiple_sup = multiple_inf + diametre;
    39
    40
    41
           /* calcul du multiple le plus proche */
    42
           if (reste < 0) reste_abs = -reste;</pre>
    43
                           reste_abs = reste;
           if (reste_abs <= 0.5*diametre)</pre>
    44
                                            plus_proche =
multiple inf;
    45
          else
                                            plus_proche =
multiple_sup;
    46
    47
    48
           /* resultat */
           RESULTAT = plus_proche;
    49
    50
            __ASTREE_log_vars((entree,RESULTAT;mod,inter));
    51
         }
    52
    53
    54
        void main()
    55
    56
          while (1) {
             N();
    57
    58
              _ASTREE_wait_for_clock(());
    59
    60
*** static analysis by Astree (1 - WITHOUT abstract
    domain for troncations):
astree moda_dur_3.c --exec-fn main --no-mod |& grep "RESULTAT in" |
tail -n 1
  <float-interval: RESULTAT in [-18328582., 19048581.],</pre>
*** static analysis by Astree (2 - WITH abstract
    domain for troncations):
astree moda_dur_3.c --exec-fn main --mod |& grep "RESULTAT in" |
tail -n 1
  <float-interval: RESULTAT in [-186.10001, 186.10001],</pre>
*** troncation information derived by Astree:
astree moda dur 3.c --exec-fn main --mod | & grep --after-context 12
"<modulo:" |& tail -n 12
```

```
tronc_entier = Arr_0(((entree) - 0.)/1. + [0.;0.]) + [-0.;0.]
there exists an integer i in ((entree) -0.)/1. + [-0.5;0.50000001]
such that: plus_proche = 1.*.i + [-3.3328896e-13;3.3328896e-13]
there exists an integer i in ((entree) -0.)/1. +
[-1:8.2645002e-14]
such that: reste=entree -1.*i + [-1.6600055e-13;1.6600055e-13]
there exists an integer i in ((entree) -0.)/1. +
[-1:;8:2645002e-14]
such that: plancher = i + [-4.1633364e-14;4.1633364e-14]
troncature = Arr 0(((entree) - 0.)/1. + [0.;0.]) + [-0.;0.]
rapport=((entree) - 0.)/1. + [-8.2645002e-14; 8.2645002e-14]
there exists an integer i in ((entree) -0.)/1. + [-0.5;0.50000001]
such that: RESULTAT = 1.*.i + [-3.3328896e-13;3.3328896e-13]
%
******************
* Astree knows about synchronous programming... *
**************
*** incorrect example:
cat -n clock-error.c
        /* clock-error.c */
        int R, T, n = 10;
    3
        void main()
    4
        { volatile int I;
          R = 0;
    5
    6
          while (1) {
    7
            if (I)
              \{ R = R+1; \}
    8
    9
            else
    10
              \{ R = 0; \}
            T = (R>=n);
    11
    12
            __ASTREE_wait_for_clock(()); */
        }}
    13
*** configuration file:
cat -n clock-error.config
        /* clock-error.config */
        ASTREE volatile input((I [0,1]));
*** analysis of the incorrect example by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --config-sem clock-error.config clock-error.c
[& egrep "(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:38 (GMT+2)
clock-error.c:8.12-15::[call#main@3:loop@6>=4:]: WARN: signed int
arithmetic range [-2147483647, 2147483648] not included in
[-2147483648, 2147483647]
*** correct example:
```

```
cat -n clock.c
        /* clock.c */
    1
        int R, T, n = 10;
    3
        void main()
    4
        { volatile int I;
    5
          R = 0;
    6
          while (1) {
    7
            if (I)
    8
              \{ R = R+1; \}
    9
            else
              \{ R = 0; \}
    10
            T = (R>=n);
    11
    12
            __ASTREE_wait_for_clock(());
        }}
    13
*** correction (difference with the incorrect program):
1c1
< /* clock-error.c */
> /* clock.c */
12c12
< /*
     __ASTREE_wait_for_clock(()); */
     __ASTREE_wait_for_clock(());
>
*** configuration file:
cat -n clock.config
        /* clock.config */
        __ASTREE_volatile_input((I [0,1]));
        __ASTREE_max_clock((3600000));
*** analysis of the correct example by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --config-sem clock.config clock.c |& egrep
"(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:42 (GMT+2)
**************
* Astree knows about control/command theory... *
*************
*** filter example:
cat -n filtre.c
        typedef enum {FALSE = 0, TRUE = 1} BOOLEAN;
    1
    2
        BOOLEAN INIT;
    3
        float P, X;
    4
        volatile float RANDOM_INPUT;
    5
        __ASTREE_volatile_input((RANDOM_INPUT [-10.0,10.0]));
    6
```

```
7
        void filtre2 () {
          static float E[2], S[2];
    8
    9
          if (INIT) {
    10
              S[0] = X;
              P = X;
    11
    12
              E[0] = X;
    13
          } else {
              P = (((((0.4677826 * X) - (E[0] * 0.7700725)) + (E[1]
    14
* 0.4344376)) + (S[0] * 1.5419)) - (S[1] * 0.6740477));
    15
    16
          E[1] = E[0];
    17
          E[0] = X;
    18
          S[1] = S[0];
    19
          S[0] = P;
    20
        }
    21
    22
        void main () {
    23
          X = RANDOM INPUT;
    24
          INIT = TRUE;
    25
          while (TRUE) {
    26
                 X = RANDOM_INPUT;
   27
            filtre2 ();
    28
            INIT = FALSE;
          }
    29
        }
    30
*** static analysis by Astree (1 -- WITH 2nd order
    filter domain):
astree filtre.c --dump-invariants --exec-fn main |& egrep
"(launched)|(WARN)|(P in)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:45 (GMT+2)
  X in [-10., 10.], P in [-13.385154, 13.385154],
*** static analysis by Astree (2 -- WITHOUT 2nd order
    filter domain):
astree filtre.c --exec-fn main --no-filters --dump-invariants |&
egrep "(launched)|(WARN)|(P in)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:46 (GMT+2)
filtre.c:14.6-114::[call#main@22:loop@25>=4:call#filtre2@27:]: WARN:
double->float conversion range [-inf., +inf.] not included in
[-3.4028235e+38, 3.4028235e+38]
   P in [-3.4028235e+38, 3.4028235e+38], RANDOM_INPUT in [-10., 10.]
%
*****************
* Astree can analyze low level memory operations *
*************
*** example 1 (pointer casts):
```

```
cat -n memcpy.c
        /* memcpy.c (polymorphic memcpy) */
     3
        /* byte per byte copy of src into dst */
     4
        void memcpy(char* dst, const char* src, unsigned size)
     5
     6
           int i;
           for (i=0;i<size;i++) dst[i] = src[i];
     7
     8
     9
    10
        void main()
    11
    12
           float x = 10.0, y;
    13
           int zero = 0;
           /* copy of x into y (well-typed) */
    14
    15
          memcpy(&y,&x,sizeof(y));
           __ASTREE_assert((y==10.0));
    16
    17
          /* copy of zero into y (not well-typed but allowed in C)
*/
    18
          memcpy(&y,&zero,sizeof(y));
    19
            _ASTREE_assert((y==0.0));
    20
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --unroll 5 memcpy.c |& egrep "(launched)|
(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:04:58 (GMT+2)
*** example 2 (unions):
cat -n union.c
        /* union.c (union type) */
     1
     2
     3
        union {
           int type;
     4
     5
           struct { int type; int data; } A;
     6
           struct { int type; char data[3]; } B;
     7
        } u;
     8
        void main()
     9
    10
           /* no assert failure */
    11
    12
           u.type = 12;
           __ASTREE_assert((u.A.type==12));
    13
           __ASTREE_assert((u.B.type==12));
    14
    15
           /* assert failure because the modification of u.B.data
    16
also modifies u.A.data */
    17
           u.A.data = 0;
           u.B.data[0] = 12;
    18
           __ASTREE_assert((u.A.data==0));
    19
```

```
*** static analysis by Astree:
astree --exec-fn main --full-memory-model union.c |& egrep
"(launched)|(WARN)"
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:05:04 (GMT+2)
union.c:19.19-30::[call#main@9:]: WARN: assert failure
**********
* Astree has a graphic interface *
**********
*** static analysis by Astree
astree filtre.c --dump-invariants --exec-fn main --export-invariant
stat --export-file filtre.inv --export-unroll >& /dev/null
*** visualization of the results:
astree --reload filtre.inv --webvisu &
[1] 33795
%
/* Analyzer launched at 2008/09/25 21:05:16 (GMT+2)
WebVisu: starting server for http://192.168.1.147:8080/ (PC-2)
WebVisu: 21 points, 1 files
open -a Firefox "http://localhost:8080/"
[1] 33797
%
************
*** The end, thank you for your attention ***
************
```